SGM9111

8MHz Rail-to-Rail Composite Video Driver with 6dB Gain

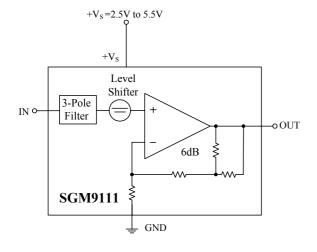
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The SGM9111 is single rail-to-rail 3-pole output reconstruction filter with a -3dB bandwidth of 8MHz and a slew rate of $40V/\mu s$. Operating from single supplies ranging from +2.5V to +5.5V and sinking an ultra-low 2.65mA quiescent current, the SGM9111 is ideally suited for low power, battery-operated applications.

The output swings within 100mV of GND and 170mV to V+ with a standard back-terminated video load (150 Ω). SGM9111 employs an internal level shift circuit that avoids sync-pulse clipping and allows DC-coupled output.

It has lead (Pb) free SO-8 package.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



FEATURES

- Low Cost
- Excellent Video Performance
- 3-Pole Reconstruction Filter
- Internal Gain: 6dB
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- Input Voltage Range Includes Ground AC-Coupled Input
- Operates on 2.5 V to 5.5 V Single-Supplies
- Low Power

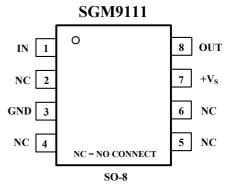
2.65 mA Typical Supply Current

• Small Packaging SGM9111 Available in SO-8

APPLICATIONS

Video amplifiers
Cable and Satellite set top boxes
Communications devices
Video on demand
Portable and handheld products
Personal video recorders
DVD players
HDTV

PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_s = +3.3V$

(At R_L = 150 Ω connected to GND, and C_{IN} = 0.1 μ F, Cout=220 μ F, unless otherwise noted)

			SGM9111				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE			RE	
		+25 ℃	+25℃	0℃ to70℃	-40℃ to+85℃	UNITS	MIN/MAX
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Level Shift Voltage (V _{OLS}) Input Bias Current (I _B)	V _{IN} = 0V, no load	106	130	135	145	mV pA	MAX TYP
Input Voltage Clamp (V _{CLAMP})	I _{IN} = -1mA	-61	-65	-70	-73	mV	MIN
Clamp Charge Current	V _{IN} = V _{CLAMP} -100mV	-2.7	-2.8	-2.82	-2.84	mA	MIN
Clamp Discharge Current	V _{IN} = 500mV	4	5	6	6.5	μA	MAX
Input Resistance (R _{IN})	$0.5V < V_{IN} < 1.0V$					MΩ	MIN
Voltage Gain (A _V)	$R_{I} = 150\Omega$		1.97	1.968	1.966	V/V	MIN
			2.03	2.032	2.034	V/V	MAX
Input Offset Voltage Drift (ΔV _{OS} /Δ _T)						μV/°C	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Voltage High Swing	$V_{IN} = 2V$, $R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	3.13	3.1	3.05	3.03	V	MIN
Output Short-Circuit Current (I _{SC})	V_{IN} = 2V, to GND through 10Ω	-105	-100	-100	-95	mA	MAX
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	V_{IN} = 100mV, out short to V_{DD} through 10 Ω	120	110	108	107	mA	MIN
POWER SUPPLY							
Operating Voltage Range			2.5	2.7	2.7	V	MIN
			5.5	5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	$V_s = +2.7 \text{ V to} + 5.5 \text{ V}$	70	62	61	60	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current (I _Q)	V _{IN} = 500mV, no load	2.65	2.94	3.03	3.12	mA	MAX
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE							
±0.1dB Bandwidth	$R_L = 150\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$	4.4				MHz	TYP
-3dB Bandwidth	$R_L = 150\Omega, C_L = 5pF$	8.0				MHz	TYP
Filter Response							
Normalized Gain: f _{IN} = 4.5MHz		+0.15				dB	TYP
f _{IN} = 27MHz		-22				dB	TYP
Slew Rate	10% to 90%, V _{IN} = 1V Step,	40				V/µs	TYP
Differential Gain Error (DG)	NTSC & PAL DC coupled	0.46				%	TYP
	NTSC & PAL AC coupled	1.2				%	TYP
Differential Phase Error (DP)	NTSC & PAL DC coupled	0.8				0	TYP
	NTSC & PAL AC coupled	1.0				0	TYP
Group Delay Variation (D/DT)	f = 100kHz, 5MHz	8				ns	TYP
Fall Time	2.5V _{STEP} , 80% to 20%	30				ns	TYP
Rise Time	2.5V _{STEP} , 80% to 20%	40				ns	TYP

Specifications subject to changes without notice.

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
SGM9111YS/TR	SO-8	-40℃ to +85℃	Tape and Reel, 2500	SGM9111YS
SGM9111ZS/TR	SO-8	0℃ to +70℃	Tape and Reel, 2500	SGM9111ZS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V+ to V7.5 V
Input Voltage
GND $- 0.3 \text{ V to (+Vs)} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Storage Temperature Range -65°C to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction Temperature160°C
Operating Temperature Range
SGM9111YS40°C to +85°C
SGM9111ZS0°C to +70°C
Package Thermal Resistance
SO-8, θ _{JA}
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 10 sec)
260°C
ESD Susceptibility
HBM1000V
MM400V

NOTES

1. Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

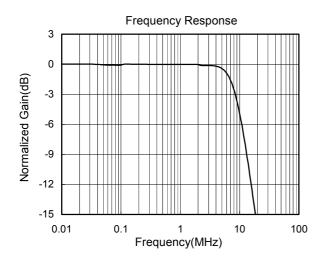
CAUTION

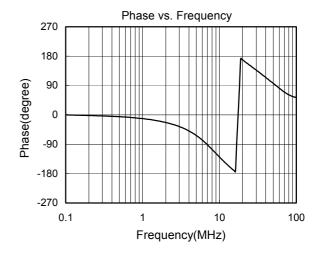
This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Shengbang Micro-electronics recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

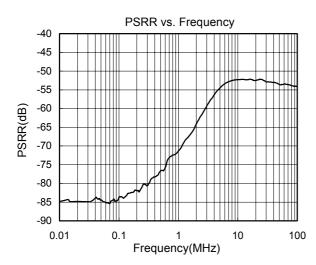
ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

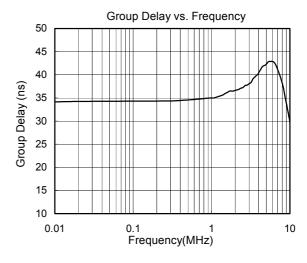
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

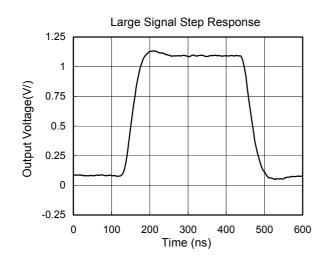
At $V_S = +3.3V$, $T_A = +25$ °C, $R_L = 150\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$ unless otherwise noted.

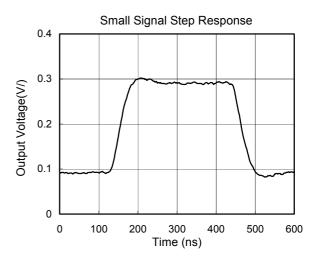






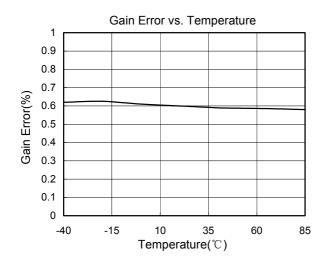


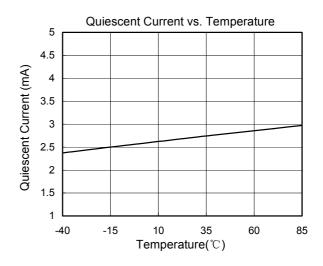


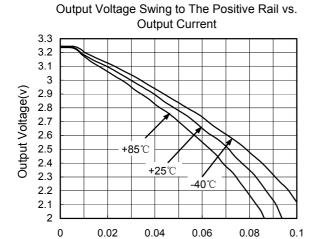


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

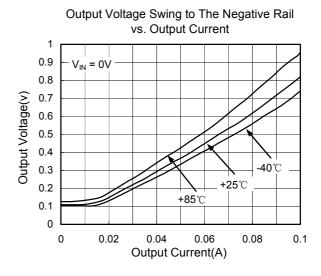
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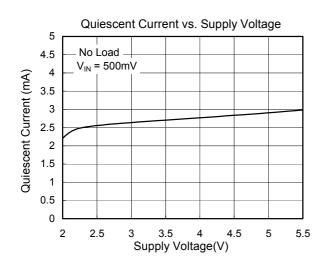






Output Current(A)





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Application Information

The SGM9111 low cost, integrated, 3-pole, video filter is intended to replace passive LC filters and drivers in low voltage portable video applications. The 3-pole filter provides better image quality compared to typical 2-pole solutions.

The SGM9111 input must be AC-coupled because the input capacitor stores the clamp voltage. It needs a typical value of $0.1\mu F$ for the input clamp to meet the Line Droop specification. The SGM9111 output can drive an AC or DC-coupled doubly terminated coax (150Ω) load (see Figure 1) . DC-coupling the output removes the need for an expensive and large output coupling capacitor (see Figure 2) .

Internal Sync Clamp

The typical embedded video DAC operates from a ground referenced single supply. This becomes an issue because the lower level of the sync pulse output may be at a 0V reference level to some positive level. The problem is presenting a 0V input to most single supply driven amplifiers will saturate the

output stage of the amplifier resulting in a clipped sync tip and degrading the video image. A larger positive reference may offset the input above its positive range.

The SGM9111 features an internal sync clamp and offset function to level shift the entire video signal to the best level before it reaches the input of the amplifier stage. These features are also helpful to avoid saturation of the output stage of the amplifier by setting the signal closer to the best voltage range.

The typical Application diagram of the SGM9111 in Figure 1 is divided into four sections. The first, Section A is the Sync Clamp. The AC coupled video sync signal is pulled negative by a current source at the input of the comparator amplifier. When the sync tip goes below the comparator threshold the output comparator is driven negative, The PMOS device turns on clamping sync tip to near ground level. The network triggers on the sync tip of video signal.

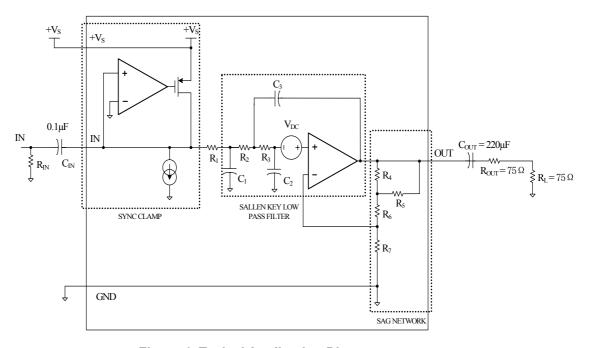


Figure 1. Typical Application Diagram

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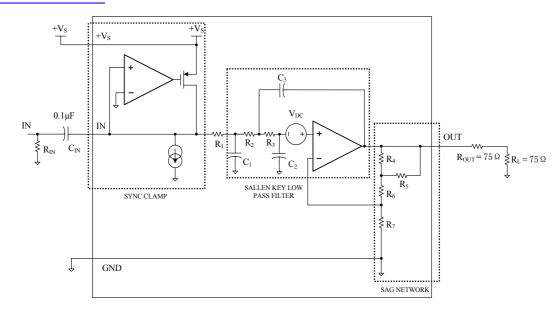


Figure 2. AC-Coupled Input/DC-Coupled Output

The Sallen Key Low Pass Filter

The Sallen Key in a classic low pass configuration illustrated in Figure 1. The filter provides a very stable low pass function, and in the case of the SGM9111, a 3-pole roll-off at around 8MHz. The 3-pole function is accomplished with an RC low pass network placed in series with and before the Sallen Key. One pole provided by the RC network and poles two and three provided by the Sallen Key for a nice 3-pole roll-off at around 8MHz.

Layout and Power-Supply Bypassing

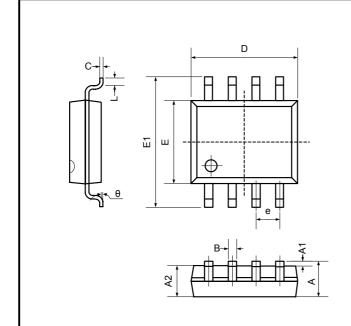
The SGM9111 operates from single 2.5V to 5.5V supply. Bypass the supply with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor as close to the pin as possible. SGMC recommends using microstrip and stripline techniques to obtain full bandwidth. To ensure that the PC board does not degrade the device's performance, design it for

a frequency greater than 1GHz. Pay careful attention to inputs and outputs to avoid large parasitic capacitance. Whether or not you use a constant-impedance board, observe the following design guidelines:

- Do not use IC sockets; they increase parasitic capacitance and inductance.
- Do not use wire-wrap boards; they are too inductive.
- Use surface-mount instead of through-hole components for better, high-frequency performance.
- Use a PC board with at least two layers; it should be as free from voids as possible.
- Keep signal lines as short and as straight as possible. Do not make 90° turns; round all corners.

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SO-8



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010	
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248	
е	1.270TYP		0.050TYP		
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0° 8°		

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REVISION HISTORY

Location	Page
03/07 — Data Sheet changed from REV. A to REV. B	
Changes to PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION	3
02/08— Data Sheet changed from REV. B to REV. C	
Changes to PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION	
Changes to TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS	

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