Datasheet No - PD97469 Nov 2, 2009

IR11672AS ADVANCED SMART RECTIFIER ™ CONTROL IC

Features

- Secondary side high speed SR controller
- DCM, CrCM flyback and Resonant half-bridge topologies
- 200V proprietary IC technology
- Max 500KHz switching frequency
- Anti-bounce logic and UVLO protection
- 7A peak turn off drive current
- Micropower start-up & ultra low quiescent current
- 10.7V gate drive clamp
- 50ns turn-off propagation delay
- Vcc range from 11.3V to 20V
- Direct sensing of MOSFET drain voltage
- Enable function synchronized with MOSFET VDS
- Cycle by Cycle MOT Check Circuit prevents multiple Package Options Package Options false trigger GATE pulses
- Lead-free
- Compatible with 0.3W Standby, Energy Star, CECP,

Typical Applications

LCD & PDP TV, Telecom SMPS, AC-DC adapters, ATX SMPS, Server SMPS

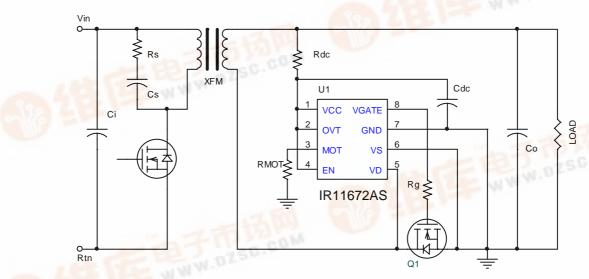
Product Summary

1 Todast Sammary							
Topology	Flyback, Resonant Half-bridge						
VD	200V						
V _{OUT}	10.7V						
I _{o+} & I _{o-} (typical)	+2A & -7A						
Turn on Propagation Delay	60ns (typical)						
Turn off Propagation Delay	50ns (typical)						



8-Lead SOIC

Typical Connection Diagram



*Please note that this datasheet contains advance information that could change before the product is released to production.



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International TOR Rectifier

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Description

IR11672A is a smart secondary-side driver IC designed to drive N-Channel power MOSFETs used as synchronous rectifiers in isolated Flyback and resonant half-bridge converters. The IC can control one or more paralleled N-MOSFETs to emulate the behavior of Schottky diode rectifiers. The drain to source voltage is sensed differentially to determine the polarity of the current and turn the power switch on and off in proximity of the zero current transition. Ruggedness and noise immunity are accomplished using an advanced blanking scheme and double-pulse suppression which allow reliable operation in all operating modes.

IR11672AS

Qualification Information[†]

Rualification information						
		Industrial ^{††}				
Qualification Level		Comments: This family of ICs has passed JEDEC's				
Qualification Level		Industrial qualification. IR's Consumer qualification level is				
		granted by extension of the higher Industrial level.				
Majatura Canajtivity Laval		MSL2 ^{†††} 260°C				
Moisture Sensitivity Level		(per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020)				
	Machine Model	Class B				
ESD	Machine Model	(per JEDEC standard JESD22-A115)				
ESD	Human Body Model	Class 2				
	Human Body Model	(per EIA/JEDEC standard EIA/JESD22-A114)				
IC Lotob Up Toot		Class I, Level A				
IC Latch-Up Test		(per JESD78)				
RoHS Compliant		Yes				

- † Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site http://www.irf.com/
- †† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.
- ††† Higher MSL ratings may be available for the specific package types listed here. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM, all currents are defined positive into any lead. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.3	20	V	
Enable Voltage	V_{EN}	-0.3	20	V	
Cont. Drain Sense Voltage	V_D	-3	200	V	
Pulse Drain Sense Voltage	V_D	-5	200	V	
Source Sense Voltage	Vs	-3	20	V	
Gate Voltage	V_{GATE}	-0.3	20	V	V _{CC} =20V, Gate off
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	-40	150	°C	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-55	150	°C	
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JA}$		128	°C/W	SOIC-8
Package Power Dissipation	P_{D}		970	mW	SOIC-8, T _{AMB} =25°C
Switching Frequency	fsw	•	500	kHz	

Recommended Operating Conditions

For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{cc}	Supply voltage	11.4	18	V
V _D	Drain Sense Voltage	-3	200	V
Τ _J	Junction Temperature	-25	125	°C
Fsw	Switching Frequency		500	kHz

Recommended Component Values

Symbol	Component	Min.	Max.	Units
R_{MOT}	MOT pin resistor value	5	75	kΩ

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Electrical Characteristics

VCC=15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The output voltage and current (V_O and I_O) parameters are referenced to GND (pin7).

Supply Section

Supply Section							
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks	
Supply Voltage Operating							
Range	V_{CC}	11.4		18	V	GBD	
V _{CC} Turn On Threshold	V _{CC ON}	9.8	10.55	11.3	V		
V _{CC} Turn Off Threshold		8.4	9	9.7	V		
(Under Voltage Lock Out)	V _{CC UVLO}	0.4	9	9.7	V		
V _{CC} Turn On/Off Hysteresis	V_{CCHYST}		1.55		V		
Operating Current			8.5	10	mA	C _{LOAD} =1nF,f _{SW} =400kHz	
Operating Current	I _{CC}		50	65	mA	C _{LOAD} =10nF,f _{SW} =400kHz	
Quiescent Current	I _{QCC}		1.8	2.2	mA		
Start-up Current	I _{CC START}		100	200	μA	V _{CC} =V _{CC ON} - 0.1V	
Sleep Current	I _{SLEEP}		150	200	μΑ	$V_{EN}=0V$, $V_{CC}=15V$	
Enable Voltage High	V_{ENHI}	2.15	2.70	3.2	V		
Enable Voltage Low	V _{ENLO}	1.2	1.6	2.0	V		
Enable Pull-up Resistance	R _{EN}		1.5		MΩ	GBD	

Comparator Section

Comparator Section						
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks
		-7	-3.5	0		$OVT = 0V, V_S = 0V$
Turn-off Threshold	V_{TH1}	-14	-9.5	-6	mV	OVT floating, V _S =0V
		-22	-18	-14		$OVT = VCC, V_S = 0V$
Turn-on Threshold	V_{TH2}	-150		-50	mV	
Hysteresis	V_{HYST}		55		mV	
Input Bias Current	I _{IBIAS1}		1	7.5	μA	$V_D = -50 \text{mV}$
Input Bias Current	I _{IBIAS2}		30	100	μΑ	$V_D = 200V$
Comparator Input Offset	V _{OFFSET}			2	mV	GBD
Input CM Voltage Range	V _{CM}	-0.15		2	V	

One-Shot Section

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Blanking pulse duration	t _{BLANK}	9	17	25	μs	
Reset Threshold	V _{TH3}		2.5		V	V _{CC} =10V – GBD
			5.4		V	V _{CC} =20V – GBD
Hysteresis	V_{HYST3}		40		mV	V _{CC} =10V – GBD

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Electrical Characteristics

VCC=15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The output voltage and current (V_O and I_O) parameters are referenced to GND (pin7).

Minimum On Time Section

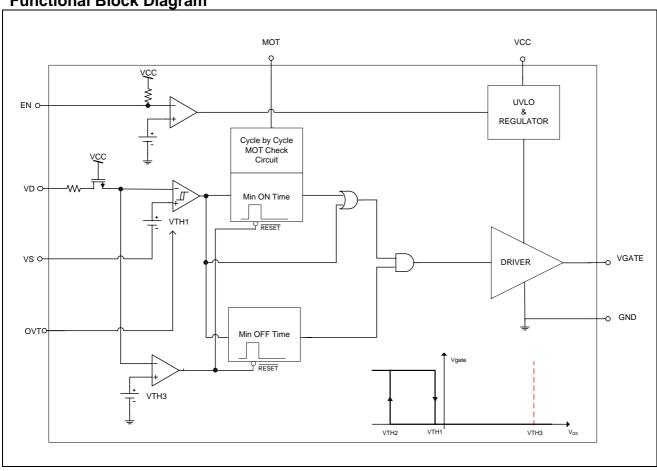
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Minimum on time	т	190	240	290	ns	$R_{MOT} = 5k\Omega, V_{CC} = 12V$
	I ONmin	2.48	3.1	3.72	μs	$R_{MOT} = 75k\Omega, V_{CC} = 12V$

Gate Driver Section

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Gate Low Voltage	V_{GLO}		0.3	0.5	V	$I_{GATE} = 200 \text{mA}$
-						V _{CC} =12V-18V
Gate High Voltage	V_{GTH}	9.0	10.7	12.5	V	(internally clamped)
Rise Time	t _{r1}		18		ns	$C_{LOAD} = 1nF, V_{CC} = 12V$
	t _{r2}		125		ns	$C_{LOAD} = 10nF, V_{CC}=12V$
Fall Time	t _{f1}		10		ns	$C_{LOAD} = 1nF, V_{CC} = 12V$
	t _{f2}		30		ns	$C_{LOAD} = 10nF, V_{CC}=12V$
Turn on Propagation Delay	t_{Don}		60	95	ns	V _{DS} to V _{GATE} -100mV overdrive
Turn off Propagation Delay	t_{Doff}		50	75	ns	V _{DS} to V _{GATE} -100mV overdrive
Pull up Resistance	r_{up}		4		Ω	$I_{GATE} = 1A - GBD$
Pull down Resistance	r _{down}		0.7		Ω	$I_{GATE} = -200 \text{mA}$
Output Peak Current(source)	I _{O source}		2		Α	$C_{LOAD} = 10nF - GBD$
Output Peak Current (sink)	I _{O sink}		7		Α	$C_{LOAD} = 10nF - GBD$

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Functional Block Diagram



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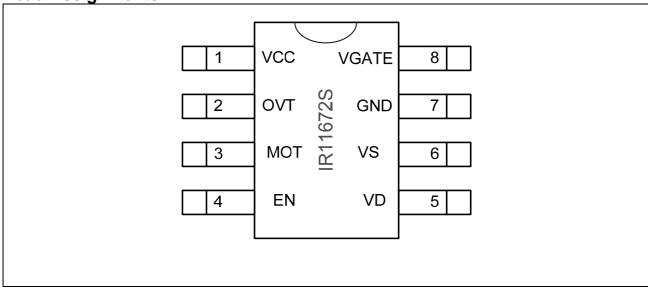
I/O Pin Equivalent Circuit Diagram vcc 占 vcc [ESD **ESD** Diode Diode MOT EN 📥 ovt **Ç** \dot{R}_{ESD} R_{ESD} **ESD** ESD Diode Diode GND 🕇 GND 🗖 VCC VD 🗀 R_{ESD} ESD ESD Diode Diode -GATE ESD 200V Diode Diode GND 🗀 - GND

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Lead Definitions

	_						
PIN#	Symbol	Description					
1	VCC	Supply Voltage					
2	OVT	Offset Voltage Trimming					
3	MOT	Minimum On Time					
4	EN	Enable					
5	VD	FET Drain Sensing					
6	VS	FET Source Sensing					
7	GND	Ground					
8	VGATE	Gate Drive Output					

Lead Assignments



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Detailed Pin Description

VCC: Power Supply

This is the supply voltage pin of the IC and it is monitored by the under voltage lockout circuit. It is possible to turn off the IC by pulling this pin below the minimum turn off threshold voltage, without damage to the IC. To prevent noise problems, a bypass ceramic capacitor connected to Vcc and COM should be placed as close as possible to the IR11672A. This pin is internally clamped.

OVT: Offset Voltage Trimming

The OVT pin will program the amount of input offset voltage for the turn-off threshold V_{TH1} . The pin can be optionally tied to ground, to VCC or left floating, to select 3 ranges of input offset trimming. This programming feature allows for accommodating different R_{DSon} MOSFETs.

MOT: Minimum On Time

The MOT programming pin controls the amount of minimum on time. Once V_{TH2} is crossed for the first time, the gate signal will become active and turn on the power FET. Spurious ringings and oscillations can trigger the input comparator off. The MOT blanks the input comparator keeping the FET on for a minimum time. The MOT is programmed between 200ns and 3us (typ.) by using a resistor referenced to COM.

EN: Enable

This pin is used to activate the IC "sleep" mode by pulling the voltage level below 1.6V (typ). In sleep mode the IC will consume a minimum amount of current. All switching functions will be disabled and the gate will be inactive.

VD: Drain Voltage Sense

VD is the voltage sense pin for the power MOSFET Drain. This is a high voltage pin and particular care must be taken in properly routing the connection to the power MOSFET drain.

Additional filtering and or current limiting on this pin are not recommended as it would limit switching performance of the IC.

VS: Source Voltage Sense

VS is the differential sense pin for the power MOSFET Source. This pin must not be connected directly to the power ground pin (7) but must be used to create a Kelvin contact as close as possible to the power MOSFET source pin.

GND: Ground

This is ground potential pin of the integrated control circuit. The internal devices and gate driver are referenced to this point.

VGATE: Gate Drive Output

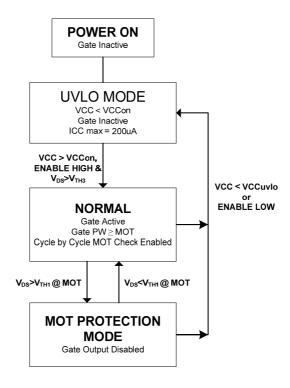
This is the gate drive output of the IC. Drive voltage is internally limited and provides 2A peak source and 7A peak sink capability. Although this pin can be directly connected to the power MOSFET gate, the use of minimal gate resistor is recommended, especially when putting multiple FETs in parallel.

Care must be taken in order to keep the gate loop as short and as small as possible in order to achieve optimal switching performance.

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Application Information and Additional Details

State Diagram



UVLO/Sleep Mode

The IC remains in the UVLO condition until the voltage on the VCC pin exceeds the VCC turn on threshold voltage, $V_{CC\ ON}$. During the time the IC remains in the UVLO state, the gate drive circuit is inactive and the IC draws a quiescent current of $I_{CC\ START}$. The UVLO mode is accessible from any other state of operation whenever the IC supply voltage condition of VCC < $V_{CC\ UVLO}$ occurs.

The sleep mode is initiated by pulling the EN pin below 1.6V (typ). In this mode the IC is essentially shut down and draws a very low quiescent supply current.

Normal Mode and Synchronized Enable Function

The IC enters in normal operating mode once the UVLO voltage has been exceeded and the EN voltage is above V_{ENHI} threshold. When the IC enters the Normal Mode from the UVLO Mode, the GATE output is disabled (stays low) until V_{DS} exceeds V_{TH3} to activate the gate. This ensures that the GATE output is not enabled in the middle of a switching cycle. This logic prevents any reverse currents across the device due to the minimum on time function in the IC. The gate will continuously drive the SR MOSFET after this one-time activation. The Cycle by Cycle MOT protection circuit is enabled in Normal Mode.

MOT Protection Mode

If the secondary current conduction time is shorter than the MOT (Minimum On Time) setting, the next driver output is disabled. This function can avoid reverse current that occurs when the system works at very low duty-cycles or at very light/no load conditions and reduce system standby power consumption by disabling GATE outputs. The Cycle by Cycle MOT Check circuit is always activated under Normal Mode and MOT Protection Mode, so that the IC can automatically resume normal operation once the load increases to a level and the secondary current conduction time is longer than MOT.

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General Description

The IR11672A Smart Rectifier IC can emulate the operation of diode rectifier by properly driving a Synchronous Rectifier (SR) MOSFET. The direction of the rectified current is sensed by the input comparator using the power MOSFET R_{DSon} as a shunt resistance and the GATE pin of the MOSFET is driven accordingly. Internal blanking logic is used to prevent spurious transitions and guarantee operation in continuous (CCM), discontinuous (DCM) and critical (CrCM) conduction mode.

IR11672A is suitable for Flyback and Resonant Half-Bridge topologies.

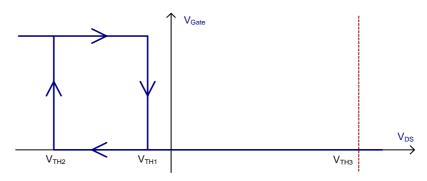


Figure 1: Input comparator thresholds

Flyback Application

The modes of operation for a Flyback circuit differ mainly for the turn-off phase of the SR switch, while the turn-on phase of the secondary switch (which corresponds to the turn off of the primary side switch) is identical.

Turn-on phase

When the conduction phase of the SR FET is initiated, current will start flowing through its body diode, generating a negative V_{DS} voltage across it. The body diode has generally a much higher voltage drop than the one caused by the MOSFET on resistance and therefore will trigger the turn-on threshold V_{TH2} .

At that point the IR11672A will drive the gate of MOSFET on which will in turn cause the conduction voltage VDS to drop down. This drop is usually accompanied by some amount of ringing, that can trigger the input comparator to turn off; hence, a Minimum On Time (MOT) blanking period is used that will maintain the power MOSFET on for a minimum amount of time.

The programmed MOT will limit also the minimum duty cycle of the SR MOSFET and, as a consequence, the max duty cycle of the primary side switch.

DCM/CrCM Turn-off phase

Once the SR MOSFET has been turned on, it will remain on until the rectified current will decay to the level where V_{DS} will cross the turn-off threshold V_{TH1} . This will happen differently depending on the mode of operation.

In DCM the current will cross the threshold with a relatively low dl/dt. Once the threshold is crossed, the current will start flowing again thru the body diode, causing the V_{DS} voltage to jump negative. Depending on the amount of residual current, V_{DS} may trigger once again the turn on threshold: for this reason V_{TH2} is blanked for a certain amount of time (T_{BLANK}) after V_{TH1} has been triggered.

The blanking time is internally set. As soon as V_{DS} crosses the positive threshold V_{TH3} also the blanking time is terminated and the IC is ready for next conduction cycle.

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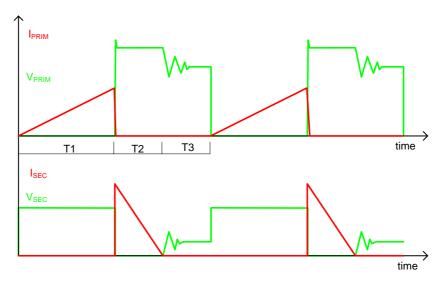


Figure 2: Primary and secondary currents and voltages for DCM mode

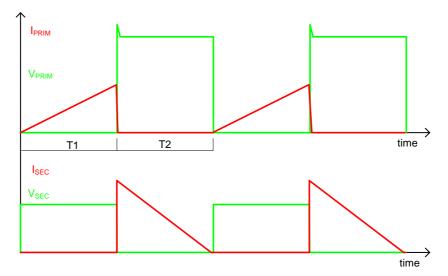


Figure 3: Primary and secondary currents and voltages for CrCM mode

CCM Turn-off phase

In CCM mode the turn off transition is much steeper and dl/dt involved is much higher. The turn on phase is identical to DCM or CrCM and therefore won't be repeated here.

During the SR FET conduction phase the current will decay linearly, and so will V_{DS} on the SR FET.

Once the primary switch will start to turn back on, the SR FET current will rapidly decrease crossing V_{TH1} and turning the gate off. The turn off speed is critical to avoid cross conduction on the primary side and reduce switching losses.

Also in this case a blanking period will be applied, but given the very fast nature of this transition, it will be reset as soon as V_{DS} crosses V_{TH3} .

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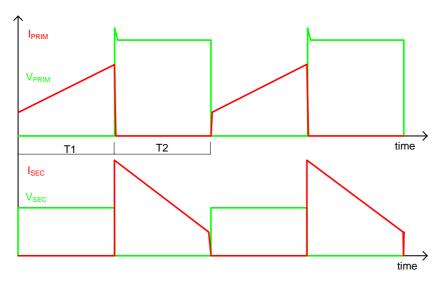


Figure 4: Primary and secondary currents and voltages for CCM mode

The operation waveforms of IR11672A in a flyback converter under CCM mode and DCM/CrCM were shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6 respectively.

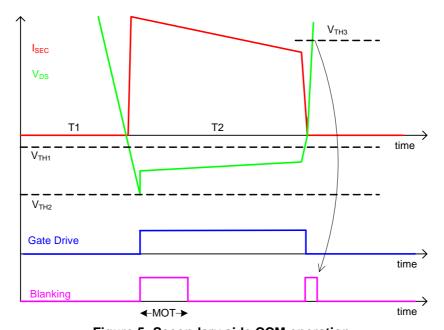


Figure 5: Secondary side CCM operation

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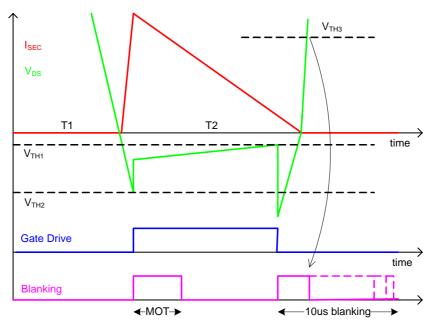


Figure 6: Secondary side DCM/CrCM operation

Resonant Half-Bridge Application

The typical application circuit of IR11672A in LLC half-bridge is shown in Figure 7.

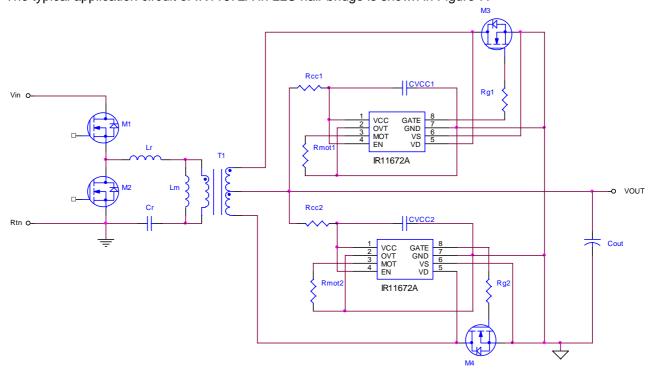


Figure 7: Resonant half-bridge application circuit

In resonant half-bridge converter, the turn-on phase and turn-off phase is similar to flyback except the current shape is sinusoid. The typical operation waveform can be found below.

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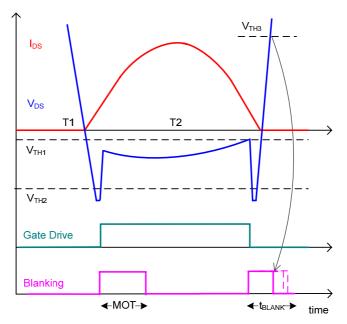


Figure 8: Resonant half-bridge operation waveform

MOT Protection Mode

The MOT protection prevents reverse current in SR MOSFET which could happen at light load if the MOT time is set very long. The IC disables the gate output in the protection mode and automatically resume to normal operation as the load increasing to a level where the SR current conduction time is longer than MOT.

This function works in both flyback and resonant half-bridge topologies. Figure 9 is an example in Flyback converter.

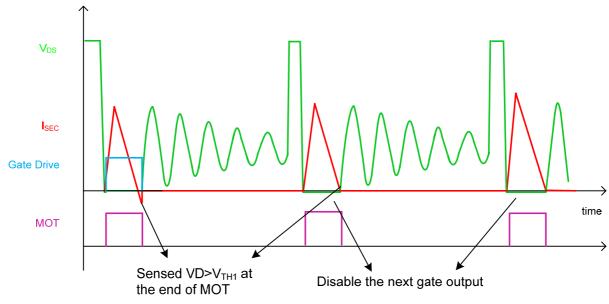


Figure 9: MOT Protection Mode

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Synchronized Enable Function

This function works in both flyback and resonant half-bridge topologies. Figure 10 is an example in resonant half-bridge converter.

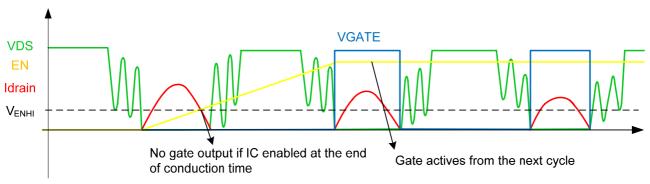


Figure 10: Synchronized Enable Function (resonant half-bridge)

General Timing Waveform

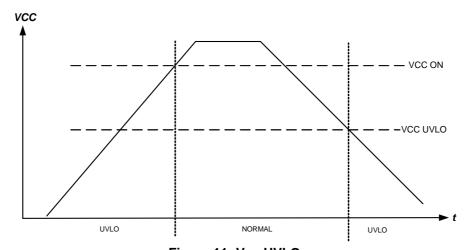


Figure 11: Vcc UVLO

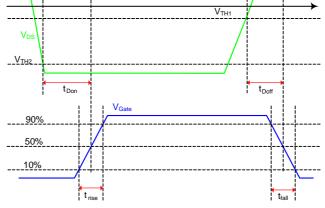


Figure 12: Timing waveform

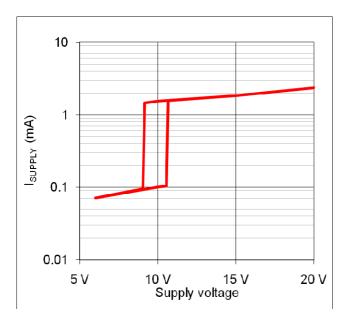
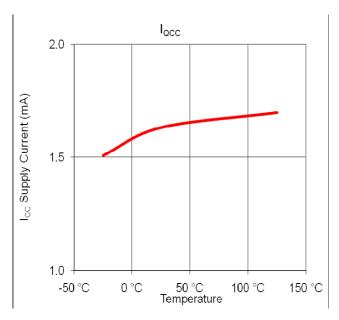


Figure 13: Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 14: Undervoltage Lockout vs. Temperature



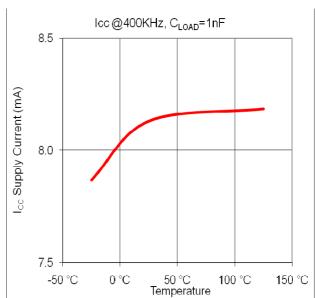
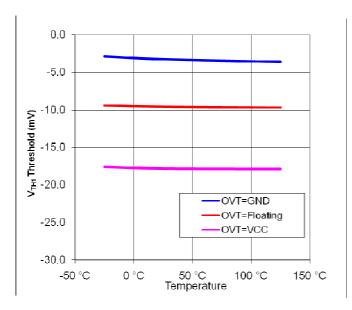


Figure 15: Icc Quiescent Currrent vs. Temperature

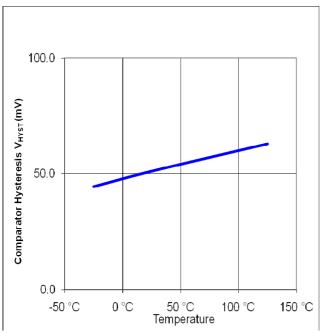
Figure 16: Icc Supply Currrent @1nF Load vs. Temperature



-50.0 -50.0 -50.0 -50.°C 100.°C 150.°C Temperature

Figure 17: V_{TH1} vs. Temperature

Figure 18: V_{TH2} vs. Temperature





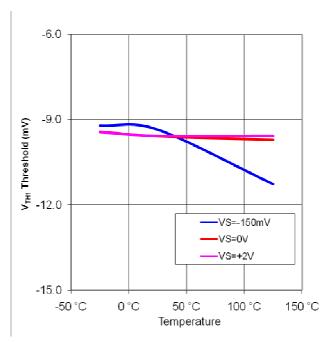
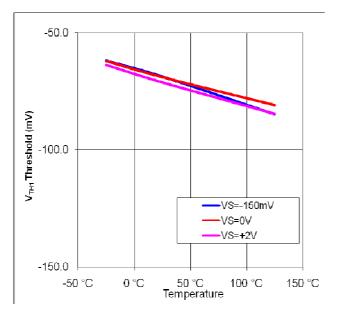


Figure 20: V_{TH1} vs. Temperature and Common Mode (OVT=Floating)



4 us

3 us

(sr) emit uo

RMOT=5k

RMOT=75k

1 us

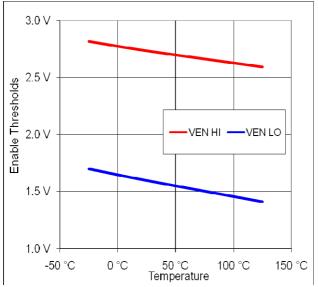
1 us

-50 °C 0 °C 50 °C 100 °C 150 °C

Temperature

Figure 21: V_{TH2} vs. Temperature and Common Mode

Figure 22: MOT vs Temperature





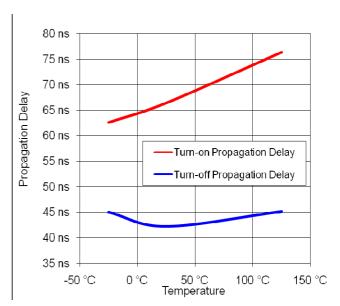
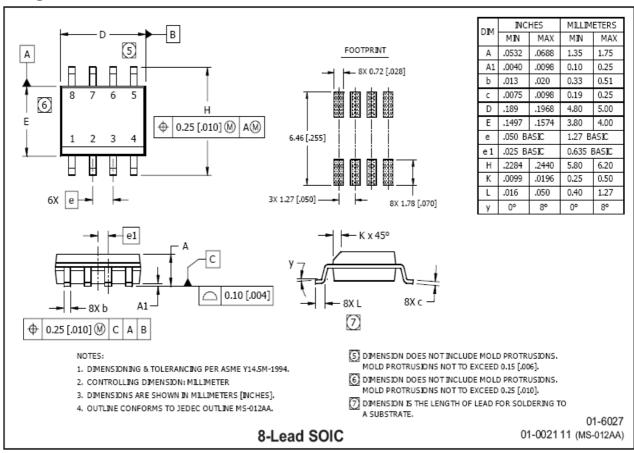


Figure 24: Turn-on and Turn-off Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

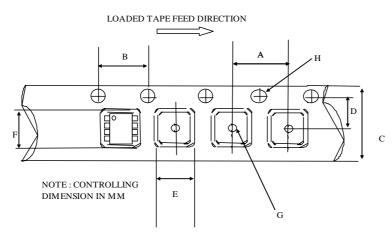
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Package Details: SOIC8N



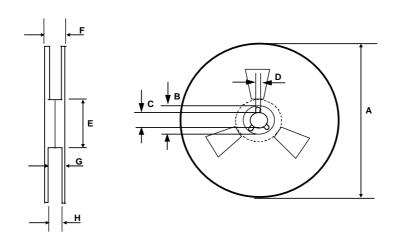
IR11672AS

Tape and Reel Details: SOIC8N



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 8SOICN

CARRIER TAFE DIMENSION FOR 8301CN						
	Metric		Imperial			
Code	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318		
В	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161		
С	11.70	12.30	0.46	0.484		
D	5.45	5.55	0.214	0.218		
E	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.255		
F	5.10	5.30	0.200	0.208		
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a		
Н	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062		

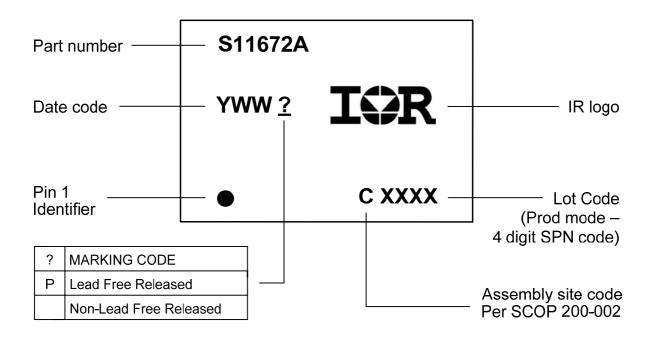


REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 8SOICN

	Metric		Imperial	
Code	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
В	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
С	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	18.40	n/a	0.724
G	14.50	17.10	0.570	0.673
Н	12.40	14.40	0.488	0.566

IR11672AS

Part Marking Information



查询"IR11672ASTRPBF"供应商

International

TOR Rectifier

IR11672AS

Ordering Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Commission Don't Name on
		Form	Quantity	Complete Part Number
IR11672AS	SOIC8N	Tube/Bulk	95	IR11672ASPBF
		Tape and Reel	2500	IR11672ASTRPBF

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