



## N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Vertical DMOS FETs

### Ordering Information

BV <sub>DSS</sub> / BV <sub>DGS</sub>	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> (max)	V <sub>GS(th)</sub> (max)	Order Number / Package			
			TO-92	14-Pin P-DIP	TO-243AA*	Die†
50V	0.3Ω	2.4V	VN3205N3	VN3205N6	VN3205N8	VN3205ND

\* Same as SOT-89. Product supplied on 2000 piece carrier tape reels.

† MIL visual screening available

#### Product marking for TO-243AA:

**VN2L\***

Where \* = 2-week alpha date code

### Features

- Free from secondary breakdown
- Low power drive requirement
- Ease of paralleling
- Low C<sub>ISS</sub> and fast switching speeds
- Excellent thermal stability
- Integral Source-Drain diode
- High input impedance and high gain
- Complementary N- and P-channel devices

### Applications

- Motor controls
- Converters
- Amplifiers
- Switches
- Power supply circuits
- Drivers (relays, hammers, solenoids, lamps, memories, displays, bipolar transistors, etc.)

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Drain-to-Source Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>
Drain-to-Gate Voltage	BV <sub>DGS</sub>
Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20V
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature*	300°C

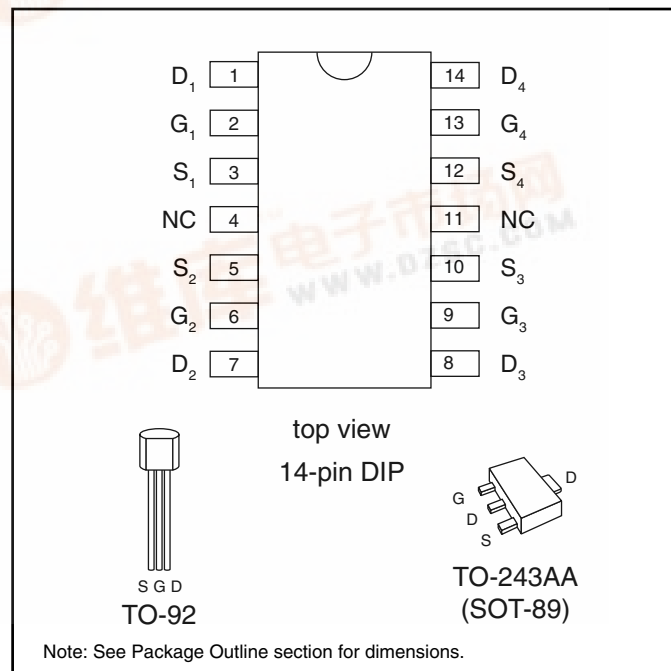
\* Distance of 1.6 mm from case for 10 seconds.

### Advanced DMOS Technology

These enhancement-mode (normally-off) transistors utilize a vertical DMOS structure and Supertex's well-proven silicon-gate manufacturing process. This combination produces devices with the power handling capabilities of bipolar transistors and with the high input impedance and positive temperature coefficient inherent in MOS devices. Characteristic of all MOS structures, these devices are free from thermal runaway and thermally-induced secondary breakdown.

Supertex's vertical DMOS FETs are ideally suited to a wide range of switching and amplifying applications where high breakdown voltage, high input impedance, low input capacitance, and fast switching speeds are desired.

### Package Options



## Thermal Characteristics

Package	$I_D$ (continuous)*	$I_D$ (pulsed)	Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\theta_{jc}$ $^\circ\text{C/W}$	$\theta_{ja}$ $^\circ\text{C/W}$	$I_{DR}^*$	$I_{DRM}$
TO-92	1.2A	8.0A	1.0W	125	170	1.2A	8.0A
SOT-89	1.5A	8.0A	1.6W ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	15	78†	1.5A	8.0A
Plastic DIP	1.5A	8.0A	3.0W‡	41.6‡	83.3‡	1.5A	8.0A

\*  $I_D$  (continuous) is limited by max rated  $T_j$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

† Mounted on FR5 board, 25mm x 25mm x 1.57mm. Significant  $P_D$  increase possible on ceramic substrate.

‡ Total for package.

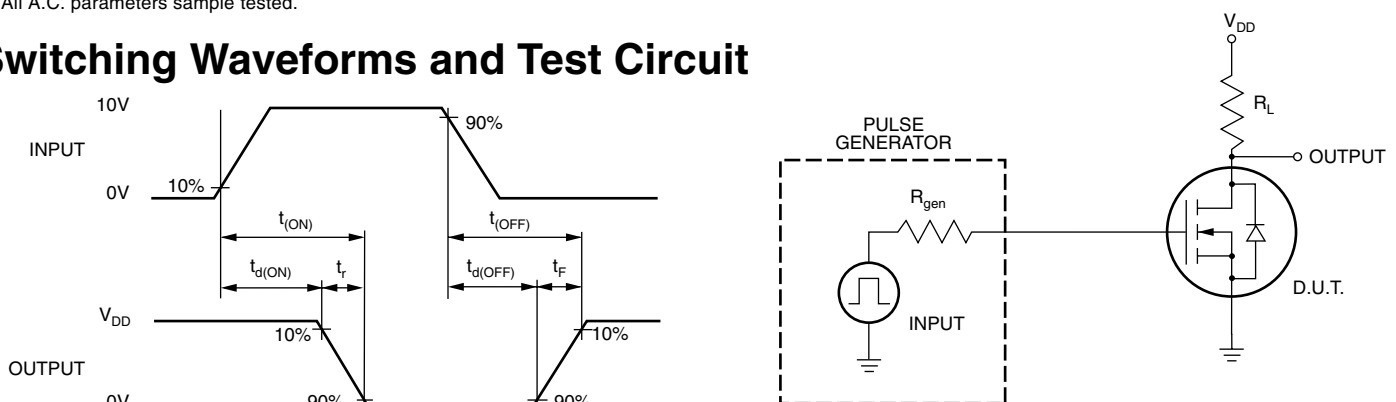
## Electrical Characteristics (@ $25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	50			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 10\text{mA}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	0.8		2.4	V	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 10\text{mA}$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	Change in $V_{GS(th)}$ with Temperature		-4.3	-5.5	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 10\text{mA}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate Body Leakage		1	100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V, V_{DS} = 0V$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current			10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}$
				1	mA	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max Rating}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{D(ON)}$	ON-State Drain Current	3.0	14		A	$V_{GS} = 10V, V_{DS} = 5V$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-to-Source ON-State Resistance	TO-92 and P-DIP		0.45	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 1.5A$
		SOT-89		0.45	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 0.75A$
		TO-92 and P-DIP		0.3	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 3A$
		SOT-89		0.3	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 1.5A$
$\Delta R_{DS(ON)}$	Change in $R_{DS(ON)}$ with Temperature		0.85	1.2	%/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 3A$
$G_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	1.0	1.5		$\bar{\sigma}$	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 2A$
$C_{ISS}$	Input Capacitance		220	300	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
$C_{OSS}$	Common Source Output Capacitance		70	120		
$C_{RSS}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		20	30		
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-ON Delay Time			10	ns	$V_{DD} = 25V$ $I_D = 2A$ $R_{GEN} = 10\Omega$
$t_r$	Rise Time			15		
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-OFF Delay Time			25		
$t_f$	Fall Time			25		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage Drop			1.6	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{SD} = 1.5A$
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time		300		ns	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{SD} = 1A$

### Notes:

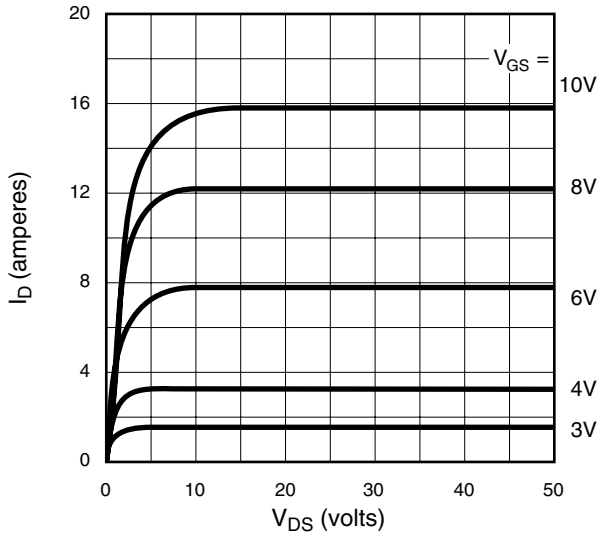
- All D.C. parameters 100% tested at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated. (Pulse test: 300 $\mu\text{s}$  pulse, 2% duty cycle.)
- All A.C. parameters sample tested.

## Switching Waveforms and Test Circuit

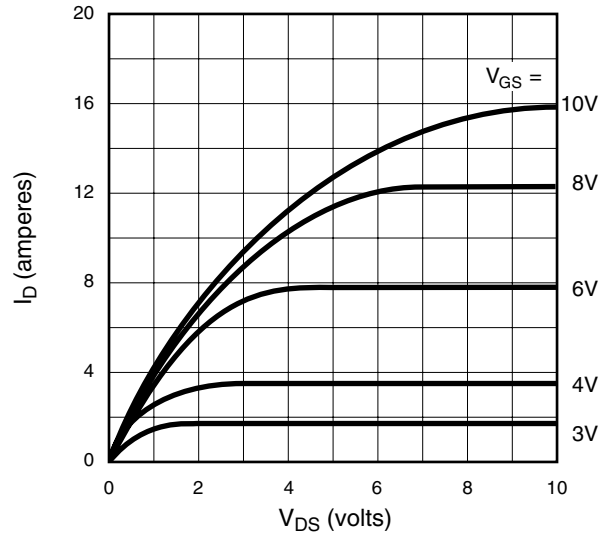


# Typical Performance Curves

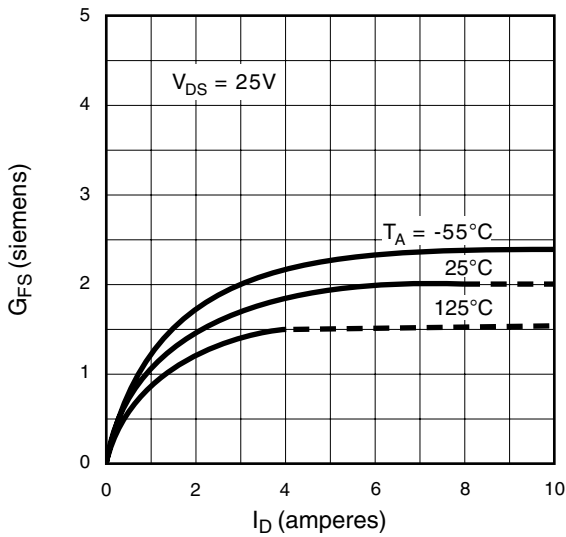
Output Characteristics



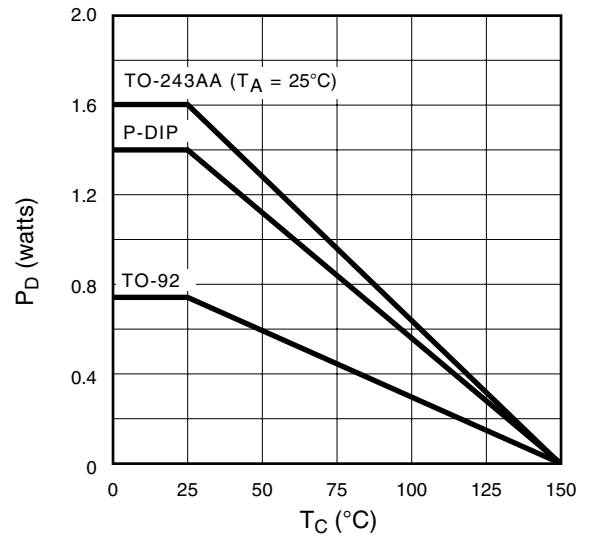
Saturation Characteristics



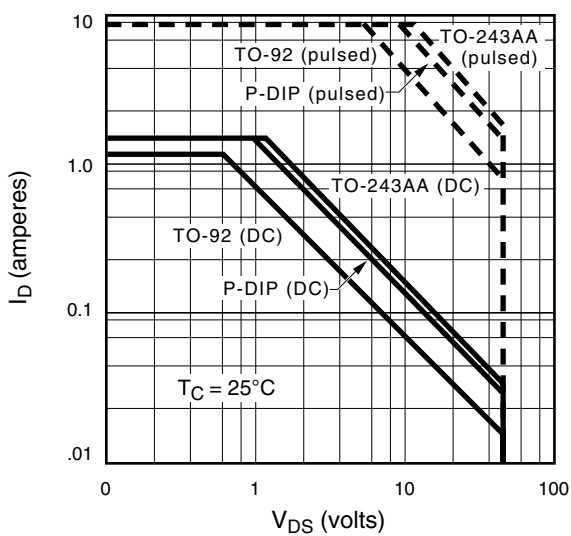
Transconductance vs. Drain Current



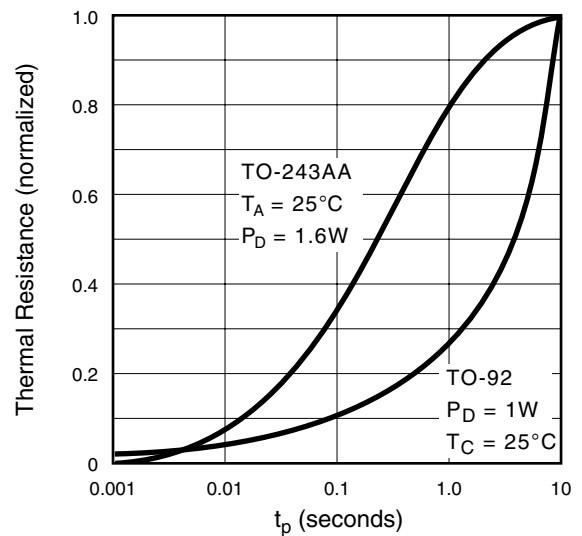
Power Dissipation vs. Temperature



Maximum Rated Safe Operating Area

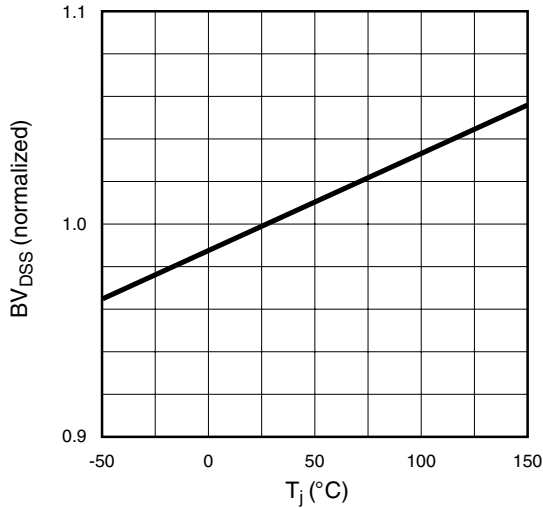


Thermal Response Characteristics

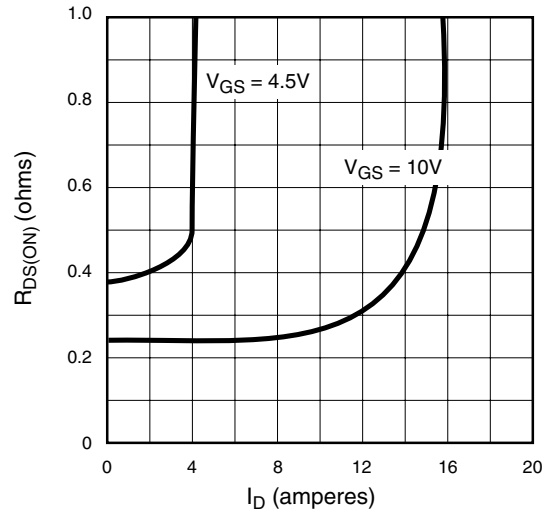


# Typical Performance Curves

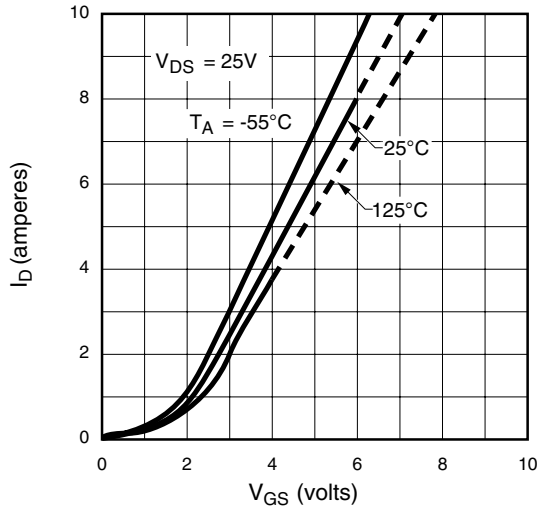
BV<sub>DSS</sub> Variation with Temperature



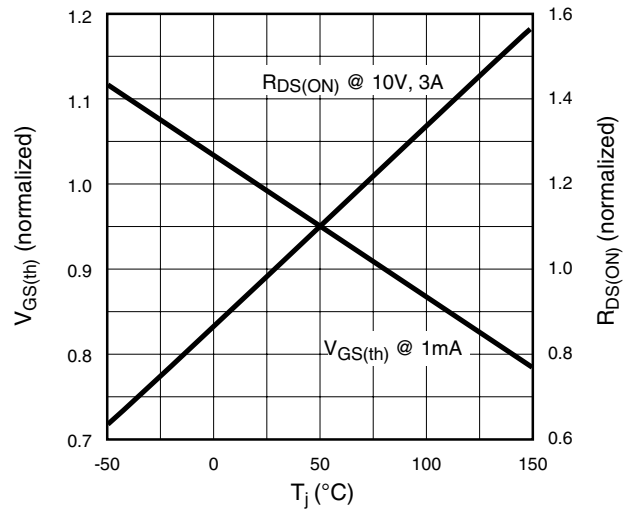
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



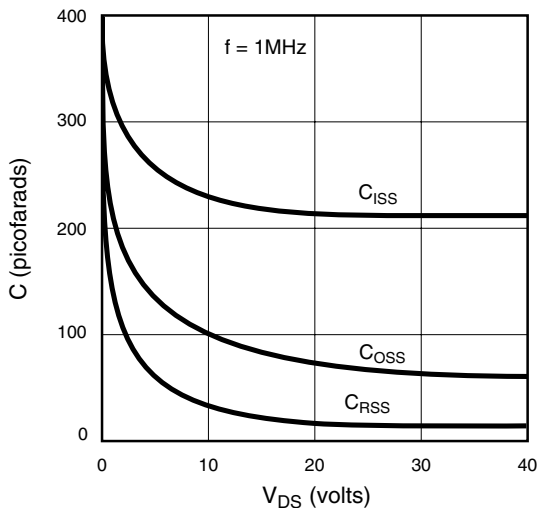
Transfer Characteristics



V<sub>GS(th)</sub> and R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> Variation with Temperature



Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



Gate Drive Dynamic Characteristics

