



Final data

SPD07N60C2
SPU07N60C2

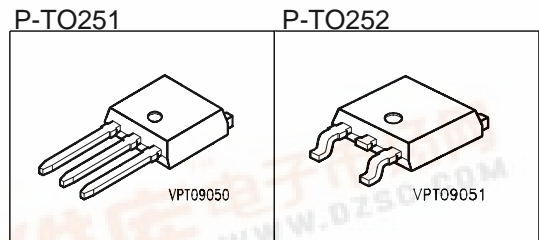
Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

Feature

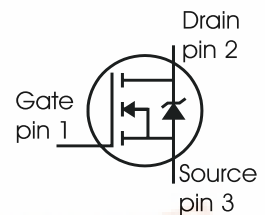
- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Worldwide best $R_{DS(on)}$ in TO-251 and TO-252
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- Ultra low effective capacitances
- Improved noise immunity

Product Summary

V_{DS}	600	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.6	Ω
I_D	7.3	A



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPD07N60C2	P-TO252	Q67040-S4312	07N60C2
SPU07N60C2	P-TO251	Q67040-S4311	07N60C2



Maximum Ratings, at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I_D	7.3	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		7.3	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		4.6	
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_{D\ puls}$	14.6	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	230	mJ
$I_D=5.5\text{A}, V_{DD}=50\text{V}$			
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ¹⁾	E_{AR}	0.5	
$I_D=7.3\text{A}, V_{DD}=50\text{V}$			
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	7.3	A
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt	6	V/ns
$I_S=7.3\text{A}, V_{DS} < V_{DD}, di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, T_{jmax}=150^\circ\text{C}$			
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	83	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$



Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics					
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	75	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm ² cooling area ²⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	75 50	
Linear derating factor		-	-	0.66	W/K
Soldering temperature, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static Characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=0.25mA$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V
Drain-source avalanche breakdown voltage $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=7.3A$	$V_{(BR)DS}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage, $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D=350\mu A$	$V_{GS(th)}$	3.5	4.5	5.5	
Zero gate voltage drain current $V_{DS} = 600\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ $V_{DS} = 600\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	I_{DSS}	-	0.1	1	μA
		-	-	100	
Gate-source leakage current $V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance $V_{GS}=10V, I_D=4.6A, T_j=25\text{ °C}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.54	0.6	Ω
Gate input resistance $f = 1\text{ MHz}, \text{open drain}$	R_G	-	0.8	-	

¹ Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} * f$.

² Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

Electrical Characteristics , at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics						
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$ $I_D = 4.6\text{A}$	-	4	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	970	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	370	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	10	-	
Effective output capacitance, 1) energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V to } 480\text{V}$	-	30	-	pF
Effective output capacitance, 2) time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	55	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 380\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0/13\text{V}$, $I_D = 7.3\text{A}$, $R_G = 12\Omega$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	11	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	33	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	47	70	
Fall time	t_f		-	9	13.5	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 350\text{V}$, $I_D = 7.3\text{A}$	-	7.5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	16.5	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 350\text{V}$, $I_D = 7.3\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ to } 10\text{V}$	-	27	35	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 350\text{V}$, $I_D = 7.3\text{A}$	-	8	-	V

¹ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

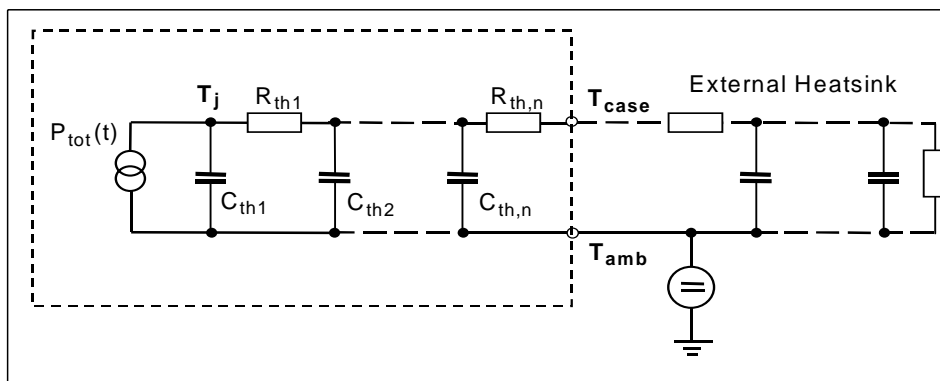
² $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics						
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	7.3	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	14.6	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=350\text{V}, I_F=I_S,$	-	750	1275	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	4.9	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	18	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt		-	550	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

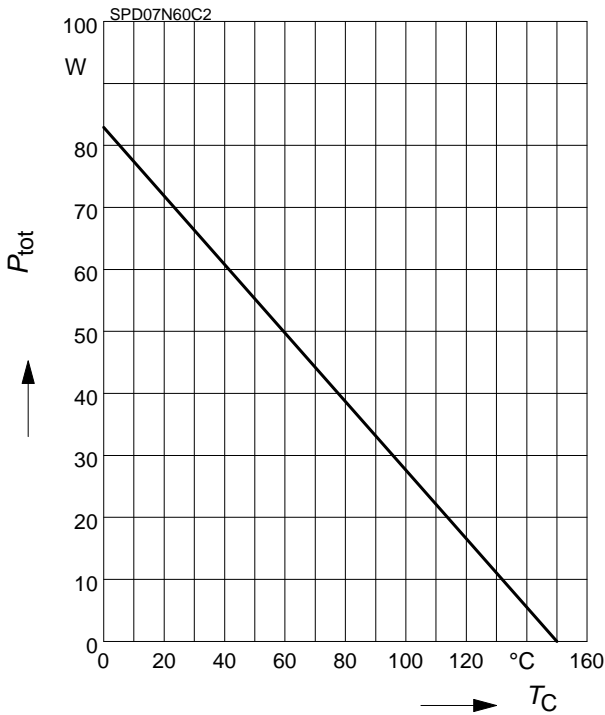
Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value	Unit	Symbol	Value	Unit
	typ.			typ.	
Thermal resistance			Thermal capacitance		
R_{th1}	0.024	K/W	C_{th1}	0.0001354	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.052		C_{th2}	0.0004561	
R_{th3}	0.065		C_{th3}	0.0007717	
R_{th4}	0.172		C_{th4}	0.001013	
R_{th5}	0.177		C_{th5}	0.00738	
R_{th6}	0.064		C_{th6}	0.04	



1 Power dissipation

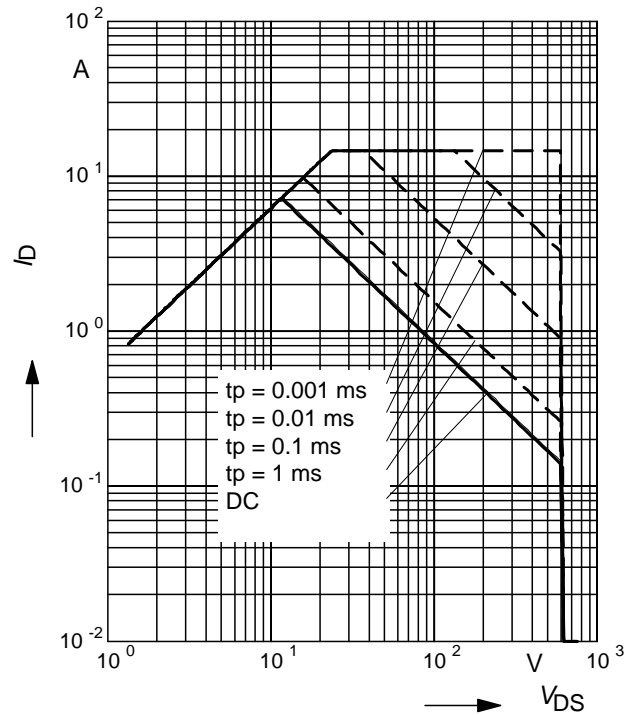
$$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$$



2 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

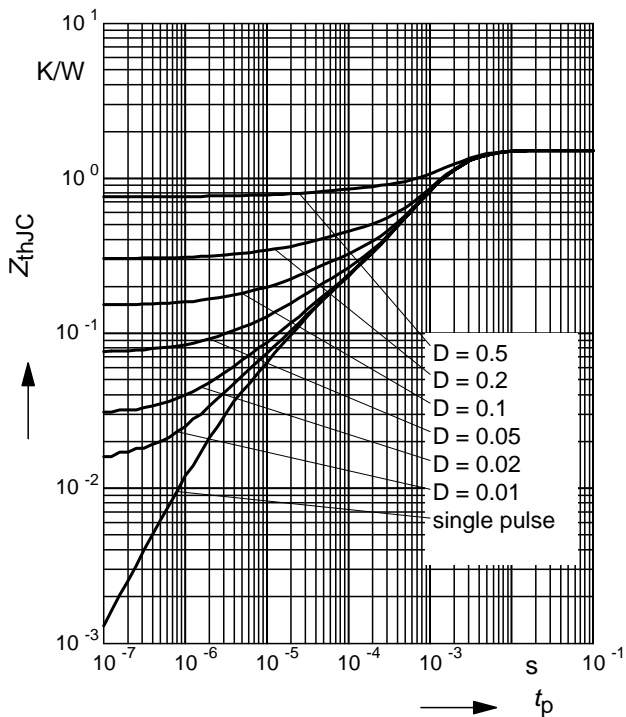
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



3 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

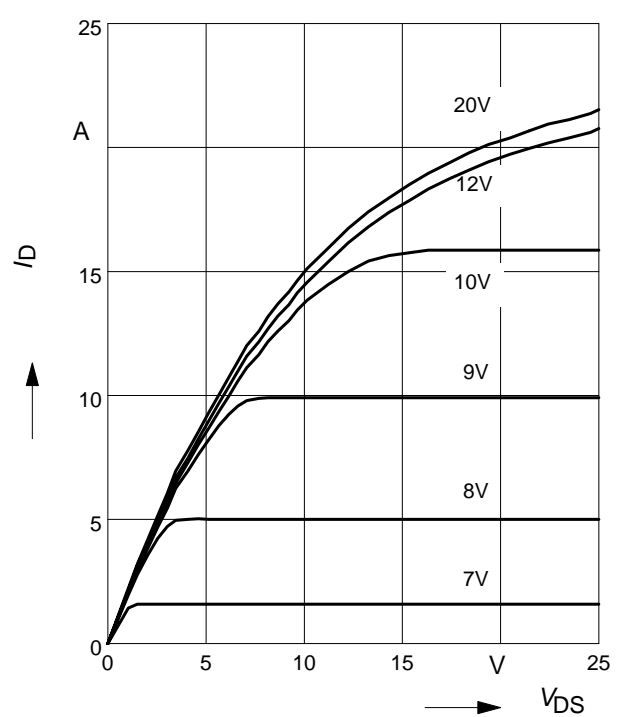
parameter: $D = t_p/T$



4 Typ. output characteristic

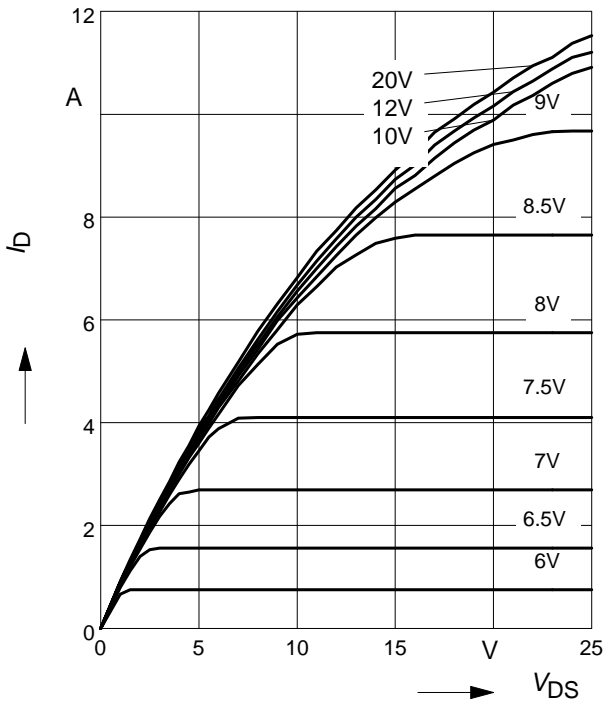
$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$, V_{GS}



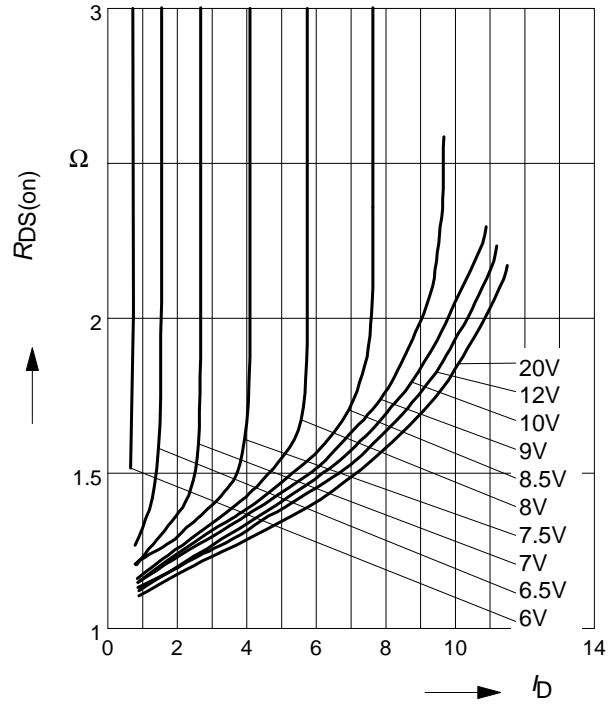
5 Typ. output characteristic

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



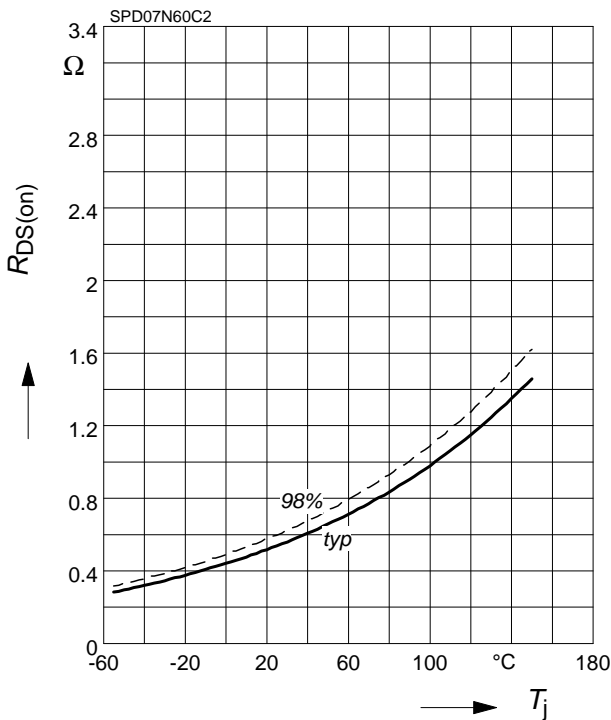
6 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}, V_{GS}$



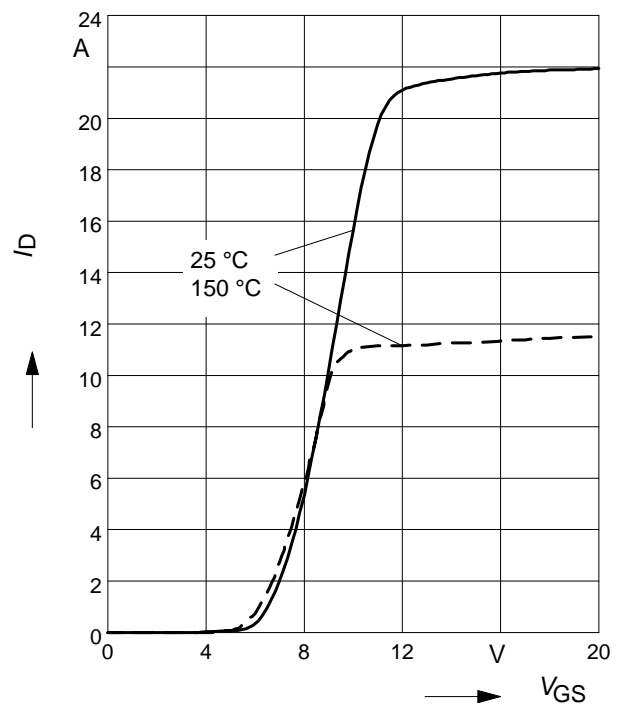
7 Drain-source on-state resistance

$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$
parameter: $I_D = 4.6 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



8 Typ. transfer characteristics

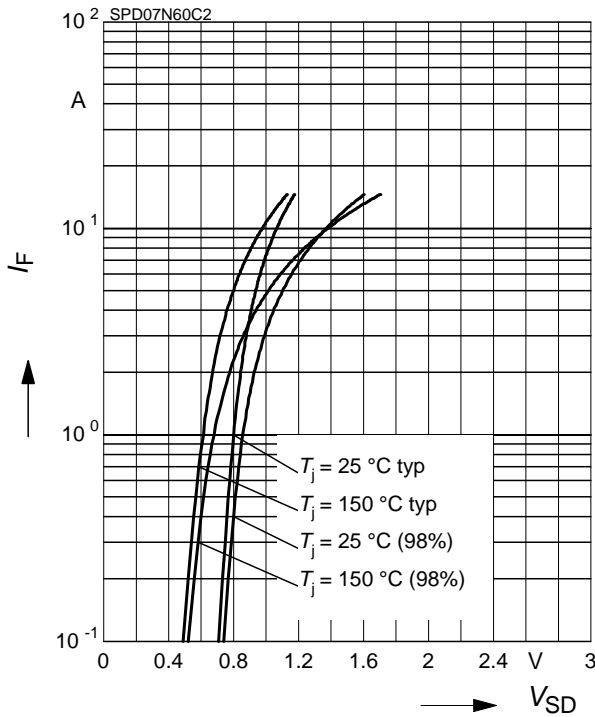
$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$



9 Forward characteristics of body diode

$I_F = f(V_{SD})$

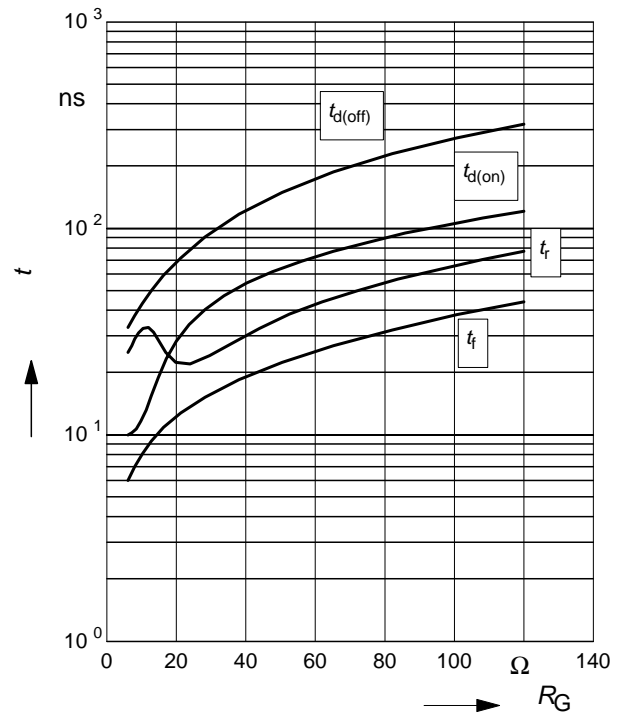
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10 \mu s$



10 Typ. switching time

$t = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j=125^\circ C$

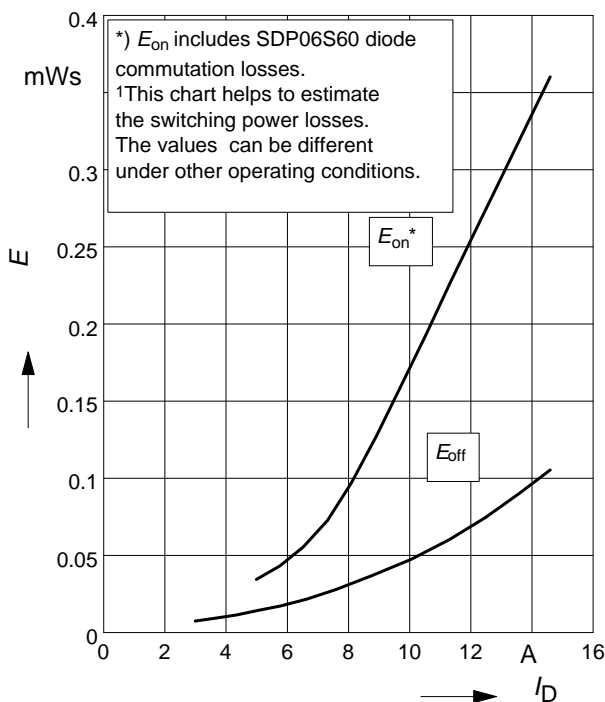
par.: $V_{DS}=380V$, $V_{GS}=0/+13V$, $I_D=7.3 A$



11 Typ. switching losses¹⁾

$E = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j=125^\circ C$

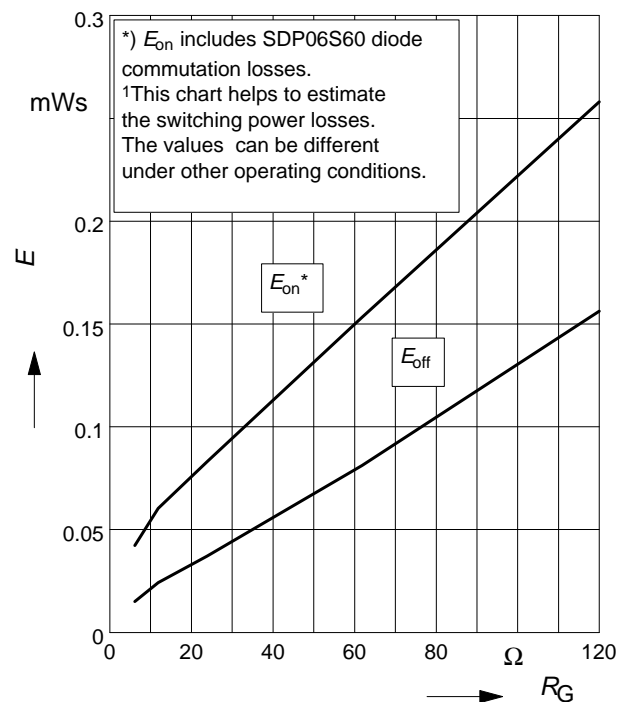
par.: $V_{DS}=380V$, $V_{GS}=0/+13V$, $R_G=12\Omega$



12 Typ. switching losses¹⁾

$E = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j=125^\circ C$

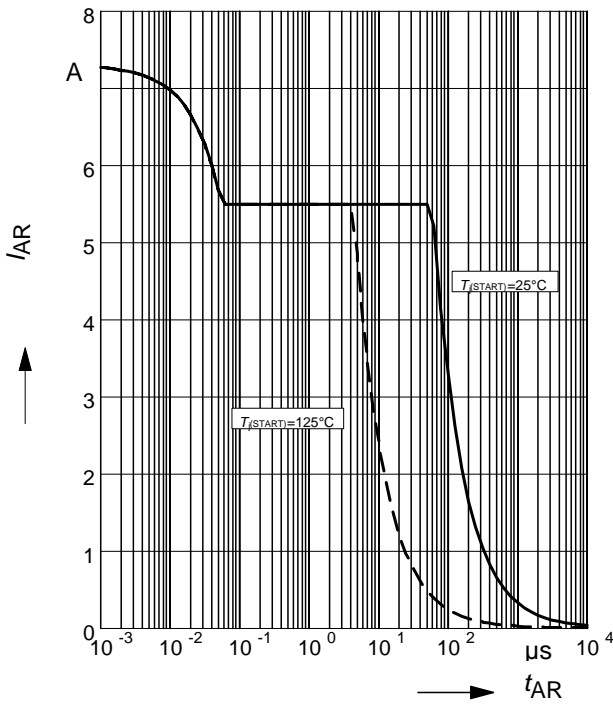
par.: $V_{DS}=380V$, $V_{GS}=0/+13V$, $I_D=7.3A$



13 Avalanche SOA

$$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$$

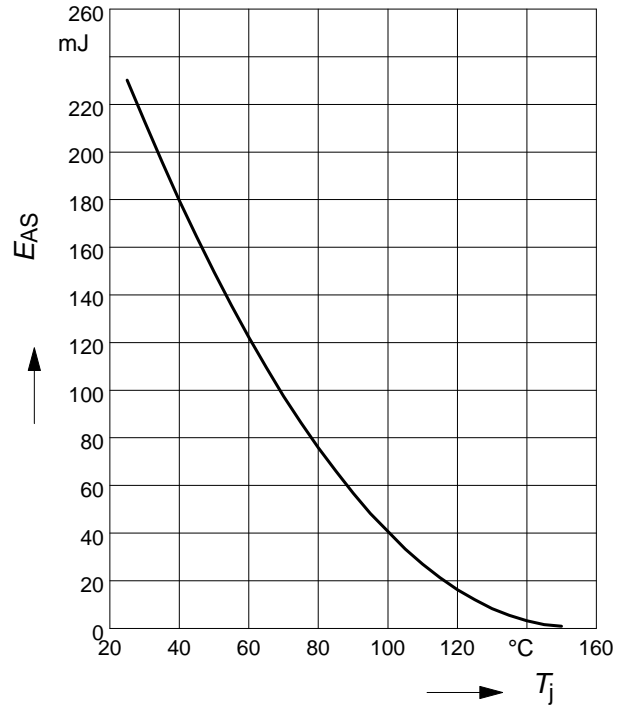
par.: $T_j \leq 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



14 Avalanche energy

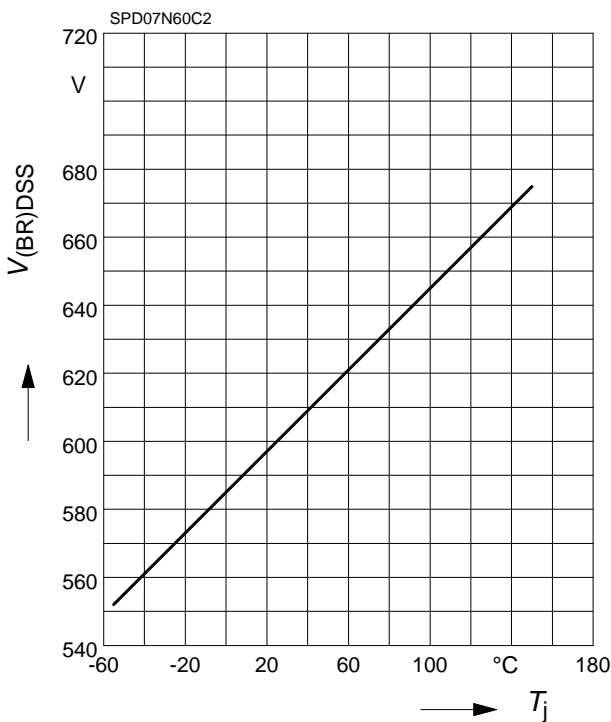
$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

par.: $I_D = 5.5\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$



15 Drain-source breakdown voltage

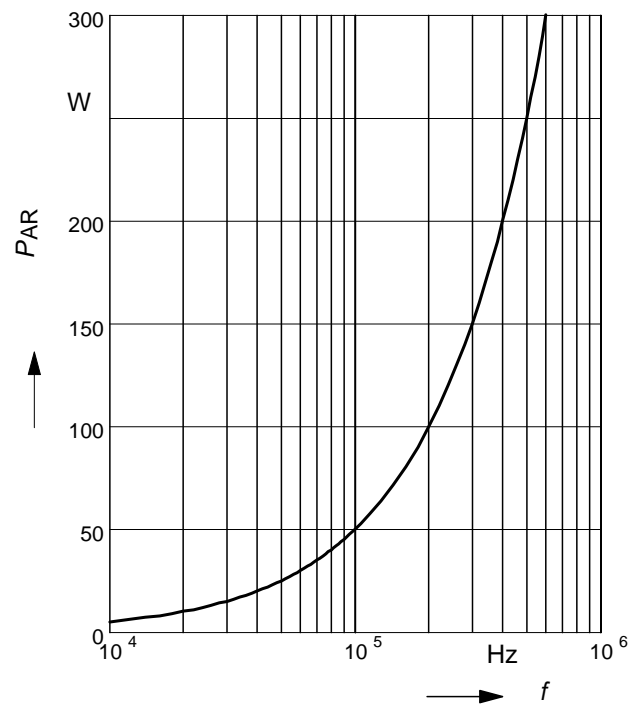
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



16 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

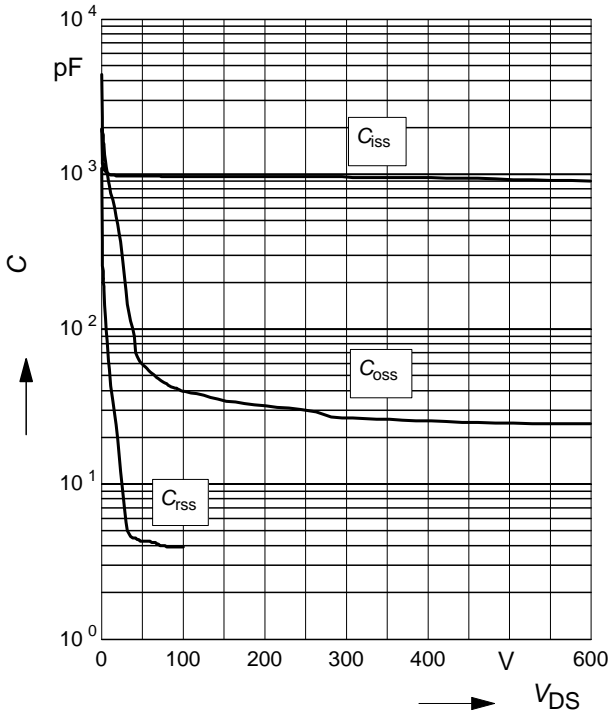
parameter: $E_{AR} = 0.5\text{ mJ}$



17 Typ. capacitances

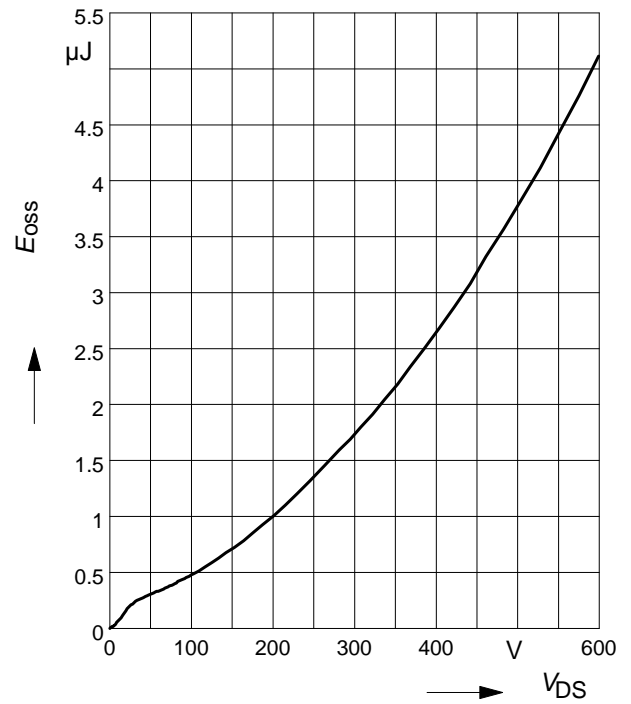
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{ MHz}$

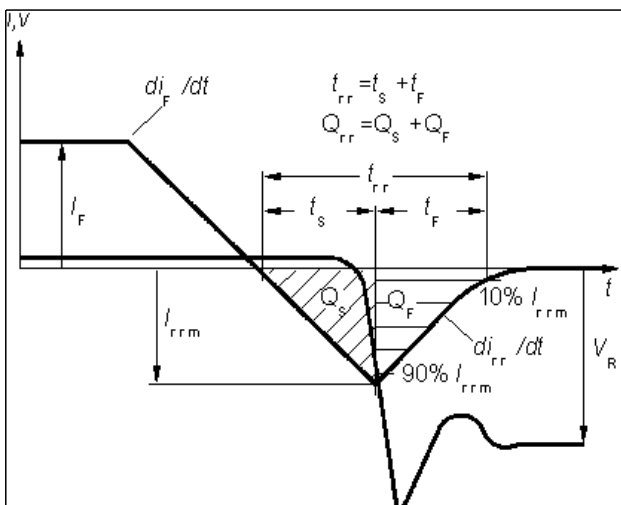


18 Typ. C_{OSS} stored energy

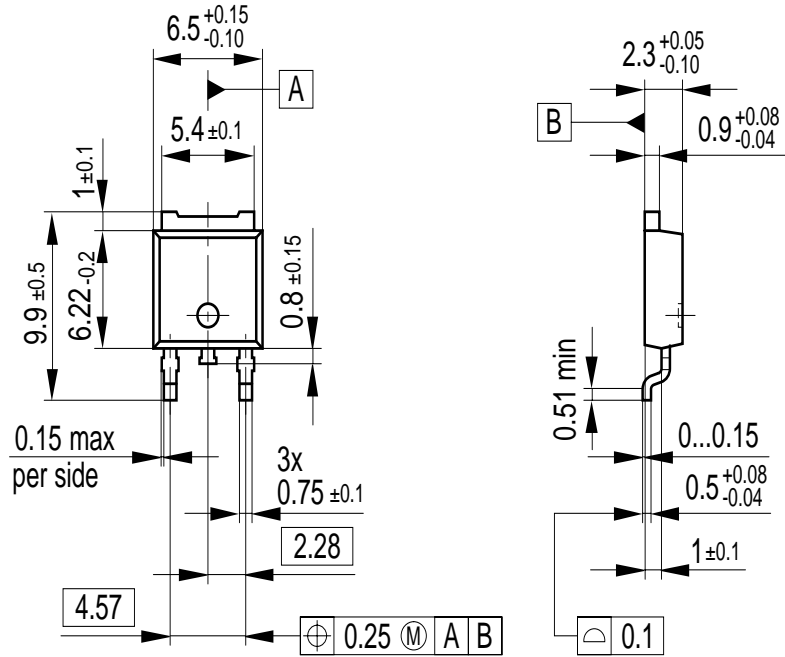
$$E_{OSS} = f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics



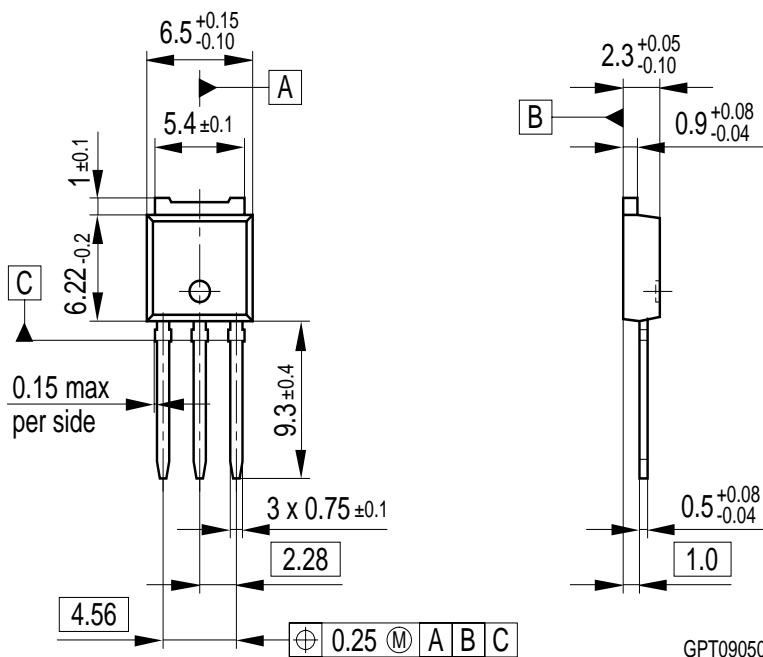
P-TO-252-3-1 (D-PAK)



GPT09051

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

P-TO-251-3-1 (I-PAK)



GPT09050

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.



Final data

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