

SONY

CXA1870S

Color TV Y/C/Jungle

Description

The CXA1870S is a bipolar IC which integrates the NTSC color TV luminance signal processing, chroma signal processing, sync signal processing, and RGB signal processing onto a single chip.

Features

- I²C bus compatible. Various types of adjustments and user controls performed with two bus lines SCL and SDA.
- H and V oscillation frequencies made non-adjusting with a countdown system.
- Non-adjusting Y system filters (chroma trap, delay line)
- Built-in V picture distortion correction circuit
- Built-in delay line aperture compensation
- Auto cut-off function for automatic CRT cut-off adjustment and compensation for changes with time
- Multiple inputs

Composite video: 2 systems

(Built-in 2-input, 1-output video switch)

Y/C separation input: 1 system

On screen display input: 1 system

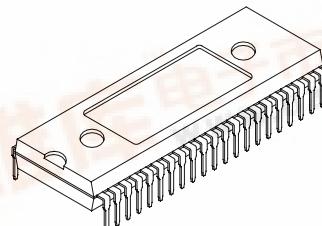
Applications

- Color TV

Structure

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC

42 pin SDIP (Plastic)



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25 °C)

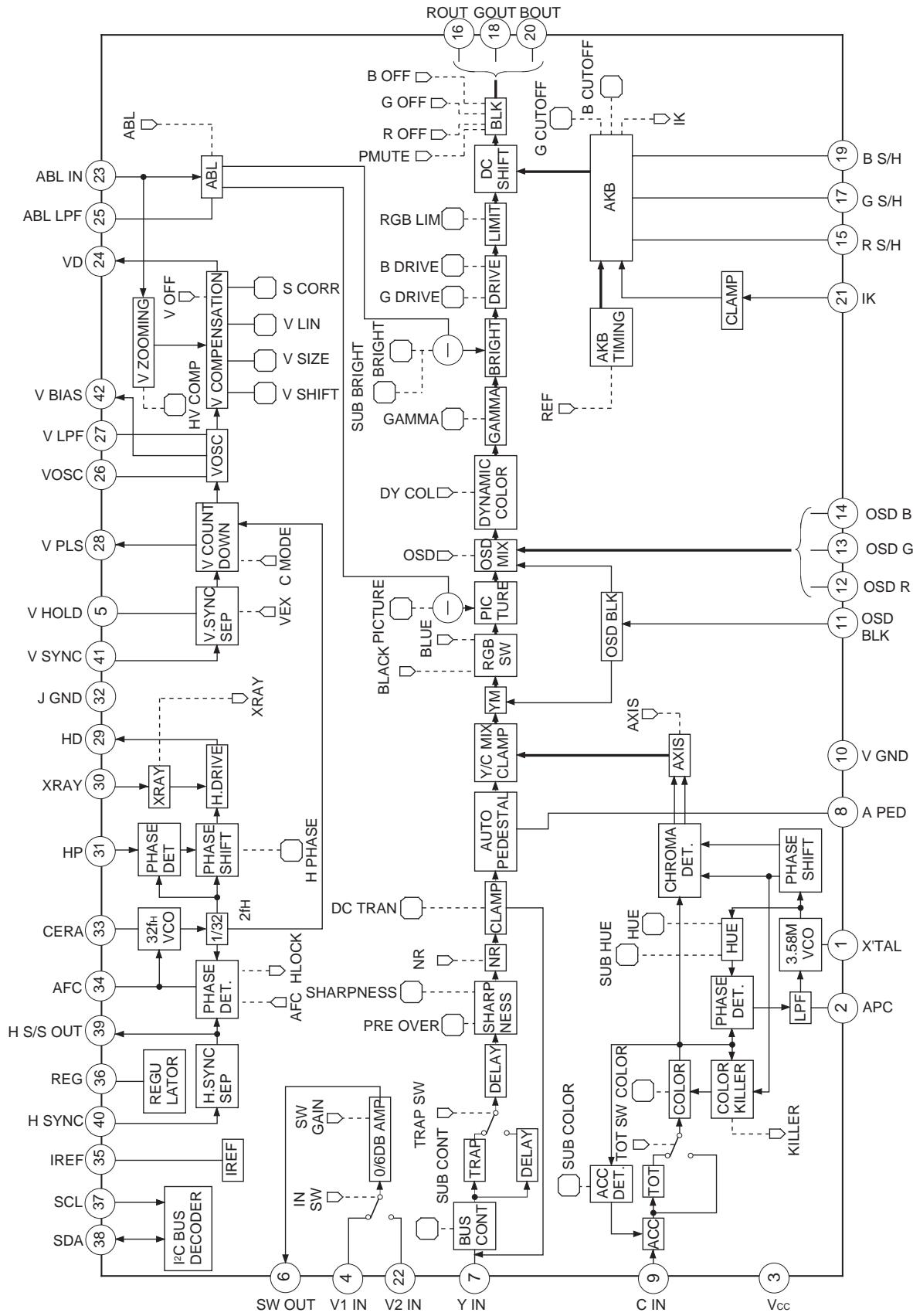
| | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|-------------|----|
| • Supply voltage | Vcc | 12 | V |
| • Operating temperature | Topr | -20 to +75 | °C |
| • Storage temperature | Tstg | -65 to +150 | °C |
| • Allowable power dissipation | Pd | 1.73 | W |

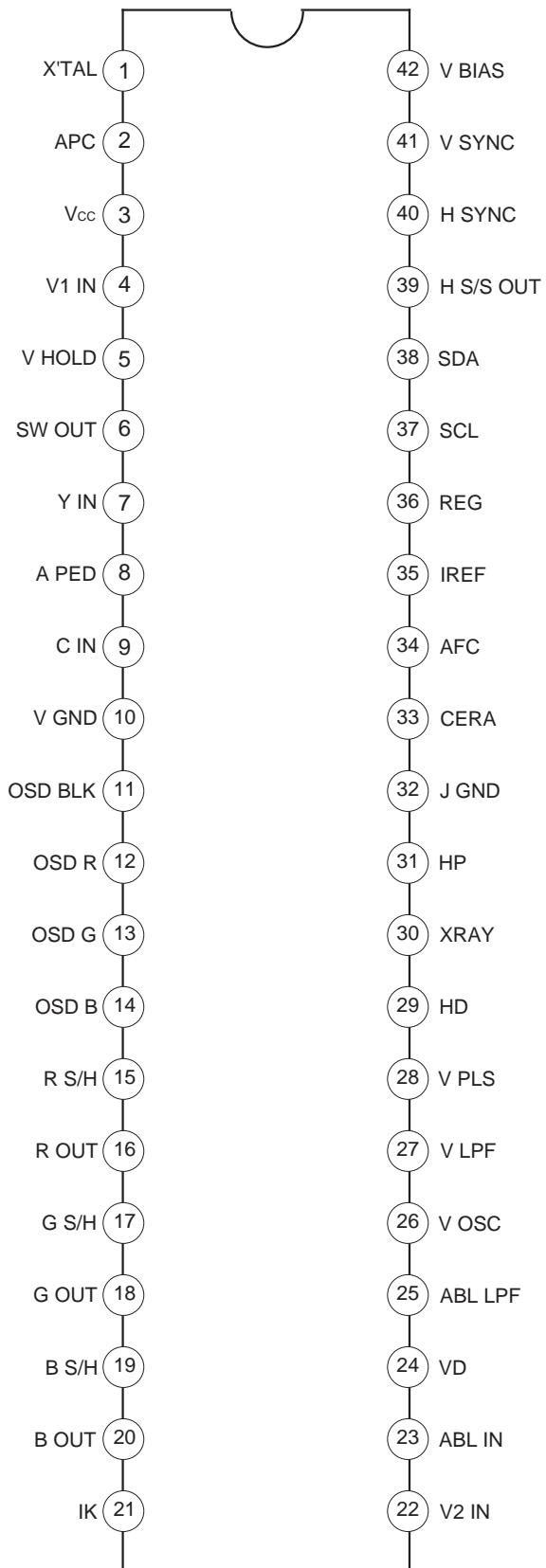
Recommended Operating Conditions

| | | | |
|----------------|-----|-------|---|
| Supply voltage | Vcc | 9±0.5 | V |
|----------------|-----|-------|---|

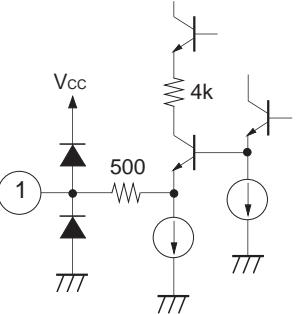
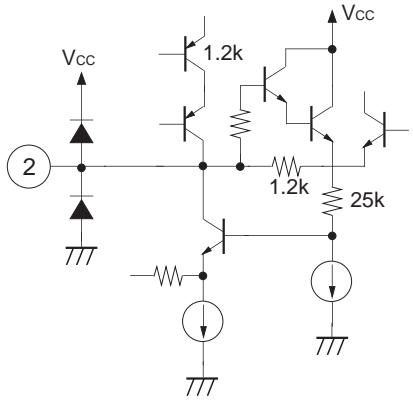
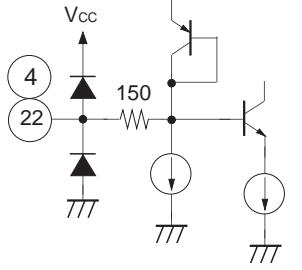
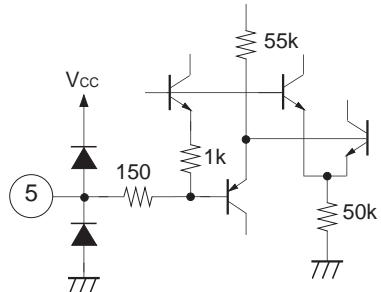
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Block Diagram

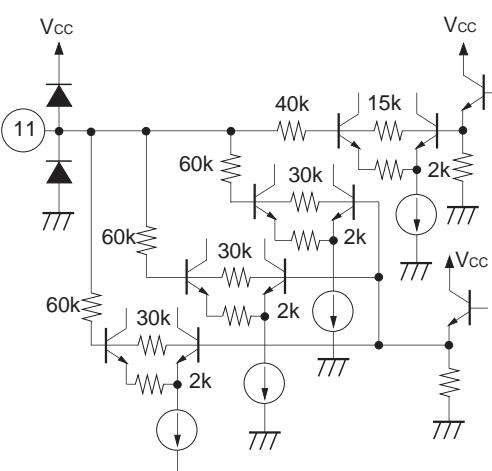
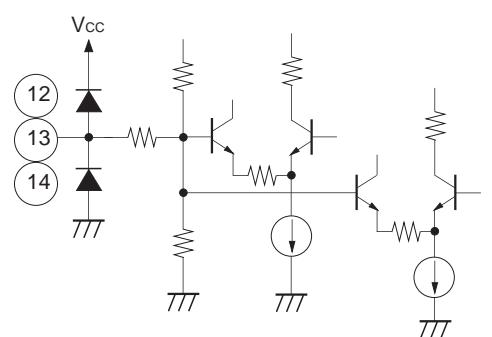
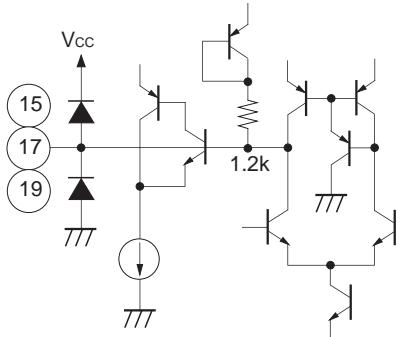
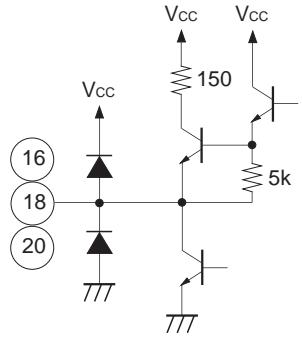


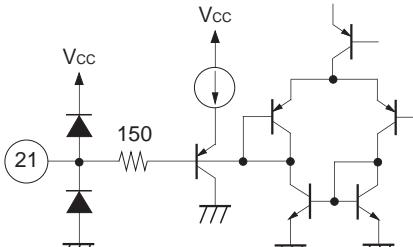
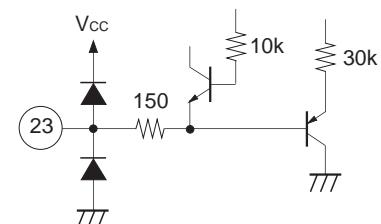
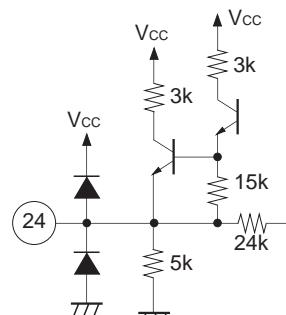
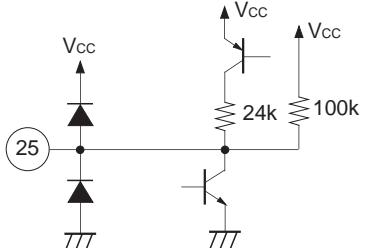
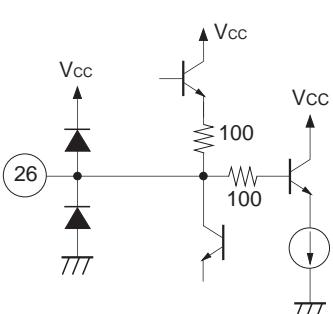
Pin Configuration

Pin Description

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|---------|----------------|-------------|---|---|
| 1 | X'TAL | 2.6 V |  | Connect a 3.58 MHz crystal oscillator. |
| 2 | APC | 5 V |  | APC lag-lead filter CR connection pin. |
| 3 | Vcc | 9 V | | Power supply pin. |
| 4 22 | V1 IN V2 IN | 2 V |  | Video switch input pins. Sync tip clamping is performed, so input via capacitors. |
| 5 | V HOLD | 0.7 V |  | Peak hold pin for V sync separation. Connect a capacitor. |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|---------|--------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| 6 | SW OUT | — | | Video switch output pin. |
| 7 | Y IN | 3.5 V | | Y signal input pin. Input via a capacitor. Standard input level: 2 Vp-p |
| 8 | A PED | 3.5 V | | Auto pedestal (black elongation) black peak hold pin. Connect a capacitor. |
| 9 | C IN | — | | Chroma signal input pin. Standard input level (burst level): 570 mVp-p |
| 10 | V GND | — | | Video system (Y/C/RGB) GND pin. |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|--|
| 11 | OSD BLK | — |  | Blanking signal input pin for OSD RGB input. 0 to 1 V: Blanking not performed. 2 to 3 V: Signal from Y IN/C IN lowered by -6 dB. 4 to 6 V: R, G and B outputs become lower than black level. |
| 12 13 14 | OSD R OSD G OSD B | — |  | Digital R, G and B signal input pins for on screen display. 0 to 1 V: No OSD display. 2 to 3 V: OSD level = 46 IRE (33 IRE) 4 to 6 V: OSD level = 92 IRE (65 IRE) Figures in parentheses are for when the I ² C OSD register is set to 0. |
| 15 17 19 | R S/H G S/H B S/H | — |  | Sample-and-hold pins for R, G and B AKB (Auto Kinetic Bias). Connect to GND via capacitors. |
| 16 18 20 | R OUT G OUT B OUT | — |  | R, G and B output pins. |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|---------|---------|-------------|---|--|
| 21 | IK | — |  | Inputs the signal obtained by converting the CRT beam current (Ik) into voltage. Connect to an emitter follower via a capacitor. |
| 23 | ABL IN | — |  | ABL voltage input pin. |
| 24 | VD | — |  | Vertical deflection sawtooth wave output pin. |
| 25 | ABL LPF | — |  | ABL signal LPF pin. Connect a capacitor. |
| 26 | V OSC | — |  | Connect a capacitor to generate the V sawtooth wave. |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|---------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 27 | V LPF | 5 V | | Connect a capacitor to hold the AGC voltage which maintains the V sawtooth wave at a constant amplitude. |
| 28 | V PLS | — | | V pulse output pin. A negative polarity pulse 3 to 3.5 H width is output from this pin. High level: 4.5 V Low level: 0 V |
| 29 | HD | — | | H drive output pin. This pin is output at the open collector. |
| 30 | XRAY | — | | X-ray protection circuit input pin. When a pulse with a width of 7 V or more is input, HD output becomes low and R, G and B outputs are blanked. This status is maintained until the power supply is turned off. Vilmax = 2.4 V Vihmin = 3.0 V |
| 31 | HP | 3.3 V (at no signal) | | H pulse input pin. Inputs a 3 to 5 Vp-p signal via a capacitor. |
| 32 | J GND | — | | Jungle system (H/V) GND pin. |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|----------|------------|-------------|--------------------|---|
| 33 | CERA | 2.3 V | | Connect a 32 fh (503.5 kHz) ceramic oscillator. |
| 34 | AFC | 3.2 V | | AFC lag-lead filter CR connection pin. |
| 35 | IREF | 2.6 V | | Connect a 15 kΩ resistor between this pin and GND. |
| 36 | REG | 7 V | | Regulator pin for voltage generated internally from Vcc. Connect a capacitor for stabilization. |
| 37 38 | SCL SDA | — | | I ² C bus SCL (Serial Clock) and SDA (Serial Data) pins. Vilmax = 1.5 V Vihmin = 3 V Volmax = 0.4 V |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Pin voltage | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|---------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| 39 | H S/S OUT | — | | H sync separation pulse output. A positive polarity pulse is output from this pin. High level: 4.6 V Low level: 0 V |
| 40 | H SYNC | 2.6 V | | H sync separation input pin. Inputs a 2 Vp-p video signal via a capacitor and resistor. |
| 41 | V SYNC | 3.4 V | | V sync separation input pin. Inputs a 2 Vp-p video signal via a capacitor and resistor. |
| 42 | V BIAS | 3.8 V | | The V oscillator reference voltage is output from this pin. |

Electrical Characteristics

Setting conditions

- $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{cc} = 9\text{ V}$
- I²C bus register should be set to “I²C Bus Register Initial Settings”.

| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|-----------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | Current consumption 1 | ICC1 | | 3 | Measure the V_{cc} pin inflow current. | 53 | 80 | 110 | mA |

H system items

| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | |
|-----|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| 2 | Horizontal free running frequency | Hfree | | 29 | | 15.60 | 15.78 | 15.96 | kHz | |
| 3 | Horizontal sync pull-in range | ΔH | Video In: Sig-H2,H3 AFC: 0 | | Check that I ² C register HLOCK is 1. | -400 | — | 400 | μs | |
| 4 | AFC gain 1 | AFCmax | Video In: Sig-H6 AFC: 0 | 31 | t1: Video In: Time from fall of Sig-H6 to rise of Pin 31. | AFCmax=t1-t2 | 0.12 | 0.3 | 0.48 | μs |
| | | | Video In: Sig-H7 AFC: 0 | | t2: Video In: Time from fall of Sig-H7 to rise of Pin 31. | | — | 0.5 | — | μs |
| 5 | AFC gain 2 | AFCcen | Video In: Sig-H6 AFC: 1 | 31 | | AFCcen=t1-t2 | — | 0.5 | — | μs |
| | | | Video In: Sig-H7 AFC: 1 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | AFC gain 3 | AFCmin | Video In: Sig-H6 AFC: 2 | 31 | | AFCmin=t1-t2 | 0.75 | 1.2 | 1.75 | μs |
| | | | Video In: Sig-H7 AFC: 2 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | HD output pulse width | HD, W | Video In: Sig-H1 | 29 | | | 24 | 26 | 28 | μs |
| 8 | HD output high level | HD, H | Video In: Sig-H1 | | | | 8.7 | 9 | — | V |
| 9 | HD output low level | HD, L | Video In: Sig-H1 | | | | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 | V |
| 10 | Horizontal phase operating range 1 | HPHmax | Video In: Sig-Y11 HPHASE: F | 20 31 | | | -4.3 | -3.3 | -2.3 | μs |
| 11 | Horizontal phase operating range 2 | HPHcen | Video In: Sig-Y11 HPHASE: 7 | | | | -1.5 | -0.5 | 0.5 | μs |
| 12 | Horizontal phase operating range 3 | HPHmin | Video In: Sig-Y11 HPHASE: 0 | | | | 1.3 | 2.3 | 3.3 | μs |
| 13 | HP blanking delay time 1 | HPBLK1 | Video In: Sig-Y11 | 20 31 | | | — | 100 | — | ns |
| 14 | HP blanking delay time 2 | HPBLK2 | | | | | — | 100 | — | ns |
| 15 | HSS OUT high level | HSS, H | | 39 | | | 4 | 4.6 | 5 | V |
| 16 | HSS OUT low level | HSS, L | | | | | 0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | V |
| 17 | Overtoltage protection circuit VHT | XVTH | | 30 | Check that HD appears at 2.4 V and disappears at 2.8 V. | | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | V |

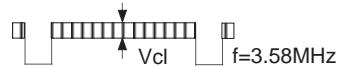
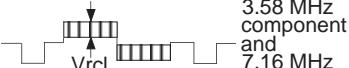
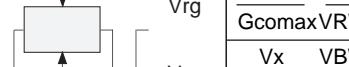
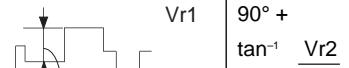
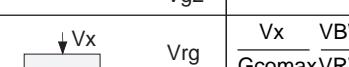
V system items

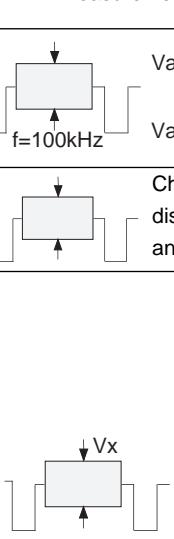
| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|------|------|------|----|--|
| 18 | VBias | V _{Bias} | | 42 | Measure the pin voltage. | | 3.8 | | V | | |
| 19 | V PLS high level | VPLS, H | Video In: Sig-V1 | 28 | | 4 | 4.5 | 5 | V | | |
| 20 | V PLS low level | VPLS, L | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | VD output center voltage | VDcen | V SHIFT: F | Video In: Sig-V1 | | V _b | 2.75 | 2.9 | 3.05 | V | |
| 22 | V SHIFT variable range 1 | VSHIFT- | V SHIFT: 0 | | | V _b -VDcen | -140 | -125 | -115 | mV | |
| 23 | V SHIFT variable range 2 | VSHIFT+ | V SHIFT: 1F | | | V _b -VDcen | 110 | 120 | 140 | mV | |
| 24 | V SIZE variable range 1 | VSIZE- | V SIZE: 0 | | | V _c -Va | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | V | |
| 25 | V SIZE variable range 2 | VSIZE+ | V SIZE: 3F | | | V _c -Va | 1.5 | 1.65 | 1.8 | V | |
| 26 | S CORR variable range 1 | Δ Sa | S CORR: 0 | | | V _a =Va V _{sc} =V _c | 45 | 65 | 85 | mV | |
| 27 | S CORR variable range 2 | Δ Sc | S CORR: F | | | V _a -V _{sa} | | | | | |
| 28 | V LIN variable range 1 | Δ La | V LIN: 0 | 24 | | V _c -V _{sc} | -55 | -35 | -15 | mV | |
| 29 | V LIN variable range 2 | Δ Lc | V LIN: F | | | V _{la} =Va V _{lc} =V _c | 90 | 120 | 140 | mV | |
| 30 | V zooming 1 | ΔVZ1 | HV COMP: 0, Pin 23: 6 V | | | V _a -V _{la} | | | | | |
| | | | HV COMP: 7, Pin 23: 6 V | | | V _c -V _{lc} | 60 | 90 | 110 | mV | |
| | | | HV COMP: 0, Pin 23: 0 V | | | V _{smin} = V _c -Va | 0 | 3 | 15 | mV | |
| 31 | V zooming 2 | ΔVZ2 | HV COMP: 7, Pin 23: 0 V | | | V _{smax} = V _c -Va | | | | | |
| | | | | | | V _{smin} - (V _c -Va) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | V _{smax} - (V _c -Va) | 60 | 80 | 100 | mV | |

Y system items

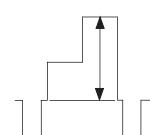
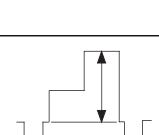
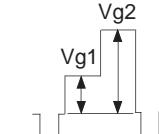
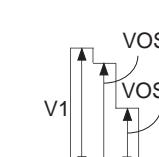
| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------|------|-----|---|--|
| 32 | R output level | VR | Video In: Sig-Y1 | 16 | | — | 2.5 | — | V | | | |
| 33 | Sub-contrast variable range 1 | Gsc, max | SUBCONT: F | | $20\log \frac{Vsc1}{VR}$ | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | dB | | | |
| 34 | Sub-contrast variable range 2 | Gsc, min | SUBCONT: 0 | | $20\log \frac{Vsc2}{VR}$ | -3.8 | -33 | -2.8 | dB | | | |
| 35 | Trap attenuation | ATTtrap | TRAP SW: 0 TRAP SW: 1 | 16 | | $20\log \frac{Vtr2}{Vtr1}$ | — | -30 | -20 | dB | | |
| 36 | Sharpness characteristics 1 | Gsh, max | SHARP NESS: F | | | | 5.5 | 7.0 | 8.5 | dB | | |
| 37 | Sharpness characteristics 2 | Gsh, cen | SHARP NESS: 7 | 16 | | | 1.5 | 2.5 | 4.5 | dB | | |
| 38 | Sharpness characteristics 3 | Gsh, min | SHARP NESS: 0 | | | | -7.5 | -5.5 | -4.5 | dB | | |
| 39 | RGB output frequency response | Gfreq | Video In: Sig-Y4, Y6 | 16 18 20 | | $20\log \frac{Vf2}{Vf1}$ | -6 | -3.5 | 0 | dB | | |
| 40 | DC transmission rate 1 | Gdt1 | DC TRAN: 0 | 16 | | | $\frac{Vdw-Vdb}{Vdpp}$ | 96 | 99 | 100 | % | |
| 41 | DC transmission rate 2 | Gdt2 | DC TRAN: 7 | | | | $\frac{Vdw-Vdb}{Vdpp}$ | 73 | 78 | 85 | % | |
| 42 | Auto pedestal operation 1 | Vdp1 | Pin 8: 3 V Pin 8: 5 V | 16 | | $Voff-Von$ | 280 | 340 | 400 | mV | | |
| 43 | Auto pedestal operation 2 | Vdp2 | Pin 8: 3 V Pin 8: OPEN | | | | | | | | | |
| 44 | NR operation | Gnr | NR: 1 NR: 0 | 16 | | $20\log \frac{Von}{Voff}$ | -5.5 | -4 | -2.5 | dB | | |
| 45 | SW gain 1 | Gsw1 | SW GAIN: 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | SW gain 2 | Gsw2 | SW GAIN: 0 | 4, 22 6 | | $20\log \frac{Vout}{Vin}$ | 5.5 | 6 | 6.5 | dB | | |
| | | | | | | | -0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | dB | | |

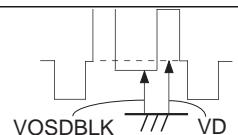
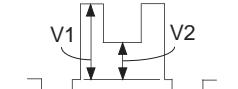
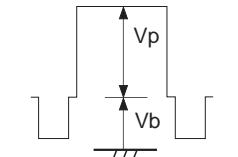
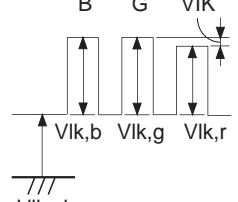
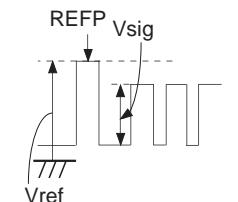
C system items

| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------|--|---|------|------|---------|
| 47 | APC pull-in range 1 | Δf_{apc1} | Video-In: Sig-H1 C In: Sig-C1, C2 | 20 | Check that the burst frequency is changed to 3579545 ± 400 Hz and pulled in. | -400 | — | 400 | Hz |
| 48 | Carrier leak | Vcl | Video-In: Sig-H1 COLOR: 3F SUBCOLOR: F | 20 |  | — | — | 50 | mV |
| 49 | Residual carrier level | Vrcl | Video-In: Sig-H1 C In: Sig-C3 COLOR: 3F SUBCOLOR: F | 20 |  | — | — | 200 | mV |
| 50 | Color output level | Vco, cen | | | | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.2 | V |
| 51 | Color variable range 1 | Gco, max | COLOR: 3F | | | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.6 | dB |
| 52 | Color variable range 2 | Gco, min | COLOR: 0 | | | — | -50 | -40 | dB |
| 53 | Sub-color variable range 1 | Gsc, max | SUB COLOR : F | | | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.3 | dB |
| 54 | Sub-color variable range 2 | Gsc, min | SUB COLOR : 0 | | | -5.4 | -3.7 | -2.0 | dB |
| 55 | Hue variable range 1 | ϕ cen | | | | -10 | 0 | 10 | deg |
| 56 | Hue variable range 2 | ϕ max | HUE: 3F | | | -56 | -46 | -36 | deg |
| 57 | Hue variable range 3 | ϕ min | HUE: 0 | | | 20 | 30 | 40 | deg |
| 58 | Sub-hue variable range 1 | ϕ_s , max | SUB HUE: F | | | -24 | -18 | -12 | deg |
| 59 | Sub-hue variable range 2 | ϕ_s , min | SUB HUE: 0 | | | 7 | 13 | 19 | deg |
| 60 | Detective axis R1 | $\phi r1$ | AXIS: 0 | 16 |  | $90^\circ + \tan^{-1} \frac{Vr2}{Vr1}$ | 89 | 96 | 103 deg |
| 61 | Detective axis G1 | $\phi g1$ | | 18 |  | $270^\circ - \tan^{-1} \frac{Vg2}{Vg1}$ | 233 | 240 | 247 deg |
| 62 | Detective output ratio R1 | Gr1 | AXIS: 0 | 16 |  | $\frac{Vx}{VBW} \frac{VBW}{GcomaxVRW}$ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 — |
| 63 | Detective output ratio G1 | Gg1 | | 18 |  | $\frac{Vx}{VBW} \frac{VBW}{GcomaxVGW}$ | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.34 — |
| 64 | Detective axis R2 | $\phi r2$ | AXIS: 1 | 16 |  | $90^\circ + \tan^{-1} \frac{Vr2}{Vr1}$ | 105 | 112 | 119 deg |
| 65 | Detective axis G2 | $\phi g2$ | | 18 |  | $270^\circ - \tan^{-1} \frac{Vg2}{Vg1}$ | 245 | 252 | 259 deg |
| 66 | Detective output ratio R2 | Gr2 | AXIS: 1 | 16 |  | $\frac{Vx}{VBW} \frac{VBW}{GcomaxVRW}$ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 — |
| 67 | Detective output ratio G2 | Gg2 | | 18 |  | $\frac{Vx}{VBW} \frac{VBW}{GcomaxVGW}$ | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.34 — |

| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | | Measurement pin | Measurement method | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 68 | ACC characteristics 1 | Gacc1 | Video In: Sig-H1 | C In: Sig-C6 | 20 | Vac1 | $20\log \frac{V_{ac1}}{V_{co0}}$ | -1.0 | 0.1 | 1.0 | dB | |
| 69 | ACC characteristics 2 | Gacc2 | | C In: Sig-C7 | | Vac2 | $20\log \frac{V_{ac2}}{V_{co0}}$ | | | | | |
| 70 | Killer point | KP | Video In: Sig-H1 C In: Sig-C8, -C9 | | 20 | Check that output disappears at -38 dB and appears at -30 dB. | | | -38 | -34 | -30 | dB |
| 71 | Chroma frequency response 1-1 | Gcf1- | TOT SW: 1 | C In: Sig-C5 -C11 | 20 |  | $20\log \frac{V_x}{V_{ref}}$ | — | —3 | — | dB | |
| 72 | Chroma frequency response 1-2 | Gcf1+ | Vdeo-In: Sig-H1 | C In: Sig-C10 | | | | | | | | |
| 73 | Chroma frequency response 2-1 | Gcf2- | TOT SW: 0 | C In: Sig-C5 -C11 | | | | | | | | |
| 74 | Chroma frequency response 2-2 | Gcf2+ | Vdeo-In: Sig-H1 | C In: Sig-C10 | | | | | | | | |

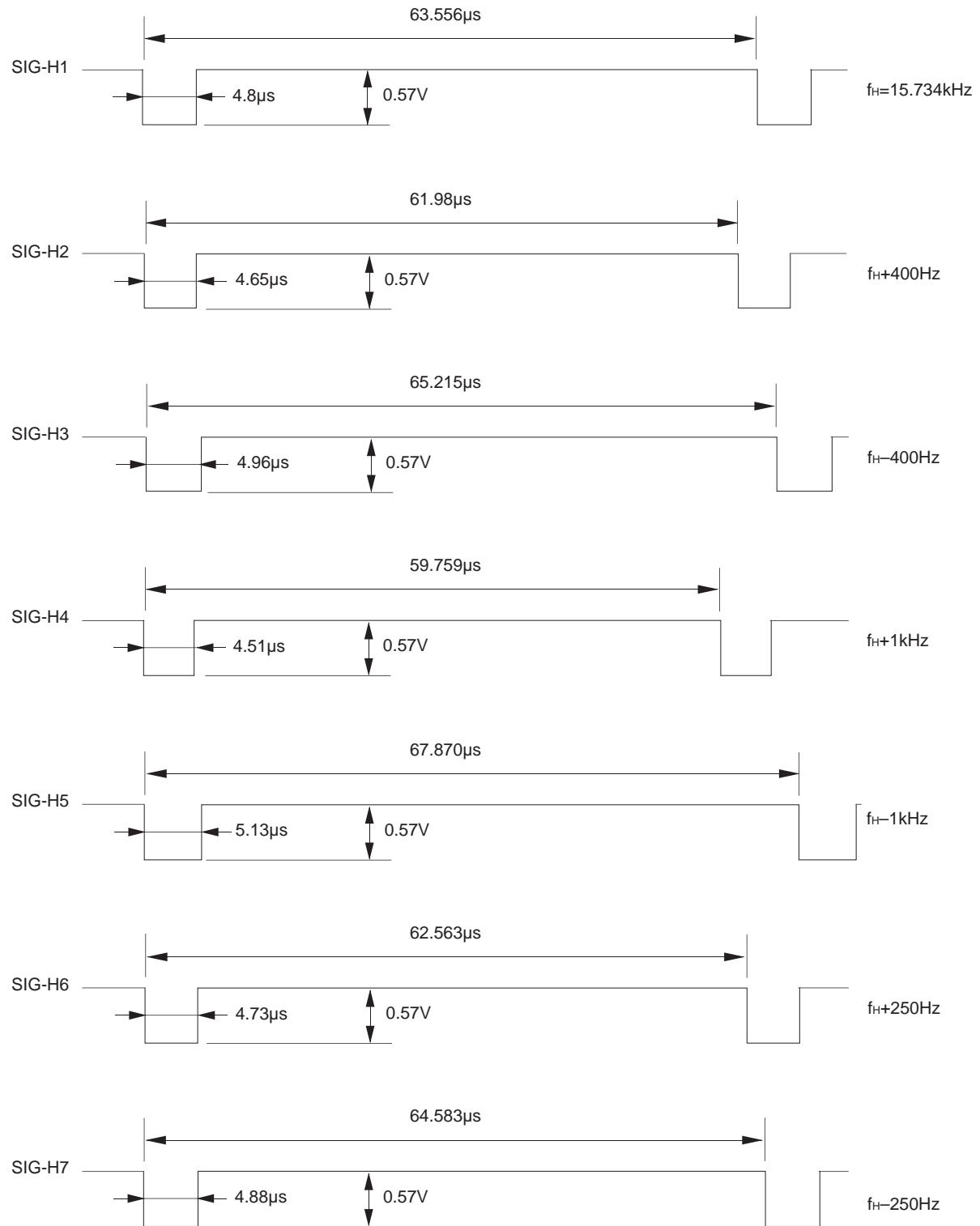
RGB system items

| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | | Measurement pin | Measurement method | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|--|------|------|------|------|------|
| 75 | Drive variable range 1 | Gdr1 | G DRIVE : 1F B DRIVE : 1F | Video In : Sig-H1, Y In : Sig-R1 | 16, 18 20 |  | $20\log \frac{V_{dr1}}{V_{r0}}$ | 0.7 | 1.5 | 2.2 | dB | |
| 76 | Drive variable range 2 | Gdr2 | | | 18 20 | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Picture variable range | Gpic | | | 16 18 20 | | | | | | | |
| 78 | Dynamic color operation R | Gdy, r | DY COL : 0 | Video In : Sig-H1 Y In : Sig-R1 | 16 |  | $\frac{V_{dyl}}{V_{r0}} \times 100$ | 94.5 | 97 | 98.5 | % | |
| 79 | Dynamic color operation B | Gdy, b | | | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 80 | Gamma characteristics 1 (50 IRE) | GAM1 | GAMMA : 0/7 | Video In : Sig-H1, Y In : Sig-R1 | 16 18 20 |  | $\frac{V_{g1} (\text{GAMMA: 7}) - V_{g1} (\text{GAMMA: 0})}{V_{g2} (\text{GAMMA: 0})}$ | 10 | 18 | 26 | IRE | |
| 81 | Gamma characteristics 2 (100 IRE) | GAM2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 82 | OSD level 1 | Vosd1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 83 | OSD level 2 | Vosd2 | OSD : 0 | Video In : Sig-Y1 OSD BLK : Sig-R3 | 16 18 20 |  | $\frac{V_{osd} (\text{V1}) \times 100}{V_{osd} (\text{V1=100IRE})}$ | 55 | 65 | 75 | IRE | |
| 84 | OSD level 3 | Vosd3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85 | OSD level 4 | Vosd4 | | | | | | | | | | |

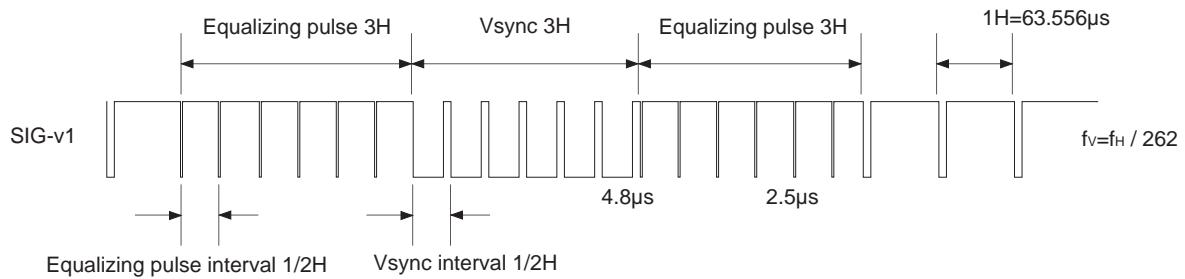
| No. | Item | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Measurement pin | Measurement method | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------|---|--|--|-------|-------|-------|---|
| 86 | OSD BLK black variation | ΔV_{osd} | OSD BLK: Sig-R2 (5V) Video In: Sig-Y1 | 16 18 20 |  | VD— VOSDBLK | -150 | 190 | 410 | mV | |
| 87 | OSD BLK attenuation | G_{osd} | OSD BLK: Sig-R2 (3V) Video In: Sig-Y1 | 16 18 20 |  | $20\log \frac{V_2}{V_1}$ | -7 | -6 | -5 | dB | |
| 88 | ABL threshold | $V_{th, abl}$ | Video In: Sig-Y1 | 16 | Vary the voltage applied to Pin 23 and measure the voltage at which picture ABL operates. | | | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | V |
| 89 | ABL gain 1 | G_{abl1} | ABL: 3 Video In: Sig-Y1 Pin 25: 9 V/5 V | 16 |  | $20\log \frac{V_p, 5V}{V_p, 9V}$ | -3.4 | -2.4 | -1.4 | dB | |
| 90 | ABL black level 1 | V_{abl1} | | | | $V_b, 5V - V_b, 9V$ | 100 | 200 | 300 | mV | |
| 91 | ABL gain 2 | G_{abl2} | | | | $20\log \frac{V_p, 5V}{V_p, 9V}$ | -8.8 | -6.8 | -4.8 | dB | |
| 92 | ABL black level 2 | V_{abl2} | | | | $V_b, 5V - V_b, 9V$ | -100 | 0 | 100 | mV | |
| 93 | Blanking level | V_{blk} | Video In: Sig-Y1 | 16, 18, 20 | Measure the R, G and B blanking levels. | | | 0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| 94 | Ik clamp level | $V_{lk, clp}$ | Video In: Sig-V1 | 21 |  | $V_{lk, clp}$ | $V_{lk, clp}$ | 1.25 | 1.35 | 1.45 | V |
| 95 | Ik R level | $V_{lk, r}$ | | | | | | 0.76 | 0.86 | 0.96 | V |
| 96 | Ik variable range 1 | $V_{lk, max}$ | | | | | | 0.2 | 0.35 | 0.4 | V |
| 97 | Ik variable range 2 | $V_{lk, min}$ | | | | | | -0.64 | -0.54 | -0.44 | V |
| 98 | RGB output DC range 1 | $V_{ref, max}$ | $V_{sh}: 4.6V$ (Pins 15, 17 and 19) | 16 |  | V_{ref} | V_{ref} | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.0 | V |
| 99 | RGB output DC range 2 | $V_{ref, min}$ | $V_{sh}: 8V$ (Pins 15, 17 and 19) | 18 | | | | 0.45 | 0.85 | 1.25 | V |
| 100 | Bright center -R | $V_{bcen, r}$ | BRIGHT: 1F | 20 | | $V_{sig} - V_{ref}$ | $V_{sig} - V_{ref}$ | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | V |
| 101 | Bright center -G, B | $V_{bcen, gb}$ | | 16 | | | | -0.46 | -0.36 | -0.26 | V |
| 102 | Bright variable range 1-R | $V_{brt1, r}$ | BRIGHT: 3F | 18 | | | | 0.3 | 0.35 | 0.4 | V |
| 103 | Bright variable range 1-G, B | $V_{brt1, gb}$ | | 20 | | | | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.37 | V |
| 104 | Bright variable range 2-R | $V_{brt2, r}$ | BRIGHT: 0 | 16 | | V_{sig} (BRIGHT: 1F) - V_{ref} | V_{sig} (BRIGHT: 1F) - V_{ref} | -0.38 | -0.33 | -0.28 | V |
| 105 | Bright variable range 2-G, B | $V_{brt2, bg}$ | | 18 | | | | -0.36 | -0.31 | -0.26 | V |
| 106 | Sub-bright variable range 1-R | $V_{sb1, r}$ | SUB BRIGHT: 3F | 20 | | | | 0.3 | 0.35 | 0.4 | V |
| 107 | Sub-bright variable range 1-G, B | $V_{sb1, gb}$ | | 16 | | | | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.37 | V |
| 108 | Sub-bright variable range 2-R | $V_{sb2, r}$ | SUB BRIGHT: 0 | 18 | | V_{sig} (BRIGHT: 1F) - V_{ref} | V_{sig} (BRIGHT: 1F) - V_{ref} | -0.38 | -0.33 | -0.28 | V |
| 109 | Sub-bright variable range 2-G, B | $V_{sb2, gb}$ | | 20 | | | | -0.36 | -0.34 | -0.26 | V |

I²C bus system items

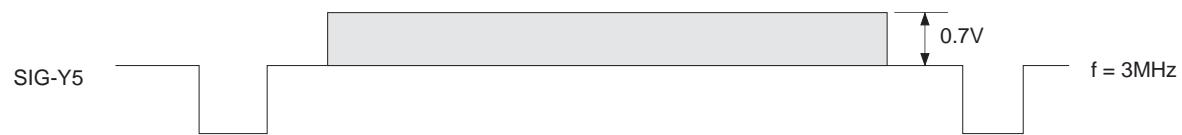
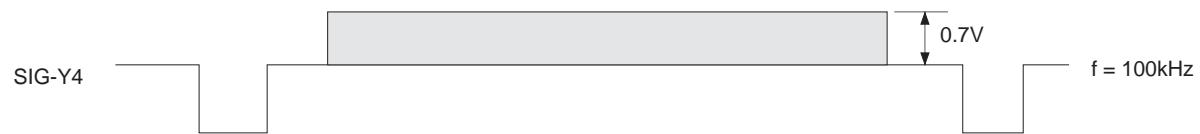
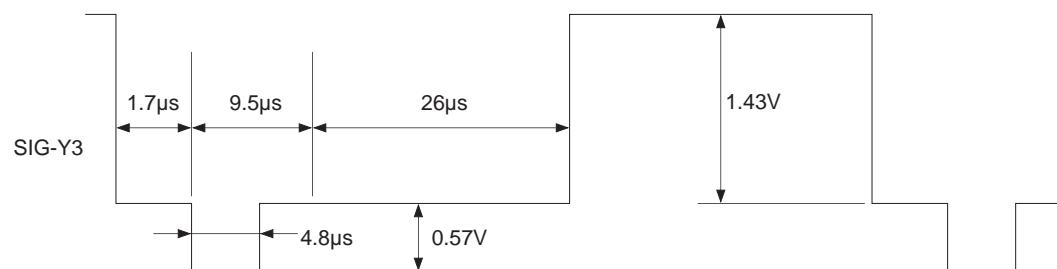
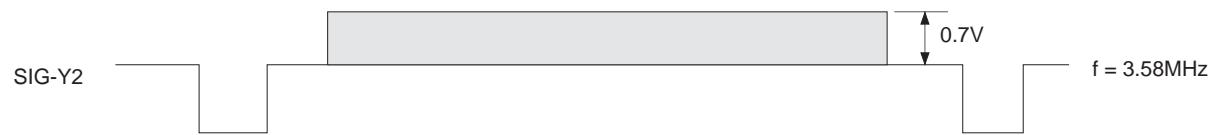
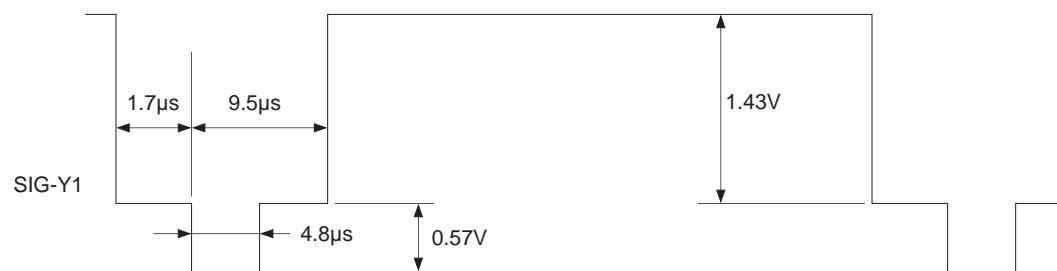
| No. | Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---|---------|------|------|------|------|
| 110 | High level input voltage | Vih | 3.0 | — | 5.0 | V |
| 111 | Low level input voltage | Vil | 0 | — | 1.5 | V |
| 112 | High level input current | Iih | — | — | 10 | μA |
| 113 | Low level input current | Iil | — | — | 10 | μA |
| 114 | Low level output voltage During current inflow of 3 mA to SDA (Pin 38) | Vol | 0 | — | 0.4 | V |
| 115 | SDA inflow current | Iol | 3 | — | — | mA |
| 116 | Input capacitance | Ci | — | — | 10 | pF |
| 117 | SCL clock frequency | fscl | 0 | — | 100 | kHz |
| 118 | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start | tbuf | 4.7 | — | — | μs |
| 119 | Hold time start condition | thd;sta | 4.0 | — | — | μs |
| 120 | The Low period of the clock | tlow | 4.7 | — | — | μs |
| 121 | The High period of the clock | thigh | 4.0 | — | — | μs |
| 122 | Set up time for start condition | tsu;sta | 4.7 | — | — | μs |
| 123 | Hold time data | thd;dat | 5 | — | — | μs |
| 124 | Set-up time data | tsu;dat | 250 | — | — | ns |
| 125 | Rise time of both SDA and SCL lines | tr | — | — | 300 | ns |
| 126 | Fall time of both SDA and SCL lines | tf | — | — | 300 | ns |
| 127 | Set-up time for stop condition | tsu;sto | 4.7 | — | — | μs |

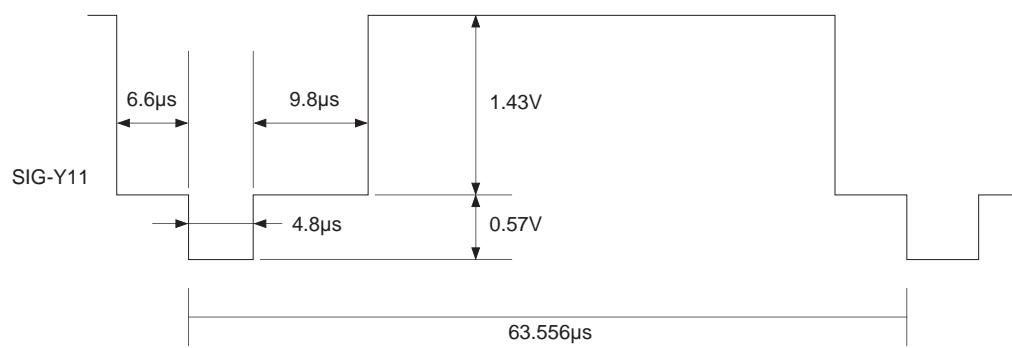
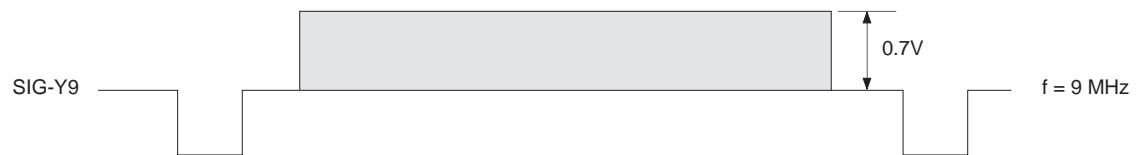
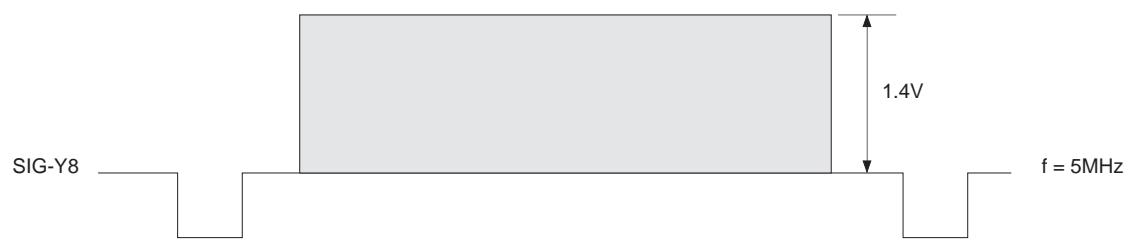
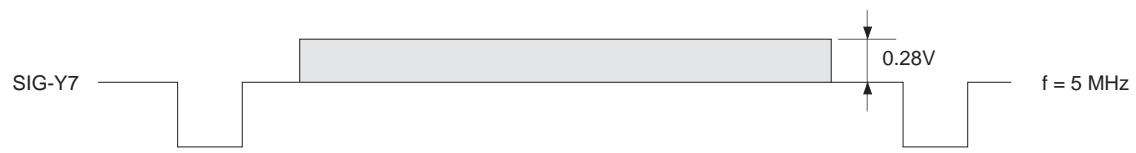
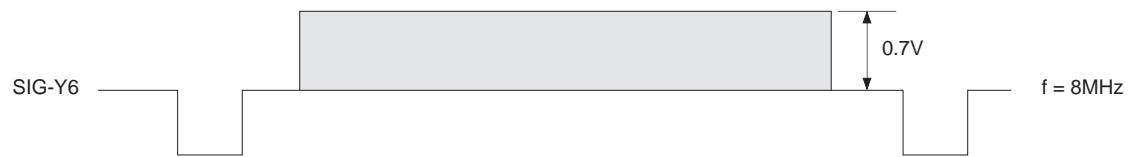
Signals Used for Measurements**H system**

V system

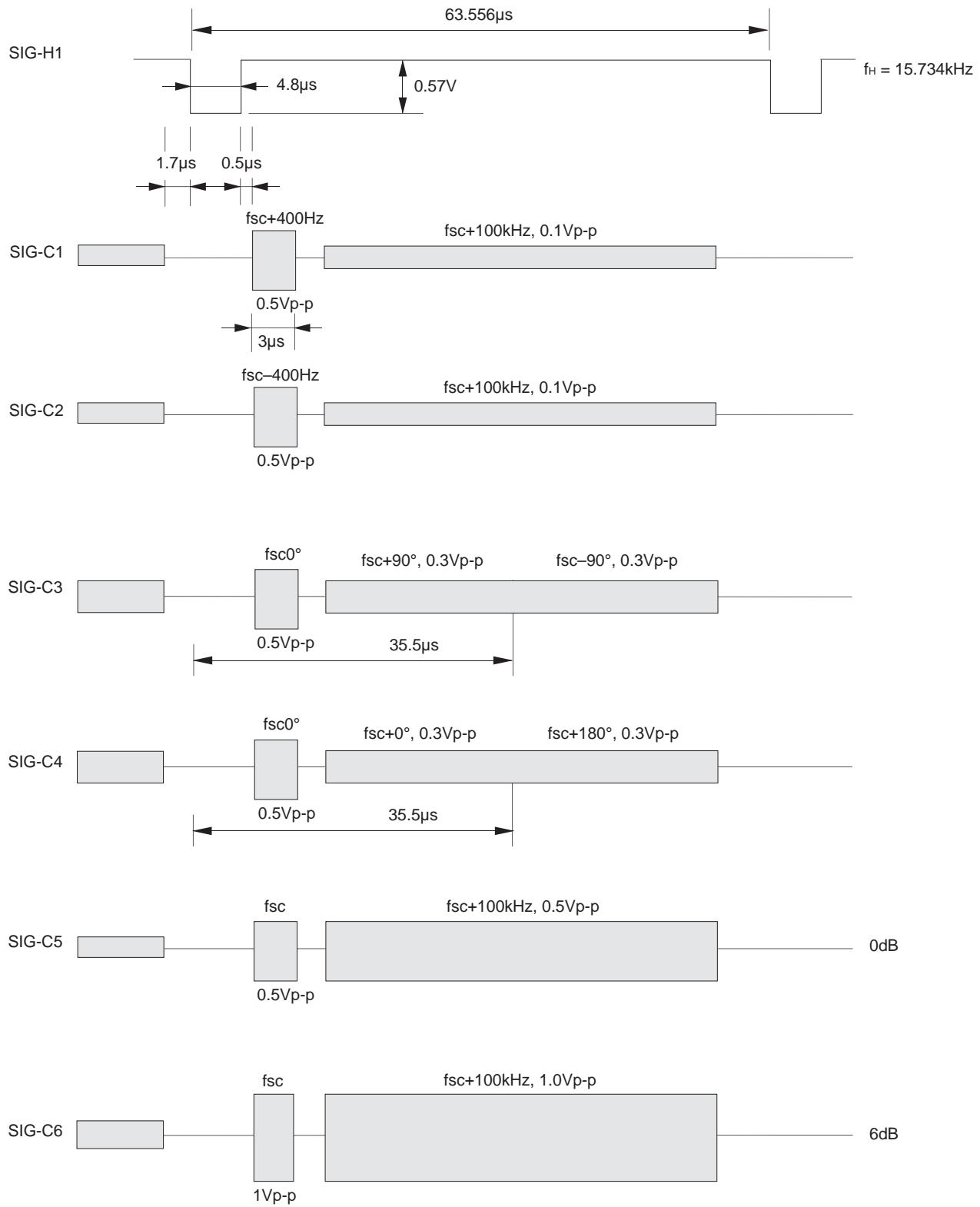


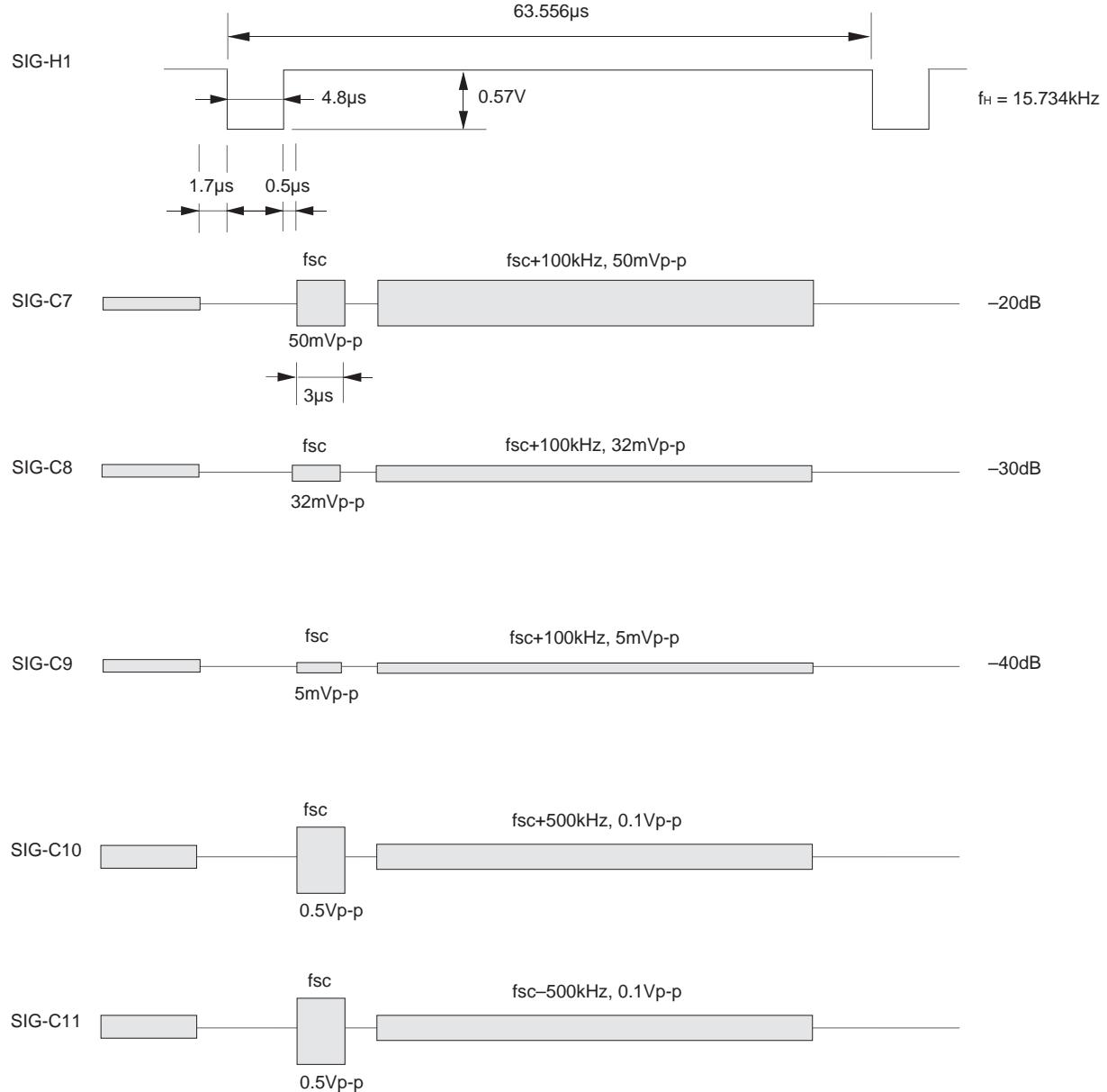
Y system



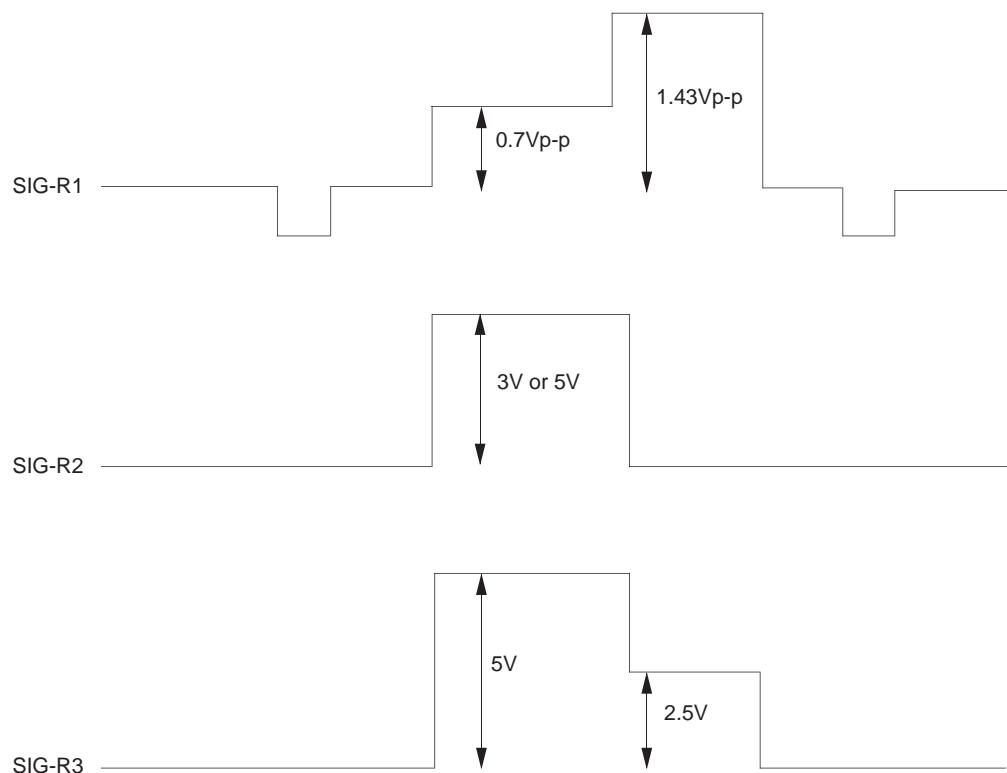


C system





RGB system

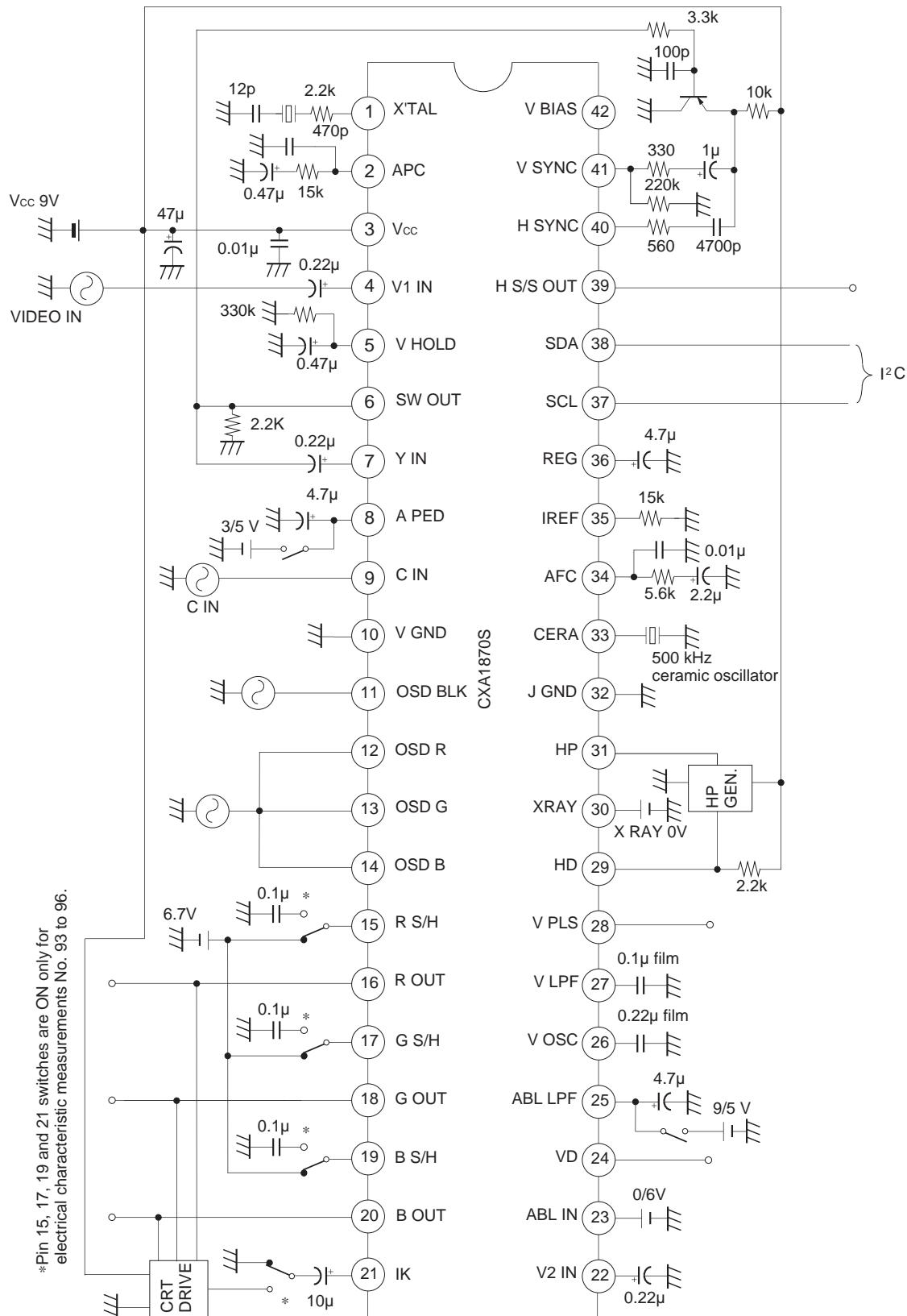


Measurement Method**I²C Bus Register Initial Settings**

| Register name | No. of bits | Initial setting | Description |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| PICTURE | 6 | 3FH | Maximum value |
| RGB LIM | 2 | 3H | Maximum value |
| HUE | 6 | 1FH | Center point |
| IN SW | 1 | 0H | V1 IN selected |
| COLOR | 6 | 1FH | Center point |
| SW GAIN | 1 | 0H | 0 dB gain |
| BRIGHT | 6 | 1FH | Center point |
| NR ON | 1 | 0H | NR OFF |
| SHARPNESS | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| SUB CONT | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| SUB HUE | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| SUB COLOR | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| SUB BRIGHT | 6 | 1FH | Center point |
| TRAP ON | 1 | 0H | TRAP OFF |
| TOT ON | 1 | 0H | TOT OFF |
| PIX ON | 1 | 1H | Picture mute OFF |
| R ON | 1 | 1H | R output ON |
| G ON | 1 | 1H | G output ON |
| B ON | 1 | 1H | B output ON |
| PRE OVER | 3 | 0H | Minimum value |
| AXIS | 1 | 0H | JAPAN detective axis |

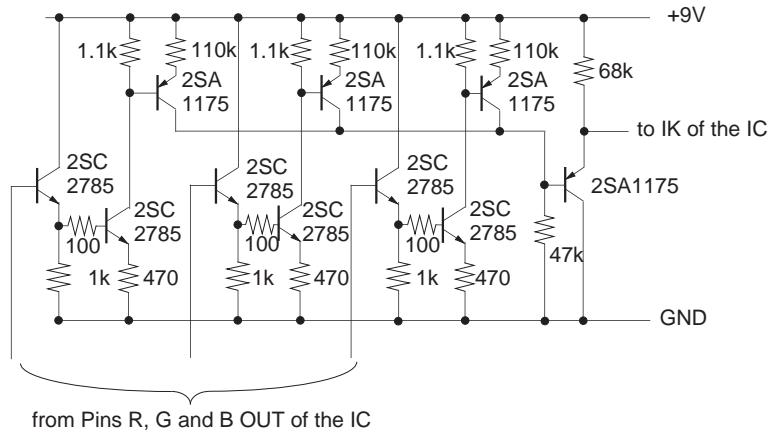
| Register name | No. of bits | Initial setting | Description |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| BLACK | 1 | 0H | BLACK OFF |
| DYCOL OFF | 1 | 1H | DY COL OFF |
| REF | 2 | 1H | Center point |
| ABL | 2 | 0H | Minimum value |
| BLUE | 1 | 0H | BLUE OFF |
| OSD | 1 | 0H | Luminance level small |
| G DRIVE | 5 | FH | Center point |
| DC TRAN | 3 | 0H | Minimum value |
| B DRIVE | 5 | FH | Center point |
| GAMMA | 3 | 0H | Correction OFF |
| G CUTOFF | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| B CUTOFF | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| H PHASE | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| V ON | 1 | 1H | VD output ON |
| V EX OFF | 1 | 1H | V sync elongation OFF |
| AFC | 2 | 1H | Center point |
| V SHIFT | 5 | FH | Center point |
| HV COMP | 3 | 3H | Center point |
| V SIZE | 6 | 1FH | Center point |
| C MODE | 1 | 0H | Countdown ON |
| V LIN | 4 | 7H | Center point |
| SCORR | 4 | 7H | Center point |

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit

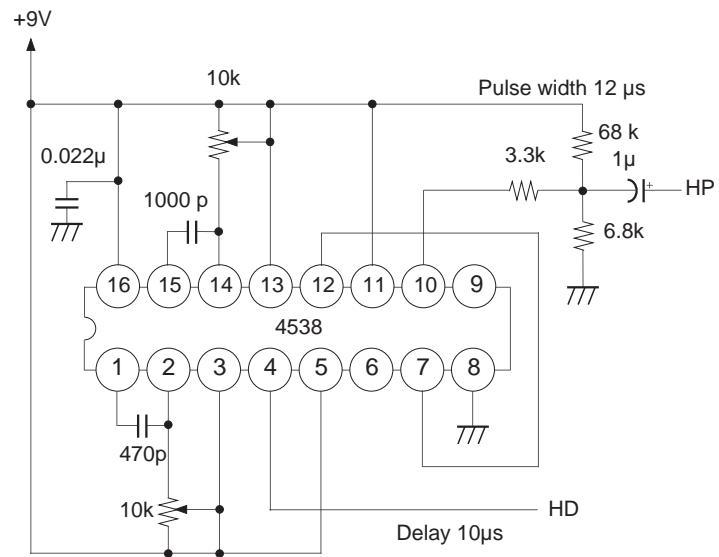


Reference Circuit

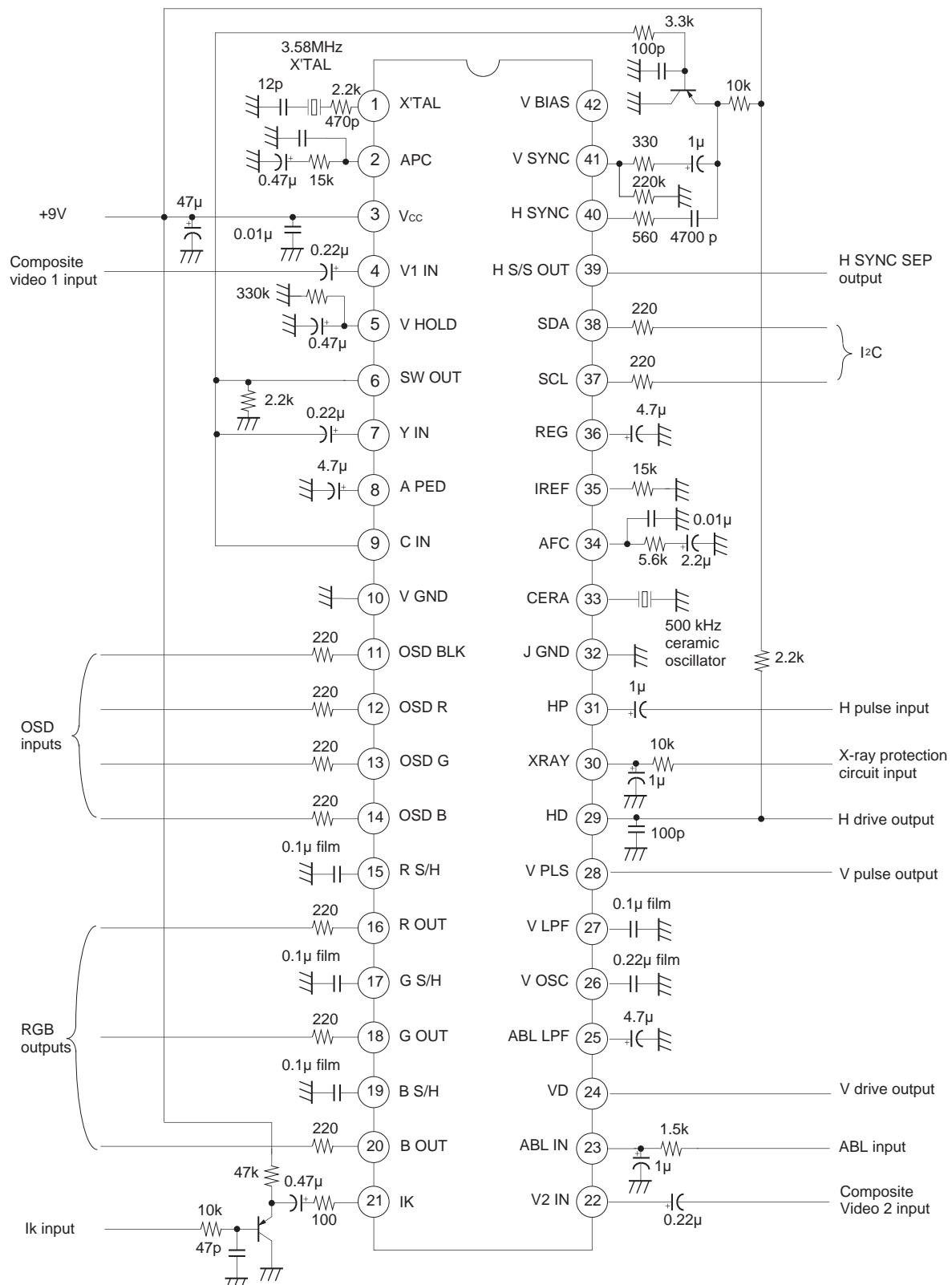
CRT Drive Circuit



HP Gen



Application Circuit



Application circuits shown are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits or for any infringement of third party patent and other right due to same.

Description of Operation

1. Synchronizing and picture distortion correction systems

The video signals (2 Vp-p standard) input to Pins 40 and 41 are led to the horizontal and vertical sync separation circuits for sync separation. The horizontal sync signal is output from Pin 39 with positive polarity.

This horizontal sync signal is compared with the signal obtained by 1/32 frequency dividing the 32 fH VCO output using the ceramic oscillator (frequency: 503.5 kHz) to detect a phase difference. The error voltage resulting from the phase difference is applied to the H oscillator after attenuating the medium and high frequency components by a lag-lead filter. The phase of the H oscillator output is compared and shifted to match the phase of the H deflection pulse (flyback pulse) input from Pin 31, and then output from Pin 29.

After the vertical sync signal is synchronized to the input signal by the V countdown system, a sawtooth wave is generated by charging and discharging the capacitor attached externally to Pin 26. AGC is performed to ensure that the amplitude of the sawtooth wave is maintained constant regardless of the vertical frequency of the input, after which the sawtooth wave passes through the picture distortion correction circuit and is output from Pin 24.

Note that there is no need to adjust the free running frequency for either the H or V oscillator.

When voltage of 3 V or more is applied to Pin 30, the H drive output is held at low level. A time constant circuit is included to protect against overvoltages, and H drive is output normally when high voltage input continues for less than 7 V cycles. To release holddown, the IC must be turned off and then started up again.

Note)

When the external capacitance at Pin 27 is used with 0.1 μ F below of recommended value, VD output at Pin 24 may be unstable. When changing capacitance value, use it more than 0.047 μ F.

2. Y/C system

The Y/C system has the following three input systems.

Composite video input (1 Vp-p/2 Vp-p) → 2 systems (The gain can be switched between 0 and 6 dB for both systems.)

Y/C separation input (2 Vp-p) → 1 system

The Y signal (specified input level 2 Vp-p) input to Pin 7 is passed through the sub-contrast control, chroma trap (or delay line), delay line, sharpness control, noise reduction, clamp and auto pedestal circuits. The signal is then mixed with the color difference signal, passed through the clamp and Y/C MIX circuits again, and input to the RGB interface system block.

Since a built-in chroma trap is provided, the video signal can be directly input. Trap frequency adjustment is not necessary as a dummy filter is provided inside the IC and feedback is applied using the 3.58 MHz signal generated by a crystal oscillator for reference. When the chroma trap is off, the Y system frequency response is approximately 8 MHz, -3 dB for R, G and B outputs.

Sharpness control is delay line type with a variable PRE/OVER ratio.

Dynamic picture control consists of pulling in the signal below 40 IRE to the black side so that the signal black peak held by Pin 8 becomes the pedestal level.

The chroma signal (specified input level, burst 570 mVp-p, or video signal 2 Vp-p) input to Pin 9 is passed through the ACC, TOT, color control (saturation control) and killer detection circuits, after which the burst locked VCO oscillation output is detected as the carrier. (The detective output LPF is a quadruple.)

The signal is then separated into color difference signals R-Y, B-Y and G-Y by the matrix circuit, passed through the Y/C MIX circuit, and input together with the Y signal to the RGB interface system block.

The detective axis (Japan/US) can be switched by the I²C bus register.

3. RGB interface system

YS/YM switching is performed according to the amplitude of the OSD RGB input blanking signal input from Pin 11.

- 0 to 1.5 V → TV (Y/C input)
- 1.5 to 3.5 V → TV -6 dB
- 3.5 to 5.5 V → Black

The R, G and B signals of the Y/C system pass through the RGB switch (BLUE and BLACK ON/OFF) and receive picture control. These signals are mixed with the digital R, G and B signals (specified input level 0 to 5 V DC) input from Pins 12, 13 and 14, passed through the dynamic color, gamma correction, bright control, drive adjustment (R channel is fixed, G and B channels are variable.), cut-off adjustment (R channel is fixed, G and B channels are variable.) and auto cut-off DC level shift circuits, and then output from Pins 16, 18 and 20 as the R, G and B signals. The RGB output amplitude has a limit voltage whose setting value can be controlled with the I²C bus register. The digital R, G and B signals are mainly used for on screen display of channels, etc. and the display level can be set with the I²C bus register.

The signal input to Pin 23 (ABL IN) is compared with the internal reference voltage and is then integrated by the capacitor connected to Pin 25 (ABL LPF) for picture and brightness control. Picture ABL mode and combined picture ABL and brightness ABL mode can be switched with the I²C bus register.

Note)

When the digital R, G and B signals and OSDBLK signal are not used, connect Pins 11, 12, 13 and 14 to GND.

Auto cut-off

For white balance, drive control (gain control between R, G and B outputs) and cut-off control (black side DC level control) are involved. This IC uses the I²C bus register for drive control. For cut-off control, a loop is formed between the IC and CRT to achieve auto cut-off control.

This auto cut-off arrangement makes it possible to compensate for CRT changes with time. To absorb the CRT variance, the cut-off voltages of the G and B outputs are adjusted by the I²C bus register.

The auto cut-off loop is configured as described below.

- (1) R, G and B reference pulses for auto cut-off, shifted 1H each in the order mentioned, are added to the top of the picture.
- (2) The IK of each of the R, G and B outputs is converted to a voltage and input to Pin 21.
- (3) The voltage input to Pin 21 is compared with the reference voltage in the IC to change the DC level of the reference pulses.

The loop mentioned above determines the shift level of the R, G and B outputs and lets the capacitances connected to Pins 15, 17 and 19 hold the DC shift level during the 1 V period. If the voltage at any one of Pins 15, 17 or 19 is less than 4.2 V, the status register IK (bit 6) becomes "1". Use this information to blank the R, G and B outputs with the I²C bus register. The positions of the reference pulses can be changed by the I²C bus register.

Definition of I²C Bus Registers

Slave addresses

88H: Slave receiver

89H: Slave transmitter

Register table

- All registers are set to 0 when the IC power is turned on.
- “X” indicates “don’t care”; “*” indicates undefined.

Control registers

| Sub Address | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-------|--|--|
| XXXX0000 | PICTURE | | | | | RGB LIM | | | | |
| XXXX0001 | HUE | | | | | * | IN SW | | | |
| XXXX0010 | COLOR | | | | | * | SW GAIN | | | |
| XXXX0011 | BRIGHT | | | | | * | NR ON | | | |
| XXXX0100 | SHARPNESS | | | SUB CONT | | | | | | |
| XXXX0101 | SUB HUE | | | SUB COLOR | | | | | | |
| XXXX0110 | SUB BRIGHT | | | | | TRAP ON | TOT ON | | | |
| XXXX0111 | PIX ON | R ON | G ON | B ON | PRE OVER | | | AXIS | | |
| XXXX1000 | BLACK | DY COL OFF | REF | | ABL | | BLUE | OSD | | |
| XXXX1001 | G DRIVE | | | | DC TRAN | | | | | |
| XXXX1010 | B DRIVE | | | | GAMMA | | | | | |
| XXXX1011 | G CUTOFF | | | B CUTOFF | | | | | | |
| XXXX1100 | H PHASE | | | V ON | VEX OFF | | AFC | | | |
| XXXX1101 | VSHIFT | | | | HV COMP | | | | | |
| XXXX1110 | V SIZE | | | | 0 | C MODE | | | | |
| XXXX1111 | V LIN | | | S CORR | | | | | | |

Status register

| bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit0 |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| H LOCK | IK | KILLER | XRAY | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Description of I²C Bus Registers

Sub Address PICTURE (6): Picture control

 0000 0 = Minimum
 63 = Maximum

RGB LIM (2): RGB output amplitude limiter voltage control

 0 = Limited at 4.9 V (with a black level of 2 V)
 1 = Limited at 5.1 V (with a black level of 2 V)
 2 = Limited at 5.3 V (with a black level of 2 V)
 3 = Limited at 5.5 V (with a black level of 2 V)

Sub Address HUE (6): Hue control

 0001 0 = Skin color nearer to red
 63 = Skin color nearer to green

IN SW (1): Input selector switch

 0 = V1 IN
 1 = V2 IN

Sub Address COLOR (6): Color control

 0010 0 = Minimum
 63 = Maximum

SW GAIN (1): Switch output gain switching

 0 = SW GAIN 0 dB
 1 = SW GAIN 6 dB

Sub Address BRIGHT (6): Brightness control

 0011 0 = Minimum
 63 = Maximum

NR ON (1): Y signal noise reduction ON/OFF

 0 = OFF
 1 = ON

Sub Address SHARPNESS (4): Sharpness control

 0100 0 = Minimum
 15 = Maximum

SUB CONT (4): Sub-contrast control

 0 = Minimum
 15 = Maximum

Sub Address SUB HUE (4): Hue center control
0101 0 = Skin color nearer to red
 15 = Skin color nearer to green

SUB COLOR (4): Color center control
0 = Minimum
15 = Maximum

Sub Address SUB BRIGHT (6): Sub-bright control
0110 0 = Minimum
 63 = Maximum

TRAP ON (1): Chroma trap in Y system ON/OFF
0 = OFF
1 = ON

TOT ON (1): Chroma TOT filter ON/OFF
0 = OFF
1 = ON

Sub Address PIX ON (1): Picture mute ON/OFF
0111 0 = Picture mute (Auto cut-off reference pulse also muted.)
 1 = Picture mute released.

R ON (1): R OUT ON/OFF
0 = R OUT OFF
1 = R OUT ON

G ON (1): G OUT ON/OFF
0 = G OUT OFF
1 = G OUT ON

B ON (1): B OUT ON/OFF
0 = B OUT OFF
1 = B OUT ON

PRE OVER (3): Sets the sharpness preshoot and overshoot ratio.
0 = Pre Shoot 100 %, Over Shoot 0 %
7 = Pre Shoot 25 %, Over Shoot 75 %

AXIS (1): Detective axis switching
0 = JAPAN
1 = USA

Sub Address BLACK (1): Blanks the Y IN/C IN signals and sets the R, G and B outputs to black level.

- 1000 0 = OFF
 1 = ON

DY COL OFF (1): Dynamic color ON/OFF

- 0 = Dynamic color ON
1 = Dynamic color OFF

REF (2): Switches the auto cut-off reference pulse position.

- 0 = B-18H G-19H R-20H
1 = B-20H G-21H R-22H
2 = B-22H G-23H R-24H
3 = B-24H G-25H R-26H

ABL (2): ABL mode setting

- 0 = Picture ABL mode (including protective bright ABL)
1 = Combined picture ABL and bright ABL mode (bright ABL low)
2 = Combined picture ABL and bright ABL mode (bright ABL medium)
3 = Combined picture ABL and bright ABL mode (bright ABL high)

BLUE (1) On screen display B IN ON/OFF. Setting to ON turns the entire screen blue.

- 0 = OFF
1 = ON

OSD (1): On screen display luminance setting

- 0 = Level small
1 = Level large

Sub Address G DRIVE (5): G OUT drive control

- 1001 0 = Minimum
 31 = Maximum

DC TRAN (3): DC transmission ratio setting

- 0 = Maximum (100 %)
7 = Minimum(75 %)

Sub Address B DRIVE (5): B OUT drive control

- 1010 0 = Minimum
 31 = Maximum

GAMMA (3): γ correction value setting

- 0 = Correction OFF
7 = Maximum correction

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Sub Address 1011 | G CUTOFF (4): G OUT cut-off voltage control 0 = Minimum 15 = Maximum |
| | B CUTOFF (4): B OUT cut-off voltage control 0 = Minimum 15 = Maximum |
| Sub Address 1100 | H PHASE (4): Horizontal position control 0 = Screen shifted to right 15 = Screen shifted to left |
| | V ON (1): VD output ON/OFF 0 = VD output stopped. (Picture mute applied simultaneously. Auto cut-off reference pulse also muted.) 1 = VD output |
| | V EX OFF (1): V sync elongation ON/OFF 0 = V sync elongation ON 1 = V sync elongation OFF |
| | AFC (2): AFC loop gain switching 0 = AFC loop gain large 1 = AFC loop gain medium 2 = AFC loop gain small 3 = AFC loop open, free running mode |
| Sub Address 1101 | V SHIFT (5): Vertical position control 0 = Rise 31 = Lower |
| | HV COMP (3): Vertical correction amount setting for high voltage fluctuations 0 = Correction amount minimum 7 = Correction amount maximum |
| Sub Address 1110 | V SIZE (6): Vertical amplitude control 0 = V size minimum 63 = V size maximum |
| | C MODE (1): V countdown system mode switching 0 = Non-standard signal mode, standard signal mode and no signal mode switched automatically. 1 = Fixed to non-standard signal mode (wide V sync window mode). |

Sub Address V LIN (4): Vertical linearity control
1111 0 = Top of screen compressed, bottom of screen expanded.
 15 = Top of screen expanded, bottom of screen compressed.

S CORR (4): Vertical S correction control
0 = S correction amount minimum
15 = S correction amount maximum

H LOCK (1): Returns whether the H oscillator of the IC and the signal input to H SYNC are locked.

0 = Not locked
1 = Locked

IK (1): Returns the AKB loop stable status by detecting the IK current.

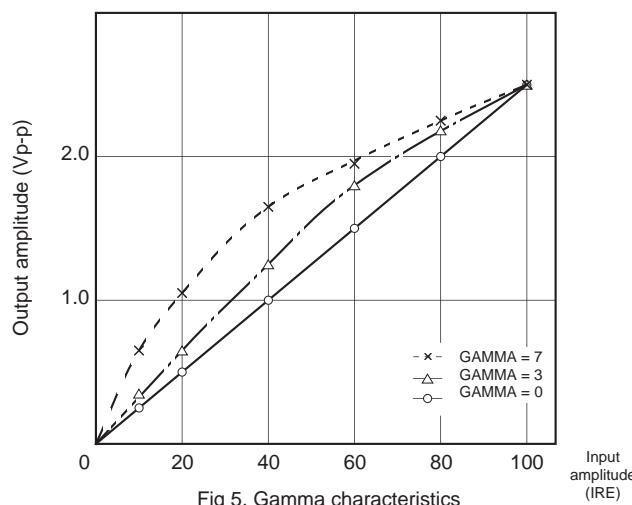
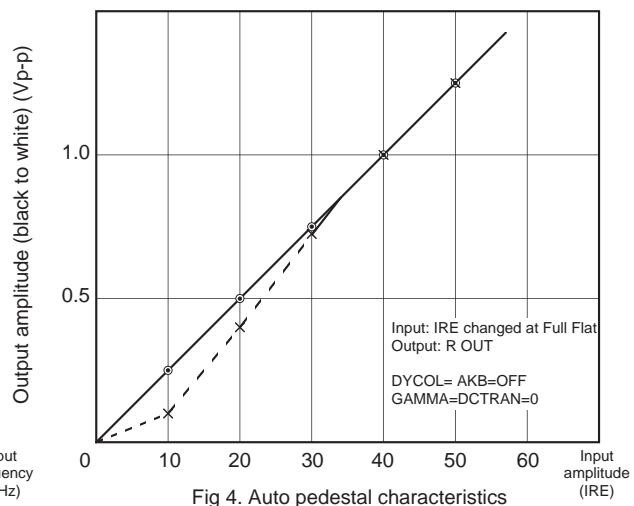
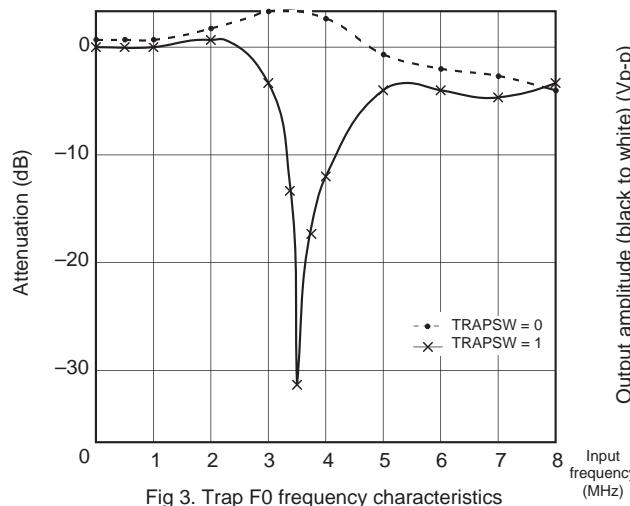
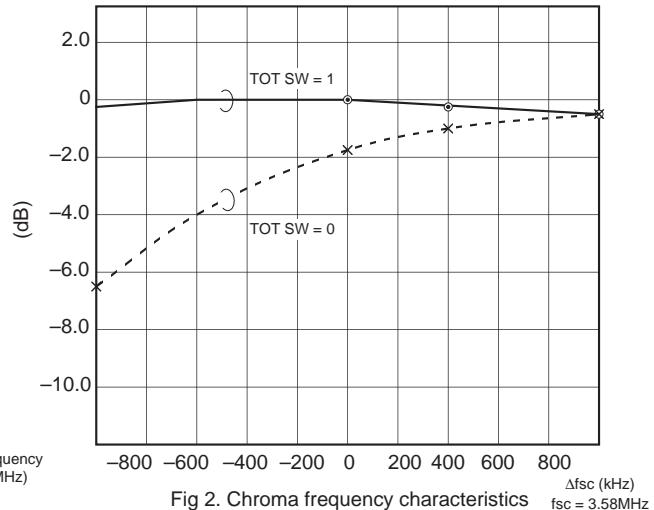
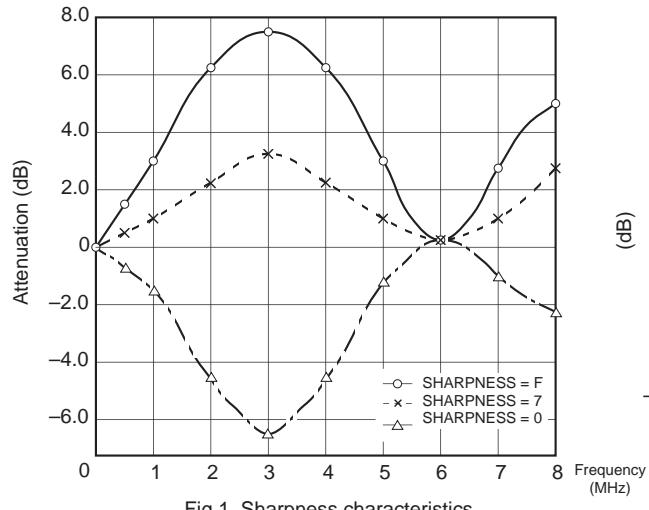
0 = IK current stable for each of R, G and B
1 = IK current unstable

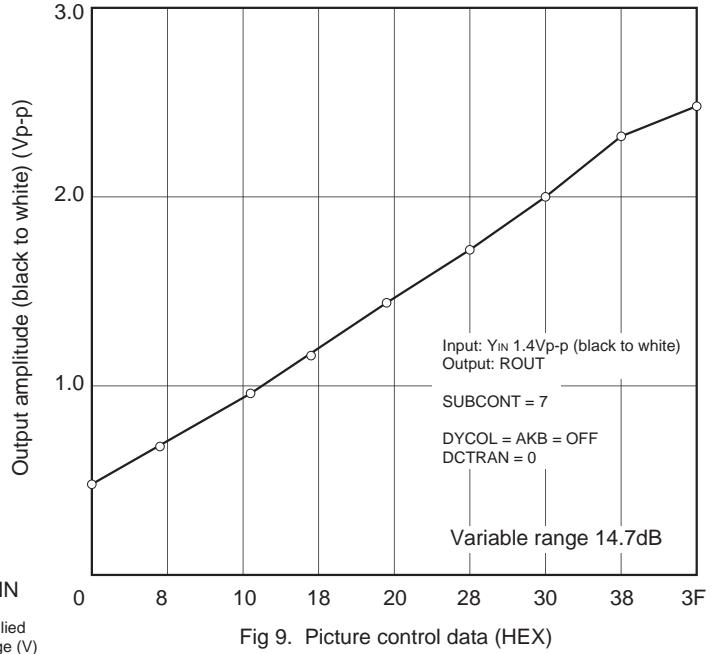
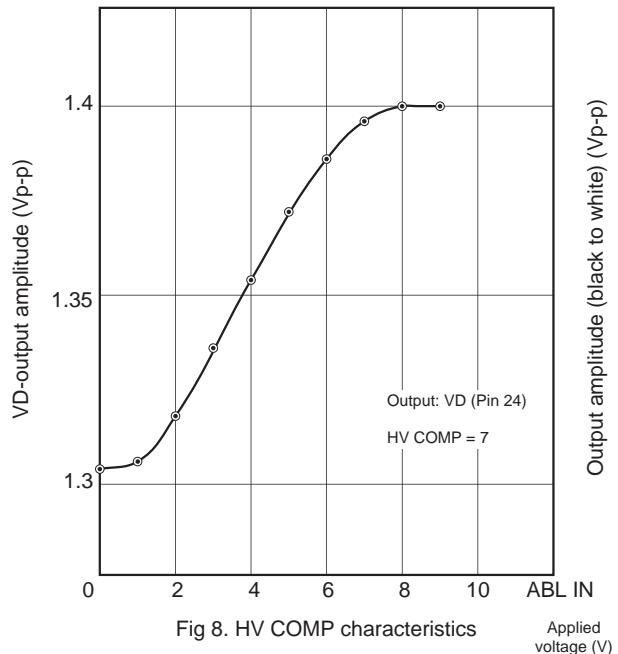
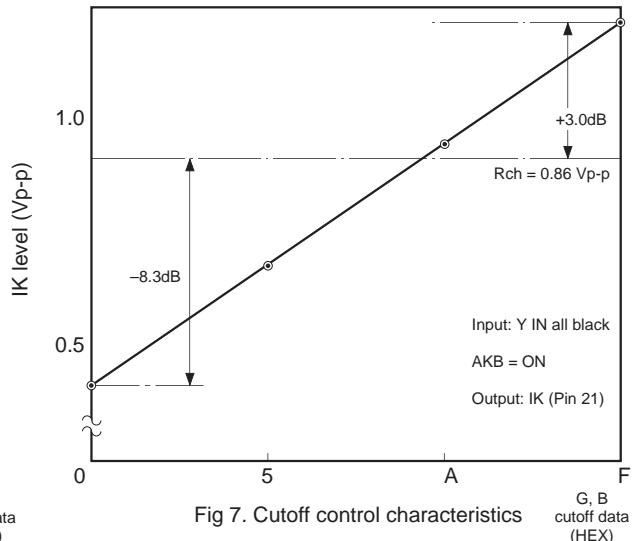
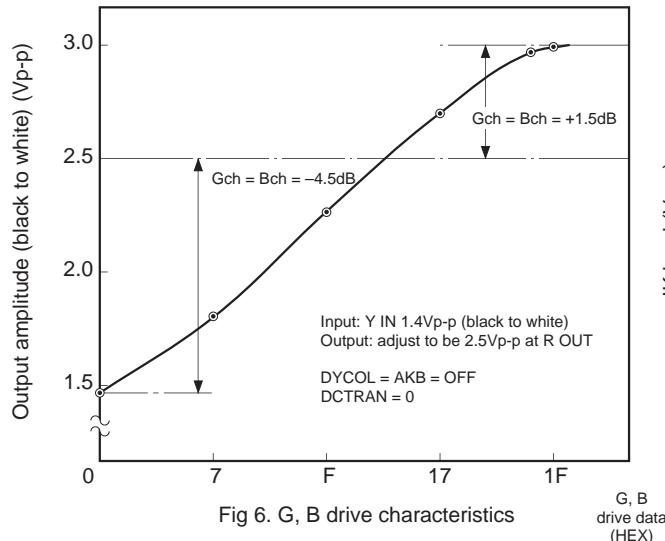
KILLER (1): Returns the color killer ON/OFF status.

0 = OFF
1 = ON

XRAY (1): Returns the X-ray protection status.

0 = OFF (X-ray protection is not functioning.)
1 = ON (X-ray protection is functioning.)





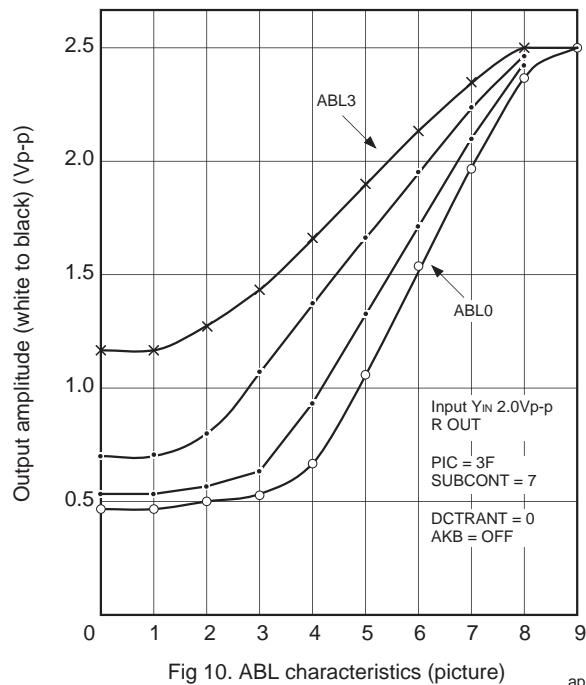


Fig 10. ABL characteristics (picture)

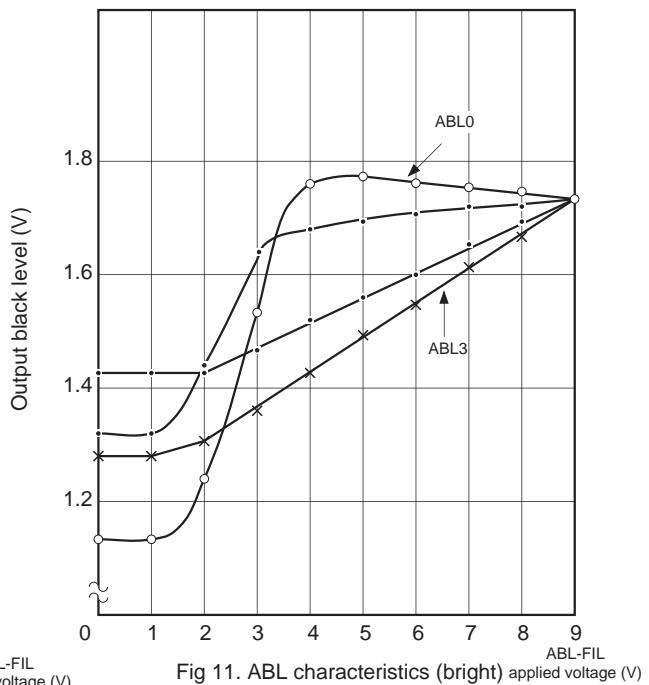


Fig 11. ABL characteristics (bright)

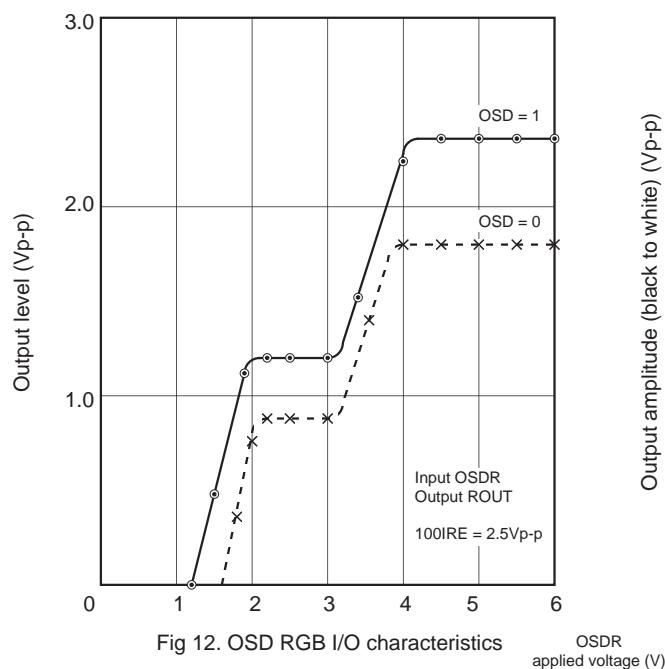


Fig 12. OSD RGB I/O characteristics

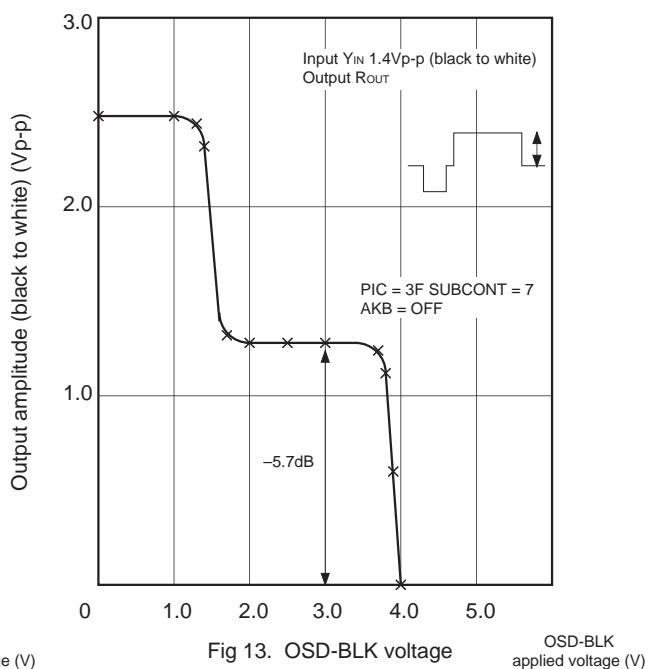
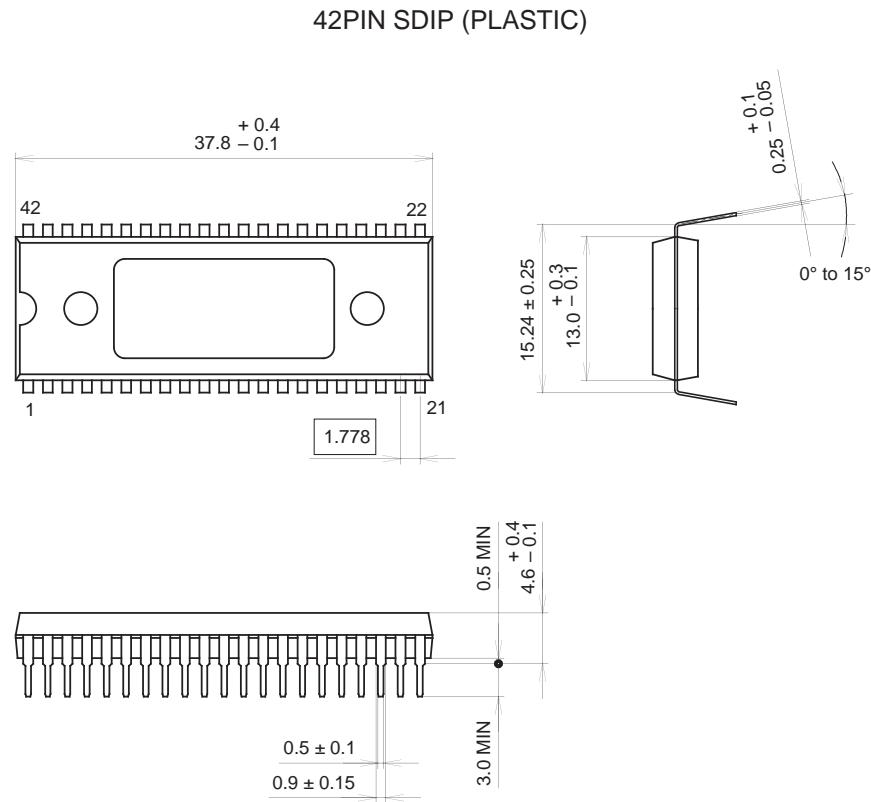


Fig 13. OSD-BLK voltage

Package Outline Unit : mm

Two kinds of package surface:

1. All mat surface type.
2. Center part is mirror surface.

| | |
|------------|----------------|
| SONY CODE | SDIP-42P-02 |
| EIAJ CODE | SDIP042-P-0600 |
| JEDEC CODE | _____ |

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| PACKAGE MATERIAL | EPOXY RESIN |
| LEAD TREATMENT | SOLDER PLATING |
| LEAD MATERIAL | 42/COPPER ALLOY |
| PACKAGE MASS | 4.4g |