# MAX1963/MAX1976

## 

## Low-Input-Voltage, 300mA LDO Regulators with RESET in SOT and TDFN

#### **General Description**

The MAX1963/MAX1976 low-dropout linear regulators operate from a +1.62V to +3.6V supply and deliver a guaranteed 300mA continuous load current with a low 100mV dropout. The high-accuracy (±0.5%) output voltage is preset to an internally trimmed voltage in the +0.75V to +3.0V range. An active-low, open-drain reset output remains asserted for at least 2.2ms (MAX1963) or 70ms (MAX1976) after the output voltage reaches regulation. These devices are offered in 6-pin thin SOT23 and 6-pin 3mm x 3mm thin DFN packages.

An internal PMOS pass transistor allows the low supply current to remain independent of load and dropout voltage, making these devices ideal for portable battery-powered equipment such as personal digital assistants (PDAs), cell phones, cordless phones, and notebook computers. Other features include logic-controlled shutdown, short-circuit protection, and thermal-overload protection.

#### **Applications**

Notebook Computers

Cellular and PCS Telephones

Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs)

Hand-Held Computers

Digital Cameras

**PCMCIA Cards** 

CD and MP3 Players

#### **Features**

- **♦ Low 1.62V Minimum Input Voltage**
- ♦ Guaranteed 300mA Output Current
- ♦ ±1.5% Accuracy Over Load/Line/Temp
- ♦ Low 100mV Dropout at 300mA Load
- ♦ 2.2ms (MAX1963) or 70ms (MAX1976) **RESET Output Flag**
- **♦ Supply Current Independent of Load and Dropout Voltage**
- **♦ Logic-Controlled Shutdown**
- ♦ Thermal-Overload and Short-Circuit Protection
- ◆ Preset Output Voltages (0.75V to 3.0V)
- ◆ Tiny 6-Pin Thin SOT23 Package (<1.1mm High)</p>
- ◆ Thin 6-Pin TDFN Package (<0.8mm High)</p>

#### **Ordering Information**

PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
<b>MAX1963</b> EZTT	-40°C to +85°C	6 Thin SOT23-6
MAX1963ETTT	-40°C to +85°C	6 TDFN
<b>MAX1976</b> EZTT	-40°C to +85°C	6 Thin SOT23-6
MAX1976ETTT	-40°C to +85°C	6 TDFN

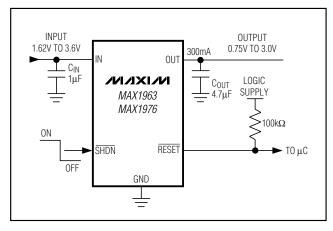
<sup>\*</sup>Insert the desired three-digit suffix (see the Selector Guide) into the blanks to complete the part number. Contact the factory for other output voltages.

#### Pin Configurations

#### TOP VIEW 6 OUT OUT IN NIXIN MXIM MAX1963 MAX1963 5 SHDN I.C. GND 2 5 I.C. MAX1976 MAX1976 RESET GND SHDN 3 4 RESET **TDFN THIN SOT23** 3mm x 3mm

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

#### Typical Operating Circuit



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN, SHDN, RESET to GND0.3V to +4.0V	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85
OUT to GND0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)	Junction Temperature +150
Output Short-Circuit DurationContinuous	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300
6-Pin SOT23 (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)727mW	
6-Pin TDFN (derate 24.4mW/°C above +70°C)1951mW	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V) \text{ or } 1.8V, \text{ whichever is greater}; \overline{SHDN} = IN, C_{IN} = 1\mu\text{F}, C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu\text{F}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITI	ONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage	VIN		1.62		3.60	V	
Input Undervoltage Lockout	Vuvlo	V <sub>IN</sub> rising or falling (180mV typical hysteresis)				1.60	V
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		-0.5		+0.5	
Output Voltage Accuracy		$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{mA to } 300 \text{mA},$ $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{V}) \text{ to } +$	-3.6V	-1.5		+1.5	%
Maximum Output Current	lout	Continuous		300			mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Current Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>	Vout = 96% of nominal	value	450	550	650	mA
		No load			70	140	
Ground Current	IQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mA			90		μΑ
		Dropout (Note 2)			70		
Dropout Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 1.8V (Note 2)			100	200	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{LDR}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA to 300mA			0.02	0.3	%
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{LNR}$	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V)$ to +	$-3.6V$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$	-0.15	+0.01	+0.15	%/V
Output Noise		10Hz to 100kHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =	$10mA, V_{OUT} = 1.5V$		86		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
PSRR		$f < 1kHz$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$			70		dB
SHUTDOWN							
Shutdown Supply Current	loss	SHDN = GND	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.001	1	
Shutdown Supply Current	loff	SHDIN = GIND	T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		0.01		μΑ
SHDN Input Logic Levels	VIH	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.62V to 3.6V		1.4			V
Show input Logic Levels	VIL	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.62V to 3.6V				0.6	V
SHDN Input Bias Current	louin	V <u>SHDN</u> = 0 or 3.6V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		1	100	nA
אוטו אוטוי טומא Current	ISHDN		T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		5		II/A
Turn-On Delay		From SHDN high to OUT high, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.8V			90		μs

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V) \text{ or } 1.8V, \text{ whichever is greater}; \overline{SHDN} = IN, C_{IN} = 1\mu\text{F}, C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu\text{F}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) (Note 1)

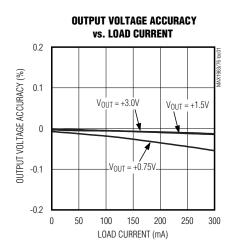
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
RESET OUTPUT							
Reset Threshold Accuracy		Vour falling, (1.7% typical hy	/steresis)	80	82.5	85	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
DECET Outrout I am Valtage	\/	IRESET = 100µA			1	100	\/
RESET Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = +1.0V, I <sub>RESET</sub> = 100μA			30	400	mV
DECET Output High Lockogo		VRESET = 3.6V,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		0.001	1	μА
RESET Output High Leakage		RESET not asserted	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.01		
Deset Delevi	<b>.</b>	From VouT high to RESET	MAX1963	2.2	3.2	5.5	ms l
Reset Delay	t <sub>RP</sub>	rising	MAX1976	70	100	160	
THERMAL PROTECTION							
Thermal-Shutdown Temperature	TSHDN				+165		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis	ΔTSHDN			15		°C	

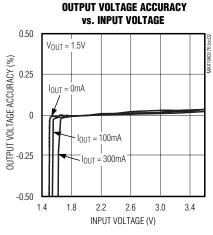
Note 1: Limits are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

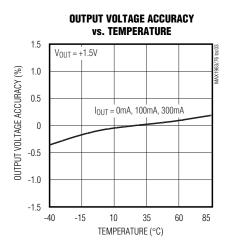
Note 2: The dropout voltage is defined as VIN - VOUT, when VOUT is 4% lower than the value of VOUT when VIN = VOUT + 0.5V.

#### Typical Operating Characteristics

(V<sub>IN</sub> = (V<sub>OUT</sub> + 0.5V) or 1.8V, whichever is greater; SHDN = IN, C<sub>IN</sub> = 1μF, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.7μF, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

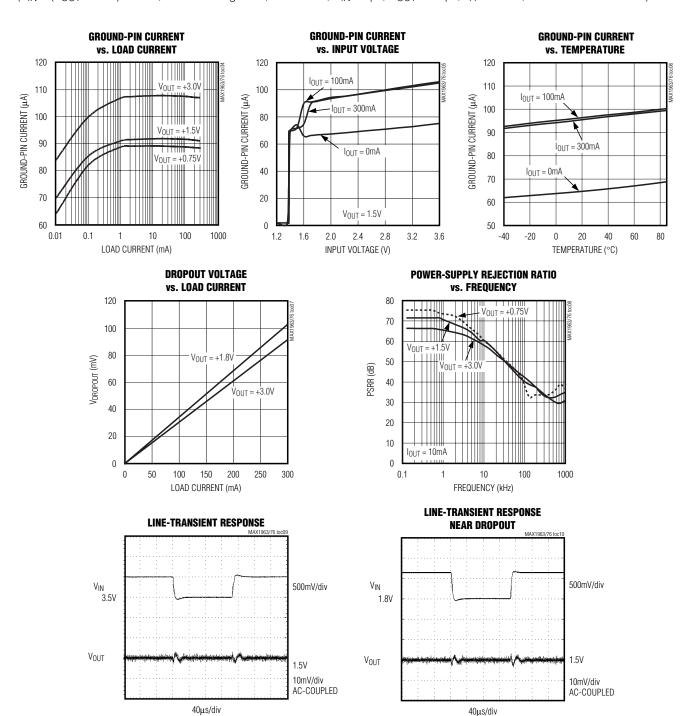






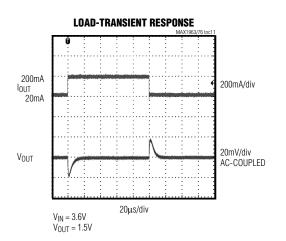
#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

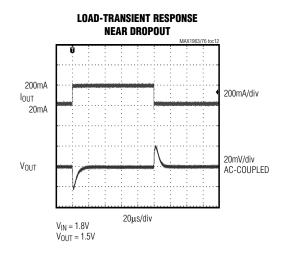
 $(V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V) \text{ or } 1.8V, \text{ whichever is greater; } \overline{SHDN} = IN, C_{IN} = 1\mu\text{F}, C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu\text{F}, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

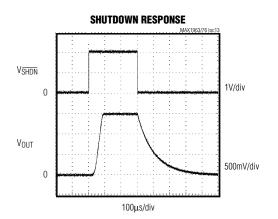


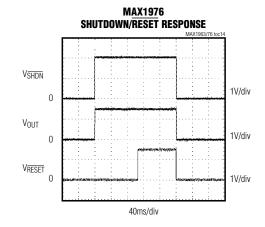
#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

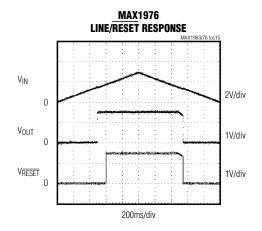
(V<sub>IN</sub> = (V<sub>OUT</sub> + 0.5V) or 1.8V, whichever is greater; SHDN = IN, C<sub>IN</sub> = 1μF, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.7μF, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)











#### **Pin Description**

_			
PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
SOT23	TDFN	NAME	TONCTION
1	6	IN	Regulator Input. Supply voltage can range from +1.62V to +3.6V. Bypass IN with at least a 1µF ceramic capacitor to GND (see the <i>Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability</i> section).
2	_	GND	Ground. GND also functions as a heatsink. Solder to a large pad or circuit-board ground plane to maximize SOT23 power dissipation.
_	4	GND	Ground
3	5	SHDN	Active-Low Shutdown Input. A logic low reduces supply current to below 1µA. Connect to IN or logic high for normal operation.
4	3	RESET	Open-Drain, Active-Low Reset Output. RESET rises 3.2ms (MAX1963) or 100ms (MAX1976) after the output has achieved regulation. RESET falls immediately if V <sub>OUT</sub> drops below 82.5% of its nominal voltage, or if the MAX1963/MAX1976 are shut down.
5	2	I.C.	Internally Connected. Leave floating or connect to GND.
6	1	OUT	Regulator Output. Sources up to 300mA. Bypass with a 4.7µF low-ESR ceramic capacitor to GND.
_	Exposed Pad	EP	Ground. EP also functions as a heatsink. Solder EP to a large pad or circuit-board ground plane to maximize TDFN power dissipation.

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX1963/MAX1976 are low-dropout, high-accuracy, low-quiescent-current linear regulators designed primarily for battery-powered applications. These devices supply loads up to 300mA and are available with preset output voltages from +0.75V to +3.0V. As illustrated in Figure 1, the MAX1963/MAX1976 consist of a reference, an error amplifier, a P-channel pass transistor, an internal feedback voltage-divider, and a power-good comparator.

The reference is connected to the error amplifier, which compares this reference with the feedback voltage and amplifies the difference. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage, the pass-transistor gate is pulled lower, which allows more current to pass to the output and increases the output voltage. If the feedback voltage is too high, the pass-transistor gate is pulled up, allowing less current to pass to the output.

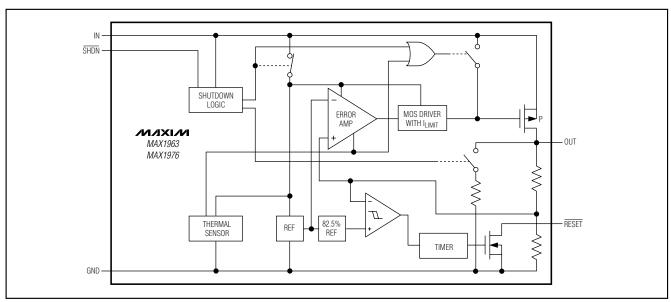


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

#### **Internal P-Channel Pass Transistor**

The MAX1963/MAX1976 feature a  $0.33\Omega$  (RDS(ON)) P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. Unlike similar designs using PNP pass transistors, P-channel MOSFETs require no base drive, which reduces quiescent current. PNP-based regulators also waste considerable current in dropout when the pass transistor saturates and use high base-drive currents under large loads. The MAX1963/MAX1976 do not suffer from these problems and consume only  $90\mu A$  (typ) of quiescent current under heavy loads, as well as in dropout.

#### Shutdown

Pull  $\overline{SHDN}$  low to enter shutdown. During shutdown, the output is disconnected from the input, an internal 1.5k $\Omega$  resistor pulls OUT to GND,  $\overline{RESET}$  is actively pulled low, and the supply current drops below 1 $\mu$ A.

#### **RESET** Output

The MAX1963/MAX1976 microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuitry asserts a guaranteed logic-low reset during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions down to +1V. RESET asserts when V<sub>OUT</sub> is below the reset threshold and remains asserted for at least t<sub>RP</sub> after V<sub>OUT</sub> rises above the reset threshold of regulation.

#### **Current Limit**

The MAX1963/MAX1976 monitor and control the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to 450mA (min). If the output exceeds  $I_{LIM}$ , the MAX1963/MAX1976 output voltage drops.

#### **Thermal-Overload Protection**

Thermal-overload protection limits total power dissipation in the MAX1963/MAX1976. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J=+165^{\circ}C$ , a thermal sensor turns off the pass transistor, allowing the IC to cool. The thermal sensor turns the pass transistor on again after the junction temperature cools by  $15^{\circ}C$ , resulting in a pulsed output during continuous thermal-overload conditions. Thermal-overload protection safeguards the MAX1963/MAX1976 in the event of fault conditions. For continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction-temperature rating of  $T_J=+150^{\circ}C$ .

#### **Operating Region and Power Dissipation**

The MAX1963/MAX1976 maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The power dissipated in the device is  $P = I_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ . The maximum allowed power dissipation is:

 $P_{MAX} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}) / (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA})$ 

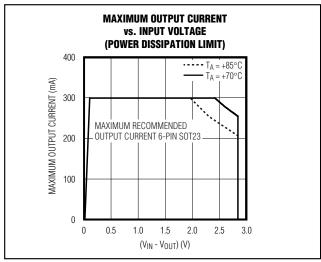


Figure 2. Power Operating Regions for the 6-Pin SOT23: Maximum Output Current vs. Input Voltage

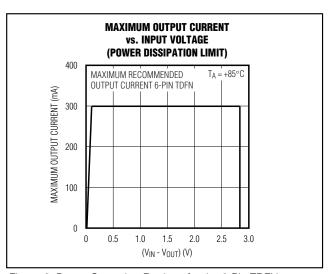


Figure 3. Power Operating Regions for the 6-Pin TDFN: Maximum Output Current vs. Input Voltage

where (T<sub>J</sub>(MAX) - T<sub>A</sub>) is the temperature difference between the MAX1963/MAX1976 die junction and the surrounding air,  $\theta_{JC}$  is the thermal resistance of the junction to the case, and  $\theta_{CA}$  is the thermal resistance from the case through the PC board, copper traces, and other materials to the surrounding air. For best heatsinking, expand the copper connected to the exposed paddle or GND.

The MAX1963/MAX1976 deliver up to 300mA and operate with an input voltage up to +3.6V. However, when using the 6-pin SOT23 version, high output currents can only be sustained when the input-output differential voltage is less than 2V, as shown in Figure 2.

The maximum allowed power dissipation for the 6-pin TDFN is 1.951W at  $T_A = +70^{\circ}$ C. Figure 3 shows that the maximum input-output differential voltage is not limited by the TDFN package power rating.

#### **Applications Information**

#### Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability

Capacitors are required at the MAX1963/MAX1976 input and output for stable operation over the full temperature range and with load currents up to 300mA. Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between IN and GND and a 4.7µF low-ESR ceramic capacitor between OUT and GND. The input capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>) lowers the source impedance of the input supply. Use larger output capacitors to reduce noise and improve load-transient response, stability, and power-supply rejection.

The output capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR) affects stability and output noise. Use output capacitors with an ESR of  $30m\Omega$  or less to ensure stability and optimize transient response. Surface-mount ceramic capacitors have very low ESR and are commonly available in values up to  $10\mu F$ . Connect  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  as close to the MAX1963/MAX1976 as possible to minimize the impact of PC board trace inductance.

#### Noise, PSRR, and Transient Response

The MAX1963/MAX1976 are designed to operate with low dropout voltages and low quiescent currents in battery-powered systems while still maintaining good noise, transient response, and AC rejection. See the *Typical Operating Characteristics* for a plot of Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) versus Frequency. When operating from noisy sources, improved supplynoise rejection and transient response can be achieved by increasing the values of the input and output bypass capacitors and through passive filtering techniques.

The MAX1963/MAX1976 load-transient response (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*) shows two components of the output response: a near-zero DC shift from the output impedance due to the load-current

change, and the transient response. A typical transient response for a step change in the load current from 20mA to 200mA is 20mV. Increasing the output capacitor's value and decreasing the ESR attenuates the overshoot.

#### Input-Output (Dropout) Voltage

A regulator's minimum input-output voltage difference (dropout voltage) determines the lowest usable supply voltage. In battery-powered systems, this determines the useful end-of-life battery voltage. Because the MAX1963/MAX1976 use a P-channel MOSFET pass transistor, the dropout voltage is a function of drain-to-source on-resistance (RDS(ON) =  $0.33\Omega$ ) multiplied by the load current (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

 $V_{DROPOUT} = V_{IN}$  -  $V_{OUT} = 0.33 \Omega \times I_{OUT}$  The MAX1963/MAX1976 ground current reduces to 70µA in dropout.

#### **Selector Guide**

Vout	V <sub>OUT</sub> SUFFIX		MAX1963 TOP MARK		1976 MARK
(*)		SOT	TDFN	SOT	TDFN
0.75	075	AABA	AFQ	AAAQ	AGA
0.85	085	_	_	AABP	AHD
1.00	100		_	AABL	AGC
1.10	110	_	_	AABM	AGD
1.20	120	AABE	AFU	AAAK	AGE
1.30	130	AABF	AFV	AABN	AGF
1.50	150	AABG	AFW	AAAL	AGG
1.60	160	_	_	AABO	AHC
1.80	180	AABH	AFX	AAAM	AGH
2.50	250	AABI	AFY	AAAN	AGI
2.85	285	_		AAAO	AGJ
3.00	300	AABJ	AFZ	AAAP	AGK

#### **Chip Information**

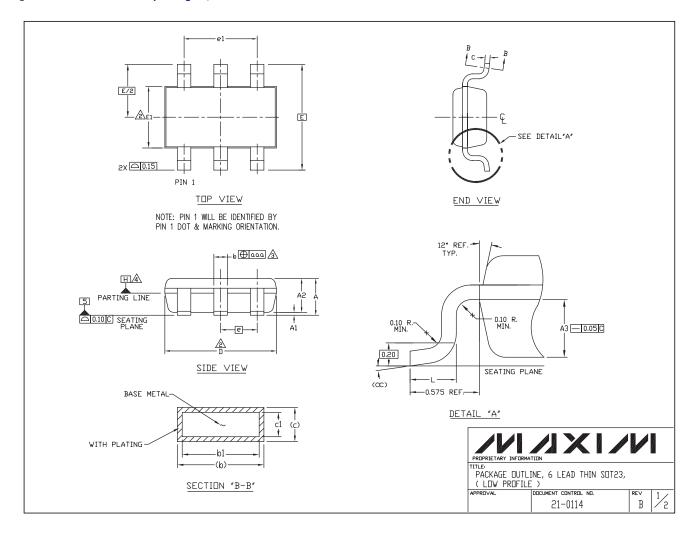
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 2556

PROCESS: BiCMOS

\_\_ /N/1XI/VI

#### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



#### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)

#### NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

"D" AND "E1" ARE REFERENCE DATUM AND DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, AND ARE MEASURED AT THE BOTTOM PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON "D" AND 0.25mm ON "E" PER SIDE.

THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.07mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

DATUM PLANE "H" LOCATED AT MOLD PARTING LINE AND COINCIDENT WITH LEAD, WHERE LEAD EXITS PLASTIC BODY AT THE BOTTOM OF PARTING LINE.

THE LEAD TIPS MUST LINE WITHIN A SPECIFIED TOLERANCE ZONE.

THIS TOLERANCE ZONE IS DEFINED BY TWO PARALLEL LINES. ONE
PLANE IS THE SEATING PLANE, DATUM [-C-]; AND THE OTHER
PLANE IS AT THE SPECIFIED DISTANCE FROM [-C-] IN THE
DIRECTION INDICATED. FORMED LEADS SHALL BE PLANAR WITH
RESPECT TO ONE ANOTHER WITH 0.10mm AT SEATING PLANE.

6. THIS PART IS COMPLIANT WITH JEDEC SPECIFICATION
MO-193 EXCEPT FOR THE "e" DIMENSION WHICH IS 0.95mm
INSTEAD OF 1.00mm. THIS PART IS IN FULL COMPLIANCE TO
EIAJ SPECIFICATION SC-74.

SYMBOLS							
	MIN NDM MAX						
А	_	-	1.10				
A1	0.05	0.075	0.10				
A2	0.85	0.88	0.90				
A3		0.50 BSC					
b	0.30	_	0.45				
b1	0.25	0.35	0.40				
C	0.15	_	0.20				
⊂1	0.12	0.127	0.15				
D	2.80	2.90	3.00				
E		2.75 BSC					
E1	1.55	1.60	1.65				
L	0.30	0.40	0.50				
e1	1.90 BSC						
е	0.95 BSC						
$\infty$	0-	4-	8-				
۵۵۵	0.20						

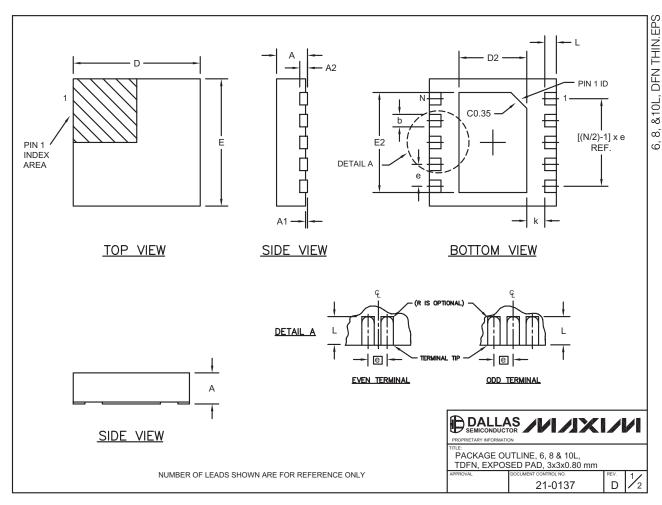


PACKAGE DUTLINE, 6 LEAD THIN SDT23,

| CLOW PROFILE )
| APPROVAL | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. | REV | 2 / 2 |
| 21-0114 | B | 2 / 2

#### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



#### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

COMMON DIMENSIONS					
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.			
Α	0.70	0.80			
D	2.90	3.10			
Е	2.90	3.10			
A1	0.00	0.05			
L	0.20	0.40			
k	0.25 MIN.				
A2	0.20 REF.				

PACKAGE VAR	RIATIONS	6					
PKG. CODE	N	D2	E2	е	JEDEC SPEC	b	[(N/2)-1] x e
T633-1	6	1.50-0.10	2.30-0.10	0.95 BSC	MO229 / WEEA	0.40-0.05	1.90 REF
T833-1	8	1.50-0.10	2.30-0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30-0.05	1.95 REF
T1033-1	10	1.50-0.10	2.30-0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25-0.05	2.00 REF

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
  2. COPLANARITY SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.08 mm.
  3. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.

- 4. PACKAGE LENGTH/PACKAGE WIDTH ARE CONSIDERED AS SPECIAL CHARACTERISTIC(S).
- 5. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO229, EXCEPT DIMENSIONS "D2" AND "E2".
- 6. "N" IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LEADS.



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

## Copyright © Each Manufacturing Company.

All Datasheets cannot be modified without permission.

This datasheet has been download from:

www.AllDataSheet.com

100% Free DataSheet Search Site.

Free Download.

No Register.

Fast Search System.

www.AllDataSheet.com