INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET **TBA120U** Sound I.F. amplifier/demodulator for TV March 1986 **Product specification** File under Integrated Circuits, IC02 WWW.DZSC.COM







GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TBA120U is an i.f. amplifier with a symmetrical FM demodulator and an a.f. amplifier with adjustable output voltage. The a.f. amplifier is also provided with an output for volume control and an input for VCR operation.

The input and output of the TBA120U are especially designed for LC-circuits, but the input can also be used with a ceramic filter.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Supply voltage (pin 11)	Vp	typ.	12	V
Supply current	IP	typ.	13,5	mA
I.F. voltage gain at f = 5,5 MHz	G _{v if}	typ.	68	dB
Input voltage starting limiting	Vi	typ.	30	μV
AM suppression at $\Delta f = \pm 50 \text{ kHz}$	α	typ.	60	dB
A.F. output voltage adjustment range (pin 8)	$\Delta V_{o af}$	typ.	85	dB
A.F. output voltage at $\Delta f = \pm 50$ KHz (r.m.s. value)				
at pin 8	V _{o af (rms)}	typ.	1,2	V
at pin 12	V _{o af (rms)}	typ.	1,0	V

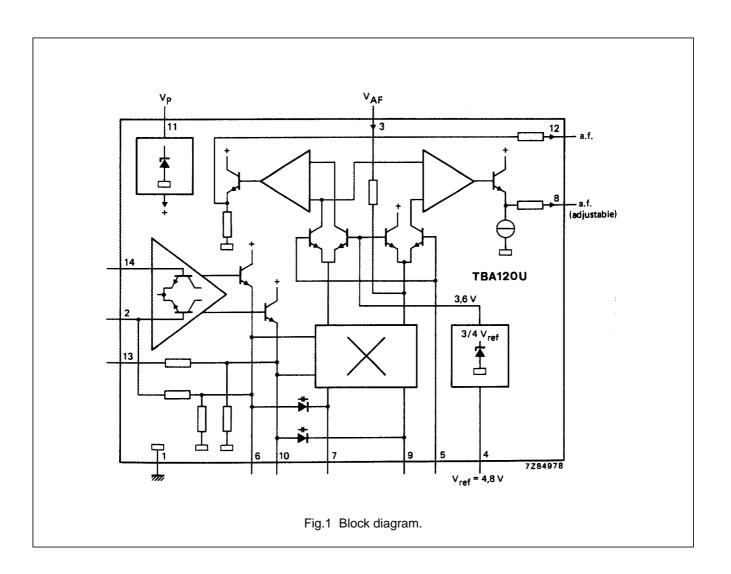
PACKAGE OUTLINE

14-lead DIL; plastic (SOT27); SOT27-1; 1996 November 19.

Product specification

TBA120U

Sound I.F. amplifier/demodulator for TV



Sound I.F. amplifier/demodulator for TV	TBA120U
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RATINGS	0.404				
Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC					
Supply voltage (pin 11)	$V_{P} = V_{11-1}$	max.	18	V (1)	
Adjustment voltage (pin 5)	V ₅₋₁	max.	6	V	
Total power dissipation	P _{tot}	max.	400	mW	
By-pass resistance	R ₁₃₋₁₄	max.	1	kΩ	
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-40 to	+ 125	°C	
Operating ambient temperature range	T _{amb}	0 to + 7	70	°C	
CHARACTERISTICS					
V _P = 12 V; T _{amb} = 25 °C; f = 5,5 MHz					
I.F. voltage gain	G _{v if 6-14}	typ.	68		dB
Input voltage starting limiting					
at $\Delta f = \pm 50 \text{ kHz}$; f _m = 1 kHz	Vi	typ.	30		μV
		<	60		μV
I.F. output voltage at limiting					
(peak-to-peak value)	V _{o if (p-p)}	typ.	250	1	mV
AM suppression at $\Delta f = \pm 50 \text{ kHz}$; V _i = 500 μ V;					
f _m = 1 kHz; m = 30%	α	>	50		dB
		typ.	60		dB
I.F. residual voltage without de-emphasis					
at pin 12	V _{if 12}	typ.	30		mV
at pin 8	V _{if 8}	typ.	20		mV
A.F. voltage gain	G _{v af 8-3}	typ.	7,5		
A.F. adjustment				dB	
at $R_{4-5} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$; $R_{5-1} = 13 \text{ k}\Omega$	$\Delta V_{o af}$	typ.	28		dB
A.F. output voltage control range	$\Delta V_{o af}$	>	70		dB
		typ.	85		dB
Adjustment resistor(note 2)	R ₄₋₅	1 to 10			kΩ
D.C. voltage portion at the a.f. outputs					
pin 12	V ₁₂₋₁	typ.	5,6		V
pin 8	V ₈₋₁	typ.	4,0		V
Output resistance of the a.f. outputs					
pin 12	R _{o 12-1}	typ.	1,1		kΩ
pin 8	R _{o 8-1}	typ.	1,1		kΩ
Input resistance of the a.f. input	R _{i 3-1}	typ.	2		kΩ
		4,2	to 5,3		V
Stabilized reference voltage	$V_{4-1} = V_{ref}$	typ.	4,8		V
Source resistance of reference					
voltage source	R ₄₋₁	typ.	12		Ω

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Hum suppression					
at pin 12	V ₁₂ /V ₁₁	typ.	30	dB	
at pin 8	V ₈ /V ₁₁	typ.	35	dB	
Supply current (pin 11)	$I_{P} = I_{11}$	• •	5 to 17,5	mA	
		typ.	13,5	mA	
I.F. input impedance	Z _i	typ.	40 kΩ/4,5	pF	
		>	15 kΩ/< 6	pF	
A.F. output voltage at $\Delta f = \pm 50$ kHz; $f_m = 1$ kHz;					
$V_i = 10 \text{ mV}; Q_o = 45; \text{ r.m.s. value}$					
at pin 12	V _{o af (rms)}	typ.	1,0	V	
at pin 8	V _{o af (rms)}	typ.	1,2	V	
Distortion at $\Delta f = \pm 50 \text{ kHz}$; $f_m = 1 \text{ kHz}$;					
$V_i = 10 \text{ mV}; Q_o = 20$	d _{tot}	typ.	1	%	

Notes

1. Supply voltage operating range is 10 to 18 V.

2. Pin 5 must be connected to pin 4, when volume control adjustment is not applicable.

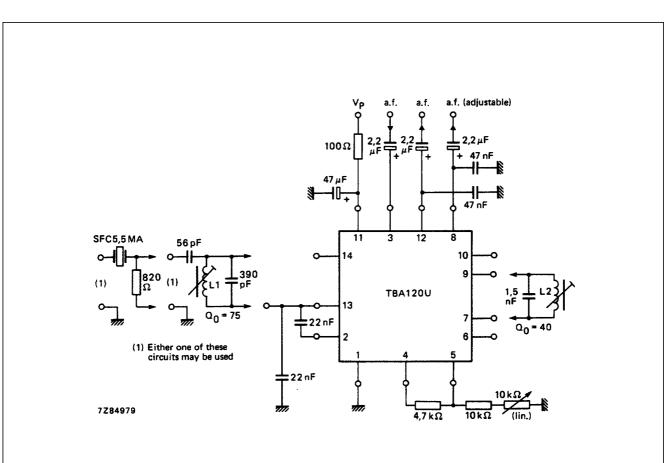
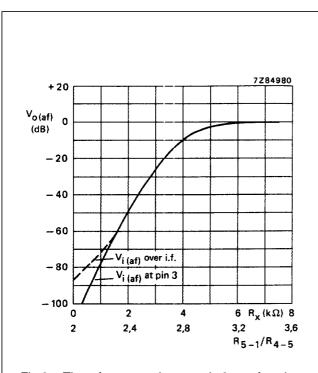
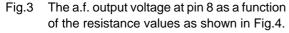
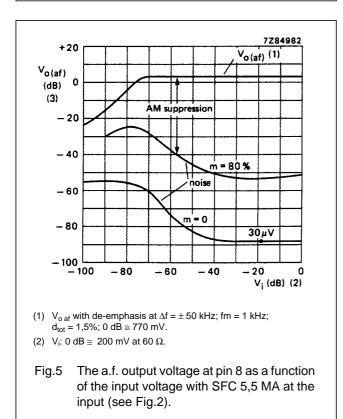


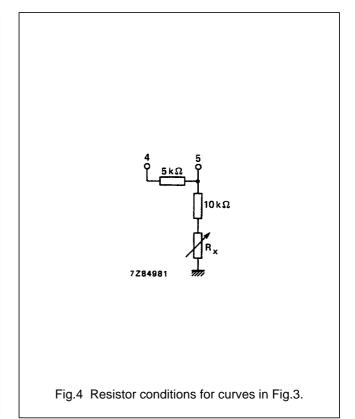
Fig.2 Application example using TBA120U.











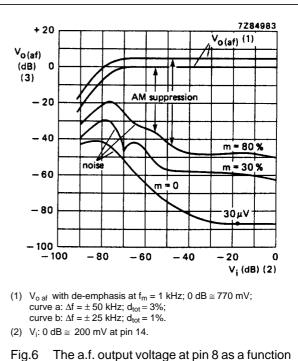
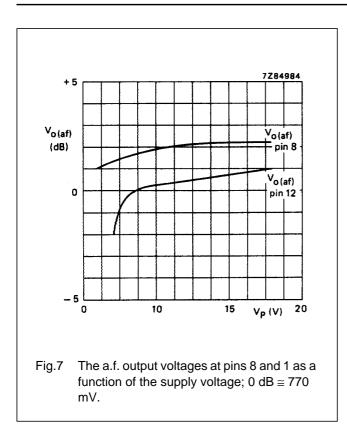
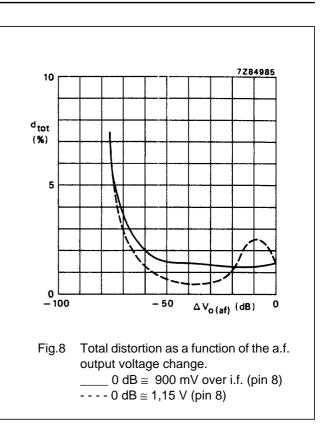
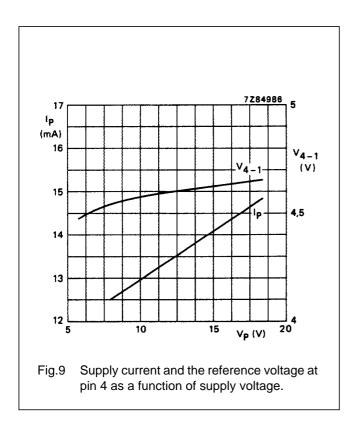


Fig.6 The a.f. output voltage at pin 8 as a function of the input voltage with broadband input (60 Ω).

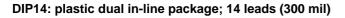
TBA120U

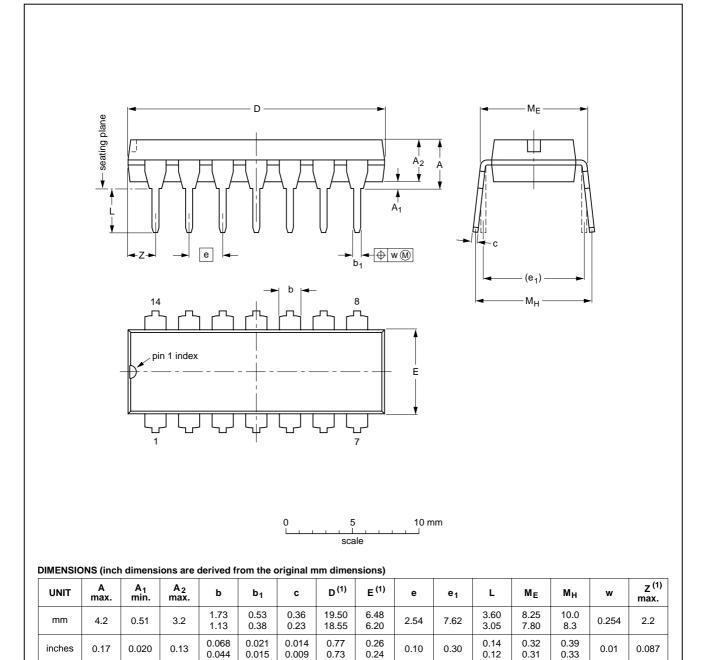






PACKAGE OUTLINE





Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE	REFERENCES					
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT27-1	050G04	MO-001AA				92-11-17 95-03-11

TBA120U

SOT27-1

TBA120U

SOLDERING

Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"IC Package Databook"* (order code 9398 652 90011).

Soldering by dipping or by wave

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joint for more than 5 seconds. The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ($T_{stg max}$). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

Repairing soldered joints

Apply a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) to the lead(s) of the package, below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Short-form specification	The data in this specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.