Product Description

Stanford Microdevices' SNA-500 is a GaAs monolithic broadband amplifier in die form. This amplifier provides 19dB of gain when biased at 70mA and 5.0V. P1dB and TOIP may be improved by 2dB by baising @ 100mA.

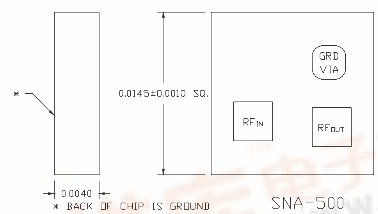
External DC decoupling capacitors determine low frequency response. The use of an external resistor allows for bias flexibility and stability.

These unconditionally stable amplifiers are designed for use as general purpose 50 ohm gain blocks. Also available in packaged form (SNA-576, -586 & -587), its small size (0.4mm x 0.4mm) and gold metallization make it an ideal choice for use in hybrid circuits.

The SNA-500 is available in gel paks at 100 devices per container.

SNA-500

DC-3 GHz, Cascadable GaAs MMIC Amplifier



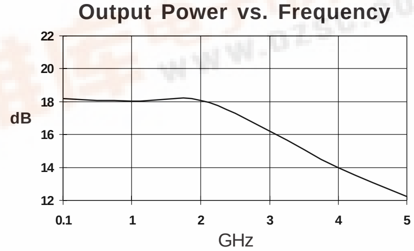
Product Features

- Cascadable 50 Ohm Gain Block
- 19dB Gain, +18dBm P1dB
- 1.5:1 Input and Output VSWR
- Operates From Single Supply
- Chip Back Is Ground

Applications

- Narrow and Broadband Linear Amplifiers
- Commercial and Industrial Applications

Output Power vs. Frequency



Electrical Specifications at Ta = 25C

Symbol	Parameters: Test Conditions: Id = 70mA, Z_0 = 50 Ohms		Units	Min.	Typ.	Max.
G_P	Small Signal Power Gain	f = 0.1-1.0 GHz f = 1.0-2.0 GHz f = 2.0-3.0 GHz	dB dB dB	18.0 16.0 15.0	20.0 18.0 17.0	
G_F	Gain Flatness	f = 0.1-2.0 GHz	dB		+/- 1.0	
BW3dB	3dB Bandwidth		GHz		3.0	
P_{1dB}	Output Power at 1dB Compression	f = 2.0 GHz	dBm		18.0	
NF	Noise Figure	f = 2.0 GHz	dB		4.2	5.0
VSWR	Input / Output	f = 0.1-8.0 GHz			1.5:1	
IP_3	Third Order Intercept Point	f = 2.0 GHz	dBm		34.0	
T_D	Group Delay	f = 2.0 GHz	psec		120	
ISOL	Reverse Isolation	f = 0.1-8.0 GHz	dB		22.0	
VD	Device Voltage		V	4.3	5.0	5.7
dG/dT	Device Gain Temperature Coefficient		dB/degC		-0.0027	
dV/dT	Device Voltage Temperature Coefficient		mV/degC		-5.0	

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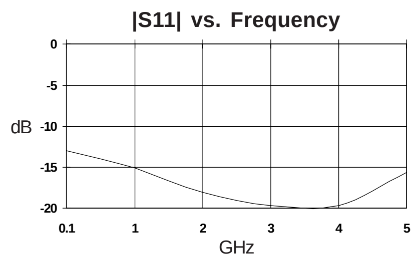
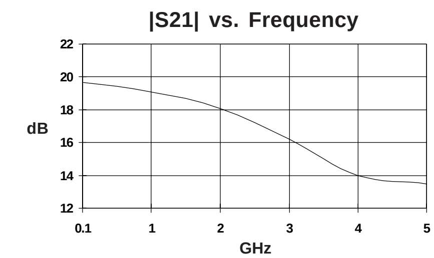
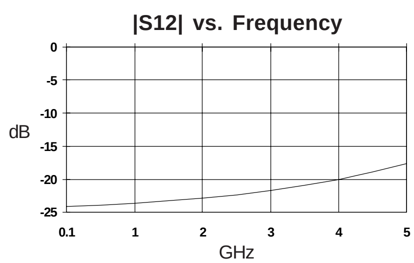
STANFORD MICRODEVICES

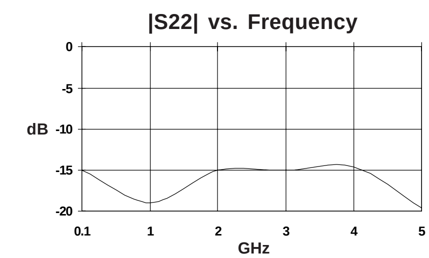
SNA-500 DC-3 GHz Cascadable MMIC Amplifier

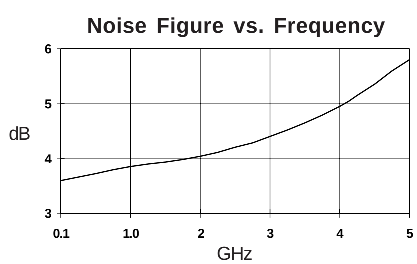
Typical Performance at 25° C (Vds = 5.0V, Ids = 70mA)

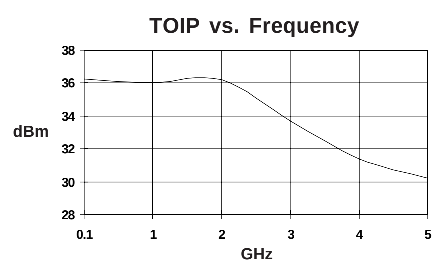












Typical Chip S-Parameters Vds = 5.0V, Ids = 70mA

Freq GHz	|S11|	S11 Ang	|S21|	S21 Ang	|S12|	S12 Ang	|S22|	S22 Ang
.100	0.162	149	10.39	175	0.059	-4	0.128	-176
.250	0.158	152	10.42	169	0.062	0	0.132	-165
.500	0.151	163	10.49	163	0.068	2	0.141	-160
1.00	0.147	175	10.53	159	0.074	4	0.152	-151
1.50	0.140	178	10.61	146	0.076	6	0.204	-148
2.00	0.129	-178	10.64	137	0.077	8	0.243	-149
2.50	0.125	-167	10.54	122	0.079	10	0.293	-155
3.00	0.136	-156	10.25	111	0.082	11	0.323	-160

SNA-500 DC-3 GHz Cascadable MMIC Amplifier

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Absolute Maximum
Device Current	130mA
Power Dissipation	750mW
RF Input Power	200mW
Junction Temperature	+200C
Operating Temperature	-45C to +85C
Storage Temperature	-65C to +150C

Notes:

1. Operation of this device above any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

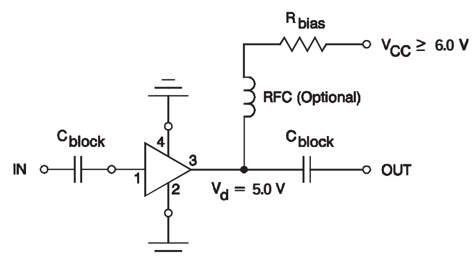
MTTF vs. Temperature @ Id = 70mA

Die Bottom Temperature	Junction Temperature	MTTF (hrs)
+65C	+155C	1000000
+100C	+190C	100000
+130C	+220C	10000

Thermal Resistance (Lead-Junction): 265° C/W

Part Number Ordering Information

Part Number	Devices Per Pak
SNA-500	100



Typical Biasing Configuration

Die Attach

The die attach process mechanically attaches the die to the circuit substrate. In addition, it electrically connects the ground to the trace on which the die is mounted and establishes the thermal path by which heat can leave the die.

Assembly Techniques

Epoxy die attach is recommended. The top and bottom metallization is gold. Conductive silver-filled epoxies are recommended. This method involves the use of epoxy to form a joint between the backside gold of the chip and the metallized area of the substrate. A 150 C cure for 1 hour is necessary. Recommended epoxy is Ablebond 84-1LMIT1 from Ablestik.

Wire Bonding

Electrical connections to the die are through wire bonds. Stanford Microdevices recommends wedge bonding or ball bonding to the pads of these devices.

Recommended Wedge Bonding Procedure

1. Set the heater block temperature to 260C +/- 10C.
2. Use pre-stressed (annealed) gold wire between 0.0005 to 0.001 inches in diameter.
3. Tip bonding pressure should be between 15 and 20 grams and should not exceed 20 grams. The footprint that the wedge leaves on the gold wire should be between 1.5 and 2.5 wire diameters across for a good bond.