

**TOSHIBA****TA8482FN**

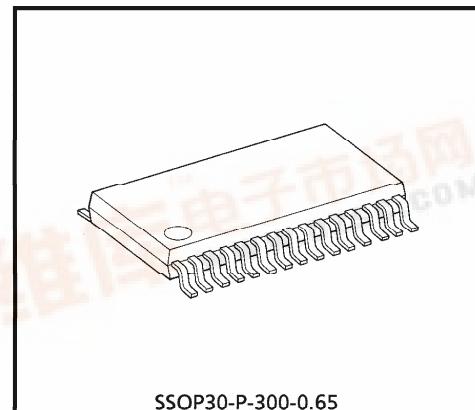
TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

**TA8482FN****BRIDGE DRIVER + SENSOR AMP 1-CHIP IC FOR DC MOTORS**

TA8482FN is a loading motor driver for video camera. It is a 1-chip IC with tape top/end sensor amplifiers, reel FG amplifiers, and buffer amplifiers for servo error L.P.F.

**FEATURES**

- 4 Modes : Forward Rotation, Reverse Rotation, Stop, and Brake
- Built-in Current Limiter
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit
- Built-in Tape Top / End Sensor Amplifiers
- 2 Built-in Reel FG Amplifiers
- 2 Built-in Buffer Amplifiers for Servo Error L.P.F.
- Built-in Buffer Limiter
- Package : VSOP-30



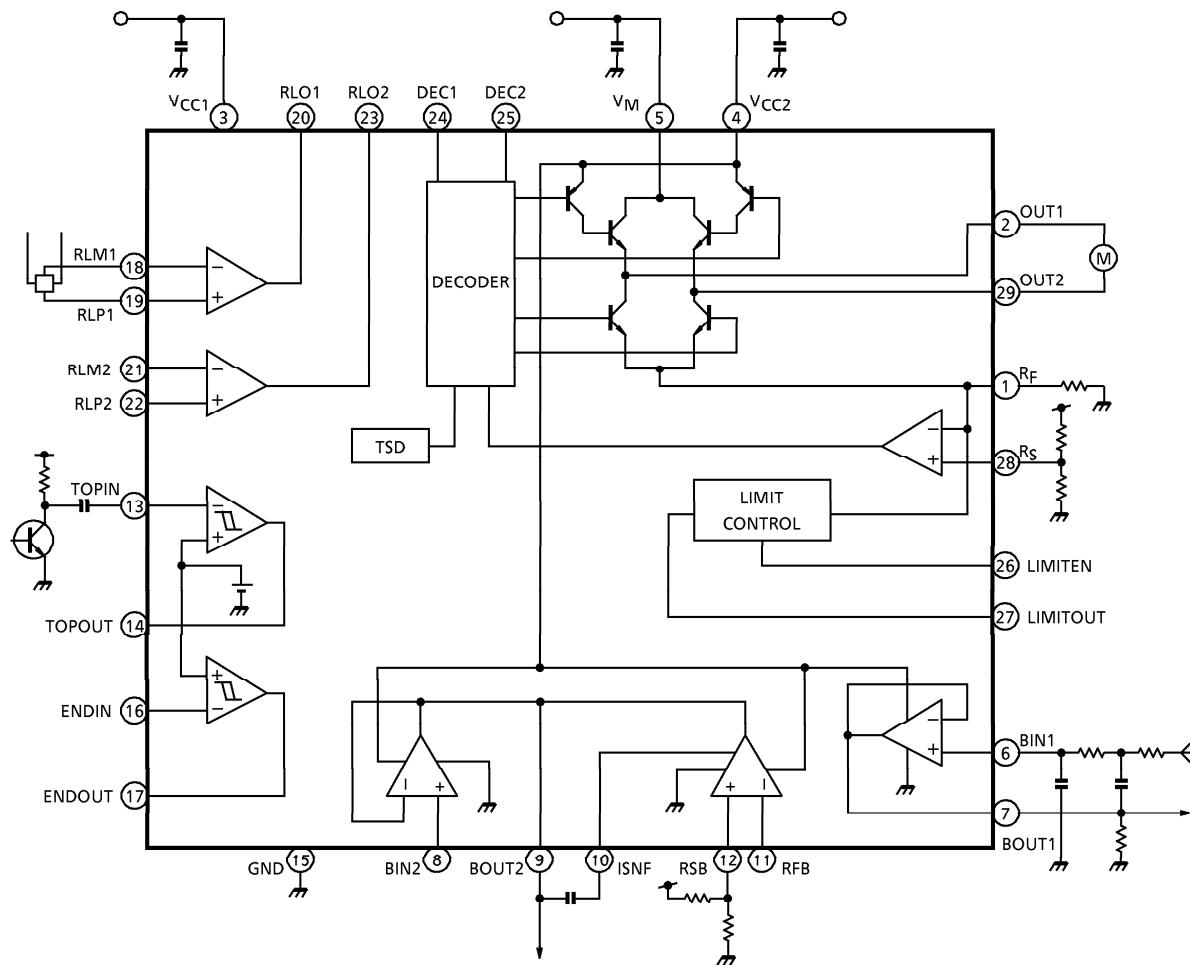
SSOP30-P-300-0.65

Weight : 0.17g (Typ.)

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## BLOCK DIAGRAM



**PIN FUNCTION**

PIN No.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME
1	R <sub>F</sub>	Output current detect pin
2	OUT1	Motor drive output pin 1
3	V <sub>CC1</sub>	Power supply input pin 1
4	V <sub>CC2</sub>	Power supply input pin 2
5	V <sub>M</sub>	Motor drive voltage input pin
6	BIN1	Buffer amp 1 input pin
7	BOUT1	Buffer amp 1 output pin
8	BIN2	Buffer amp 2 input pin
9	BOUT2	Buffer amp 2 output pin
10	ISNF	Buffer limiter amp phase compensating pin
11	RFB	Buffer limiter amp input pin
12	RSB	Buffer limiter amp reference voltage input pin
13	TOPIN	Tape-top sensor amp input pin
14	TOPOUT	Tape-top sensor output pin
15	GND	GND pin
16	ENDIN	Tape-end sensor amp input pin
17	ENDOUT	Tape-end sensor amp output pin
18	RLM1	Reel FG amp 1 negative side input pin
19	RLP1	Reel FG amp 1 positive side input pin
20	RLO1	Reel FG amp 1 output pin
21	RLM2	Reel FG amp 2 negative side input pin
22	RLP2	Reel FG amp 2 positive side input pin
23	RLO2	Reel FG amp 2 output pin
24	DEC1	Decoder input pin 1
25	DEC2	Decoder input pin 2
26	LIMITEN	Limiter controller input pin
27	LIMITOUT	Limiter controller output pin
28	R <sub>S</sub>	Limiter amp reference voltage input pin
29	OUT2	Motor drive output pin 2
30	N.C	—

**TRUTH TABLE**  
 DECODER CIRCUIT

DEC1	DEC2	OUT1	OUT2
L	L	Z	Z
H	L	H	L
L	H	L	H
H	H	L	L

Z : High impedance

## LIMITER CONTROLLER CIRCUIT

LIMITEN	LIMITER AMP CIRCUIT	LIMITOUT
H	When operated (when output current is detected)	L
	When not operated	H
L	H	

MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Small Signal Section Supply Voltage	$V_{CC1}$	10	V
Output Section Supply Voltage	$V_{CC2}$	11	V
Output Section Supply Voltage	$V_M$	8	V
Output Current	$I_O$	0.6	A
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	0.86 (Note 1)	W
		1.13 (Note 2)	
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-20~80	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~150	$^\circ\text{C}$

(Note 1) Single body

(Note 2) Substrate mounting (50×50×1.6mm Cu 40%)

(\*) Devices may break outside the range of maximum rating.

OPERATING SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	OPERATING RANGE	UNIT
Small Signal Section Supply Voltage	$V_{CC1}$	2.7~4.0	V
Output Section Supply Voltage	$V_{CC2}$	$V_{CC1}\sim 9.0$	V
Output Section Supply Voltage	$V_M$	1.0~7.0 (Note 3)	V

(Note 3)  $V_{CC2} \geq V_M$ 

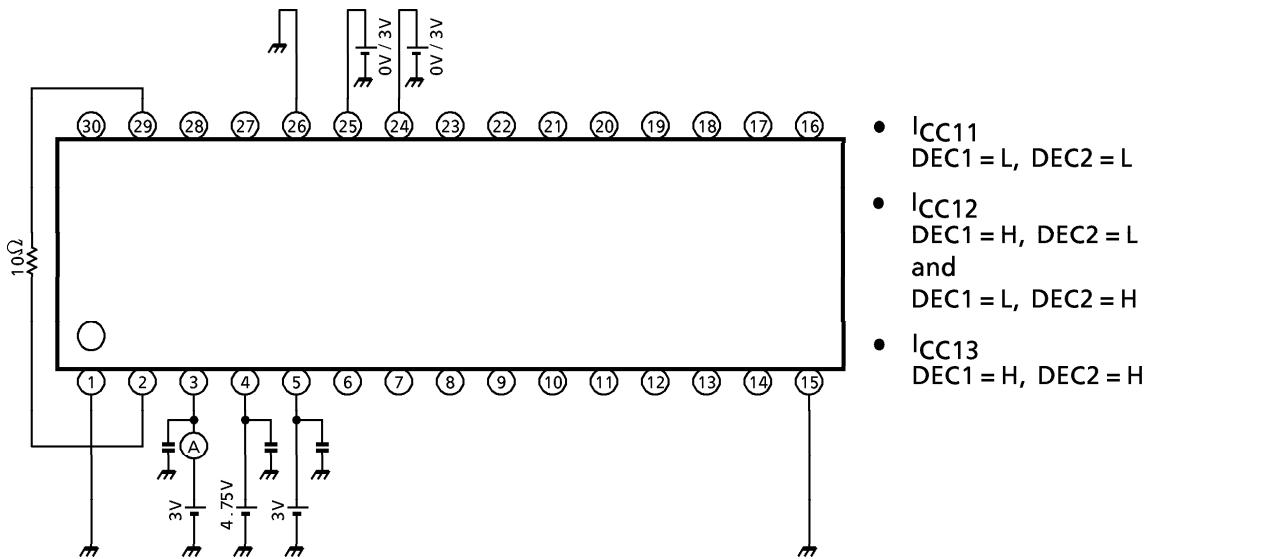
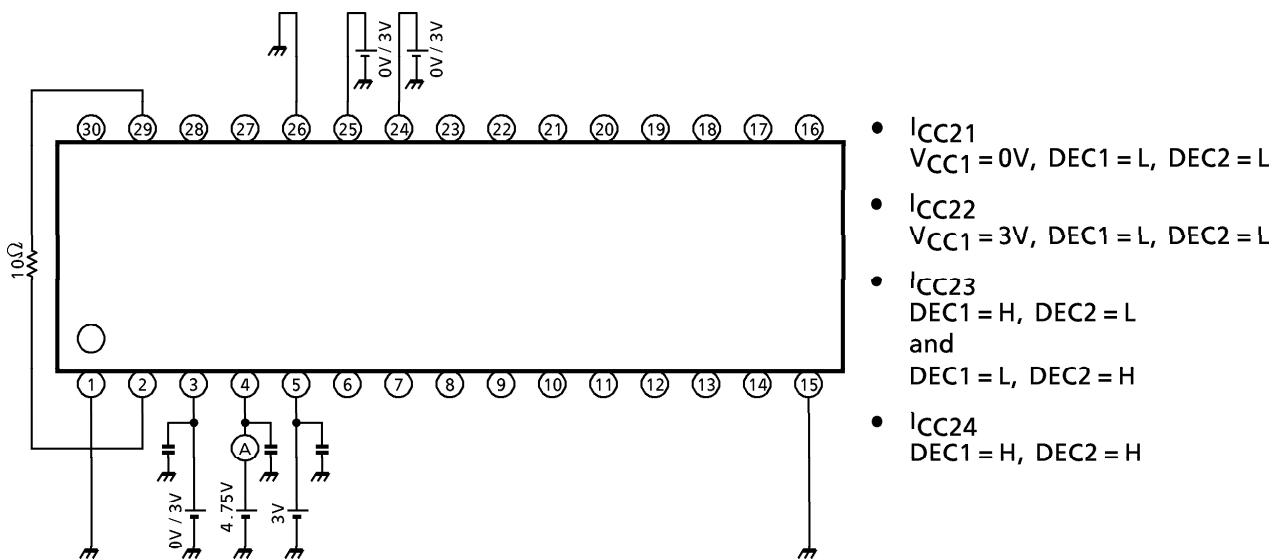
(\*) The range of operating conditions covers normal operations under the condition specified for electrical characteristics.

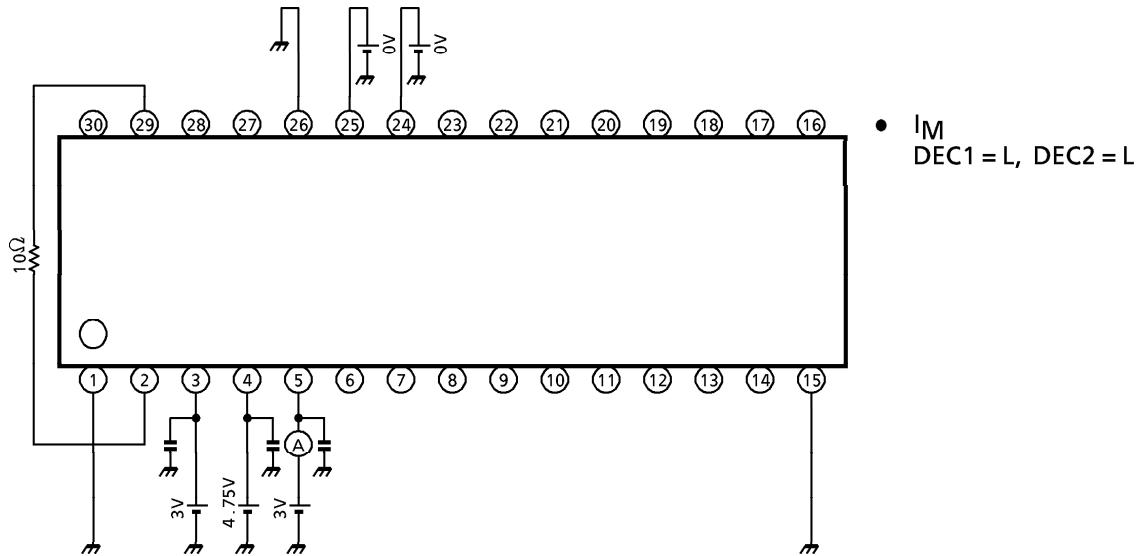
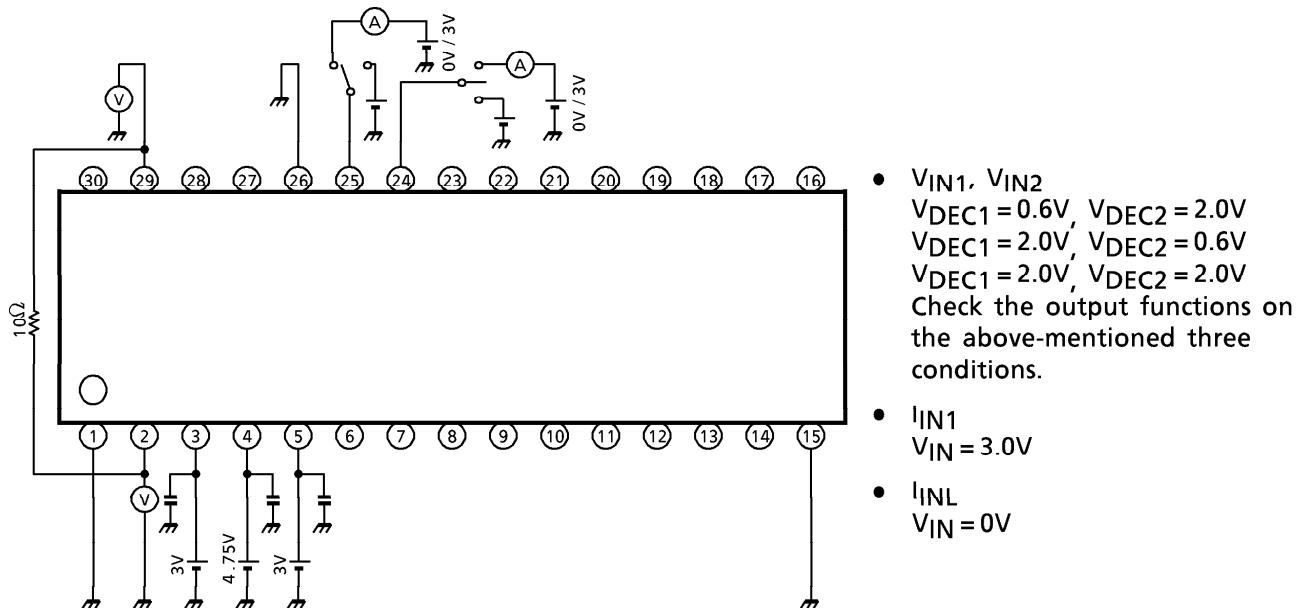
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{CC1} = 3.0V$ ,  $V_{CC2} = 4.75V$ ,  $V_M = 3.0V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

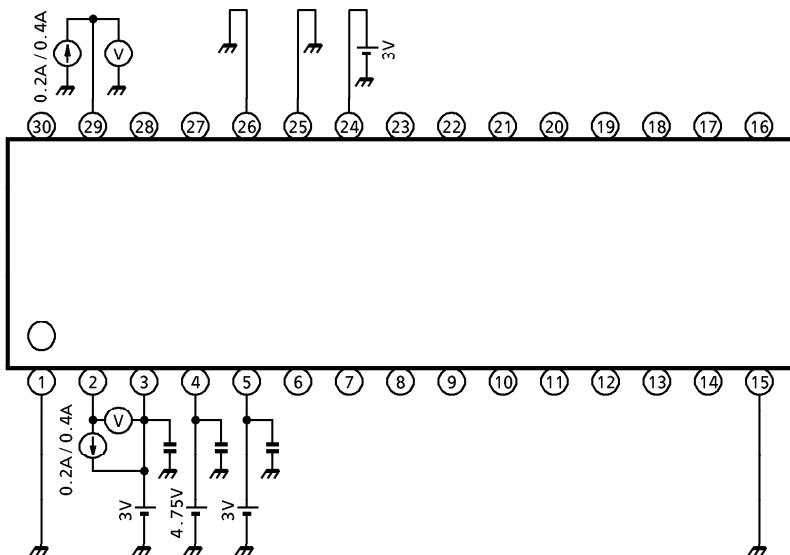
CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT			
Supply Current		I <sub>CC11</sub>	1	$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : L, DEC2 : L		—	3	4.2	mA			
		I <sub>CC12</sub>		$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : H/L, DEC2 : L/H		—	20	30				
		I <sub>CC13</sub>		$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : H, DEC2 : H		—	42	60				
		I <sub>CC21</sub>	2	$R_L = 10\Omega, V_{CC1} = 0V$ DEC1 : L, DEC2 : L		—	—	1	$\mu A$			
		I <sub>CC22</sub>		$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : L, DEC2 : L		—	0.7	1	mA			
		I <sub>CC23</sub>		$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : H/L, DEC2 : L/H		—	20	30				
		I <sub>CC24</sub>		$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : H, DEC2 : H		—	0.7	1				
Decoder Circuit		I <sub>M</sub>	3	$R_L = 10\Omega$ DEC1 : L, DEC2 : L		—	—	1	$\mu A$			
		Input Voltage	"H" level	$V_{IN1}$		2.0	—	—	V			
				$V_{IN2}$		—	—	0.6				
		Input Current		I <sub>IN</sub>		$V_{IN} = 3.0V$		3	$\mu A$			
		Input Leakage Current		I <sub>INL</sub>				1				
Output Circuit		Saturation Voltage (Upper Side + Lower side)		$V_{sat}(H+L)$	5	I <sub>O</sub> = 0.2A	—	0.3	0.45	V		
						I <sub>O</sub> = 0.4A	—	0.6	0.75			
Current Limiter Amp		Reference Voltage Input Range		V <sub>RS</sub>	6			0.05	—	1.0	V	
		Detecting Voltage		V <sub>LIMIT</sub>	7	$R_L = 10\Omega, R_F = 1\Omega$ $V_{RS} = 0.2V$		0.18	0.2	0.22		
Current Limiter Controller		Input Voltage	"H" level	$V_{LE}(H)$		$R_L = 10\Omega$	2.0	—	—	V		
				$V_{LE}(L)$		$R_L = 10\Omega$	—	—	0.6			
		Input Current		I <sub>LC</sub>	$V_{LE} = 3.0V$	—	—	3	$\mu A$			
		Input Leakage Current		I <sub>LCL</sub>		$V_{LE} = 0V$	—	—	1			
		Output Voltage	"H" level	$V_{LO}(H)$		I <sub>O</sub> = 10 $\mu A$	$V_{CC1} - 0.5$	—	—	V		
				$V_{LO}(L)$		I <sub>O</sub> = 10 $\mu A$		—	—			

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Reel FG Amp	Common-Phase Voltage Range	V <sub>CMRFG</sub>	9		1.0	—	2.0	V
	Input Current	I <sub>FG</sub>	10	V <sub>CMRFG</sub> = 1.5V	—	—	1	μA
	Output Offset Voltage	V <sub>OFFG</sub>			—	0	±290	mV
	Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G <sub>VFG</sub>	11	f <sub>FG</sub> = 1kHz	27	29	31	dB
	Open Loop Voltage Gain	G <sub>VOFG</sub>	—	f <sub>FG</sub> = 1kHz Design assurance	—	55	—	dB
	Output Residual Voltage	V <sub>sat-FG (H)</sub> V <sub>sat-FG (L)</sub>	12	I <sub>O</sub> = 10μA (Upper side) I <sub>O</sub> = 10μA (Lower side)	—	—	0.2	V
Top / End Sensor Amp	Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	13		4	5	6	kΩ
	Minimum Input Sensitivity	V <sub>HS</sub>	—	Design assurance	30	40	50	mV <sub>p-p</sub>
Buffer Amp	Input Voltage Range	V <sub>CMRB</sub>	14		0	—	V <sub>CC2</sub>	V
	Input Current	I <sub>B</sub>		V <sub>BIN</sub> = 0V, (Note)	—	—	1	μA
	Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>OFB</sub>		V <sub>BIN</sub> = 1.5V	—	0	±7	mV
	Output Voltage (Upper Side)	V <sub>OB (H)</sub>		R <sub>L</sub> = 20kΩ (against GND)	V <sub>CC2</sub> -1.7	—	—	V
	Output Voltage (Lower Side)	V <sub>OB (L)</sub>	15	V <sub>BOUT</sub> = 0V, R <sub>L</sub> = 500kΩ (against V <sub>CC2</sub> )	—	—	0.1	V
	Band Width	f <sub>B</sub>	—	Design assurance	—	800	—	kHz
Buffer Limiter Amp	Common-Phase Input Voltage Range	V <sub>CMRBL</sub>	16		0	—	V <sub>CC2</sub> -1.7	V
	Input Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	17	V <sub>BL</sub> = 0V	—	—	1	μA
	Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>OFBL</sub>	18	V <sub>RSB</sub> = 1.5V	—	0	±7	mV
Thermal Shutdown Circuit Operating Temperature		T <sub>SD</sub>	—	Design assurance	—	150	—	°C

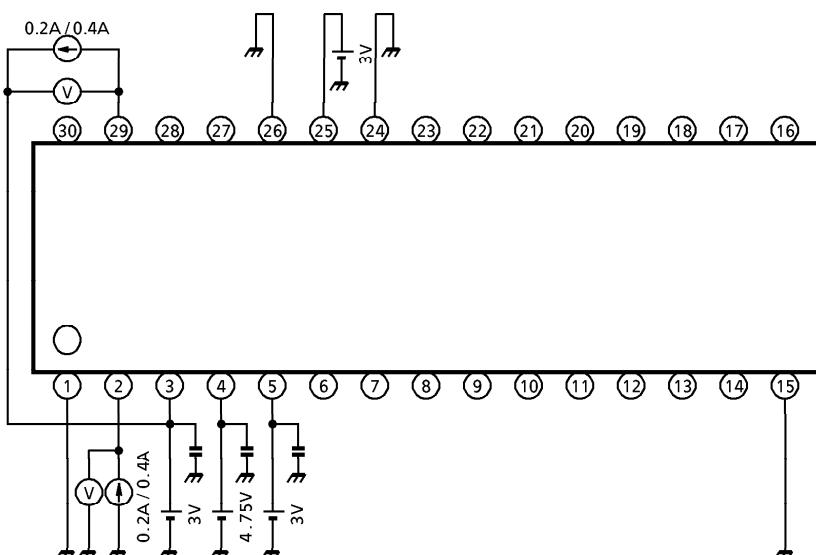
(Note) Design target value is fixed at 0.5μA (Max.)

**TEST CIRCUIT**1.  $I_{CC1}$ ,  $I_{CC2}$ ,  $I_{CC3}$ 2.  $I_{CC21}$ ,  $I_{CC22}$ ,  $I_{CC23}$ ,  $I_{CC24}$ 

3.  $I_M$ 4.  $V_{IN1}, V_{IN2}, I_{IN1}, I_{INL}$ 

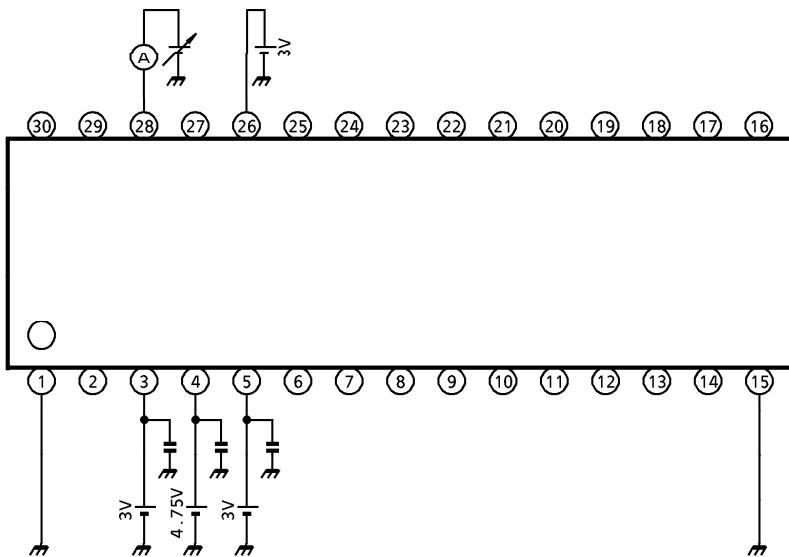
5.  $V_{sat}(H + L)$ 

- $V_{sat}(H + L)$   
Input DEC1 = H, DEC2 = L, and measure OUT1 (upper side) and OUT2 (lower side) with regard to  $I_O = 0.2A / 0.4A$ .

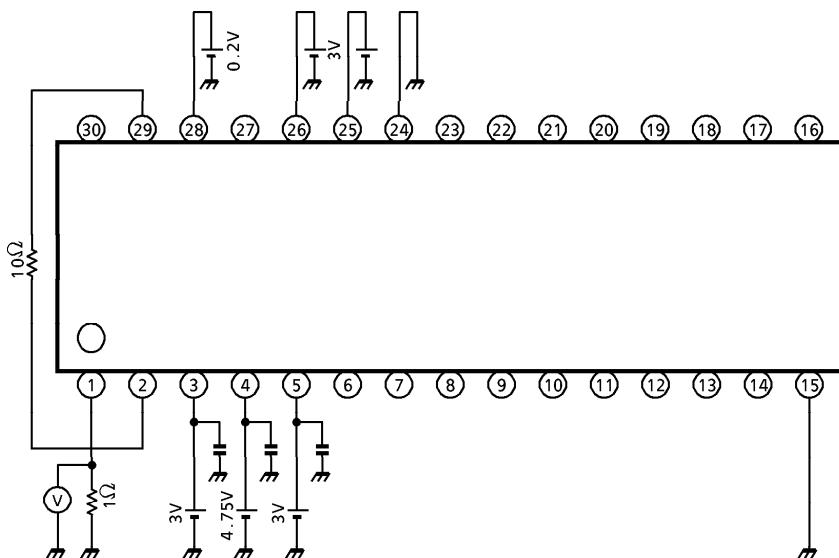


- $V_{sat}(H + L)$   
Input DEC1 = H, DEC2 = L, and measure OUT1 (upper side) and OUT2 (lower side) with regard to  $I_O = 0.2A / 0.4A$ .

The sum of the upper/lower values of OUT1 and OUT2 is fixed at  $V_{sat}(H + L)$ .

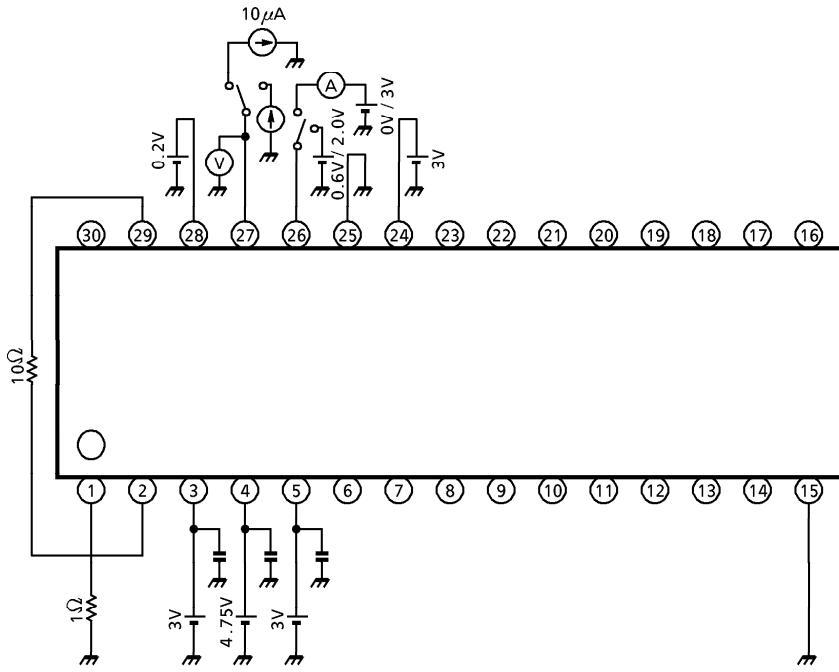
6.  $V_{RS}$ 

- $V_{RS}$   
Change  $V_{RS}$  and measure input current.

7.  $V_{LIMIT}$ 

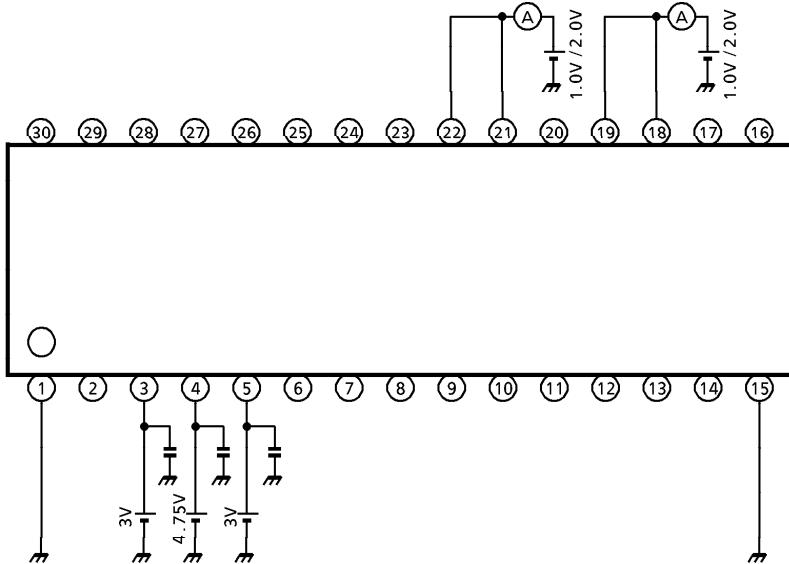
- $V_{LIMIT}$   
Input  $V_{RS} = 0.2V$  and measure  $R_F (= 1\Omega)$  generating voltage at the time of limiter amp operation.

8.  $V_{LE}(H)$ ,  $V_{LE}(L)$ ,  $|LC|$ ,  $|LCL|$ ,  $V_{LO}(H)$ ,  $V_{LO}(L)$

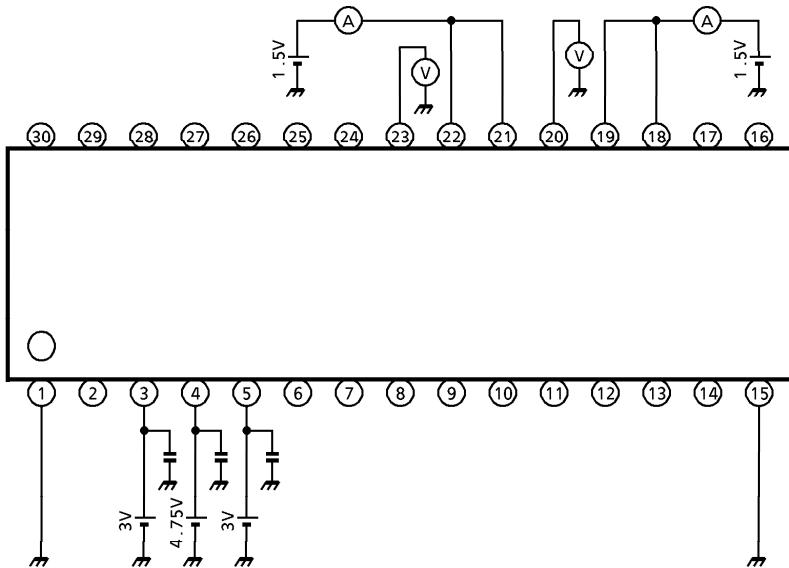


- $V_{LE}(H), V_{LE}(L)$   
Input  $V_{LE} = 2.0V / 0.6V$  in a limiter amp operating state and check the LIMIT OUT terminal voltage.
  - $I_{LC}$   
 $V_{LE} = 3.0V$
  - $I_{LCL}$   
 $V_{LE} = 0V$
  - $V_{LO}(H), V_{LO}(L)$   
Input  $V_{LE} = 0.6V / 2.0V$  in a limiter amp operating state and measure the LIMIT OUT terminal voltage when  $I_O = 10\mu A$ .

## 9. V<sub>CMRFG</sub>



## 10. I<sub>FG</sub>, V<sub>OFFG</sub>

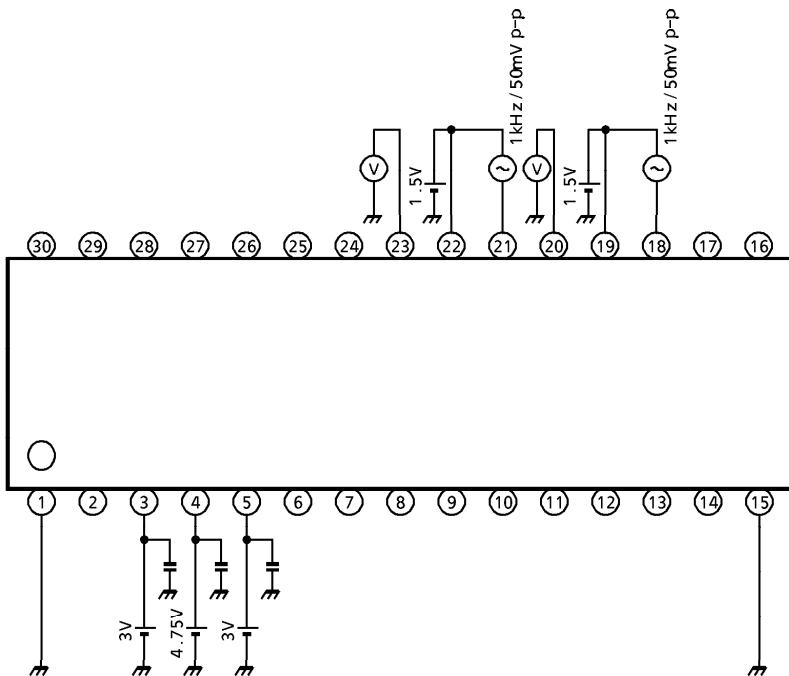


- $I_{FG}$   
Measure the input current ( $I_{FG'}$ ) when  $V_{CMRFG} = 1.5V$ , and calculate the following formula :  
$$I_{FG} = \frac{1}{2} \times I_{FG'}$$
  - $V_{OFFG}$   
Measure the  $R_{LO}$  pin output voltage when  $V_{CMRFG} = 1.5V$ , and calculate the following formula :

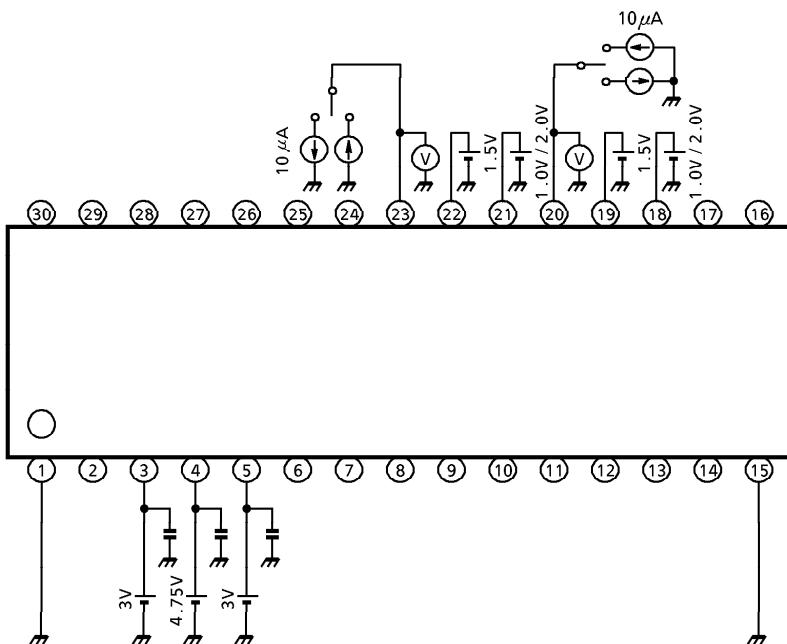
$$|_{FG} = \frac{1}{2} \times |_{FG'}$$

$$V_{OFFG} = V_{RLO} - 1.5$$

11. GVFG



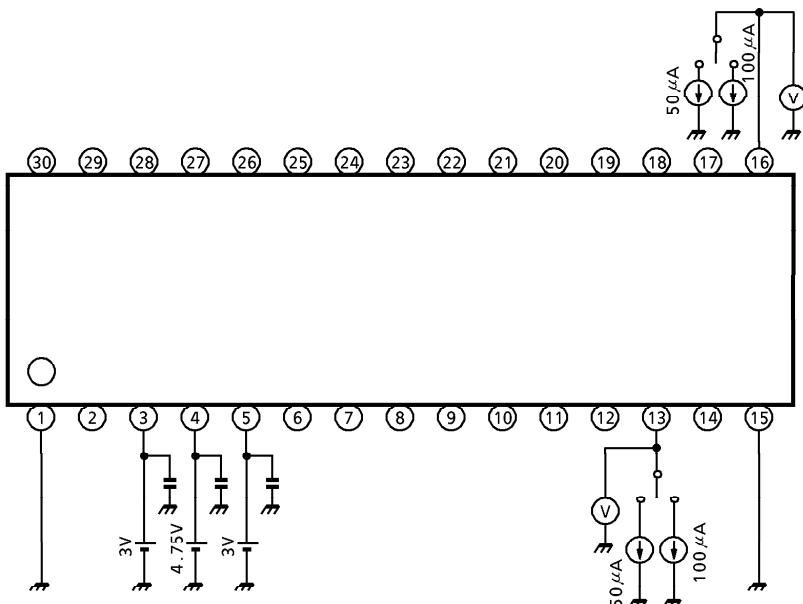
- $G_{VFG}$   
 $V_{RLP} = 1.5V$ , input signals  
 $f_{FG} = 1\text{kHz}$ ,  $V_{FG} = 50\text{mV}_{p-p}$   
between RLP and RLM, and  
measure  $V_{RLO}$  in this case.  
 $G_{VFG} = 20\log \frac{V_{RLO}}{0.05} [\text{dB}]$

12.  $V_{sat-FG} (H)$ ,  $V_{sat-FG} (L)$ 

- $V_{sat-FG} (H)$   
Input  $V_{RLP} = 1.5V$ ,  
 $V_{RLM} = 1.0V$ , measure the  
 $R_{LO}$  pin voltage when  
 $I_O = 10\mu A$  (source current),  
and calculate the following  
formula :

$$V_{sat-FG} (H) = 3.0 - V_{RLO} [V]$$

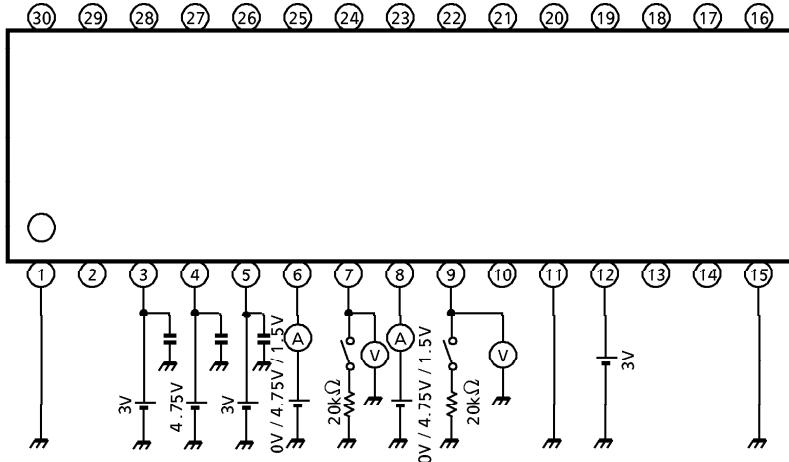
- $V_{sat-FG} (L)$   
Input  $V_{RLP} = 1.5V$ ,  
 $V_{RLM} = 2.0V$  and measure the  
 $R_{LO}$  pin voltage when  
 $I_O = 10\mu A$  (sink current).

13.  $R_{IN}$ 

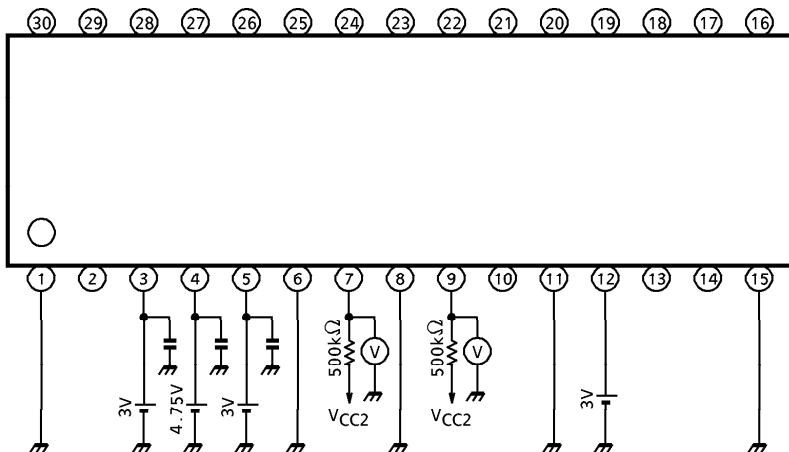
- $R_{IN}$   
Measure the  $V_{TOPIN}$ ,  $V_{ENDIN}$   
at the time  $50\mu A / 100\mu A$   
current flows from TOPIN /  
ENDIN pin, and calculate the  
following formula :

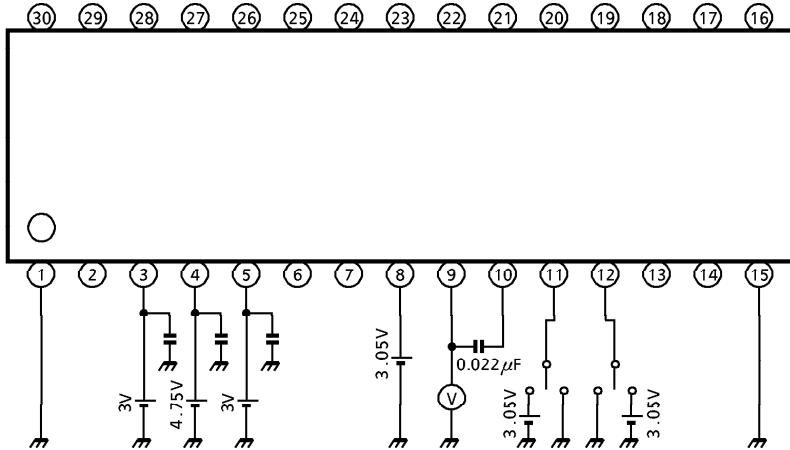
$$R_{IN} = \frac{V(50\mu A) - V(100\mu A) - 0.007}{50\mu A} [\Omega]$$

\* The 7mV in the formula  
represents the  $V_{BE}$  change of  
the internal Tr. at the time  
of  $50\mu A / 100\mu A$ .

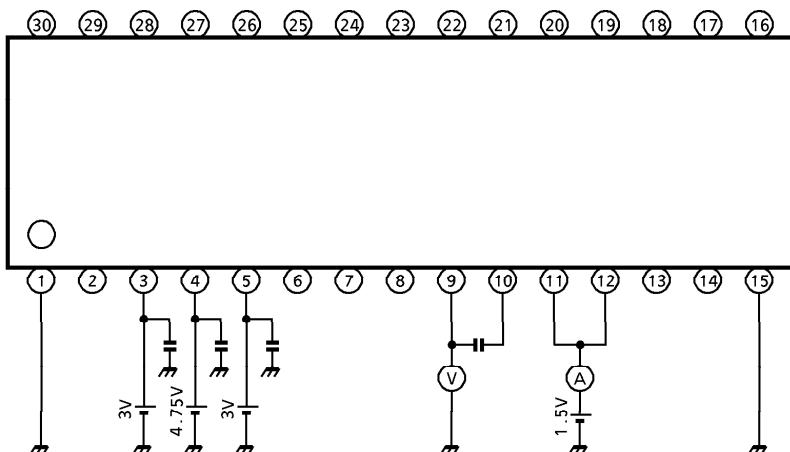
14.  $V_{CMRB}$ ,  $I_B$ ,  $V_{OB}$  (H)

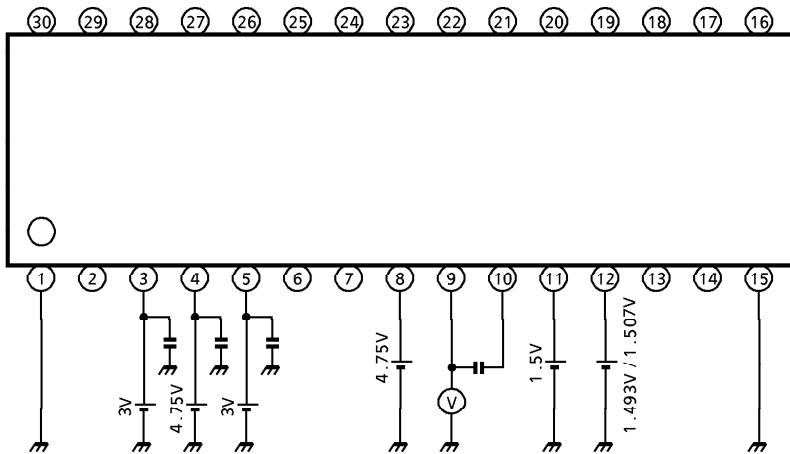
- $V_{CMRB}$   
Input  $V_{BIN} = 0V / 4.75V$  and measure BOUT pin voltage.
- $I_B$   
 $V_{BIN} = 1.5V$
- $V_{OB}$  (H)  
Input  $V_{BIN} = 4.75V$  and connect  $20k\Omega$  (against GND) to BOUT pin.

15.  $V_{OB}$  (L)

16.  $V_{CMRBL}$ 

- $V_{CMRBL}$   
Check BOUT2 pin : L when  
 $V_{RFB} = 3.05V$ ,  $V_{RSB} = 0V$ .  
Check BOUT2 pin : L when  
 $V_{RFB} = 0V$ ,  $V_{RSB} = 3.05$ .

17.  $I_{BL}$ 

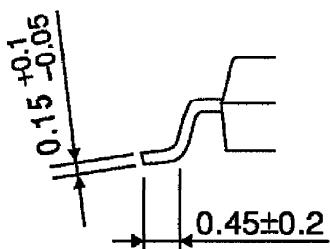
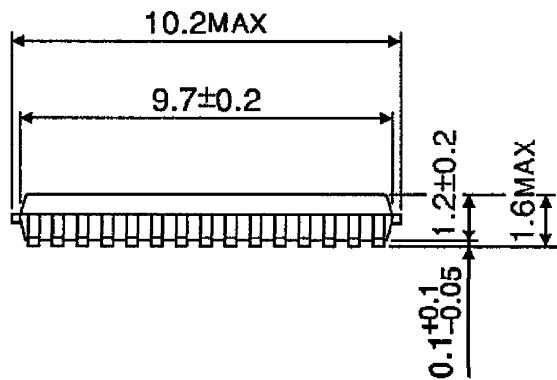
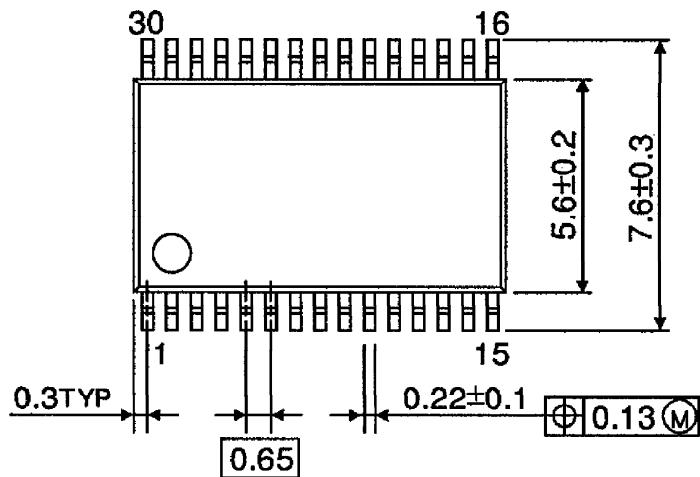
18.  $V_{OFBL}$ 

- $V_{OFBL}$   
Input  $V_{RSB} = 1.5V$ ,  
 $V_{RFB} = 1.5V \pm 7mV$ , and check  
the switching of BOUT2 pin  
output function.  
BOUT2 : H when  
 $V_{RFB} = 1.493V$ .  
BOUT2 : L when  
 $V_{RFB} = 1.507V$ .

**OUTLINE DRAWING**

SSOP30-P-300-0.65

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.17g (Typ.)