

HIGH SIDE SMART POWER SOLID STATE RELAY

TYPE	VDSS	R _{DS(on})	Ιουτ	Vcc
VN02ANSP	60 V	0.35 Ω	7 A	36 V

- OUTPUT CURRENT (CONTINUOUS): 7A @ T_c=25°C
- LOGIC LEVEL 5V COMPATIBLE INPUT
- THERMAL SHUT-DOWN
- UNDER VOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OPEN DRAIN DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT
- FAST DEMAGNETIZATION OF INDUCTIVE LOAD

DESCRIPTION

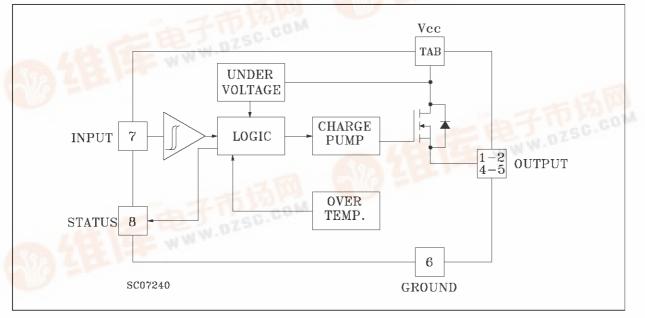
The VN02ANSP is a monolithic device made using STMicroelectronics VIPower Technology, intended for driving resistive or inductive loads with one side grounded.

Built-in thermal shut-down protects the chip from over temperature and short circuit. The diagnostic output indicates an over temperature status.

Fast turn-off of inductive load is achieved by negative (-18 V) load voltage at turn-off.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

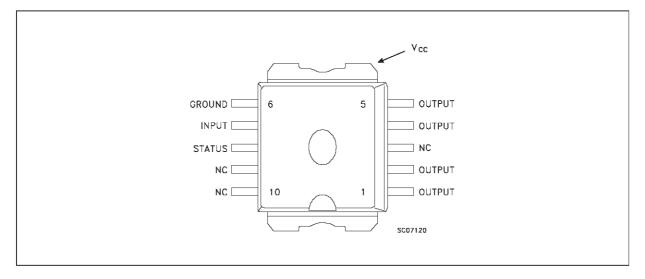




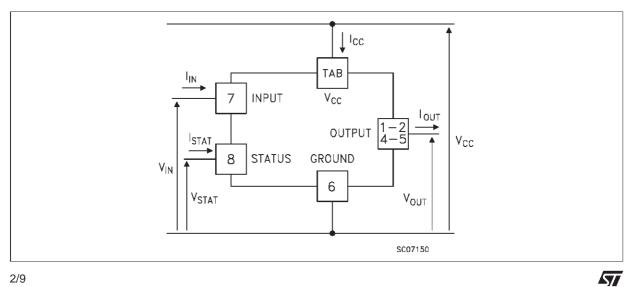
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	60	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current (cont.)	7	Α
I _R	Reverse Output Current	-7	Α
lin	Input Current	±10	mA
-Vcc	Reverse Supply Voltage	-4	V
I _{STAT}	Status Current (sink)	±10	mA
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic Discharge (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)	2000	V
Ptot	Power Dissipation at $T_c \le 25$ °C	31	W
Tj	Junction Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



CURRENT AND VOLTAGE CONVENTIONS



THERMAL DATA

Rthj-ambThermal Resistance Junction-ambient (\$)Max40/WC/W	Rthj-case Rthj-ambThermal ResistanceJunction-caseThermalResistanceJunction-ambient (\$)	Max Max	4 50	°C/W °C/W
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(\$) When mounted using minimum recommended pad size on FR-4 board

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 9$ to 36 V; $T_{case} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified) POWER

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc *	Supply Voltage	-40 °C < T _j < 125 °C	7		36	V
Ron	On State Resistance	$ I_{OUT} = 3 \ A \\ I_{OUT} = 1 \ A V_{CC} = 30 \ V T_j = 125 \ ^{o}C $			0.35 0.6	Ω Ω
I _S	Supply Current	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			1 9 7	mA mA mA

SWITCHING

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on Delay Time Of Output Current	I _{OUT} = 3 A Resistive Load Input Rise Time < 0.1 μs		15		μs
tr	Rise Time Of Output Current	I _{OUT} = 3 A Resistive Load Input Rise Time < 0.1 μs		15		μs
t _{d(off)}	Turn-off Delay Time Of Output Current	louτ = 3 A Resistive Load Input Rise Time < 0.1 μs		14		μs
t _f	Fall Time Of Output Current	I _{OUT} = 3 A Resistive Load Input Rise Time < 0.1 μs		4.5		μs
(di/dt) _{on}	Turn-on Current Slope	$ \begin{array}{ll} I_{OUT} = 3 \ A \\ I_{OUT} = I_{OV} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} 25 \ ^{o}C \ < \ T_{j} \ < \ 125 \ ^{o}C \\ 25 \ ^{o}C \ < \ T_{j} \ < \ 125 \ ^{o}C \end{array} \\ \end{array} $			0.5 1	A/μs A/μs
(di/dt) _{off}	Turn-off Current Slope	$ \begin{array}{ll} I_{OUT} = 3 \ \mbox{A} & 25 \ \ \ ^{o}\mbox{C} < \ \ \ T_{j} < 125 \ \ \ ^{o}\mbox{C} \\ I_{OUT} = \ \ \ I_{OV} & 25 \ \ \ ^{o}\mbox{C} < \ \ \ \ \ T_{j} < 125 \ \ \ ^{o}\mbox{C} \\ \end{array} $			1.5 4	A/μs A/μs
Vdemag	Inductive Load Clamp Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 3 A$ $-40 \ ^{\circ}C < T_j < 125 \ ^{\circ}C$	-24	-18	-14	V

LOGIC INPUT (-40 $^oC \leq T_j \leq$ 125 oC unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VIL	Input Low Level Voltage				0.8	V
VIH	Input High Level Voltage		2		(*)	V
VI(hyst.)	Input Hysteresis Voltage			0.5		V
lin	Input Current		25	250	600 300	μΑ μΑ μΑ
VICL	Input Clamp Voltage	I _{IN} = 10 mA I _{IN} = -10 mA	5.5	6 -0.7	-0.3	V V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

PROTECTION AND DIAGNOSTICS (-40 $^{\circ}C \le T_j \le 125 ^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{STAT}	Status Voltage Output Low	I _{STAT} = 1.6 mA			0.4	V
I _{STAT}	Status Leakage Current	V _{STAT} = 5 V			10	μA
Vusd	Under Voltage Shut Down		3.5	6	7	V
V _{SCL}	Status Clamp Voltage	$I_{STAT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{STAT} = -10 \text{ mA}$	5.5	6 -0.7	-0.3	V V
I _{OV}	Over Current	R_{LOAD} < 10 m Ω		15		A
l _{av}	Average Current In Short Circuit	$R_{LOAD} < 10 \text{ m}\Omega$ $T_c = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.6		A
IDOFF	Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 30 V$			1	mA
T _{TSD}	Thermal Shut-down Temperature		140			°C
T _R	Reset Temperature		125			°C

(*) The Vih is internally clamped at about 6V. It is possible to connect this pin to a higher voltage via an external resistor calculated to not exceed 10 mA at the input pin.

TRUTH TABLE

	INPUT	DIAGNOSTIC	OUTPUT
Normal Operation	L H	H H	L H
Over-temperature	Н	L	L
Under-voltage	Х	Н	L

Figure 1: Waveforms

NORMAL OPERATION	SWITCH OFF	HERMAL HUTDOWN 40 °C 25 °C
UNDER VOLTAGE	SC04691	



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The device has a diagnostic output which indicates over temperature conditions.

The truth table shows input, diagnostic output status and output voltage level in normal operation and fault conditions. The output signals are processed by internal logic.

To protect the device against short circuit and over current conditions, the thermal protection turns the integrated Power MOS off at a minimum junction temperature of 140 °C. When the temperature returns to 125 °C the switch is automatically turned on again. To ensure the protection in all V_{CC} conditions and in all the junction temperature range it is necessary to limit the voltage drop across Drain and Source (pin 3 and 5) at 28V according to:

 $V_{ds} = V_{CC} - I_{OV} * (R_i + R_w + R_l)$ where:

R_i = internal resistence of Power Supply

R_w = Wires resistance

RI = Short Circuit resistance

Driving inductive loads, an internal function of the device ensures the fast demagnetization with typical voltage (V_{demag}) of -18V.

This function allows the reduction of the power dissipation according to the formula:

 $P_{dem} = 0.5 * L_{load} * (I_{load})^2 * [(V_{CC} + V_{dem})/V_{dem}] * f$

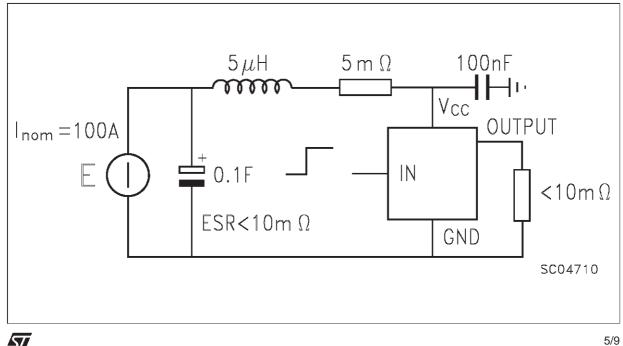


Figure 2: Over Current Test Circuit

where f = Switching Frequency

Based on this formula it is possible to know the value of inductance and/or current to avoid a thermal shut-down.

PROTECTING THE DEVICE AGAINST RE-**VERSE BATTERY**

The simpliest way to protect the device against a continuous reverse battery voltage (-36V) is to insert a Schottky diode between pin 1 (GND) and ground, as shown in the typical application circuit (Fig. 3). The consequences of the voltage drop across this diode are as follows:

If the input is pulled to power GND, a negative voltage of -V_f is seen by the device. (V_{il}, V_{ih} thresholds and Vstat are increased by Vf with respect to power GND).

The undervoltage shut-down level is increased by Vf.

If there is no need for the control unit to handle external analog signals referred to the power GND, the best approach is to connect the reference potential of the control unit to node [1] (see application circuit in fig. 4), which becomes the common signal GND for the whole control board avoiding shift of Vih, Vil and Vstat. This solution allows the use of a standard diode.

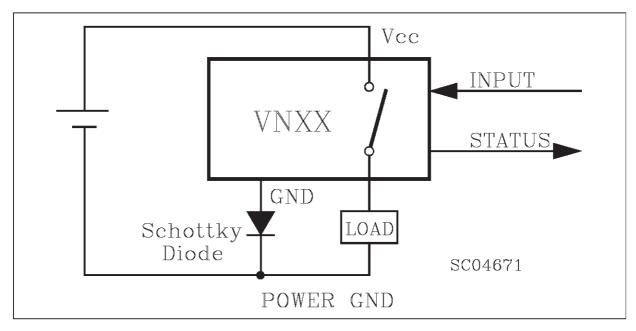
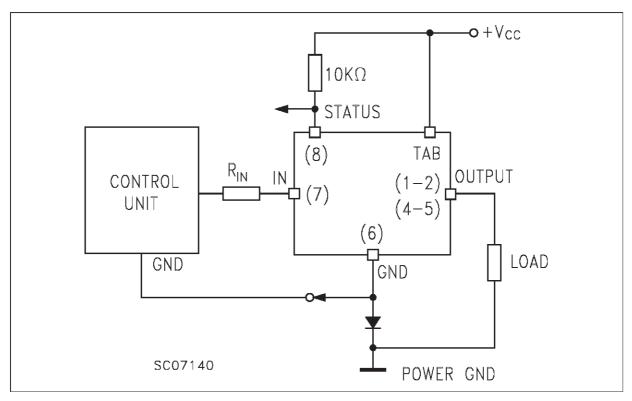
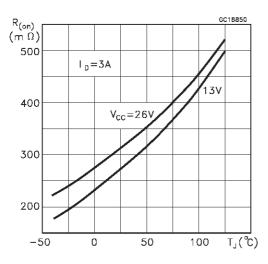


Figure 3: Typical Application Circuit With A Schottky Diode For Reverse Supply Protection

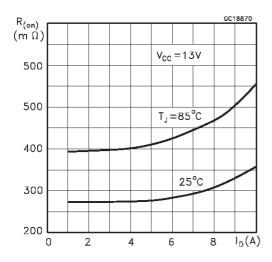
Figure 4: Typical Application Circuit With Separate Signal Ground



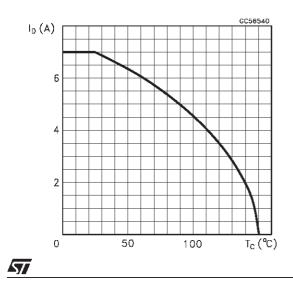


$R_{DS(on)}$ vs Junction Temperature

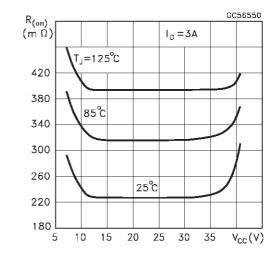




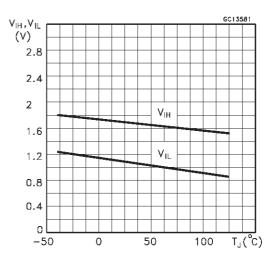
Output Current Derating



R_{DS(on)} vs Supply Voltage

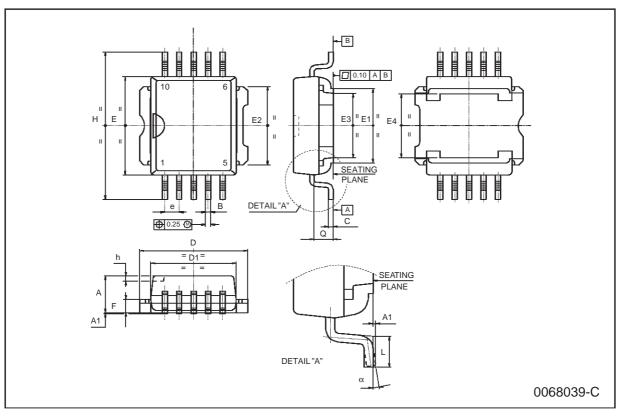


Input Voltages vs Junction Temperature



DIM.		mm			inch	
DIW.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А	3.35		3.65	0.132		0.144
A1	0.00		0.10	0.000		0.004
В	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
С	0.35		0.55	0.013		0.022
D	9.40		9.60	0.370		0.378
D1	7.40		7.60	0.291		0.300
E	9.30		9.50	0.366		0.374
E1	7.20		7.40	0.283		0.291
E2	7.20		7.60	0.283		0.300
E3	6.10		6.35	0.240		0.250
E4	5.90		6.10	0.232		0.240
е		1.27			0.050	
F	1.25		1.35	0.049		0.053
Н	13.80		14.40	0.543		0.567
h		0.50			0.002	
L	1.20		1.80	0.047		0.071
q		1.70			0.067	
α	0 ⁰		8°			

PowerSO-10 MECHANICAL DATA



57

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