TS5A1066

## 10－$\Omega$ SPST ANALOG SWITCH

## Description

The TS5A1066 is a single－pole single－throw（SPST） analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V ．This device can handle both digital and analog signals，and signals up to $\mathrm{V}_{+}$（peak）can be transmitted in either direction．

## Applications

－Sample－and－Hold Circuits
－Battery－Powered Equipment
－Audio and Video Signal Routing
－Communication Circuits


## Features

－Low ON－State Resistance（10 $\Omega$ ）
－Control Inputs Are 5．5－V Tolerant
－Low Charge Injection
－Low Total Harmonic Distortion（THD）
－ $1.65-\mathrm{V}$ to $5.5-\mathrm{V}$ Single－Supply Operation
－Latch－Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78，Class II
－ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
－2000－V Human－Body Model （A114－B，Class II）
－1000－V Charged－Device Model（C101）

## Summary of Characteristics

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Configuration | Single－Pole，Single－Throw <br> Demultiplexer <br> $(1 \times$ SPST $)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number of channels | 1 |
| ON－state resistance（ron） | $7.5 \Omega$ |
| ON－state resistance flatness（ron（flat）） | $2.5 \Omega$ |
| Turn on／turn off time（toN／toFF） | $9.5 \mathrm{~ns} / 2 \mathrm{~ns}$ |
| Charge injection（QC） | 1 pC |
| Bandwidth（BW） | 400 MHz |
| OFF isolation（OISO） | -68 dB at 10 MHz |
| Total harmonic distortion（THD） | $0.14 \%$ |
| Leakage current（ICOM（OFF） | $\pm 0.1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Power－supply current（I $\mathrm{I}_{+}$） | $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Package option | $5-\mathrm{pin}$ DSBGA，SOT－23， <br> or SC－70 |

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability，standard warranty，and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet．

# ORDERING INFORMATION 

| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | PACKAGE(1) |  | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING(2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | NanoStar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ - WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23 -mm Large Bump - YEP | Tape and reel | TS5A1066YEPR |  |
|  | NanoFree ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ - WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump - YZP (Pb-free) |  | TS5A1066YZPR |  |
|  | SOT (SOT-23) - DBV | Tape and reel | TS5A1066DBVR |  |
|  | SOT (SC-70) - DCK | Tape and reel | TS5A1066DCKR |  |

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
(2) DBV/DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition ( $1=\mathrm{SnPb}, \bullet=\mathrm{Pb}$-free).
Absolute Minimum and Maximum Rating(1)(2)
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | Supply voltage range(3) |  | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ <br> $V_{C O M}$ | Analog voltage range(3)(4)(5) |  | -0.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{+}+0.5$ | V |
| IK | Analog port diode current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}<0$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}>\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | -50 | 50 | mA |
| ${ }^{\text {INO }}$ ${ }^{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{COM}$ | On-state switch current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | -50 | 50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Digital input voltage range(3)(4) |  | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| IIK | Digital input clamp current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<0$ | -50 |  | mA |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} I_{+} \\ I_{\text {GND }} \end{array}$ | Continuous current through $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND |  | -100 | 100 | mA |
| $\theta$ JA | Package thermal impedance(6) |  |  | 165 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature range |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(6) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

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Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1)
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| ON-state resistance | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{on}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-30 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 V |  | 7.5 | 10 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | $r^{\text {on(flat) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-30 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 V |  | 2.5 | 5 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 6 |  |
| NO OFF leakage current | INO(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM <br> OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| NO <br> ON leakage current | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \\ \text { or } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, }, \end{gathered}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open }, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open }, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0.7 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | $\times 0.3$ | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{l}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -1 |  | 1 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TA | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V | 3.5 | 4.8 | 5.5 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 3.5 |  | 7.5 |  |
| Turn-off time | toFF | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V | 2 | 3 | 4.5 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2 |  | 5.5 |  |
| Charge injection | $Q_{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mathrm{nF}, \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NO OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ (OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or } \mathrm{GND} \text {, }$ Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch OFF, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| NO ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| COM <br> ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | CI | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 2.2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 400 |  | MHz |
| Off isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | -68 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 21 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 0.14 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{l}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V |  | 0.05 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 5 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1)
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| ON-state resistance | $r^{\prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3 V |  | 11.5 | 14 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 17 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | $r_{\text {on(flat }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3 V |  | 5 | 10 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| NO OFF leakage current | INO(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{or} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| NO ON leakage current | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, }, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \mathrm{or} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open }, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0.7 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | $\times 0.3$ | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | V I $=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -1 |  | 1 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V | 4.5 | 5.5 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 3 V to 3.6 V | 4.5 |  | 8.5 | ns |
| Turn-off time | toFF | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V | 2 | 3 | 4.5 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 3 V to 3.6 V | 2 |  | 5.5 |  |
| Charge injection | $Q_{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mathrm{nF}, \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NO OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{CNO}_{\text {(OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| COM <br> OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{ \pm} \text {or } \mathrm{GND},$ Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| NO ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| COM <br> ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, }$ Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | CI | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 2.2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,$ Switch ON, | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 400 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=50 \Omega, \\ & f=10 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | -68 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 0.2 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V |  | 0.05 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 5 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| ON-state resistance | $r_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.3 V |  | 20 | 24 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 27 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | $r_{\text {on(flat) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.3 V |  | 7.5 | 15 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 20 |  |
| NO OFF leakage current | INO(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{Vr}_{\mathrm{NO}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| NO <br> ON leakage current | INO(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open }, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+} \times 0.7$ |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | $\times 0.3$ | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -1 |  | 1 |  |

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## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V | 4.5 | 5.5 | 8 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 4.5 |  | 8.5 |  |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V | 1.5 | 2.5 | 4 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 1.5 |  | 5.5 |  |
| Charge injection | QC | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mathrm{nF}, \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NO OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO} \text { (OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFT) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{ \pm} \text {or GND, }$ Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| NO ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| COM ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 2.2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,$ Switch ON, | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 400 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | -68 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 21 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 0.32 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V |  | 0.05 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 5 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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## Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to $1.95 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| ON-state resistance | $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-4 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.65 V | 74.5 |  | 80 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 100 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | $r_{\text {on(flat) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-4 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.65 V |  | 64.5 | 70 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 90 |  |
| NO OFF leakage current | ${ }^{\text {INO}}$ (OFF) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \text { or } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \end{array}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| NO ON leakage current | INO(ON) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open }, \\ \text { or } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \end{array}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -2 |  | 2 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open }, \\ \text { or } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\text { Open, } \end{array}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+} \times 0.65$ |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | $\times 0.35$ | V |
| Input leakage current | ${ }_{\text {IH }}$, ${ }_{\text {ILL }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -0.1 | 0.05 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -1 |  | 1 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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## Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to $1.95 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V | 9.5 | 10 | 12 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 8.5 |  | 13 |  |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V | 1.5 | 2 | 4 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 1.5 |  | 5.5 |  |
| Charge injection | $Q_{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mathrm{nF}, \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NO OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO} \text { (OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFT) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{ \pm} \text {or GND, }$ Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 6.8 |  | pF |
| NO ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| COM ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 14 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | CI | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 2.2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,$ Switch ON, | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 400 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | -68 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 21 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 0.73 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V |  | 0.05 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 5 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



Figure 1. $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{on}}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {COM }}$


Figure 3. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 5. Charge Injection ( $Q_{C}$ ) vs Bias Voltage


Figure 2. $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{on}} \mathrm{vs} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature $\left(V_{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ )


Figure 6. ton and toff vs Supply Voltage

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



Figure 7. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}}$ vs Temperature $\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 9. Bandwidth ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 11. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency


Figure 8. Logic-Level Threshold vs $\mathrm{V}_{+}$


Figure 10. OFF Isolation ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 12. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature $\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$
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## $10-\Omega$ SPST ANALOG SWITCH

PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN <br> NUMBER | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | NO | Normally open |
| 2 | COM | Common |
| 3 | GND | Digital ground |
| 4 | IN | Digital control pin to connect COM to NO |
| 5 | V $_{+}$ | Power supply |

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {COM }}$ | Voltage at COM |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ | Voltage at NO |
| ron | Resistance between COM and NO ports when the channel is ON |
| ron(flat) | Difference between the maximum and minimum value of $r_{\text {on }}$ in a channel over the specified range of conditions |
| INO(OFF) | Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel ( NO to COM) in the OFF state |
| ${ }^{\text {N }} \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})$ | Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open |
| ICOM(OFF) | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the OFF state |
| ICOM(ON) | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the ON state and the output (NO) open |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN) |
| VIL | Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN) |
| $V_{1}$ | Voltage at the control input (IN) |
| $\mathrm{IIH}^{\text {, ILL }}$ | Leakage current measured at the control input (IN) |
| ton | Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON. |
| tOFF | Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO ) signal when the switch is turning OFF. |
| QC | Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NO or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_{C}=C_{L} \times \Delta V_{C O M}, C_{L}$ is the load capacitance and $\Delta V_{C O M}$ is the change in analog output voltage. |
| $\mathrm{CNO}_{\text {(OFF) }}$ | Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON |
| CCOM(OFF) | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is OFF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {COM }}(\mathrm{ON})$ | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is ON |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | Capacitance of IN |
| OISO | OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel ( NO to COM) in the OFF state. |
| BW | Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain. |
| THD | Total harmonic distortion is defined as the ratio of the root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonics to the magnitude of fundamental harmonic. |
| $\mathrm{I}_{+}$ | Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND |
| $\Delta l_{+}$ | This is the increase in $\mathrm{I}_{+}$for each control (IN) input that is at the specified voltage, rather than at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND. |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (ron)


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current (ICOM(OFF), $\left.I_{\text {NO(OFF) }}\right)$


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current (ICOM(ON), $\left.\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}\right)$

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$
Capacitance is measured at NO, COM, and IN inputs during ON and OFF conditions.

Figure 16. Capacitance ( $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{l}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{COM}(\mathrm{OFF})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{COM}(\mathrm{ON})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OFF})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{ON})}\right)$

(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
(2) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
(3) See Electrical Characteristics for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}$ -

Figure 17. Turn-On (ton) and Turn-Off Time (toff)


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)


Figure 19. OFF Isolation ( $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{ISO}}$ )

(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
(2) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 20. Charge Injection $\left(Q_{C}\right)$

(1) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203

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[^0]:    (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

