

**U2480B** 

# **Automotive Lamp Outage Monitor**

## **Description**

The IC U2480B is designed for individual monitoring of 11 lamps in automobiles. Three double comparators and five single comparators, which can be optionally inter-

connected, permit realization of many monitoring variants. An integrated latch is available to memorize the outage of indicator or brake lamps.

#### **Features**

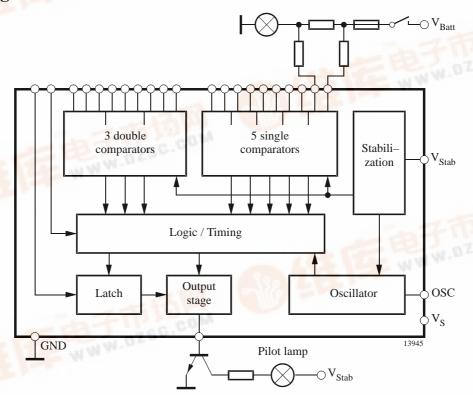
- 10 mV comparator thresholds
- Temperature compensated
- Voltage characteristic of the lamps is taken into account
- Input voltage range up to 23 V independent of supply
- Typical input currents 25 µA, so that protective resistors can be connected in series
- Internal protection measures for pulses according to ISO TR 7637/1
- ESD according to MIL-SID-883 C test method 3015.7
  - Human body model: 4 kV
  - Machine model: 200 V

EMI protection (TEM cell up to 100 V/m)

## **Ordering Information**

Extended Type Number	Package	Remarks
U2480B	SDIP28	

## **Block Diagram**





## **Detailed Block Diagram**

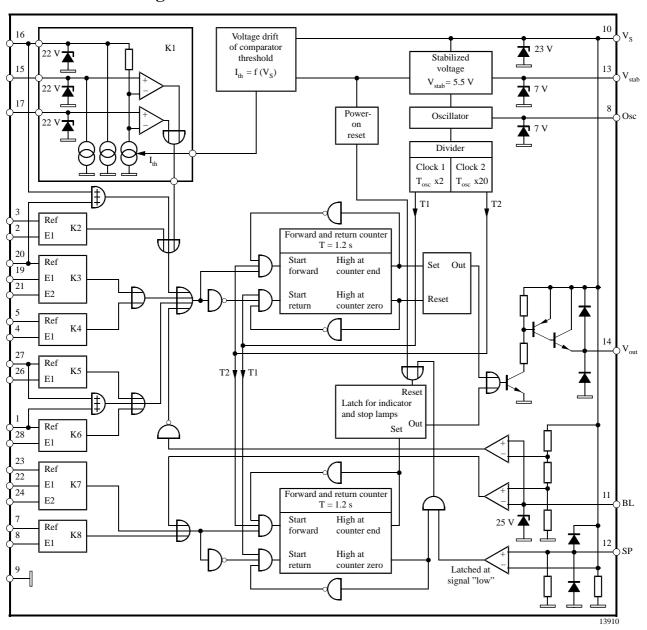
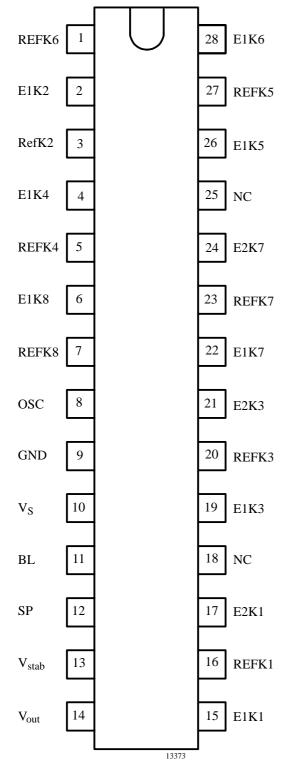


Figure 1. Block diagram



## **Pin Description**



Pin	Symbol	Function
1	REFK6	Reference for threshold voltage
		single comparator K6
2	E1K2	Input 1; single comparator K2
3	REFK2	Reference for threshold voltage;
		double comparator K5
4	E1K4	Input 1; single comparator K4
5	REFK4	Reference for threshold voltage;
		double comparator K4
6	E1K8	Input 1; single comparator K8
7	REFK8	Reference for threshold voltage;
		triple comparator K8
8	OSC	Oscillator input
9	GND	Ground
10	$V_{S}$	Supply voltage
11	BL	Input window comparator for
		direction indicator
12	SP	Programming pin for memory
		function
13	V <sub>stab</sub>	Stabilized voltage
14	V <sub>out</sub>	Output for tell-tale lamp
15	E1K1	Input 1; double comparator K1
16	REFK1	Reference for threshold voltage;
		double comparator K1
17	E2K1	Input 2; double comparator K1
18	NC	Not connected
19	E1K3	Input 1; double comparator K3
20	REFK3	Reference for threshold voltage
		double comparator 3
21	E2K3	Input 2; double comparator K2
22	E1K7	Reference for threshold voltage;
		double comparator K7
23	REFK7	Reference for threshold voltage
24	FOLG	double comparator 7
24	E2K7	Input 2; double comparator K7
25	NC FIXE	Not connected
26	E1K5	Input 1; single comparator K5
27	REFK5	Reference for threshold voltage
20	D177.6	single comparator 5
28	E1K6	Input 1; single comparator K6

Figure 2. Pin configuration



## **Functional Description**

#### **Comparators**

The voltage threshold of all internal comparators has a typical value of  $V_{th} = 10 \text{ mV}$ .

A voltage drop accross the shunt of  $V_{sh} \ge V_{th}$  means no fault in the lamp circuit and the output is disabled.

In the event of a voltage drop  $V_{sh} \le V_{th}$ , the output supplies the current  $I_O$ , and the pilot lamp is activated by the external transistor.

The output is reliably disabled for a voltage at the reference pin of the comparators of  $V_{minRef} \le 1/3 V_S$ 

The typical values of the input currents are  $25~\mu A$  and are equally large at the switch-over instant, thus making it possible to connect protective resistors in series. The internal threshold is independent of the value of the protective resistor as long as all resistors of a comparator have the same value.

#### **Fuse Monitoring**

It is possible to monitor the fuses of the lamp circuits by means of an EXCLUSIVE OR function between K1 and K3 and between K5 and K6.

If the Ref pin of K1 (orK5) is low and the Ref pin of K2 (or K6) is simultaneously high, or vice versa, a fault is indicated.

Simultaneous failure of both fuses is not detected.

A fuse is faulty if the input voltage at the pin Ref falls below the voltage  $V_{minRef}$  (1/3  $V_S$ ).

#### **Time Delay**

A fault is indicated only if it is present for  $t_d = 1.2 \pm 0.2$  s. If an OK pulse  $\geq$  100 ms occurs during this time, time counting is reset to "0". An OK pulse is generated if the comparators K1 to K8 and the input BL do not signal a fault.

A periodic fault signal (period of less than 1 s) is indicated only if the mark-to-space ratio is  $\geq 10/1$ , whereby the

pulse time corresponds to an item of fault information. The time delay until the fault is indicated exceeds the time  $t_d=1.2\ s$  in this case.

#### **Storage**

A failure in the break light circuit which is present for longer than t<sub>d</sub> is stored.

A voltage of  $V_{BL} \leq 0.15~V_S$  which is present at the input BL for longer than  $t_d$  leads to fault indication with storage. This allows the possibility of additional flashing monitoring.

A voltage of  $V_{BL} \ge 0.2~V_S$  and of  $V_{BL} \le 0.65~V_S$  which is present at the input BL for longer than  $t_d$  leads to fault indication without storage. It is thus possible to extend the scope of monitoring beyond 11 lamps by means of additional comparators ICs.

A voltage of  $V_{BL} \ge 0.7 \ V_S$  at the input BL does not cause a fault signal.

The turn indicator and the brake light memory is maintained by  $V_S$  (terminal 15)

#### **Power-on Reset**

When  $V_{Batt}$  (terminal 15) is applied to Pin  $V_{S}$ , a brief signal is produced which generates the power-on reset. As a result, the turn indicator, the brake light memory and the counters are reset.

#### **Outputs**

A fault signal at the comparators K1 to K8 or at the comparator Pin BL enables the output so that current  $I_O$  can flow. The output blocking voltage  $(V_S-V_{out})$  is typically 1 V.

### Threshold Testing without Time Delay t<sub>d</sub>

To connect the input comparators directly to the output pin, a voltage of 6 V at Pin OSC is necessary (omit  $R_{OSC}$  and  $C_{OSC}$ ).

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{S}, V_{Batt}$	16.5	V
Pulse current (2 ms)	I <sub>S</sub>	1.1	A
Short circuit current (reversed battery)	I <sub>SC</sub>	170	mA
Output current	I <sub>out</sub>	-12	mA
Ambient temperature range	T <sub>amb</sub>	-40 to +100	°C



Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C
Junction temperature	$T_i$	150	°C

## **Thermal Resistance**

Parameters		Symbol	Value	Unit	
Thermal resistance	SDIP 28	$R_{thJA}$	75	K/W	

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{Batt}$  (Kl. 15) = 10 to 15 V,  $T_{amb}$  = -40 to +95 °C, supply series resistors and input protection resistors connected (see figure 1 "Block diagram" and figure 3 "Basic application schematic") unless otherwise specified.

Parameters	Test Conditions / Pins		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Supply								
Supply current	$V_{Batt} = 12 \text{ V}, V_{out} = \text{low}$		$I_{S}$			6	mA	
Power on reset (POR)			$V_{S}$	3.5		5.2	V	
Comparators	•							
Comparator input current during switch over	V <sub>Batt</sub> = 12 V	Pin 2 Pin 4 Pin 6 Pins 15, 16 Pins 19, 21 Pins 22, 24 Pin 26 Pin 28	$I_{K2} \\ I_{K4} \\ I_{K8} \\ I_{K11}, I_{K12} \\ I_{K31}, I_{K32} \\ I_{K71}, I_{K72} \\ I_{K5} \\ I_{K6}$		25		μΑ	
Comparator output current	V <sub>Batt</sub> = 12 V	Pin 1 Pin 3 Pin 5 Pin 7 Pin 15 Pin 20 Pin 23 Pin 27	I <sub>O6</sub> I <sub>O2</sub> I <sub>O4</sub> I <sub>O8</sub> I <sub>O1</sub> I <sub>O3</sub> I <sub>O7</sub> I <sub>O5</sub>		-10		mA	
Comparator thresholds			-03					
$V_{\text{thx}} = V_{\text{REFKx}} - V_{\text{ExKx}}$	$V_{Batt} = 12 \text{ V}$		$V_{thx}$	5.0	10.0	15.0	mV	
x = Pin-No.	$V_{Batt} = 15 \text{ V}$		$V_{thx}$	6.3	11.4	16.5	mV	
Minimum comparator input voltage			V <sub>minRef</sub>		$0.33 \times V_S$		V	
Output Vout		Pin 14	<u> </u>					
Output current	$V_S = 12 \text{ V}$		I <sub>14</sub>		-10.0		mA	
Output saturation voltage	$V_{sat} = V_S - V_G$ $I_{out} = -10 \text{ mA}$		V <sub>sat</sub>			1.5	V	
Protection								
Voltage of Zener diodes	all REFKx and ExKx. pins Pin VS Pin BL Pin V <sub>stab</sub> and OSC		$\begin{array}{c} V_{Z1} \\ V_{Z2}, \\ V_{ZBL} \\ V_{Z3} \end{array}$		22 23 25 7		V V V	
Oscillator	-	Pin 8	•		•			
Oscillator frequency	$R_{osc} = 82 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $C_{osc} = 10 \text{ nF},$		f <sub>osc</sub>		1.67		kHz	

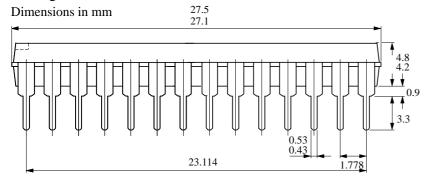
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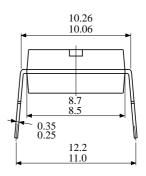


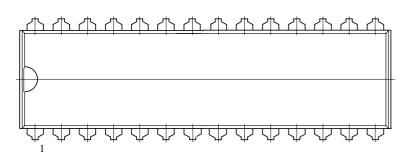
Parameters	Test Conditions / Pins	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Delay time							
-		t <sub>d</sub>	1.1	1.2	1.3	S	
Debounce time							
		t <sub>db</sub>	115	125	135	ms	
Flashing frequency recogni	tion Pin BI	٠					
Fault indication with stor-		$V_{\rm BL}$			$0.15 \times V_S$	V	
age							
Fault indication without		$V_{\rm BL}$	$0.2 \times V_S$		$0.6 \times V_S$	V	
storage							
No fault indication		$V_{\rm BL}$	$0.7 \times V_S$			V	
Input current	$V_{BL} = low$	$I_{BL}$		-3.0		μΑ	
Programming pin Pin SP							
Latch ON		$V_{SP}$			$0.35 \times V_S$	V	
Latch OFF		V <sub>SP</sub>	$0.45 \times V_S$			V	
Input current	$V_{SP} = 0 V$	I <sub>SP</sub>			-6.0	μΑ	
Input current	$V_{SP} = 12 \text{ V}$	I <sub>SP</sub>		300		μΑ	

# **Package Information**

## Package SDIP28



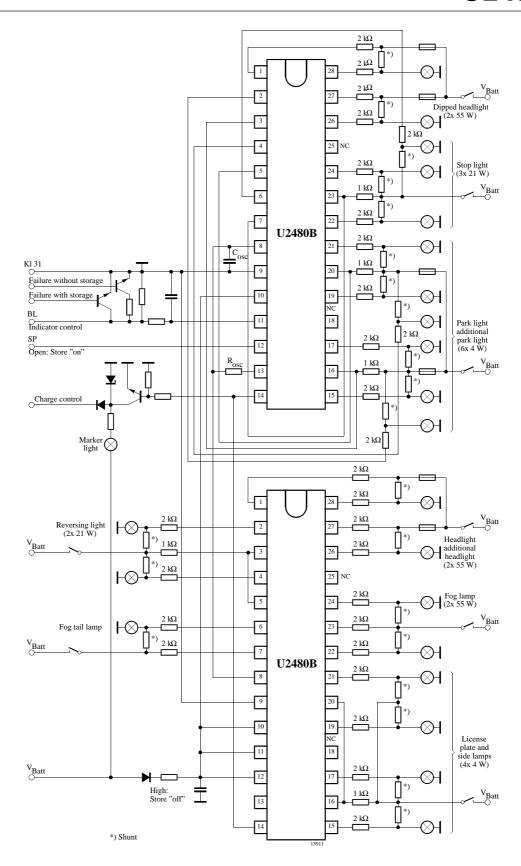






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- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**TEMIC TELEFUNKEN microelectronic GmbH** semiconductor division has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

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