

Low Noise, Low Power, 32 Taps

X9315

17.60

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E²POT[™] Nonvolatile Digital Potentiometer

FEATURES

- Low Power CMOS
 - -V_{CC} = 2.7V to 5.5V, Single Supply
 - -Active Current, 50μA (Increment) max
 - -Active Current, 400µA (Store) Max
 - -Standby Current, 1µA Max
- Low Noise
- 31 Resistive Elements
 - —Temperature Compensated
 - $-\pm$ 20% End to End Resistance Range
 - -V_{SS} to V_{CC} Range
- 32 Wiper Tap Points
 - -Wiper Positioned via Three-Wire Interface
 - -Similar to TTL Up/Down Counter
 - -Wiper Position Stored in Nonvolatile Memory and Recalled on Power-Up
- 100 Year Wiper Position Data Retention
- X9315Z = 1KΩ
- X9315W = 10KΩ
- Packages
 - -8-Lead SOIC
 - -8-Lead MSOP
 - -8-Pin DIP

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

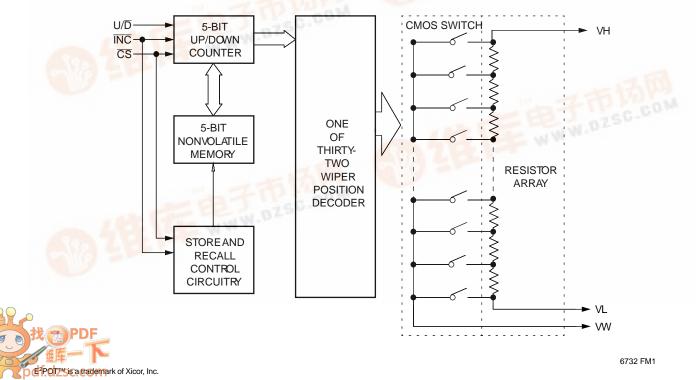
DESCRIPTION

The Xicor X9315 is a solid state "micropower" nonvolatile potentiometer and is ideal for digitally controlled resistance trimming.

The X9315 is a resistor array composed of 31 resistive elements. Between each element and at either end are tap points accessible to the wiper element. The position of the wiper element is controlled by the CS, U/D, and INC inputs. The position of the wiper can be stored in nonvolatile memory and then be recalled upon a subsequent power-up operation.

The resolution of the X9315 is equal to the maximum resistance value divided by 31. As an example, for the X9315W ($10K\Omega$) each tap point represents 323Ω .

All Xicor nonvolatile digital potentiometers are designed and tested for applications requiring extended endurance and data retention.



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

$V_{\text{H}} \text{ and } V_{\text{L}}$

The high (V_H) and low (V_L) terminals of the X9315 are equivalent to the fixed terminals of a mechanical potentiometer. The minimum voltage is V_{SS} and the maximum is V_{CC}. It should be noted that the terminology of V_L and V_H references the relative position of the terminal in relation to wiper movement direction selected by the U/ \overline{D} input and not the voltage potential on the terminal.

v_w

 V_w is the wiper terminal, equivalent to the movable terminal of a mechanical potentiometer. The position of the wiper within the array is determined by the control inputs. The wiper terminal series resistance is typically 400 Ω .

Up/Down (U/D)

The U/\overline{D} input controls the direction of the wiper movement and whether the counter is incremented or decremented.

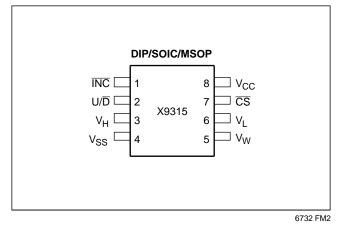
Increment (INC)

The $\overline{\text{INC}}$ input is negative-edge triggered. Toggling $\overline{\text{INC}}$ will move the wiper and either increment or decrement the counter in the direction indicated by the logic level on the U/D input.

Chip Select (CS)

The device is selected when the \overline{CS} input is LOW. The current counter value is stored in nonvolatile memory when \overline{CS} is returned HIGH while the \overline{INC} input is also HIGH. After the store operation is complete the X9315 will be placed in the low power standby mode until the device is selected once again.

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN NAMES

Symbol	Description
V _H	High Terminal
Vw	Wiper Terminal
VL	Low Terminal
V _{SS}	Ground
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage
U/D	Up/Down Input
ĪNC	Increment Input
CS	Chip Select Input

6732 FM T01

DEVICE OPERATION

There are three sections of the X9315: the input control, counter and decode section; the nonvolatile memory; and the resistor array. The input control section operates just like an up/down counter. The output of this counter is decoded to turn on a single electronic switch connecting a point on the resistor array to the wiper output. Under the proper conditions the contents of the counter can be stored in nonvolatile memory and retained for future use. The resistor array is comprised of 31 individual resistors connected in series. At either end of the array and between each resistor is an electronic switch that transfers the potential at that point to the wiper.

The \overline{INC} , U/D and \overline{CS} inputs control the movement of the wiper along the resistor array. With \overline{CS} set LOW the X9315 is selected and enabled to respond to the U/D and \overline{INC} inputs. HIGH to LOW transitions on \overline{INC} will increment or decrement (depending on the state of the U/D input) a seven bit counter. The output of this counter is decoded to select one of thirty two wiper positions along the resistive array.

The wiper, when at either fixed terminal, acts like its mechanical equivalent and does not move beyond the last position. That is, the counter does not wrap around when clocked to either extreme.

The value of the counter is stored in nonvolatile memory whenever \overline{CS} transistions HIGH while the \overline{INC} input is also HIGH.

When the X9315 is powered-down, the last counter position stored will be maintained in the nonvolatile memory. When power is restored, the contents of the memory are recalled and the counter is reset to the value last stored.

Operation Notes

The system may select the X9315, move the wiper and deselect the device without having to store the latest wiper position in nonvolatile memory. The wiper movement is performed as described above; once the new position is reached, the system would the keep \overline{INC} LOW while taking \overline{CS} HIGH. The new wiper position would be maintained until changed by the system or until a power-up/down cycle recalled the previously stored data.

This would allow the system to always power-up to a preset value stored in nonvolatile memory; then during system operation minor adjustments could be made. The adjustments might be based on user preference, system parameter changes due to temperature drift, etc...

The state of U/\overline{D} may be changed while \overline{CS} remains LOW. This allows the host system to enable the X9315 and then move the wiper up and down until the proper trim is attained.

SYMBOL TABLE

WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	Must be steady	Will be steady
	May change from Low to High	Will change from Low to High
	May change from High to Low	Will change from High to Low
	Don't Care: Changes Allowed	Changing: State Not Known
	N/A	Center Line is High Impedance
		6722 EM 2

6732 FM 3

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Temperature under Bias–65°C to +135°C
Storage Temperature–65°C to +150°C
Voltage on \overline{CS} , \overline{INC} , U/ \overline{D} V _H , V _L and V _{CC}
with Respect to V _{SS} –1V to +7V
$\Delta V = V_H - V_L \dots 5V$
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 seconds)
Wiper Current±1mA

ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics

Temperature under Bias	65°C to +135°C
End-to-End Resistance Tolerance	±20%
Power Rating at 25°C	10mW
Wiper Current	±1mA Max.
Typical Wiper Resistance	
Typical Noise	<−140dB√ ⁻ Hz Ref: 1V

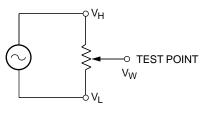
Resolution

Resistance	3%

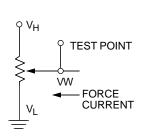
Linearity

Absolute Linearity ⁽¹⁾)±1.0 MI ⁽²⁾
Relative Linearity ⁽³⁾	±0.2 MI ⁽²⁾

Test Circuit #1



6732 FM 4



6732 FM 5

- Notes: (1) Absolute Linearity is utilized to determine actual wiper voltage versus expected voltage = (V_{w(n)}(actual) – V_{w(n)}(expected)) = ±1 MI Maximum.
 - (2) 1 MI = Minimum Increment = $R_{TOT}/31$.
 - (3) Relative Linearity is a measure of the error in step size between taps = $V_{W(n+1)} [V_{w(n)} + MI] = +0.2 \text{ MI}.$

*COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and the functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

Temperature Coefficient

Wiper Adjustability

Physical Characteristics

Marking Includes Manufacturer's Trademark Resistance Value or Code Date Code

Test Circuit #2

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Temperature	Min.	Max.	Supply Voltage	Limits
Commercial	0°C	+70°C	X9315	5V ±10%
Industrial	-40°C	+85°C	X9315-2.7	2.7V to 5.5V
		6732 PGM T02		6732 PGM T03

D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified.)

		Limits			Limits				
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.(4)	Max.	Units	Test Conditions			
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Active Current (Increment)			50	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{IL}, U/\overline{D} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH} \text{ and}$ INC = 0.4V/2.4V @ max. t _{CYC}			
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Active Current (Store)			400	μΑ	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}, U/\overline{D} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$ and $\overline{INC} = V_{IH}$			
I _{SB}	Standby Supply Current			1	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \text{U/}\overline{\text{D}} \text{ and}$ $\overline{\text{INC}} = \text{V}_{\text{SS}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}$			
ILI	CS, INC, U/D Input			±10	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC}			
	Leakage Current								
V _{IH}	CS, INC, U/D Input	2		V _{CC} + 1	V				
	HIGH Voltage								
V _{IL}	CS, INC, U/D Input	-0.5		0.8	V				
	LOW Voltage								
R _W	Wiper Resistence		400	1000	Ω	Max. Wiper Current ±1mA			
V _{VH}	VH Terminal Voltage	V _{SS}		V _{CC}	V				
V _{VL}	VL Terminal Voltage	V _{SS}		V _{CC}	V				
C _{IN} (5)	CS, INC, U/D Input			10	pF	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{SS},$			
	Capacitance					T _A = 25°C, f = 1MHz			

6732 PGM T04

STANDARD PARTS

Part Number	Maximum Resistance	Wiper Increments	Minimum Resistance
X9315Z	1KΩ	32.3Ω	100Ω
X9315W	10ΚΩ	323Ω	100Ω
		•	6732 PGM T05

Notes: (4) Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage.

(5) This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

A.C. CONDITIONS OF TEST

Input Pulse Levels	0V to 3V
Input Rise and Fall Times	10ns
Input Reference Levels	1.5V

6732 PGM T06

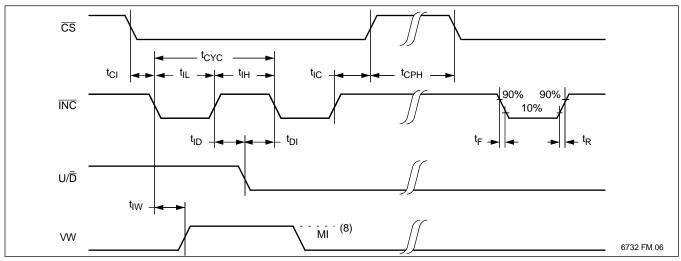
MODE SELECTION

CS	INC	U/D	Mode
L		Н	Wiper Up
L	┥	L	Wiper Down
	Н	Х	Store Wiper Position
Н	Х	Х	Standby
	L	Х	No Store, Return to Standby
•			6732 PGM T07

A.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified)

			Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур. ⁽⁶⁾	Max.	Units	
t _{CI}	CS to INC Setup	100			ns	
t _{ID}	INC HIGH to U/D Change	100			ns	
t _{DI}	U/D to INC Setup	2.9			μs	
t _{IL}	INC LOW Period	1			μs	
t _{IH}	INC HIGH Period	1			μs	
t _{IC}	INC Inactive to CS Inactive	1			μs	
t _{CPH}	CS Deselect Time (NO STORE)	100			ns	
t _{IW}	INC to Vw Change		1	5	μs	
t _{CYC}	INC Cycle Time	4			μs	
t _R , t _F (7)	INC Input Rise and Fall Time			500	μs	
t _{PU} (7)	Power up to Wiper Stable			5	μs	
t _R V _{CC} ⁽⁷⁾	V _{CC} Power-up Rate	0.2		50	mV/μs	
t _{WR}	Store Cycle		5	10	ms	
					6732 PGM	

A.C. TIMING

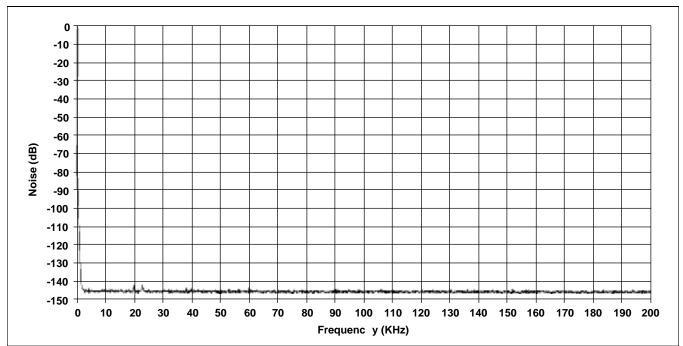


Notes: (6) Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage.

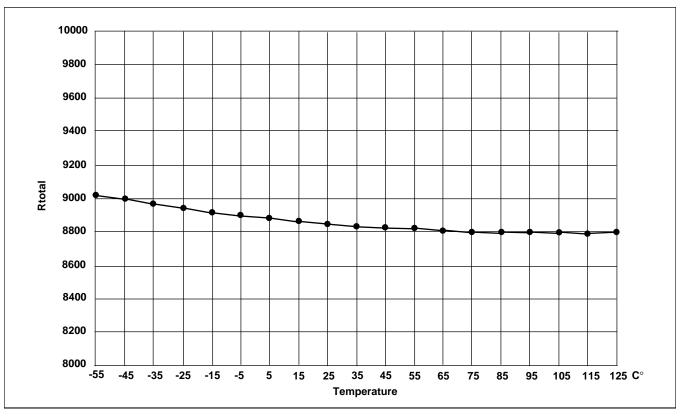
(7) This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.
(8) MI in the A.C. timing diagram refers to the minimum incremental change in the V_W output due to a change in the wiper position.

X9315

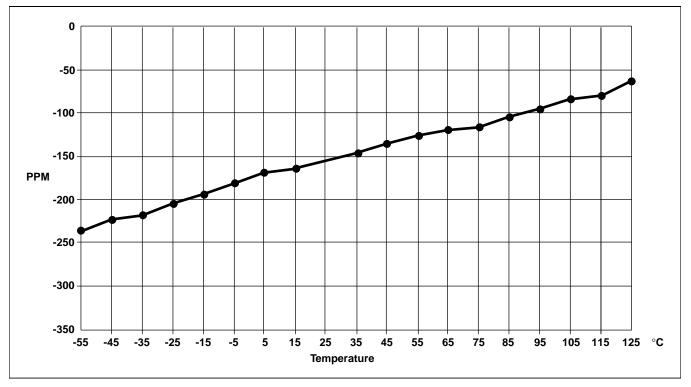
TYPICAL NOISE



TYPICAL RTOTAL vs. TEMPERATURE

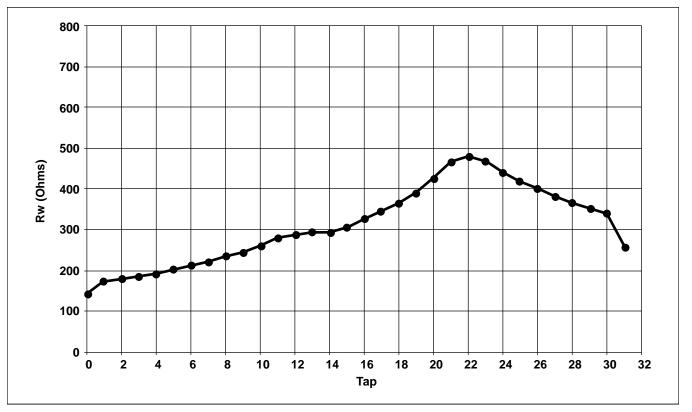


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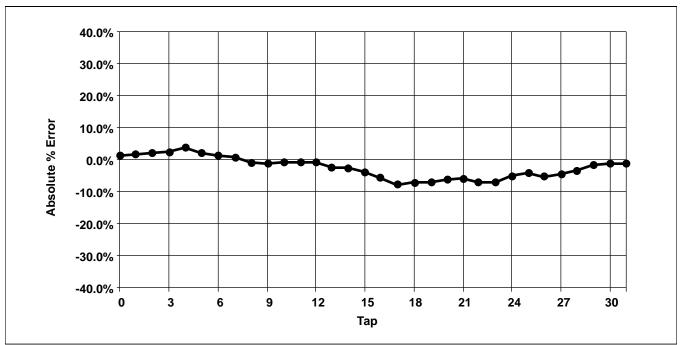


TYPICAL TOTAL RESISTANCE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

TYPICAL WIPER RESISTANCE

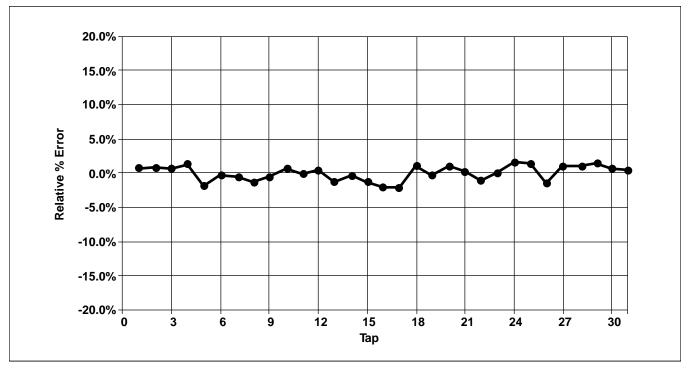


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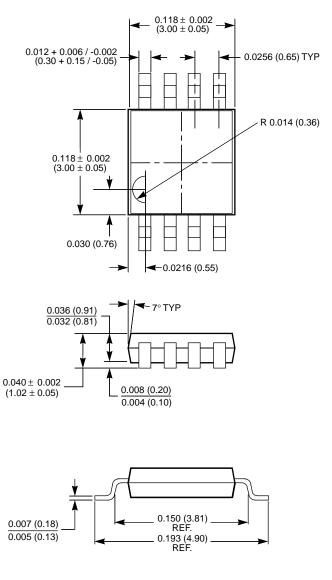


TYPICAL ABSOLUTE % ERROR PER TAP POSITION

TYPICAL RELATIVE % ERROR PER TAP POSITION



PACKAGING INFORMATION



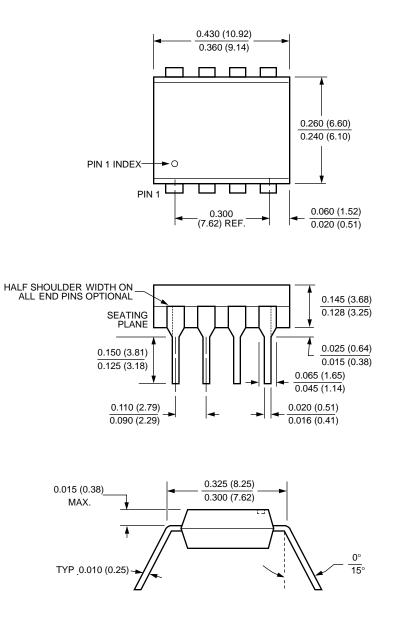
8-LEAD MINIATURE SMALL OUTLINE GULL WING PACKAGE TYPE M



3003 ILL 01

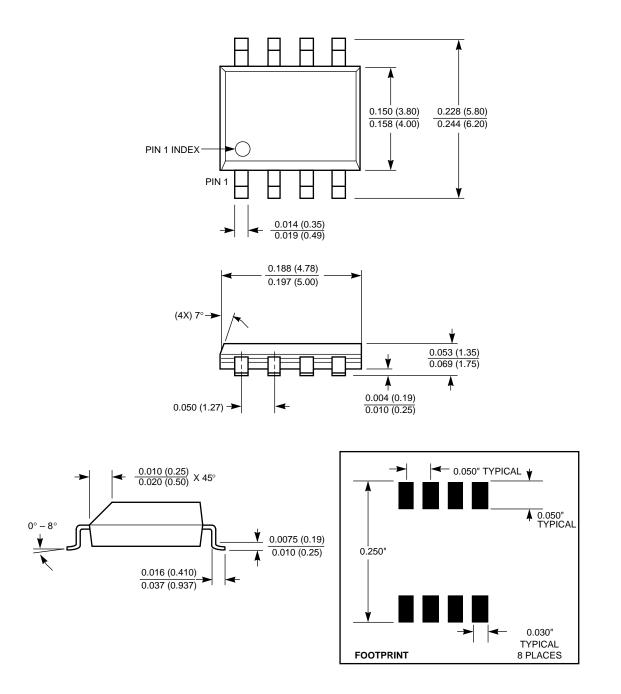
PACKAGING INFORMATION





NOTE: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS) 2. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS EXCLUDE MOLDING FLASH

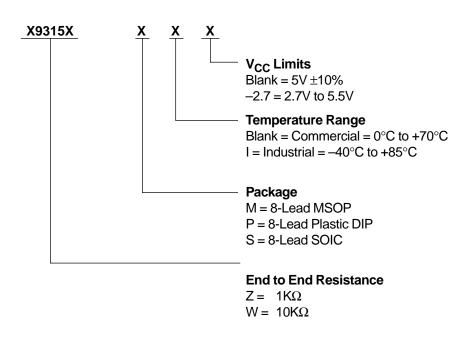
PACKAGING INFORMATION



8-LEAD PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE GULL WING PACKAGE TYPE S

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)

ORDERING INFORMATION



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LIFE RELATED POLICY

In situations where semiconductor component failure may endanger life, system designers using this product should design the system with appropriate error detection and correction, redundancy and back-up features to prevent such an occurence.

Xicor's products are not authorized for use in critical components in life support devices or systems.

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.