## <u>TOSHIBA</u>

Preliminary

# TA1322FN

## Down-Converter IC with PLL for Satellite Tuner

The TA1322FN is a wideband down-converter which can operate at input frequency ranging from 850 MHz to 2200 MHz. Intended primarily for use in satellite tuners, this IC includes an oscillator, a mixer, an IF amplifier and a PLL.

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus data format is used as the data control format.

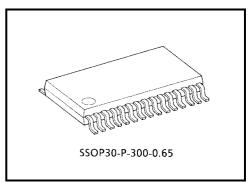
The supply voltage of 5.0 V helps minimize the tuner's power dissipation, while the compact 30-pin SSOP package allows the tuner to be kept small.

### Features

- Supply voltage: 5.0 V (typ.)
- Wide input frequency range
- Low phase noise oscillator
- Standard I<sup>2</sup>C bus format control
- 4-MHz (X'tal) buffer output pin
- Reference oscillator input change-over switch [X'tal or external input]
- 33-V high-voltage tuning amplifier built-in
- Built-in comparator (P4, P5, P7)
- Bandswitch drive transistor (P0) [IBD = 40 mA (max)]
- Selected IF output port
- Frequency step: 62.5 kHz or 125 kHz (for 4-MHz X'tal)
- 4-address setting via address selector
- Power-on reset circuit
- ×1/2 prescaler
- Flat compact package: SSOP30-P-300-0.65 (0.65-mm pitch)

## **Power-On Reset Operation Conditions**

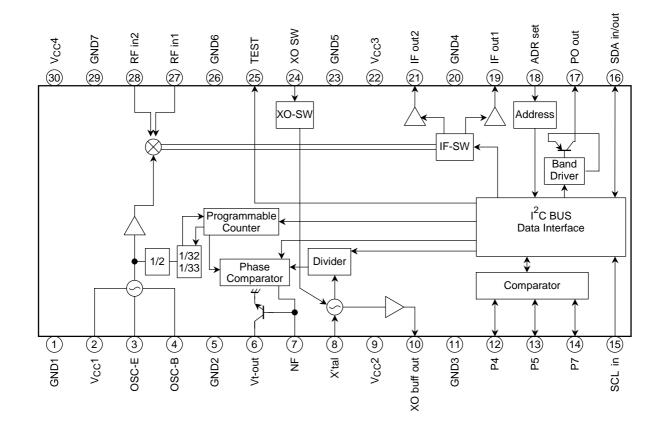
- Frequency step: 125 kHz
- Charge pump output current: ±50 µA
- Counter data: all [0]
- Band driver: OFF
- Tuning amplifier: OFF
- IF output operation: pin 19 is ON



#### Weight: 0.17 g (typ.)

Note 1: This device can easily be damaged by high voltages or electrical fields. For this reason, please handle it with care.

**Block Diagram** 



## **Pin Functions**

| Pin No. | Pin Name                          | Function  | Interface  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 (     | GND1                              | Ground pin for oscillator circuit block   | _  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 \     | V <sub>CC</sub> 1                 | Power supply pin for local oscillator circuit block   | 2  |  |  |  |  |
| 3<br>4  | Oscillator                        | Local oscillator circuit  | (4)<br>(4)<br>(3)<br>(3)<br>(3)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1)<br>(1 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 (     | GND2                              | Ground pin for oscillator circuit block   | —  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 \     | Vt Output                         | Tuning voltage output pin with built-in   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7       | NF                                | tuning amplifier  | GND3<br>(7)<br>V <sub>CC</sub> 2   |  |  |  |  |
| 8       | Reference Input<br>(4-MHz input)  | Crystal oscillator input<br>Can be switched between X'tal<br>oscillator and external input using pin<br>24 (XO switch). | $V_{CC}^2$   |  |  |  |  |
| 9 \     | V <sub>CC</sub> 2                 | Power supply pin for PLL circuit block  | —  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 F    | Reference signal<br>buffer output | Buffer output pin for reference signal  | V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()<br>()                        |  |  |  |  |
| 11 (    | GND3                              | Ground pin for PLL circuit block  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## TA1322FN

| Pin No. | Pin Name            | Function  | Interface  |
|---------|---------------------|---|--|
| 12      | Ρ4                  | Output can be controlled by setting the band switch data.   | 12, 13, 14   |
| 13      | Р5                  | The circuit configuration is open<br>collector output.<br>Each pin has a built-in comparator.   |  |
| 14      | Р7                  | The status of the comparator can be checked READ mode.  | GND3   |
| 15      | SCL Input           | Input pin for I <sup>2</sup> C bus serial clock data  | $V_{CC}^2$   |
| 16      | SDA<br>Input/Output | Input/output pin for I <sup>2</sup> C bus serial<br>clock data  | $V_{CC2}$  |
| 17      | PO output           | Output can be controlled by setting band switch data.   | V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>GND3  |
| 18      | ADR Set             | The address for hardware bit setting<br>can be selected by applying voltage to<br>this pin.<br>4 programmable address can be<br>programmed. | V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18)<br>(18 |

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| Pin No. | Pin Name          | Function   | Interface  |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|
| 19      | IF Output 1       | IF output pin.<br>Output can be controlled by setting<br>the band switch data (P6).<br>IF output impedance is 75 $\Omega$ each<br>other.           | V <sub>CC</sub> 3  |
| 21      | IF Output 2       | When P6 data set 0, output pin is Pin<br>19 (IF output 1).<br>When P6 data set 1, output pin is Pin<br>21 (IF output 2).                           | GND4, 5  |
| 20      | GND4              | Ground pin for IF amplifier circuit block  |  |
| 22      | V <sub>CC</sub> 3 | Power supply pin for IF amplifier circuit block  | _  |
| 23      | GND5              | Ground pin for IF amplifier circuit block  | _  |
| 24      | XO Switch         | Determines reference signal input.<br>If connected to ground:<br>X'tal oscillator.<br>If open or connected to V <sub>CC</sub> 2:<br>external input | V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>2</sup><br>(24)<br>T KΩ<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K<br>T K |
| 25      | TEST              | When test mode set, this pin can<br>confirm X'tal divider signal and 1/2<br>counter signal.<br>This pin can be used at open.                       | V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>(25<br>GND3<br>V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>CX<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ<br>SZ  |
| 26      | GND6              | Ground pin for mixer circuit block   | —  |
| 27      | RF Input1         | RF signal input pin  |  |
| 28      | RF Input2         | Input can be either balanced or<br>unbalanced.   |  |
| 29      | GND7              | Ground pin for mixer circuit block   | —  |
| 30      | V <sub>CC</sub> 4 | Power supply pin for mixer circuit block   | _  |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter                | Pin No. | Symbol            | Rating     | Unit |  |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------|------|--|
|                          | 2       | V <sub>CC</sub> 1 | 6          |      |  |
| Supply voltage           | 9       | V <sub>CC</sub> 2 | 6          | V    |  |
| Supply voltage           | 22      | V <sub>CC</sub> 3 | 6          | v    |  |
|                          | 30      | V <sub>CC</sub> 4 | 6          |      |  |
| Tuning amplifier voltage | 6       | VBT               | 38         | V    |  |
| Dower dissinction        |         | D-                | 1130       | m)// |  |
| Power dissipation        |         | PD                | (Note 2)   | mW   |  |
| Operating temperature    | _       | T <sub>opr</sub>  | -20 to 85  | °C   |  |
| Storage temperature      | _       | T <sub>stg</sub>  | -55 to 150 | °C   |  |

Note 2:50 mm  $\times$  50 mm  $\times$  1.6 mm, 40% Cu board

If Ta > 25°C, derate this value by 9.1 mW/°C.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

| Pin No. | Symbol                 | Min               | Тур. | Max | Unit |   |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------|------|-----|------|---|
| 2       | Local oscillator block | V <sub>CC</sub> 1 | 4.5  | 5.0 | 5.5  | V |
| 9       | PLL block              | V <sub>CC</sub> 2 | 4.5  | 5.0 | 5.5  | V |
| 22      | IF amplifier block     | V <sub>CC</sub> 3 | 4.5  | 5.0 | 5.5  | V |
| 30      | Mixer block            | V <sub>CC</sub> 4 | 4.5  | 5.0 | 5.5  | V |

### **Electrical Characteristics**

DC Characteristics (unless otherwise specified,  $V_{CC}1 = V_{CC}2 = V_{CC}3 = V_{CC}4 = 5$  V, Ta = 25°C) When power on, counter data = all [0], VBT = OFF, CP0 = 0, band = all [0], and IF output operate Pin 19.

| Parameter            | Symbol                 | Test<br>Circuit | Test Condition | Min  | Тур. | Max  | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
|                      | I <sub>CC</sub> 1      |                 | —              | 5.0  | 7.5  | 9.5  |      |
| Power supply current | I <sub>CC</sub> 2      | 1               | —              | 21.5 | 26.5 | 32.0 | mA   |
|                      | I <sub>CC</sub> 3      | 1               |                | 19.5 | 24.0 | 29.0 | IIIA |
|                      | I <sub>CC</sub> 4      |                 |                | 10.0 | 12.5 | 15.5 |      |
| Total                | I <sub>CC</sub> -total | —               | _              | 56.0 | 70.0 | 86.0 | mA   |

## **Down-Converter Block**

### AC Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = V_{CC3} = V_{CC4} = 5$ V, Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter   |          | Symbol | Test<br>Circuit | Test Condition<br>(Note 4, Note 5) | Min  | Тур.  | Max   | Unit       |
|---|----------|--------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|------------|
| RF input frequency  |          | Mfin   | —               | _                                  | 850  | _     | 2200  | MHz        |
| RF input level  |          | MPin   |                 | —                                  |      |       | -35   | dBmW       |
| IF output frequency   |          | Afin   |                 | —                                  | 350  | _     | 550   | MHz        |
| IF output impedance   | (Note 3) | AZout  | —               | Single-end                         |      | 75    |       | Ω          |
| Local oscillator frequency                                      |          | LO     | —               | _                                  | 1300 | _     | 2700  | MHz        |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 898 MHz                      | 27.5 | 30.5  | 33.5  |            |
| Conversion gain   |          | CG     | 3               | fRF = 1598 MHz                     | 27   | 31    | 34    | dB         |
|   | (Note 3) |        |                 | fRF = 2198 MHz                     | 24.5 | 29    | 32    |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 898 MHz                      |      | 9     | 10.5  |            |
| Noise figure  |          | NF     | 4               | fRF = 1598 MHz                     | _    | 9     | 11.5  | dB         |
|   | (Note 3) |        |                 | fRF = 2198 MHz                     | _    | 11    | 13    |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 898 MHz                      | 6    | 8     |       |            |
| IF output power level   | (Note 3) | Apsat  | -               | fRF = 1598 MHz                     | 6    | 8     | _     | dBmW       |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 2198 MHz                     | 6    | 8     | _     |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fd = 898 MHz, fud = 903 MHz        | 13   | 15    | _     |            |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> inter modulation<br>(IF output intercept point) |          | IP3    | 5               | fd = 1598 MHz,<br>fud = 1603 MHz   | 14   | 16    |       | dBmW       |
|   | (Note 3) |        |                 | fd = 2198 MHz,<br>fud = 2203 MHz   | 14   | 16    | _     | -          |
| <b>o</b>  |          |        |                 | fRF = 898 MHz                      |      | _     | ±2    |            |
| Conversion gain shift   |          | CGs    | 3               | fRF = 1598 MHz                     |      |       | ±2    | dB         |
|   | (Note 3) |        |                 | fRF = 2198 MHz                     |      |       | ±2    |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fosc = 1300 MHz                    |      |       | ±5.5  |            |
| Frequency shift   |          | ∆fB    | 3               | fosc = 2000 MHz                    |      |       | ±3.5  | MHz        |
| (PLL OFF)   |          |        |                 | fosc = 2600 MHz                    |      |       | ±3.5  |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fosc = 1300 MHz                    |      | -74   | -70   |            |
| Phase noise   |          | PN     | 3               | fosc = 2000 MHz                    |      | -75   | -71   | dBc/<br>Hz |
| (with 10-kHz offset)  |          |        |                 | fosc = 2600 MHz                    |      | -74   | -70   | 112        |
|   |          |        |                 | fosc = 1300 MHz                    |      | -36   | -33   |            |
| RF pin  |          | LORF   | 3               | fosc = 2000 MHz                    | _    | -31.5 | -28   | dBmW       |
| LO leak level   |          |        |                 | fosc = 2600 MHz                    | _    | -33   | -30   |            |
|   |          |        |                 | fosc = 1300 MHz                    | _    | -21.5 | -15.5 |            |
| IF pin  |          | LOIF   | 3               | fosc = 2000 MHz                    |      | -31   | -25   | dBmW       |
| LO leak level   |          |        |                 | fosc = 2600 MHz                    |      | -36   | -30.5 | 1          |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 898 MHz                      | 30   | 36    |       |            |
| IF switch isolation   |          | IFiso  | 3               | fRF = 1598 MHz                     | 30   | 36    |       | dB         |
|   |          |        |                 | fRF = 2198 MHz                     | 30   | 36    |       | 1          |

Note 3: IF output frequency = 402 MHz

Note 4: IF output load = 75  $\Omega$ 

Note 5: IF output operate Pin 21

## PLL Block (unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC}1 = V_{CC}2 = V_{CC}3 = V_{CC}4 = 5$ V, Ta = 25°C)

|   |                 | Test    |  |      |      |                            |                   |
|---|-----------------|---------|--|------|------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Parameter   | Symbol          | Circuit | Test Condition   | Min  | Тур. | Max                        | Unit              |
| Tuning amplifier output voltage (close)                                       | Vt out          | 1       | $1 \qquad VBT = 33 \text{ V}, \text{ RL} = 33 \text{ k}\Omega$   |      |      | 33                         | V                 |
| Tuning amplifier maximum current  | l∨t             | 1       | 1 VBT = 33 V   |      |      | 3                          | mA                |
| X'tal negative resistance   | XtR             | 1       | XO-SW:GND (X'tal oscillator mode)  | 1    | 2.5  |                            | kΩ                |
| X'tal operating frequency   | OSCin           | 1       | [NDK (AT-51), 4 MHz used]  | 3.2  |      | 4.5                        | MHz               |
| X'tal external input level  | Xo extl         | 1       |  | 100  |      | 1000                       | mV <sub>p-p</sub> |
| X'tal external input frequency  | X-ext           | 1       | XO-SW: V <sub>CC</sub> 2 or open   | 2    |      | 6                          | MHz               |
| Ratio setting range   | Ν               |         | 15-bit counter   | 1024 |      | 32767                      |                   |
| Logic input low voltage   | V <sub>IL</sub> | 1       |  | -0.3 |      | 1.5                        | V                 |
| Logic input high voltage  | VIH             | 1       | SDA and SCL pins   | 3    | _    | V <sub>CC</sub> 2<br>+ 0.3 | V                 |
| Logic input current (low)   | l BsL           | 1       | SDA and SCL size   | -20  |      | 10                         | μA                |
| Logic input current (high)  | l BsH           | 1       | SDA and SCL pins   | -10  |      | 20                         | μA                |
| ACK output voltage  | VACK            | 1       | ISINK = 3 mA   |      |      | 0.4                        | V                 |
|   | lchg            | 1       | CP = [0]   | ±35  | ±50  | ±75                        | μA                |
| Charge pump output current  | icny            |         | CP = [1]   | ±180 | ±240 | ±345                       | μΑ                |
| Band driver drive current   | IBD             | 1       | P0   |      |      | 40                         | mA                |
| Band driver voltage drop  | VBDsat          | 1       | P0: IBD = 40-mA drive  |      | 0.2  | 0.4                        | V                 |
| Comparator pin input voltage  | VCMP            | 1       | IP4, IP5, IP7  | 0    | _    | 6                          | V                 |
| Comparator pin low voltage  | VLCMP           | 1       | IP4, IP5, IP7  | 0    | _    | 1.5                        | V                 |
| Comparator pin high voltage   | VHCMP           | 1       | IP4, IP5, IP7  | 2.7  | _    | 6                          | V                 |
| Output port flow current  | IPin            | 2       | P4, P5, P7   |      | _    | 7                          | mA                |
| Output port saturation voltage  | Vpinsat         | 2       | P4, P5, P7 (lpin = 7 mA)   | _    | 0.1  | 0.15                       | V                 |
| Output port leakage current   | lplk            | 1       | P4, P5, P7 (Vport = 6 V)   | _    | —    | 10                         | μA                |
| Output port maximum voltage   | Vport           | 1       | P4, P5, P7   |      |      | 6                          | V                 |
| Output port maximum voltage     Vport       Xo buffer output level     Xo out |                 | 1       | <ol> <li>1-kΩ, 10-pF load</li> <li>X'tal: NDK (AT-51), 4 MHz used.</li> <li>4-MHz level monitored on oscilloscope using FET probe (1 MΩ, 1.9 pF).</li> </ol> | 350  | 500  |                            | mV <sub>p-p</sub> |

## **Bus Line Characteristics**

| Parameter   | Symbol                | Test<br>Circuit | Test Condition                     | Min | Тур. | Max  | Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| SCL clock frequency                               | fSCL                  |                 |                                    | 0   |      | 100  | kHz  |
| Bus free time between a STOP and START conditions | t <sub>BUF</sub>      |                 |                                    | 4.7 | _    | _    | μs   |
| Hold time for repeated START condition            | t <sub>HD</sub> ; STA |                 |                                    | 4   | _    | _    | μS   |
| SCL clock low period                              | tLOW                  |                 |                                    | 4.7 |      | _    | μS   |
| SCL clock high period                             | tHIGH                 |                 |                                    | 4   | _    | _    | μS   |
| Set-up time for repeated START condition          | f <sub>SU</sub> ; STA | ] —             | Please refer to data timing chart. | 4.7 | _    | _    | μS   |
| Data hold time                                    | t <sub>HD</sub> ; DAT |                 |                                    | 0   |      | _    | μS   |
| Data set-up time                                  | t <sub>SU</sub> ; DAT |                 |                                    | 250 | _    | _    | ns   |
| Rise time for SDA and SCL signals                 | tR                    |                 |                                    | _   | _    | 1000 | ns   |
| Fall time for SDA and SCL signals                 | tF                    |                 |                                    |     |      | 300  | ns   |
| Set-up time for STOP condition                    | tsU; STO              |                 |                                    | 4   | —    | _    | μS   |

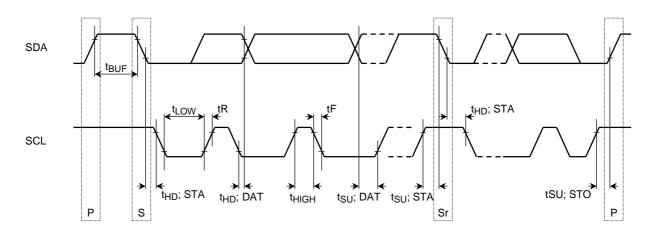


Figure 1 I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Data Timing Chart (rising-edge timing)

## **Test Conditions**

- Conversion gain RF input level = -40dBmW
- (2) Noise figure NF meter direct-reading value (DSB measurement)
- (3) IF output power level Measure maximum IF output level.
- (4) 3rd inter modulation
  fd (fd input level = -40dBmW)
  fud = fd + 5 MHz (fud input level = -40dBmW)
  Calculate IF output intercept point as follows:
  IP3 = S/(N 1) + P [dBmW]
  S: suppression level
  N: 3 P: IF output level
- (5) Conversion gain shift Conversion gain shift is defined as change in conversion gain when supply voltage exceeds ranges VCC = 5 V to 4.5 V or VCC = 5 V to 5.5 V.
- (6) Frequency shift (PLL OFF) Frequency shift is defined as change in oscillator frequency when supply voltage exceeds ranges V<sub>CC1</sub> = 5 V to 4.5 V or V<sub>CC1</sub> = 5 V to 5.5 V.
- (7) Phase noise (offset = 10 kHz) Measure phase noise at 10-kHz offset.
- (8) RF pin local-leak level Measure worst-case local-leak level for RF pin (with IF output pin open).
- (9) IF pin local-leak level Measure worst-case local-leak level for IF pin (with RF input pins shorted using 50-Ω resistor, and not measure IF output pin open).

#### (10) IF switch isolation

RF input level = -40dBmW Measure selected IF output pin's level, and not selected IF output pin's level. Ifiso = |(selected IF output pin's level) – (not selected IF output pin's level)| Not selected IF output pin shorts using 50  $\Omega$  resistor.

## PLL Block

## --I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Communications Control--

The TA1322FN conforms to Standard Mode  $\mathrm{I}^{2}\mathrm{C}$  bus format.

 $I^{2}C$  Bus Mode allows two-way bus communication using Write Mode (for receiving data) and Read Mode (for processing status data).

Write Mode or Read Mode can be selected by setting the least significant bit (R/W bit) of the address byte. If the least significant address bit is set to 0, Write Mode is selected; if it is set to 1, Read Mode is selected. Address can be set using the hardware bits. 4 programmable address can be programmed.

Using this setting, multiple frequency synthesizers can be used on the same  $I^2C$  bus line.

The address for the hardware bit setting can be selected by applying voltage to the address setting pin (ADR-pin 18). The address is selected according to the setting of these bits.

During acknowledgment of receipt of a valid address byte, the serial data (SDA) line is Low.

If Write Mode is currently selected, when the data byte is programmed, the serial data (SDA) line will be Low during the next acknowledgment.

### A) Write mode (setting command)

When Write Mode is selected, byte 1 holds address data; byte 2 and byte 3 hold frequency data; byte 4 holds the divider ratio setting and function setting data; and byte 5 holds output port data.

Data is latched and transferred at the end of byte 3, byte 4 and byte 5.

Byte 2 and byte 3 are latched and transferred as a byte pair.

Once a valid address has been received and acknowledged, the data type can be determined by reading the first bit of the next byte. That is, if the first bit is 0, the data is frequency data; if it is 1, the data is function-setting or band output data.

Additional data can be input without the need to transmit the address data again until the  $I^{2}C$  bus STOP condition is detected (e.g. a frequency sweep using additional frequency data is possible).

If a data transmission is aborted, data programmed before the abort remains valid.

#### [[BYTE 1]]

The address data for byte 1 can be set using the hardware bit.

The hardware bit can be set by applying a voltage to the address-setting pin (ADR: pin 18).

#### [[BYTE 2, BYTE 3]]

Byte 2, byte 3 control the 15-bit programmable counter ratio and are stored in the 15-bit shift register together with frequency setting counter data.

The program frequency can be calculated using the following formula:

 $fosc = 2 \times fr \times N$ 

fosc: Program frequency

 $fr \\ \vdots \\ Phase \ comparator \ reference \ frequency$ 

N: Counter total divider ratio

fr is calculated from the crystal oscillator frequency and the reference frequency divider ratio set in byte 4 (the control byte).

(fr = X'tal oscillator frequency/reference divider ratio)

The reference frequency divider ratio can be set to 1/64 or 1/128.

When a 4-MHz crystal oscillator is used, fr = 62.5 kHz or 31.25 kHz. The respective step frequencies are 125 kHz and 62.5 kHz.

#### [[BYTE 4]]

Byte 4 is a control byte used to set function. Bit 2 (CP) controls the output current of the charge-pump circuit.

When bit 2 is set to [0], the output current is set to  $\pm 50 \mu$ A; when set to [1],  $\pm 240 \mu$ A.

Bit 3 (T1) is used to set the test mode. When bit 3 is set to [0], normal mode; when set to [1], test mode.

Bit 4 (T0) is used to set the charge pump. When bit 4 is set to [0], charge pump is ON (normal used); When set to [1], charge pump is OFF.

Bit 5 (TS2) and bit 6 (TS1) used to set the test mode. They are used to set the charge pump test, phase comparator reference signal output, and 1/2 counter divider ratios.

Bit 7 (TS0) is used to set the X'tal reference frequency divider ratio. When bit 7 is set to [0], 1/128 (frequency step is 62.5 kHz); when set to [1], 1/64 (frequency step is 125 kHz).

Bit 8 (OS) is used to set the charge pump drive amplifier output setting. When bit 8 is set to [0],

the output is ON (normal mode); when set to [1], the output is OFF.

[[BYTE 5]]

Byte 5 can be used to set control the output port.

Bit 1 (P7), bit 3 (P5) and bit 4 (P4) are used to control output port P7, P5 and P4.

Bit 2 (P6) is used to control change IF output port. When bit 2 is set to [0], IF output 1 (pin 19) is ON; when set to [1], IF output 1 (pin 21) is ON.

Bit 8 (P0) is used to control band output port (P0). When bit 8 is set to [0], P0 is OFF; when set to [1], P0 is ON. (P0) output port can be driven at less than 40 mA.

#### B) READ mode (status request)

When READ mode is set, power-on reset operation status, phase comparator lock detector output status, comparator input voltage status are output to the master device.

Bit 1 (POR) indicates the power-on reset operation status. When the power supply of  $V_{CC2}$  stops, bit is set to [1]. The condition for reset to [0], voltage supplied to  $V_{CC2}$  is 3 V or higher, transmission is requested in READ mode, and the status is output. (when  $V_{CC2}$  is turned on, bit 1 is also set to [1].)

Bit 2 (FL) indicates the phase comparator lock status. When locked, [1] is output; when unlocked, [0] is output.

Bit 3 (IP7), bit 4 (IP5) and bit 5 (IP4) indicate the input comparator status. High level status is output [1], low level status is output is [0]. When voltage applied from 0 V to 1.5 V, output is [0]. When from 2.7 V to 6 V, output is [1].

### **Data Format**

A) Write mode

|   |                | MSB |     |     |     |     |     |     | LSB     |         |
|---|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|
| 1 | Address Byte   | 1   | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   | MA1 | MA0 | R/W = 0 | ACK     |
| 2 | Divider Byte 1 | 0   | N14 | N13 | N12 | N11 | N10 | N9  | N8      | ACK     |
| 3 | Divider Byte 2 | N7  | N6  | N5  | N4  | N3  | N2  | N1  | N0      | ACK (L) |
| 4 | Control Byte   | 1   | СР  | T1  | то  | TS2 | TS1 | TS0 | OS      | ACK (L) |
| 5 | Band SW Byte   | P7  | P6  | P5  | P4  | ×   | ×   | ×   | P0      | ACK (L) |

×: Don't care

ACK: Acknowledged

(L): Latch and transfer timing

#### B) Read mode

|   |              | MSB |    |     |     |     |     |     | LSB     |     |
|---|--------------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|
| 1 | Address Byte | 1   | 1  | 0   | 0   | 0   | MA1 | MA0 | R/W = 1 | ACK |
| 2 | Status Byte  | POR | FL | IP7 | IP5 | IP4 | 1   | 1   | 1       |     |

ACK: Acknowledged

### **Data Specifications**

• MA1 and MA0: programmable hardware address bits

| MA1 | MA0 | Voltage Applied to Address Pin               |
|-----|-----|--|
| 0   | 0   | 0 to 0.1V <sub>CC</sub> 2                    |
| 0   | 1   | OPEN or 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> 2               |
| 1   | 0   | 0.4V <sub>CC</sub> 2 to 0.6V <sub>CC</sub> 2 |
| 1   | 1   | $0.9V_{CC}2$ to $V_{CC}2$                    |

- N14-N0: programmable counter data
- CP: charge pump output current setting
  - [0]: ±50 μA (typ.) [1]: ±240 μA (typ.)
- T1: test mode setting
  - [0]: normal mode
    - [1]: test mode
- T0: charge pump setting

[0]: charge pump is ON (normal mode)[1]: charge pump is OFF

• TS0: X'tal reference frequency divider ratio select bits.

| TS0 | Divider ratio | Step frequency | fr        |  |
|-----|---------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| 0   | 1/128         | 62.5 kHz       | 31.25 kHz |  |
| 1   | 1/64          | 125 kHz        | 62.5 kHz  |  |

• T1, TS2, TS1, TS0: test mode

| Characteristics              |        | T1 | TS2 | TS1 | TS0 | Divider ratio | Notes                         |  |
|------------------------------|--------|----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Normal operation             |        | 0  | ×   | ×   | 0   | 1/128         | —                             |  |
| Normal operation             |        | 0  | ×   | ×   | 1   | 1/64          | —                             |  |
| Charge pump                  | Sink   | 1  | 1   | 0   | 0   | 1/128         | —                             |  |
|                              | Source | 1  | 1   | 0   | 1   | 1/64          | —                             |  |
| Output port OFF              |        | 1  | 1   | 1   | 0   | 1/128         | P7, P5, P4 OFF                |  |
| Phase comparator test        |        | 1  | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1/64          | SDA: Comparative signal input |  |
|                              |        |    |     |     |     |               | SCL: Reference signal input   |  |
| X'tal divider counter output |        | 1  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1/128         | Output to pin 25 (TEST)       |  |
|                              |        | 1  | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1/64          |                               |  |
| 1/2 counter divider output   |        | 1  | 0   | 1   | 0   | 1/128         | Output to pin 25 (TEST)       |  |
|                              |        | 1  | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1/64          |                               |  |

×: DON'T CARE

Note 5: When test mode, OS = 0 (tuning ON) is necessary.

When testing the counter divider output, programmable counter data input is necessary.

- OS: tuning amplifier control setting [0]: Tuning amplifier ON (normal operation)
  - [1]: Tuning amplifier OFF
- P4, P5, P7: output port [0]: OFF [1]: ON
- P6: IF output port switchover

| P6 | Output Port                |  |  |  |  |
|----|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 0  | IF output 1 (pin 19) is ON |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | IF output 2 (pin 21) is ON |  |  |  |  |

• P0: band output

[0]: OFF

[1]: ON

This can be driven at less than 40 mA.

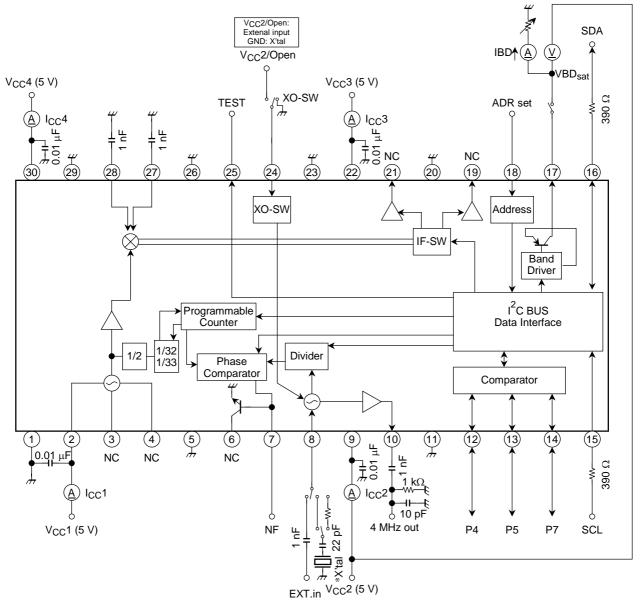
- POR: power-on reset flag
  - [0]: normal operation
  - [1]: reset operation
- FL: lock detect flag [0]: Unlocked [1]: Locked
- IP4, IP5, IP7: comparator output

   [0]: supply voltage is from 0 V to 1.5 V
   [1]: supply voltage is from 2.7 V to 6 V
- XO-SW: reference signal input changeover

| Pin 24                    | Input Method   |  |  |
|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| GND                       | X'tal          |  |  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> 2 or open | External input |  |  |

## Test Circuit 1

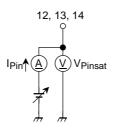
**DC Characteristics** 



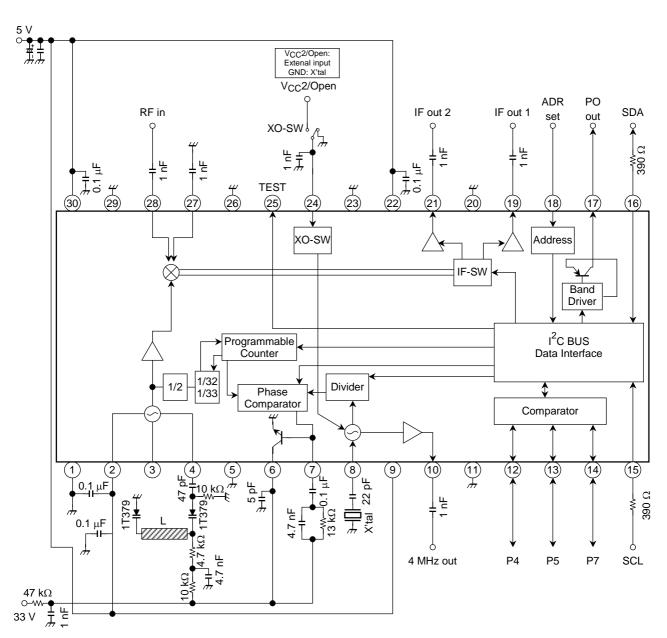
X'tal: NDK (AT-51), 4 MHz

## **Test Circuit 2**

DC Characteristics Measurement for "Output port flow current" and "Output port saturation voltage".



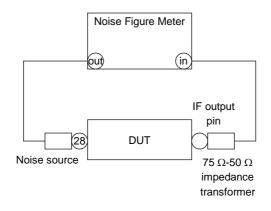
### **Test Circuit 3**



AC Characteristics

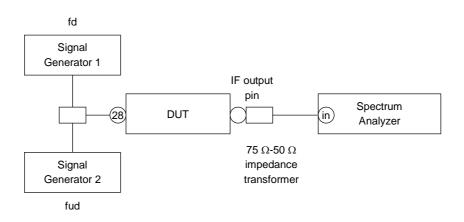
## **Test Circuit 4**

## **Measuring Noise Figure**



## **Test Circuit 5**

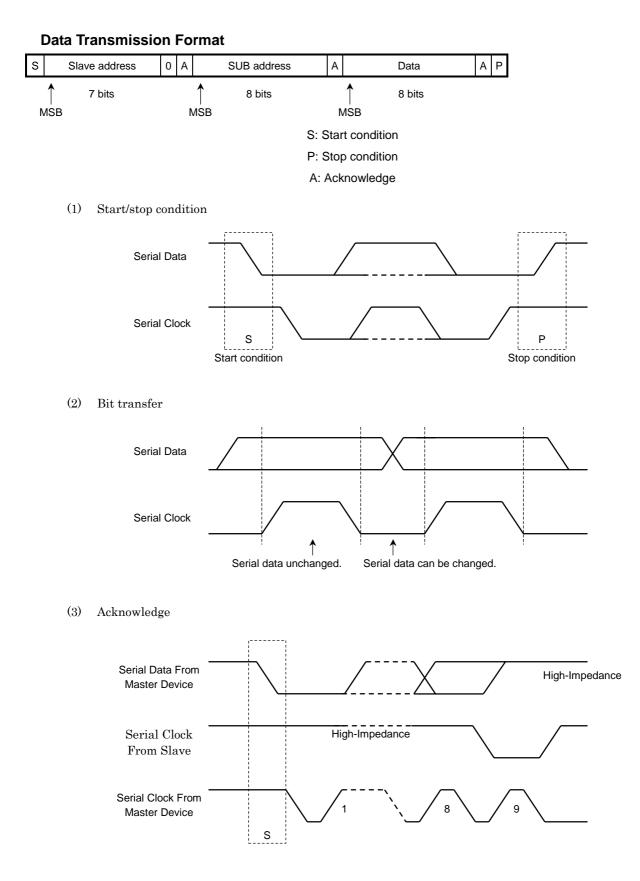
## Measuring 3<sup>rd</sup> Inter Modulation



## <u>TOSHIBA</u>

## I<sup>2</sup>C-Bus Control Summary

The bus control format of TA1322FN conforms to the Philips  $\mathrm{I}^2\mathrm{C}\text{-}\mathrm{bus}$  control format.



(4) Slave address

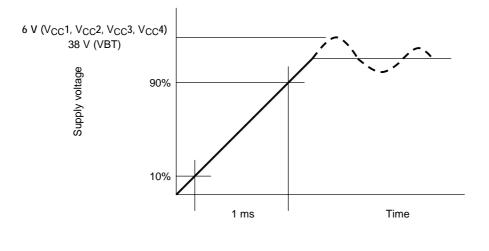
| A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | *  | *  | 0   |

Purchase of TOSHIBA I<sup>2</sup>C components conveys a license under the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C Patent Tights to use these components in an I<sup>2</sup>C system, provided that the system conforms to the I<sup>2</sup>C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

### **Handling Precautions**

 The device should not be inserted into or removed from the test jig while a voltage is being applied to it: otherwise the device may be degraded or break down.
 Also, do not abruptly increase or decrease the power supply to the device (see figure 1).
 Overshoot or chattering in the power supply may cause the IC to be degraded.

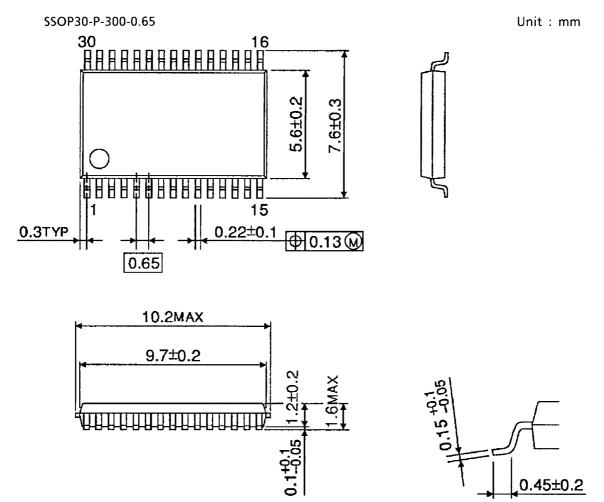
To avoid this, filters should be placed on the power supply line.





- 2. The peripheral circuits described in this datasheet are given only as system examples for evaluating the device's performance. TOSHIBA intend neither to recommend the configuration or related values of the peripheral circuits nor to manufacture such application systems in large quantities. Please note that the high-frequency characteristics of the device may vary depending on the external components, the mounting method and other factors relating to the application design. Therefore, the evaluation of the characteristics of application circuits is the responsibility of the designer. TOSHIBA only guarantee the quality and characteristics of the device as described in this datasheet and do not assume any responsibility for the customer's application design.
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## Package Dimensions



Weight: 0.17 g (typ.)

### **RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

Handbook" etc..

000707EBA

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