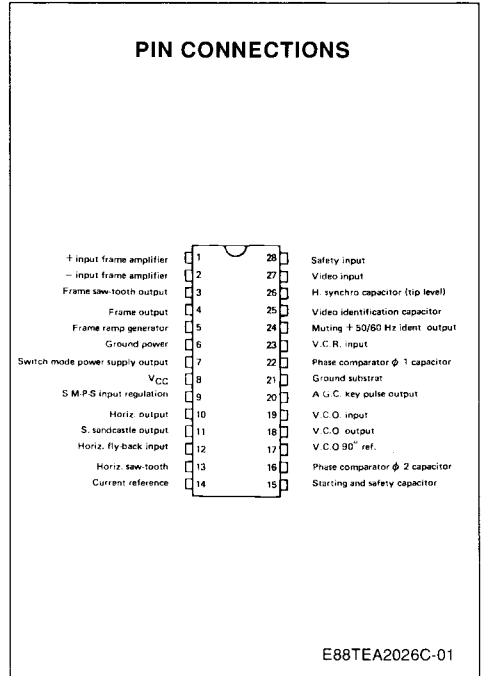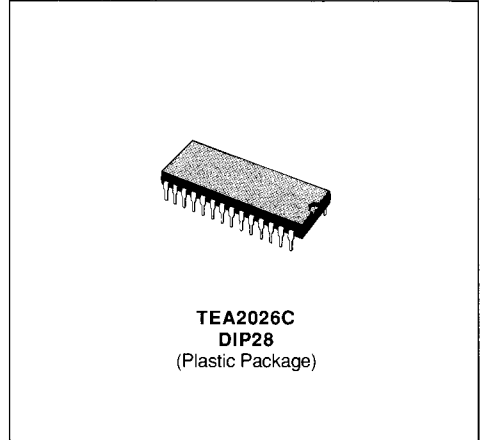# SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS

TEA2026C

COLOR TV SCANNING AND POWER SUPPLY PROCESSOR

DEFLECTION :

- CERAMIC 500 KHz RESONATOR FREQUENCY REFERENCE
- NO LINE AND FRAME OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT
- DUAL PLL FOR LINE DEFLECTION
- HIGH PERFORMANCE SYNCHRONIZATION
- SUPER SANDCASTLE OUTPUT
- VIDEO IDENTIFICATION CIRCUIT
- AUTOMATIC 50/60 Hz STANDARD IDENTIFICATION
- EXCELLENT INTERLACING CONTROL
- SPECIAL PATENTED FRAME SYNCHRO DEVICE FOR VCR OPERATION
- FRAME SAW-TOOTH GENERATOR
- FRAME PHASE MODULATOR FOR THYRISTOR

SMPS CONTROL :

- ERROR AMPLIFIER AND PHASE MODULATOR
- SYNCHRONIZATION WITH HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION
- LINE FREQUENCY OPERATION
- SECURITY CIRCUIT AND START-UP PROCESSOR
- SWITCHING POWER TRANSISTOR IS TURNED OFF BY LINE FLY BACK SIGNAL

TEA2026C
DIP28
(Plastic Package)

PIN CONNECTIONS

+ input frame amplifier	1	28	Safety input
– input frame amplifier	2	27	Video input
Frame saw-tooth output	3	26	H. synchro capacitor (tip level)
Frame output	4	25	Video identification capacitor
Frame ramp generator	5	24	Muting + 50/60 Hz ident. output
Ground power	6	23	V.C.R. input
Switch mode power supply output	7	22	Phase comparator φ 1 capacitor
V_CC	8	21	Ground substrat
S.M.P.S input regulation	9	20	A.G.C. key pulse output
Horiz. output	10	19	V.C.O. input
S. sandcastle output	11	18	V.C.O. output
Horiz. fly-back input	12	17	V.C.O 90° ref.
Horiz. saw-tooth	13	16	Phase comparator φ 2 capacitor
Current reference	14	15	Starting and safety capacitor

E88TEA2026C-01

DESCRIPTION

The TEA2026C is a complete (horizontal and vertical) deflection processor with secondary step up SMPS control for color TV sets.

November 1988

1/10

TEA2026C

BLOCK DIAGRAM

E88TEA2026C-02

2/10

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS
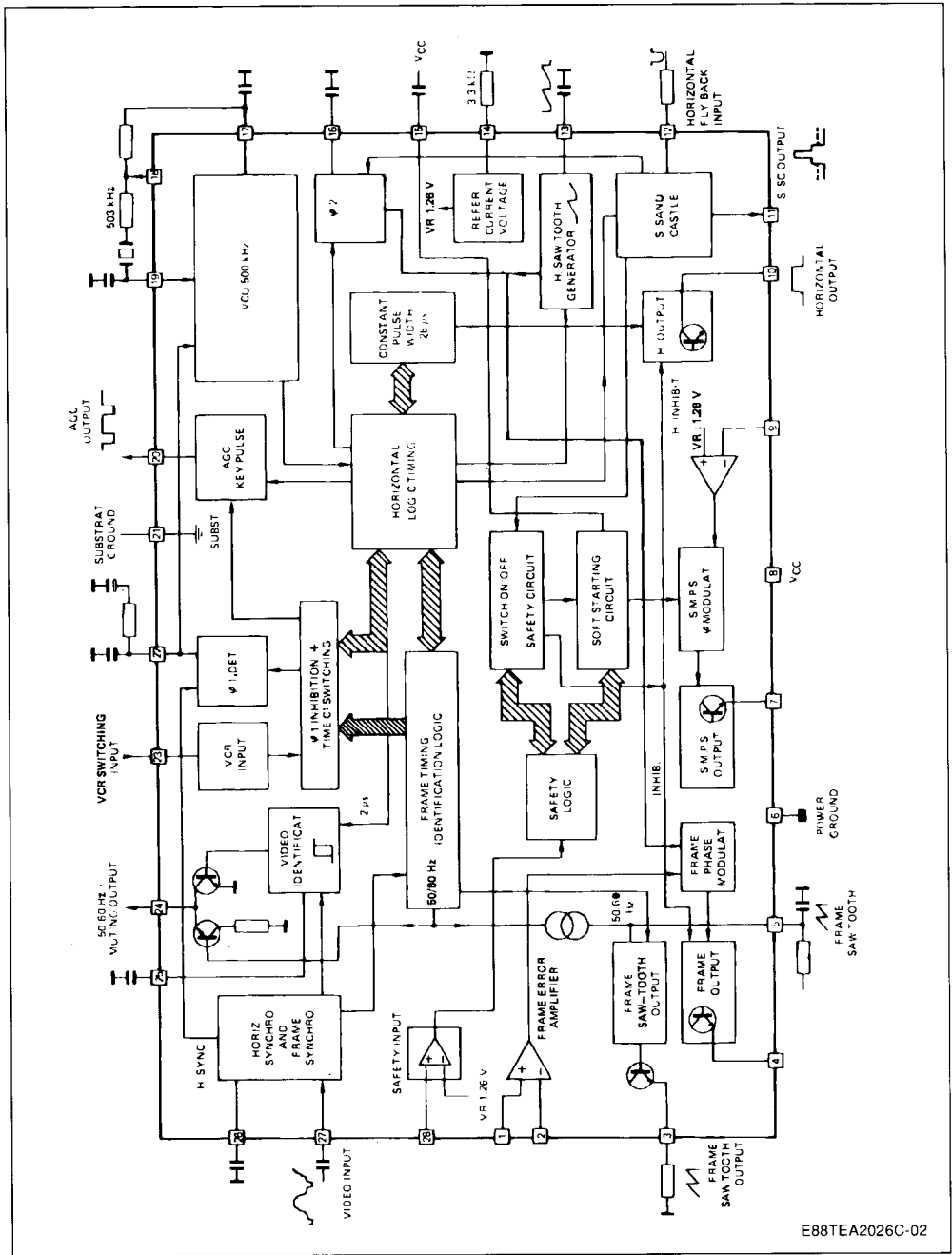
1002

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(limiting values) - $T_{amb} = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Unit
	Supply Voltage (pin 8)		14	V
V_{CC}	Operating Supply Voltage (pin 8)	Starting Threshold	13.2	V
I_{20}	AGC Current (pin 20)		5	mA
I_{24}	Video Identification Current (pin 24)		10	mA
V_{12}	Negative line retrace voltage (pin 12)	– 20		V
I_{12}	Line retrace current (pin 12)		+ 10	mA
I_{10}	Line Output Current (pin 10)	– 10	40	mA
I_3	Frame Saw–tooth Generator (pin 3)		20	mA
I_4	Frame Output Current (pin 4)		100	mA
I_7	SMPS Output Currrent (pin 7)	– 40	40	mA
I_{28}	Safety Input Current (pin 28)		5	mA
V_{28}	Safety Input Voltage (pin 28)		V_{CC}	
V_1/V_2	Common Mode Range (pins 1–2)		10	V

THERMAL DATA

$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction Ambient Thermal Resistance	55	°C/W

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

INTRODUCTION

This integrated circuit uses I^2L bipolar technology and combines analog signal processing with digital processing.

Timing signals are obtained from a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) operating at 500 kHz by means of a cheap ceramic resonator. This avoids the frequency adjustment normally required with line and frame oscillators.

A chain of dividers and appropriate logic circuitry produce very accurately defined sampling pulses and the necessary timing signals.

The principal functions implemented are :
- Horizontal scanning processor.
- Frame scanning processor : Two applications are possible :
  - D Class Power stage using an external thyristor.
  - B Class Power stage using an external power amplifier with fly-back generator such as the TDA2172.
- Line and frame synchronization separation.
- Dual phase-locked loop horizontal scanning.
- High performance frame and line synchronization with interlacing control.
- Video identification circuit.
- Super sandcastle.
- Automatic 50-60 Hz standard identification.

- VCR input for PLL time constant and frame synchro switching.
- AGC key pulse output.
- Frame saw-tooth generator and phase modulator.
- Switching mode regulated power supply comprising error amplifier and phase modulator.
- Security circuit and start-up processor.
- 500 KHz VCO

The circuit is supplied in a 28 pin DIP case.

$V_{CC} = 12$ V.

SYNCHRONIZATION SEPARATOR

Line synchronization separator is clamped to black level of input video signal with synchronization pulse bottom level measurement.

The synchronization pulses are divided centrally between the black level and the synchronization pulse bottom level, to improve performance on video signals in noise conditions.

FRAME SYNCHRONIZATION

Frame synchronization is fully integrated (no external capacitor required).

The frame timing identification logic permits automatic adaptation to 50 - 60 Hz standards or non-interlaced video.

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS

3/10

An automatic synchronization window width system provides :
- fast frame capture (6.7 ms wide window),
- good noise immunity (0.4 ms narrow window).

The internal generator starts the discharge of the saw-tooth generator so that it is not disturbed by line fly-back effects.

Thanks to the logic control, the beginning of the charge phase does not depend on any disturbing effect of the line fly-back.

A 32 μs timing is automatically applied on standardized transmissions, for perfect interlacing.

In VCR mode, the discharge time is controlled by an internal monostable independant of the line frequency and gives a direct frame synchronization.

HORIZONTAL SCANNING

The horizontal scanning frequency is obtained from the 500 KHz VCO.

The circuit uses **two phase-locked** loops (PLL) : the first one controls the frequency, the second one controls the relative phase of the synchronization and line fly-back signals.

The frequency PLL has two switched time constants to provide :
- capture with a short time constant,
- good noise immunity after capture with a long time constant.

The output pulse has a constant duration of 26 μs, independent of V_{CC} and any delay in switching off the scanning transistor.

VIDEO IDENTIFICATION

The horizontal synchronization signal is sampled by a 2 μs pulse within the synchronization pulse. The signal is integrated by an external capacitor.

The identification function provides three different levels :
- 0 V : no video identification
- 6 V : 60 Hz video identification
- 12 V : 50 Hz video identification

This information may be used for timing research in the case of frequency or voltage synthetizer type receivers, and for audio muting.

SUPER SANDCASTLE with 3 levels : burst, line fly back, frame blanking.

In the event of vertical scanning failure, the frame blanking level goes high to protect the tube.

VCR INPUT

This provides for continuous use of the short time constant of the first phase-locked loop (frequency).

In VCR mode, the frame synchronization window widens out to a search window and there is no delay of frame fly-back (direct synchronization).

FRAME SCANNING

Frame saw-tooth generator :

The current to charge the capacitor is automatically switched to 60 Hz operation to maintain constant amplitude.

Frame phase modulator (with two differentiel inputs) :

The output signal is a pulse at the line frequency, pulse width modulated by the voltage at the differential pre-amplifier input.

This signal is used to control a thyristor which provides the scanning current to the yoke. The saw-tooth output is a low impedance and can therefore be used in class B operation with a power amplifier circuit.

SWITCH MODE POWER SUPPLY (SMPS) SECONDARY REGULATION

This power supply uses a differential error amplifier with an internal reference voltage of 1.26 V and a phase modulator operating at the line frequency. The power transistor is turned off by the line fly-back.

The "soft start" device imposes a very small conduction angle on starting up, this angle progressively increases to its nominal regulation value.

The maximum conduction angle may be monitored by forcing a voltage on pin 15. This pin may also be used for current limitation.

SECURITY CIRCUIT AND START UP PROCESSOR

When the security input (pin 28) is at a voltage exceeding 1.26 V the three outputs are simultaneously cut off until this voltage drops below the 1.26 V threshold again. In this case the switch mode power supply is restarted by the "soft start" system.

If this cycle is repeated three times, the three outputs are cut off definitively. To reset the safety logic circuits V_{CC} must be lower than 3.5 V.

This circuit eliminates the risk to switch off the TV receiver in the event of a flash affecting the tube.

On starting up, the horizontal and vertical scanning functions come into operation at $V_{CC} = 6$ V. The power supply then comes into operation progressively, only when φ 2 is normally locked.

On shutting down, (with $V_{CC} < 5.25$ V) the three functions are inhibited simultaneously after the first line fly-back.

![SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS]

ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25\ °C - V_{CC} = 12\ V$ (unless otherwise noted)-Pulse Duration at 50 % of the Ampl.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{CC}	Supply Current (pin 8 ; frame, line and SMPS output without load)		50	80	mA
	Synch. Separator (pins 26-27)				
	Positive video input AC coupled (ouput impedance of signal source < 200 Ω)	0.2	1.8	3	Vpp
$- I_{27}$	Negative Clamping Current (during synch. pulse)	$- 25$	$- 40$	$- 55$	µA
I_{27}	Clamping Current	3	6	9	µA
	Pin for Slicing Level 0.2 V < V_{27pp} < 2 V, (50 % of sync. amplitude)				
$- I_{26}$	Positive Current	0	$- 750$	$- 1000$	µA
I_{26}	Negative Current	17	25	36	µA
	Pulse for keyed AGC (pin 20)				
	Negative (function : without video signal : low level, with video signal : key pulses)				
I_{20}	Output Current			5	mA
V_{20}	Output Saturation Voltage ($I_{20} = 5$ mA)		0.25	0.4	V
t_k	Pulse Width (synchro pulse is always inside the key pulse)	6.5	8	8.5	µs
	VCO (pins 17-18 and 19)				
	Frequency Control Range after Line Divider		15.30		kHz
	(ceramic resonator : 503 kHz)		to 16.10		
	Phase Comparator φ 1 (pin 22)				
	Output Current Low Loop Gain	± 0.35	± 0.5	± 0.65	mA
	High Loop Gain	± 1	± 1.5	± 2	mA
	Window Pulse Width	7	10	13	µs
	VCR Switching (pin 23)				
	Threshold Voltage VCR Operating	1.7	2.2	2.7	V
I_{23}	Input Current ($V_{23} = 0.V_{CC} = 12$ V)	$- 0.03$	$- 0.25$	$- 1$	mA
V_{24}	Video Identification (pin 24)				
	Output Saturation Voltage (without video signal, $I_{24} = 3$ mA)		0.2	0.6	V
	Output Voltage (with 60 Hz video signal, $I_{24} = 2.5$ mA)	5	6.5	7.5	V
	Ouput Voltage (with 50 Hz video signal, $I_{24} = 10$ µA)	11	11.5		V
I_{25}	Video Identification (pin 25)				
	Output Current (charging the capacitor)	0.5	0.75	1	mA
t_{25}	Identification Time (charging the capacitor)	1.3	1.7	2.2	µs
V_{25}	Threshold (voltage changing from lower to higher value)	4	4.5	5	V
L_{HYS}	Hysteresis	150	240	400	mV
	H–ramp Generator (pin 13)				
I_{ch13}	Charge Current	185	200	215	µA
V_{I13}	Base Voltage of Saw–tooth			0.5	V
I_{dis13}	Discharge Current	3.5	7		mA
	Super Sandcastle (pin 11)				
	Output Voltages				
V_{B11}	Burst Key Pulse Level ($I_{11} = - 5$ mA)	9			V
V_{L11}	Line Blanking Pulse Level ($I_{11} = - 5$ mA)	4	4.5	5	V
V_{BT11}	Frame Blanking Pulse Level (and frame out of function)-($I_{11} = - 5$ mA)	2	2.5	3	V
T_{B11}	Delay between Midle of Synch. Pulse (pin 27) and Leading Edge of Burst Key Pulse	2.3		3	µs
	Duration of Burst Key Pulse	3.7	4	5	µs
T_{O11}	Delay between SSC Cutting Level at Pin 12 and Line Blanking Pulse			0.35	µs
	Frame Blanking Time (start with reset of frame divider)		24		Line

TEA2026C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	Negative Line Fly Back Input (pin 12)				
	Threshold for SMPS Safety	1.1			V
V_{bl12}	Threshold for Blanking	11	11.5	12	V
$V_{\varphi12}$	Threshold for PLL2	-1			V
I_{12}	Input Current $11V < V_{12}$			-200	μA
I_{12}	Input Current $1.3\ V < V_{12} < 11\ V$	-3		$+3$	μA
I_{12}	Input Current $0\ V < V_{12} < 1.3\ V$	0		-80	μA
I_{12}	Input Current $-1\ V < V_{12} < 0\ V$	0	-1	-2	mA
	Line Blanking Trigger			80	μA
	Phase Comparator φ 2 (pin 16)				
I_{16}	Charging Current	0.4	0.6	0.8	mA
	Delay between the edges of φ 1 and φ 2 (f_{VCO} = 500 kHz)	1.5	2	2.8	μs
	Line Output (open collector, (f_{VCO} = 500 kHz))-(pin 10)				
	Output Voltage (I_{10max} = 20 mA)		1	1.5	V
t_{10}	Output Pulse Duration (when fly-back pulse is in time with t_{10})	24	26	30	μs
Δ_t	φ 2 Phase Range	15	16	19	μs
	Frame Logic				
	Free Running Period (with mute signal)		315		Line
	Search Window	247		361	Line
	50 Hz Window	309		315	Line
	60 Hz Window	247		276	Line
	VCR Mode Window	247		361	Line
	Frame Saw-tooth Generator (pins 3-5)				
	Typical Saw-tooth Amplitude (with external RC)		2.5		Vpp
$I_5(60)$	Internal Current Generator (60 Hz on)	12	14	16	μA
	Discharging Time (with C = 0.47 μF, $\Delta V < 4$ V)	10		60	μs
V_s	Starting Level ($0 < I_s < 10$ mA)	1	1.26	1.4	V
	Frame Feedback Inputs (pins 1-2)				
$I_{1,2}$	Positive and Negative Input Current			10	μA
	$(V_1 - V_2 > 25$ mA for frame blanking safety)				
	Frame Output (pin 4)				
	Output Voltage (0 mA $< |I_4| < 80$ mA)	10			V
	t_{ON} max (f_{VCO} = 500 KHz)	36	40	41	μs
	Output Phase Range	0		t_{ON}max	
	SMPS Control Input (pin 9)				
I_9	Input Current ($V_9 = V_{ref14}$)			2	μA
	SMPS Output (pin 7)				
	In all Case, End of SMPS Pulse (pin 7) and Leading Edge of				
	Line Fly-back (pin 12) in Phase				
V_7	Output Voltage ($0 < I_7 < 20$ mA)	10			V
t_7	t_{ON}max (f_{VCO} = 500 kHz)	30	32	34	μs
	Nominal Time ($V_9 = V_{ref14}$)		10		μs
	Output Phase Range	0		t_{ON} max	
	Safety Input (pin 28)				
V_{28}	Threshold Voltage (V_{ref14})	1.15	1.26	1.37	V
	Input Current (if $V_{ref} \leq V_{28} < 5$ V then SMPS, line and frame			3	μA
	are switched off during the next line retrace)				

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	Switch–on, Switch–off Processing (pin 15)				
I_{ch15}	Charging Current ($t_c = 4$ µs, T = 64 µs)	70		130	µA
$\dfrac{I_{ch15}}{I_{dis15}}$	Ratio Charging/discharging	0.8	1	1.2	
	Starting Supply Voltage (pin 8)				
V_{CC}	SMPS*, Frame and Line Starting (pin 7, 10, 4)	5.25		6.5	V
V_{CC}	SMPS Stopping During Line Retrace	5.25		6.5	V
V_{CC}	Frame and Line Stopping	5.25		6.5	V
V_{Hyst}	Hysteresis between Switching-on and Switching-off Level				mV
	* Progressive Starting by Decreasing V_{15}				
	Current Reference (pin 14)				
V_{ref14}	Voltage Reference (with $R_{14} = 3.32$ KΩ ± 1 %)	1.2	1.26	1.35	V

SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION DIAGRAM

E88TEA2026C-03

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS

APPLICATION CIRCUIT (with thyristor frame power)

E88TEA2026C-04

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS
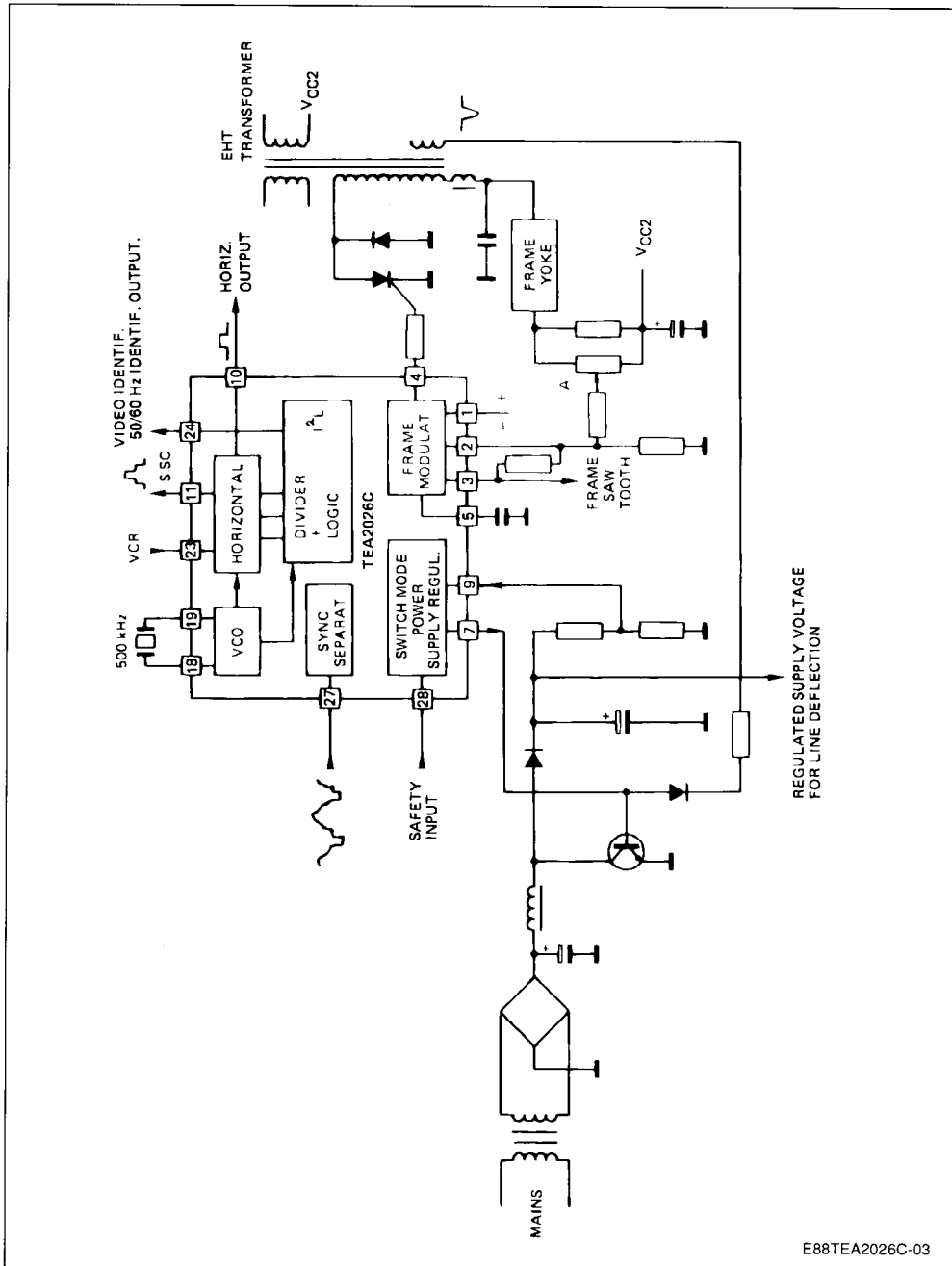
PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

28 PINS - PLASTIC DIP

(1) Nominal dimension
(2) True geometrical position

SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS