## Description

The TS5A3167 is a single－pole single－throw（SPST） analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V ．The device offers a low ON －state resistance． The device has excellent total harmonic distortion （THD）performance and consumes very low power． These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications．

## Applications

－Cell Phones
－PDAs
－Portable Instrumentation
－Audio and Video Signal Routing
－Low－Voltage Data－Acquisition Systems
－Communication Circuits
－Modems
－Hard Drives
－Computer Peripherals
－Wireless Terminals and Peripherals
－Microphone Switching－Notebook Docking


## Features

－Isolation in the Powered－Off Mode， $\mathrm{V}_{+}=0$
－Low ON－State Resistance（0．9 $\Omega$ ）
－Control Inputs Are 5．5－V Tolerant
－Low Charge Injection
－Low Total Harmonic Distortion（THD）
－ $\mathbf{1 . 6 5 - V}$ to $5.5-\mathrm{V}$ Single－Supply Operation
－Latch－Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78，Class II
－ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
－2000－V Human－Body Model （A114－B，Class II）
－1000－V Charged－Device Model（C101）

## Summary of Characteristics

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Configuration | Single Pole <br> Single Throw <br> （SPST） |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number of channels | 1 |
| ON－state resistance（ron） | $0.9 \Omega$ |
| ON－state resistance flatness（ron（flat）） | $0.15 \Omega$ |
| Turn－on／turn－off time（ton／tOFF） | $7.5 \mathrm{~ns} / 12 \mathrm{~ns}$ |
| Charge injection（QC） | 1 pC |
| Bandwidth（BW） | 200 MHz |
| OFF isolation（OISO） | -64 dB at 1 MHz |
| Total harmonic distortion（THD） | $0.005 \%$ |
| Leakage current（ICOM（OFF）） | $\pm 20 \mathrm{nA}$ |
| Power－supply current（I $\mathrm{I}_{+}$） | $0.5 \mu \mathrm{HA}$ |
| Package option | $5-\mathrm{pin} \mathrm{DSBGA}, \mathrm{SOT-23}$, |
| or SC－70 |  |

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| TA | PACKAGE(1) |  | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING(2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | NanoStar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ - WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23 -mm Large Bump - YEP | Tape and reel | TS5A3167YEPR | PACKAGEPREVIEN |
|  | NanoFree ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ - WCSP (DSBGA) <br> 0.23 -mm Large Bump - YZP (Pb-free) |  | TS5A3167YZPR |  |
|  | SOT (SOT-23) - DBV | Tape and reel | TS5A3167DBVR | JAT__ |
|  | SOT (SC-70) - DCK | Tape and reel | TS5A3167DCKR | JG__ |

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
(2) DBV/DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition ( $1=\mathrm{SnPb}, \bullet=\mathrm{Pb}-\mathrm{free}$ ).

## Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | Supply voltage range(3) |  | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ <br> VCOM | Analog voltage range(3)(4)(5) |  | -0.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{+}+0.5$ | V |
| IK | Analog port diode current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}<0$ | -50 |  | mA |
| ${ }^{\text {INC }}$ | On-state switch current |  | -200 | 200 |  |
| ICOM | On-state peak switch current(6) | $V_{\text {NC }}, V_{C O M}=0$ to $V_{+}$ | -400 | 400 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Digital input voltage range(3)(4) |  | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| IIK | Digital input clamp current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<0$ | -50 |  | mA |
| $I_{+}$ | Continuous current through $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ |  |  | 100 | mA |
| IGND | Continuous current through GND |  | -100 |  | mA |
|  |  | DBV package |  | 206 |  |
| $\theta \mathrm{JA}$ | Package thermal impedance(7) | DCK package |  | 252 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | YEP/YZP package |  | 132 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature range |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(6) Pulse at 1 -ms duration $<10 \%$ duty cycle
(7) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

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Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply ${ }^{(1)}$
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| Peak ON resistance | rpeak | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{ICOM}=-100 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 V |  | 0.8 | 1.1 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 1.2 |  |
| ON-state resistance | $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-100 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 V |  | 0.7 | 0.9 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| ON -state resistance flatness | ron(flat) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 V |  | 0.15 |  | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{COM}}=-100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.09 | 0.15 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.15 |  |
| NC OFF leakage current | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{OFF})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -20 | 4 | 20 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | INC(PWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -5 | 0.4 | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -15 |  | 15 |  |
| COM OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -20 | 4 | 20 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -100 |  | 100 |  |
|  | ICOMPWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -5 | 0.4 | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -15 |  | 15 |  |
| NC ON leakage current | INC(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=$ Open, or$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open },$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 2.4 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | 0.8 | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |

[^0]
## Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V | 2.5 | 4.5 | 7 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 1.5 |  | 7.5 |  |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V | 6 | 9 | 11.5 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 4 |  | 12.5 |  |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NC OFF capacitance | CNC(OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 19 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{ \pm} \text {or } \mathrm{GND} \text {, }$ Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 18 |  | pF |
| NC ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 35.5 |  | pF |
| COM <br> ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 35.5 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 200 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | -64 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 21 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 0.005 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V |  | 0.01 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1)
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {NC }}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| Peak ON resistance | 'peak | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-100 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3 V |  | 1.1 | 1.5 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 1.7 |  |
| ON-state resistance | $r_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-100 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3 V |  | 1 | 1.4 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | ron(flat) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3 V |  | 0.2 |  | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, 0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.09 | 0.15 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.15 |  |
| NC OFF leakage current | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{NC}$ (OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -2 | 0.5 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | INC(PWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | 1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| COM <br> OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -2 | 0.5 | 20 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | ICOMPWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| NC <br> ON leakage current | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -2 | 0.2 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -2 | 0.2 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 2 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | 0.8 | V |
| Input leakage current | ${ }_{\text {IH }}$, ILL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply( ${ }^{1}$ ) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 17 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V | 2 | 5 | 10 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 3 V to 3.6 V | 1.5 |  | 11 |  |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V | 6.5 | 9 | 12 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 3 V to 3.6 V | 4 |  | 13 |  |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {GEN }}=0, \\ & \mathrm{RGEN}=0, \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NC OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC} \text { (OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 19 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch OFF, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 18 |  | pF |
| NC ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 36 |  | pF |
| COM ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or } \mathrm{GND} \text {, }$ <br> Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 36 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | CI | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega \text {, }$ Switch ON, | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 200 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | -64 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V |  | 0.01 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.6 V |  | 0.01 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.25 |  |

[^1]Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply ${ }^{(1)}$
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| Peak ON resistance | ${ }^{\text {rpeak }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{ICOM}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.3 V |  | 1.4 | 2.2 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 2.4 |  |
| ON-state resistance | $r^{\prime}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{array}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.3 V |  | 1.2 | 1.8 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | ron(flat) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.3 V |  | 0.5 |  | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, 1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 0.2 | 0.5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| NC OFF leakage current | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NC}$ (OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -2 | 0.5 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | INC(PWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| COM <br> OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -2 | 0.5 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | ICOMPWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 2.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| NC ON leakage current | INC(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open, }, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -2 | 0.1 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\text { Open, } \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -2 | 0.1 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 1.8 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | VIL |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | 0.6 | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{l}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1) (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V | 3 | 7 | 10 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 2.5 |  | 1.5 |  |
| Turn-off time | tOFF | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V | 6.5 | 9.5 | 13 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 5 |  | 15 |  |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {GEN }}=0, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NC OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC} \text { (OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 19 |  | pF |
| COM OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 18 |  | pF |
| NC ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 36.5 |  | pF |
| COM <br> ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or } \mathrm{GND},$ Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 36.5 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega \text {, }$ Switch ON, | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 200 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RL}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | -64 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 21 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 0.02 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{l}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V |  | 0.01 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.15 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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$0.9-\Omega$ SPST ANALOG SWITCH

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply( ${ }^{1}$ )
$\mathrm{V}_{+}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to $1.95 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog signal range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | V |
| Peak ON resistance | ${ }^{\text {rpeak }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I} \mathrm{COM}=-2 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.65 V |  | 3.7 | 25 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 30 |  |
| ON-state resistance | $r_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-2 \mathrm{~mA}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.65 V |  | 1.5 | 3.4 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 3.5 |  |
| ON-state resistance flatness | ron(flat) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-2 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 13 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.65 V |  | 1.5 |  | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.6 \mathrm{~V}, 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=-2 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 2 | 6 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 6 |  |
| NC OFF leakage current | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NC}$ (OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -2 | 0.5 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | INC(PWROFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0$ to 1.95 V , <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.95 \mathrm{~V}$ to 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| COM OFF leakage current | ICOM(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 14 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -2 | 0.5 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
|  | ICOMPWROFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.95 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0 \text { to } 1.95 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 V | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -5 |  | 5 |  |
| NC <br> ON leakage current | INC(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open }, \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\text { Open }, \end{aligned}$ | Switch ON, See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -2 | 0.1 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| COM <br> ON leakage current | ICOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=$ Open, or <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=$ Open, | Switch ON, <br> See Figure 15 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -2 | 0.1 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| Digital Control Input (IN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input logic high | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | Full |  | 1.5 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Input logic low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | Full |  | 0 |  | 0.6 | V |
| Input leakage current | IIH, IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V | -2 | 0.3 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  | -20 |  | 20 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply( ${ }^{1)}$ (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to $1.95 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V | 5.5 | 5 | 19 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 5 |  | 20 |  |
| Turn-off time | toFF | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 17 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V | 7.5 | 12 | 17.5 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 6 |  | 20 |  |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 20 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 1 |  | pC |
| NC OFF capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}}(\mathrm{OFF})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 19 |  | pF |
| COM <br> OFF capacitance | CCOM(OFF) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch OFF, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 18 |  | pF |
| NC ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, Switch ON, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 37 |  | pF |
| COM <br> ON capacitance | CCOM(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 37 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 16 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 2 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \text { Switch ON, } \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 200 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | OISO | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | Switch OFF, <br> See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | -64 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.8 V |  | 0.05 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | Switch ON or OFF | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.95 V |  | 0.01 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 0.1 |  |

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



Figure 1. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


Figure 3. $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{on}}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 5. Charge Injection ( $Q_{C}$ ) vs Bias Voltage


Figure 2. $r_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Com }}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature $\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ )


Figure 6. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ and toff vs $\mathrm{V}_{+}$

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



Figure 7. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}}$ vs Temperature $\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 9. Gain vs Frequency ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 8. Logic Threshold vs $\mathrm{V}_{+}$


Figure 10. OFF Isolation vs Frequency ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 12. Power-Supply Current vs

Figure 11. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ )
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## TS5A3167 <br> 0.9- $\Omega$ SPST ANALOG SWITCH

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN <br> NUMBER | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | NC | Normally closed |
| 2 | COM | Common |
| 3 | GND | Digital ground |
| 4 | IN | Digital control pin to connect COM to NC |
| 5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{+}$ | Power supply |

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}$ | Voltage at COM |
| $V_{N C}$ | Voltage at NC |
| $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Resistance between COM and NC ports when the channel is ON |
| ${ }^{\text {rpeak }}$ | Peak on-state resistance over a specified voltage range |
| ron(flat) | Difference between the maximum and minimum value of $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ in a channel over the specified range of conditions |
| ${ }^{\text {INC(OFF) }}$ | Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions |
| INC(PWROFF) | Leakage current measured at the NC port during the power-down condition, $\mathrm{V}_{+}=0$ |
| ICOM(OFF) | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions |
| ICOM(PWROFF) | Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $\mathrm{V}_{+}=0$ |
| ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})$ | Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open |
| $\mathrm{ICOM}(\mathrm{ON})$ | Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC) open |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN) |
| VIL | Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN) |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Voltage at the control input (IN) |
| $\mathrm{IIH}_{\text {, }} \mathrm{IIL}$ | Leakage current measured at the control input (IN) |
| ton | Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning ON. |
| tOFF | Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning OFF. |
| $Q_{C}$ | Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NC or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}} \times \Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ is the load capacitance, and $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}$ is the change in analog output voltage. |
| CNC(OFF) | Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is OFF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {COM }}(\mathrm{OFF})$ | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is OFF |
| CNC(ON) | Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is ON |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{COM}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is ON |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | Capacitance of control input (IN) |
| OISO | OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state. |
| BW | Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency at which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain. |
| THD | Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic. |
| $\mathrm{I}_{+}$ | Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND |

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 13. ON-State Resistance ( $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{on}}$ )


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current (ICOM(OFF), $I_{\text {NC(OFF), }}{ }^{\text {I }}{ }^{\text {COM(PWROFF) }}$, $\left.I_{\text {NC(PWROFF) }}\right)$


ON-State Leakage Current
Channel ON
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$

Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current (ICOM(ON), $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})}$ )


$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or GND }
$$

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}
$$

Capacitance is measured at NC, COM, and IN inputs during ON and OFF conditions.

Figure 16. Capacitance ( $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{l}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{COM}(\mathrm{OFF})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{COM}(\mathrm{ON})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{OFF})}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{ON})}\right)$

(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
(2) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 17. Turn-On (ton) and Turn-Off Time (toff)


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)


Figure 19. OFF Isolation ( $\mathrm{O}_{\text {ISO }}$ )

(1) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
(2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.

Figure 20. Charge Injection ( $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{C}}$ )

(1) $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status $^{(1)}$ | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins Package <br> Qty | Eco Plan ${ }^{(2)}$ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TS5A3167DBVR | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | Pb-Free <br> (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| TS5A3167DCKR | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 |  <br> no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Green (RoHS \& no $\mathbf{S b} / \mathrm{Br}$ ): Tl defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine ( Br ) and Antimony ( Sb ) based flame retardants ( Br or Sb do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous material)
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203

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[^0]:    (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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