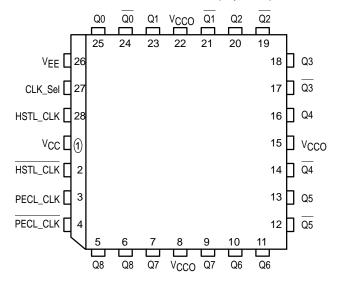
Low-Voltage 1:9 Differential ECL/HSTL to HSTL Clock Driver

The MPC9111 is a low skew 1-to-9 differential HSTL compatible output fanout buffer. The device is functionally equivalent to the MC100LVE111 device. The device accepts either LVPECL or HSTL compatible input levels and provides 9 low skew differential HSTL compatible outputs. The device operates from a single 3.3V VCC supply.

- 800ps Part-to-Part Skew
- 250ps Output-to-Output Skew
- Open Emitter HSTL Compatible Outputs
- Differential Design
- 28-Lead PLCC
- 3.3V VCC

The MPC911 HSTL outputs are not realized in the conventional manner. To minimize part–to–part and output–to–output skew the HSTL compatible output levels are generated with an open emitter architecture. The outputs are pulled down with 50Ω to ground rather than the typical 50Ω to $V_{\mbox{DDQ}}$ pullup of a "standard" HSTL output. Because the HSTL outputs are pulled to ground the MPC911 does not utilize the $V_{\mbox{DDQ}}$ supply of the HSTL standard. The output levels are derived from $V_{\mbox{CC}}$, an internal regulator minimizes the output level variation with $V_{\mbox{CC}}$ variations.

Pinout: 28-Lead PLCC (Top View)



MPC911

LOW-VOLTAGE
1:9 DIFFERENTIAL ECL/HSTL
TO HSTL CLOCK DRIVER



FN SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 776-02

PIN NAMES

REV 1

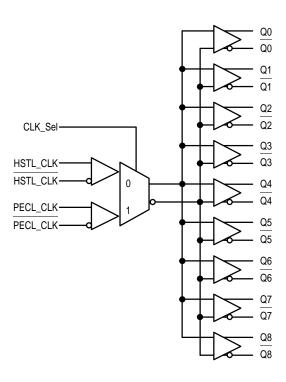
| Pins | Function |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| HSTL_CLK, HSTL_CLK | Differential HSTL Input |
| PECL_CLK, PECL_CLK | Differential PECL Input |
| Q0-Q8, Q0-Q8 | Differential Outputs |



1/96

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LOGIC SYMBOL



HSTL DC CHARACTERISTICS

| | | 0°C | | | | 25°C | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----|----------------------------|------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| VOH | Output HIGH Voltage | 0.9 | | | 0.9 | | | 0.9 | | | V |
| V _{OL} | Output LOW Voltage | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | V |
| VIH | Input HIGH Voltage | V _{ref} + 0.10 | | 1.9 | V _{ref} + 0.10 | | 1.9 | V _{ref} + 0.10 | | 1.9 | V |
| VIL | Input LOW Voltage | -0.3 | | V _{ref} – 0.10 | -0.3 | | V _{ref} – 0.10 | -0.3 | | V _{ref} – 0.10 | V |
| VX | Input Crossover Volt | 0.68 | | 0.9 | 0.68 | | 0.9 | 0.68 | | 0.9 | V |
| V _{ref} | Input Reference Volt | 0.68 | | 0.9 | 0.68 | 0.75 | 0.9 | 0.68 | | 0.9 | |

LV PECL DC CHARACTERISTICS

| | | 0°C | | | | 25°C | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| V _{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage ¹ | 2.135 | | 2.420 | 2.135 | | 2.420 | 2.135 | | 2.420 | V |
| V _{IL} | Input LOW Voltage ¹ | 1.490 | | 1.825 | 1.490 | | 1.825 | 1.490 | | 1.825 | V |
| Vcс | Power Supply Voltage | 3.0 | | 3.6 | 3.0 | | 3.6 | 3.0 | | 3.6 | V |
| lΗ | Input HIGH Current | | | 150 | | | 150 | | | 150 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | Power Supply Current | | | 100 | | | 100 | | | 110 | mA |

1. These values are for V_{CC} = 3.3V. Level Specifications will vary 1:1 with V_{CC} .

MOTOROLA 2

| | | 0°C | | 25°C | | | 70°C | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------|-----------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Condition |
| ^t PLH ^t PHL | Propagation Delay to Output HSTL IN (differential) HSTL PECL | 1.4 1.3 | 2.0 1.9 | 2.3 2.0 | 1.6 1.4 | 1.9 1.9 | 2.4 2.1 | 1.8 1.5 | 2.3 2.0 | 2.6 2.3 | ns | Note 1 |
| ^t skew | Within-Device Skew Part-to-Part Skew (Diff) | | | 250 900 | | | 250 800 | | | 250 800 | ps | Note 2 |
| V _{PP} | Minimum Input Swing PECL_CLK | 600 | | | 600 | | | 600 | | | mV | Note 3 |
| VCMR | Common Mode Range PECL_CLK | V _{CC} -1.5 | | V _{CC} -0.8 | V _{CC} -1.5 | | V _{CC} -0.8 | V _{CC} -1.5 | | V _{CC} -0.8 | V | Note 4 |
| t _r /t _f | Output Rise/Fall Time | 500 600 | 800 1200 | 1200 1800 | 500 600 | 800 1200 | 1200 1800 | 500 600 | 800 1200 | 1200 1800 | ps | 20%–80% |

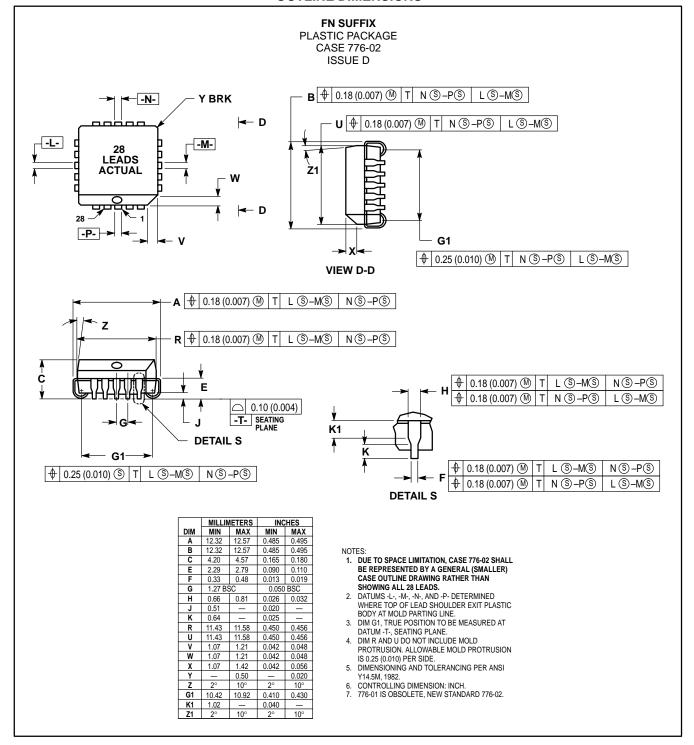
- The differential propagation delay is defined as the delay from the crossing points of the differential input signals to the crossing point of the differential output signals.
- 2. The within-device skew is defined as the worst case difference between any two similar delay paths within a single device.
- 3. Vpp(min) is defined as the minimum input differential voltage which will cause no increase in the propagation delay. The Vpp(min) is AC limited for the MPC911 as a differential input as low as 50 mV will still produce full HSTL levels at the output.
- V_{CMR} is defined as the range within which the V_{IH} level may vary, with the device still meeting the propagation delay specification. The V_{IL} level must be such that the peak to peak voltage is less than 1.0 V and greater than or equal to V_{PP}(min).

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MOTOROLA

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