

TLC225x-Q1, TLC225xA-Q1 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS188B – OCTOBER 2003 – REVISED APRIL 2008

查询"TLC2254A-Q1"供应商

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 150 V (TLC2252/52A) and 100 V (TLC2254/54A) Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Low Noise . . . 19 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation
- Very Low Power . . . 35 μA Per Channel Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- Low Input Offset Voltage
850 μV Max at T_A = 25°C (TLC225xA)
- Macromodel Included
- Performance Upgrades for the TS27L2/L4 and TLC27L2/L4

description

The TLC2252 and TLC2254 are dual and quad operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC225x family consumes only 35 μA of supply current per channel. This micropower operation makes them good choices for battery-powered applications. The noise performance has been dramatically improved over previous generations of CMOS amplifiers. Looking at Figure 1, the TLC225x has a noise level of 19 nV/√Hz at 1 kHz; four times lower than competitive micropower solutions.

The TLC225x amplifiers, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC225xA family is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 850 μV. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and ±5 V.

The TLC2252/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC27L2/L4 or TS27L2/L4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage, and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage ranges, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442 devices. If the design requires single amplifiers, please see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
vs
FREQUENCY

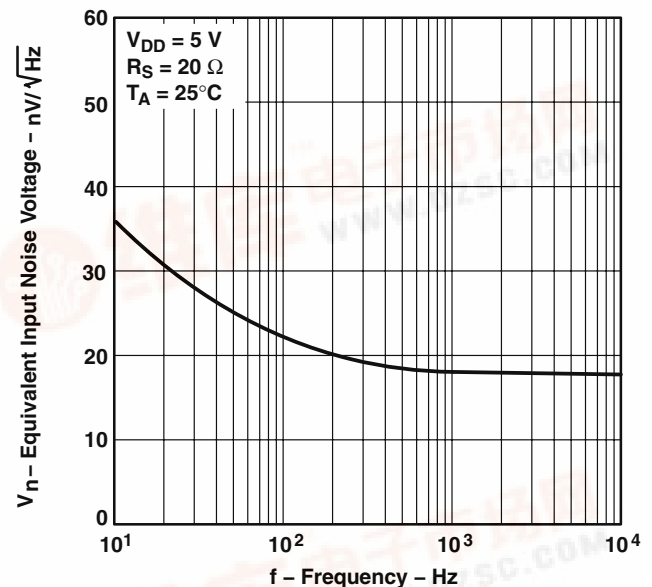


Figure 1



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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器件 TLC225-Q1 封装

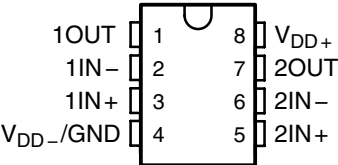
ORDERING INFORMATION†

T _A	V _{IO} max AT 25°C	PACKAGE‡		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLC2252AQDRQ1	2252AQ
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLC2252AQPWRQ1	2252AQ
	1550 µV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLC2252QDRQ1	2252Q1
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLC2252QPWRQ1	2252Q1
	850 µV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLC2254AQDRQ1	TLC2254AQ1
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLC2254AQPWRQ1	2254AQ
	1550 µV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLC2254QDRQ1	TLC2254Q1
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLC2254QPWRQ1	2254Q1

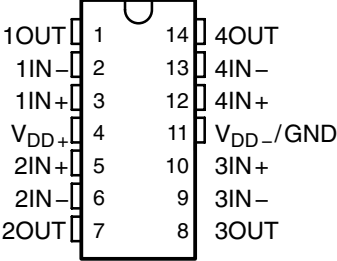
† For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at <http://www.ti.com>.

‡ Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at <http://www.ti.com/packaging>.

TLC2252, TLC2252A
D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TLC2254, TLC2254A
D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

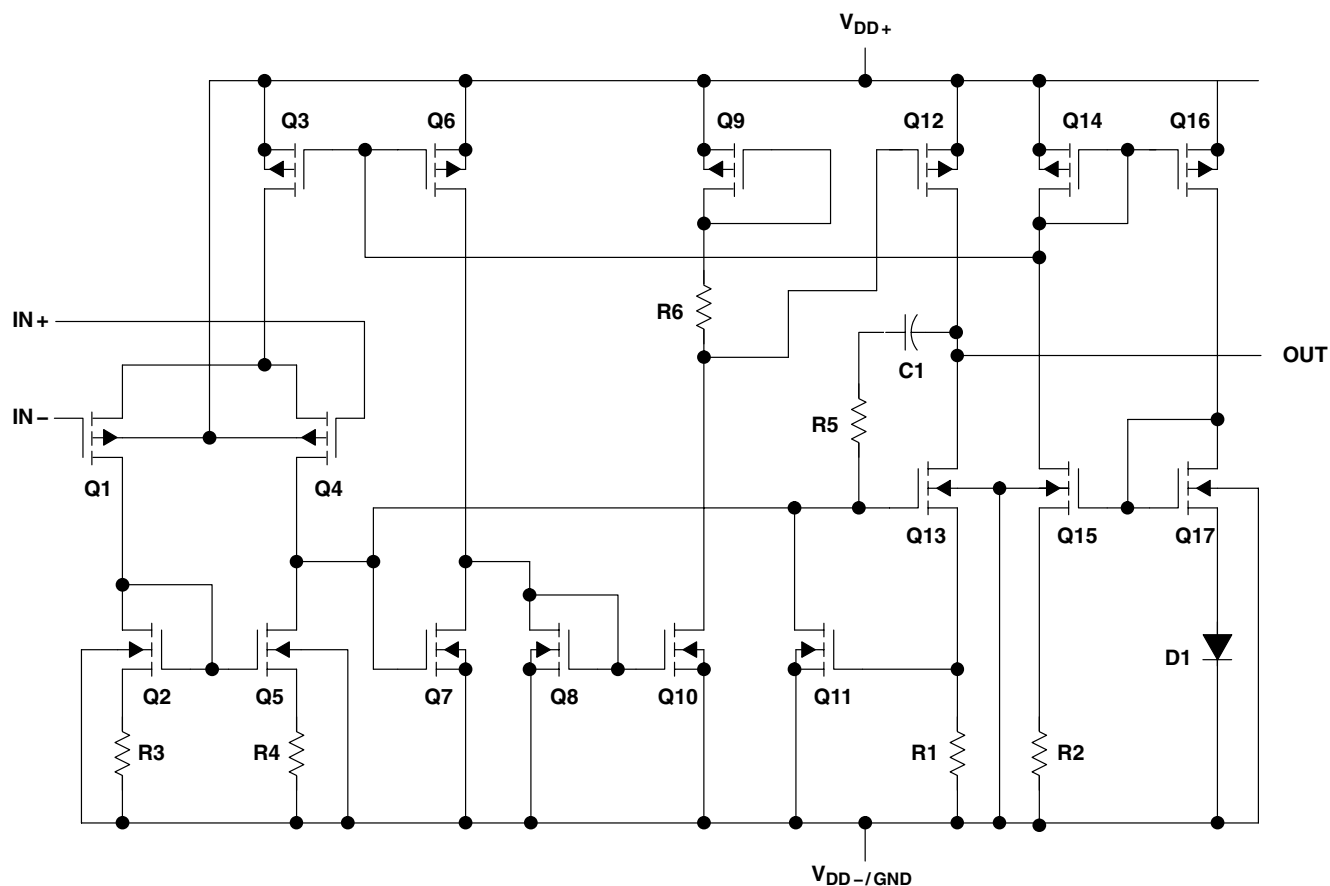


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equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT†		
COMPONENT	TLC2252	TLC2254
Transistors	38	76
Resistors	30	56
Diodes	9	18
Capacitors	3	6

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V_{DD+} (see Note 1)	8 V
Supply voltage, V_{DD-} (see Note 1)	–8 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	±16 V
Input voltage, V_I (any input, see Note 1)	±8 V
Input current, I_I (each input)	±5 mA
Output current, I_O	±50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+}	±50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-}	±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : Q suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-} .
2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$. Excessive current flows when input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3$ V.
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D–8	724 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	144 mW
D–14	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	450 mW	190 mW
PW–8	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	273 mW	105 mW
PW–14	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW	364 mW	140 mW

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage range, V_I	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	–40	125	°C

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2252-Q1			TLC2252A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{DD±} = ±2.5 V, V _{IC} = 0, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	200 1500			200 850			μV
	Full range			1750			1000				
α _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003			0.003			μV/mo
I _{IO}	Input offset current			25°C	0.5 60			0.5 60			pA
				Full range	1000			1000			
I _{IB}	Input bias current			25°C	1 60			1 60			pA
				Full range	1000			1000			
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IO} ≤ 5 mV		25°C	0 to 4 −0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4 −0.3 to 4.2		V		
				Full range	0 to 3.5		0 to 3.5				
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = −20 μA		25°C	4.98		4.98		V		
		I _{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9 4.94		4.9 4.94				
				Full range	4.8		4.8				
		I _{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8 4.88		4.8 4.88				
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 50 μA		25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 500 μA		25°C	0.09 0.15		0.09 0.15				
				Full range	0.15		0.15				
		V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 4 mA		25°C	0.8 1		0.7 1				
				Full range	1.2		1.2				
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _{IC} = 2.5 V, V _O = 1 V to 4 V	R _L = 100 kΩ [‡]	25°C	100 350		100 350		V/mV		
				Full range	10		10				
			R _L = 1 MΩ [‡]	25°C	1700		1700				
r _{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω	
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω	
c _{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	f = 10 kHz,	25°C	8			8		pF	
z _o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A _V = 10	25°C	200			200		Ω	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, V _O = 2.5 V, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	70 83		70 83		dB		
				Full range	70		70				
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _{IO})	V _{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load		25°C	80 95		80 95		dB		
				Full range	80		80				
I _{DD}	Supply current	V _O = 2.5 V, No load		25°C	70 125		70 125		μA		
				Full range	150		150				

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC225x-Q1, TLC225xA-Q1

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SGLS 895, "Q1" suffix = PFM5D APPS, 2008

最新TLC225x-Q1 供应

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2252-Q1			TLC2252A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/ μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		36			36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 50\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2252-Q1			TLC2252A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{IC} = 0, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	200 1500			200 850			μV
	Full range			1750			1000				
α _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003			0.003			μV/mo
I _{IO}	Input offset current			25°C	0.5 60			0.5 60			pA
				Full range	1000			1000			
I _{IB}	Input bias current			25°C	1 60			1 60			pA
				Full range	1000			1000			
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IO} ≤ 5 mV		25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	-5 to 4		-5.3 to 4.2	V	
				Full range	-5 to 3.5		-5 to 3.5				
V _{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I _O = -20 μA		25°C	4.98			4.98			V
		I _O = -100 μA		25°C	4.9 4.93		4.9 4.93				
				Full range	4.7			4.7			
				I _O = -200 μA		25°C	4.8 4.86		4.8 4.86		
V _{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 50 μA		25°C	-4.99			-4.99			V
		V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 500 μA		25°C	-4.85 -4.91		-4.85 -4.91				
				Full range	-4.85			-4.85			
		V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 4 mA		25°C	-4 -4.3		-4 -4.3				
				Full range	-3.8			-3.8			
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _O = ±4 V	R _L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40 150		40 150		V/mV		
				Full range	10			10			
				R _L = 1 MΩ	25°C	3000				3000	
r _{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω	
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω	
C _{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C	8			8		pF	
z _o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A _V = 10	25°C	190			190		Ω	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = -5 V to 2.7 V, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	75 88		75 88		dB		
				Full range	75		75				
K _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD±} /ΔV _{IO})	V _{DD} = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V _{IC} = 0, No load		25°C	80 95		80 95		dB		
				Full range	80		80				
I _{DD}	Supply current	V _O = 2.5 V, No load		25°C	80 125		80 125		μA		
				Full range	150			150			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2252-Q1			TLC2252A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = ±2 V, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		38			38		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		19			19		
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		0.8			0.8		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = ±2.3 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, f = 10 kHz	A _V = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A _V = 10		1%			1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B _{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 4.6 V, R _L = 50 kΩ,	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF	25°C	14			14			kHz
ϕ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 50 kΩ,	C _L = 100 pF	25°C	63°			63°			
Gain margin					25°C	15			15		

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2254-Q1			TLC2254A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{DD} ± ±2.5 V, V _{IC} = 0, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	200	1500		200	850	μV	
	Full range			1750			1000				
α _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003			0.003			μV/mo
I _{IO}	Input offset current			25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
				125°C	1000			1000			
I _{IB}	Input bias current			25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
				125°C	1000			1000			
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IO} ≤ 5 mV		25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2	V	
				Full range	0 to 3.5		0 to 3.5				
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = −20 μA		25°C	4.98		4.98		V		
		I _{OH} = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94	4.9	4.94			
				Full range	4.8		4.8				
		I _{OH} = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88	4.8	4.88			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 50 μA		25°C	0.01		0.01		V		
		V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 500 μA		25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15			
				Full range	0.15		0.15				
		V _{IC} = 2.5 V, I _{OL} = 4 mA		25°C	0.8	1	0.7	1			
				Full range	1.2		1.2				
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _{IC} = 2.5 V, V _O = 1 V to 4 V	R _L = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350	100	350	V/mV		
				Full range	10		10				
			R _L = 1 MΩ‡	25°C	1700		1700				
r _{i(d)}	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²		10 ¹²		Ω		
r _{i(c)}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²		10 ¹²		Ω		
c _{i(c)}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C	8		8		pF		
z _o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A _V = 10	25°C	200		200		Ω		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = 0 to 2.7 V, V _O = 2.5 V, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	70	83	70	83	dB		
				Full range	70		70				
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _{IO})	V _{DD} = 4.4 V to 16 V, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load		25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
				Full range	80		80				
I _{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V _O = 2.5 V, No load		25°C	140	250	140	250	μA		
				Full range	300		300				

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC225x-Q1, TLC225xA-Q1

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SGLS 995, OCTOBER 2008 – REVISED APRIL 2008

最新TLC225x-Q1 供应

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254-Q1			TLC2254A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/ μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		36			36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7			0.7		μV
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		1.1			1.1		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 50\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
B_{OM}	Maximum output-swinging bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30			30		kHz
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2254-Q1			TLC2254A-Q1			UNIT		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX			
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{IC} = 0, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	200		1500	200		850	μV		
				Full range	1750			1000					
α _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5				0.5				μV/°C
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)				25°C	0.003				0.003				μV/mo
I _{IO}	Input offset current			25°C	0.5		60		0.5		60		pA
				125°C			1000				1000		
I _{IB}	Input bias current			25°C	1		60		1		60		pA
				125°C			1000				1000		
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IO} ≤ 5 mV		25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2			-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V		
				Full range	-5 to 3.5				-5 to 3.5				
V _{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I _O = -20 μA		25°C	4.98				4.98		V		
		I _O = -100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93	4.9		4.93				
				Full range	4.7		4.7						
		I _O = -200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86	4.8		4.86				
V _{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 50 μA		25°C	-4.99				-4.99		V		
		V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 500 μA		25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85		-4.91				
				Full range	-4.85		-4.85						
		V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 4 mA		25°C	-4	-4.3	-4		-4.3				
				Full range	-3.8		-3.8						
		A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _O = ±4 V	R _L = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150	40			150	V/mV
Full range	10					10							
R _L = 1 MΩ	25°C				3000		3000						
r _{i(d)}	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²		10 ¹²				Ω		
r _{i(c)}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 ¹²		10 ¹²				Ω		
c _{i(c)}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz, N package		25°C	8		8				pF		
z _o	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz, A _V = 10		25°C	190		190				Ω		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = -5 V to 2.7 V, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	75	88	75		88	dB			
				Full range	75		75						
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD±} /ΔV _{IO})	V _{DD±} = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load		25°C	80	95	80		95	dB			
				Full range	80		80						
I _{DD}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V _O = 0, No load		25°C	160	250	160		250	μA			
				Full range	300		300						

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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最新TLC225x-Q1 供应

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A [†]	TLC2254-Q1			TLC2254A-Q1			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = ±2 V, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = ±2.3 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A _V = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A _V = 10		1%			1%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B _{OM}	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 4.6 V, R _L = 50 kΩ,	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF	25°C	14			14			kHz
ϕ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 50 kΩ,	C _L = 100 pF	25°C	63°			63°			
	Gain margin			25°C	15			15			dB

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

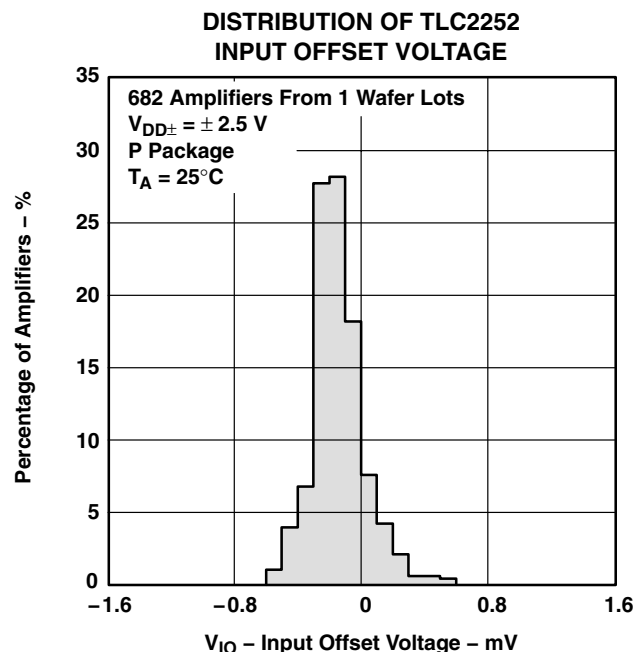


Figure 2

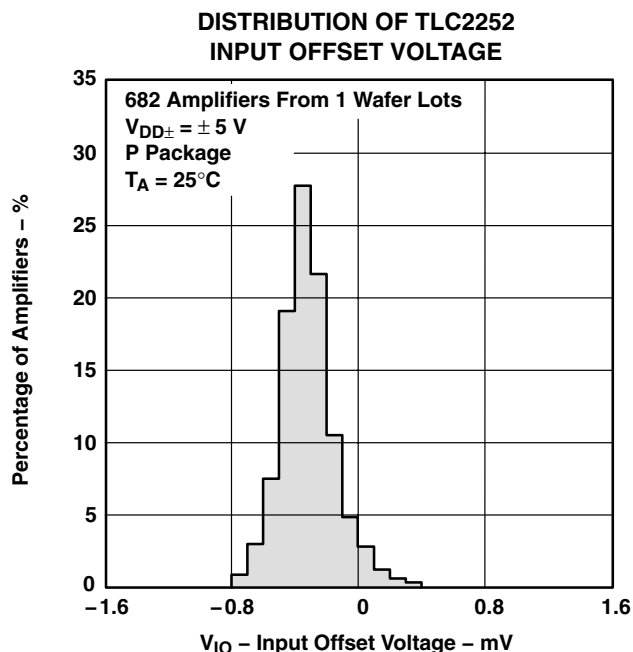


Figure 3

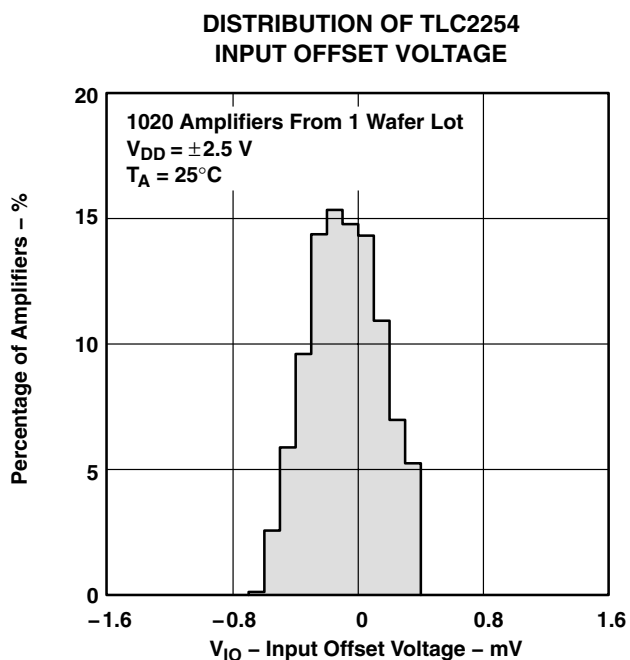


Figure 4

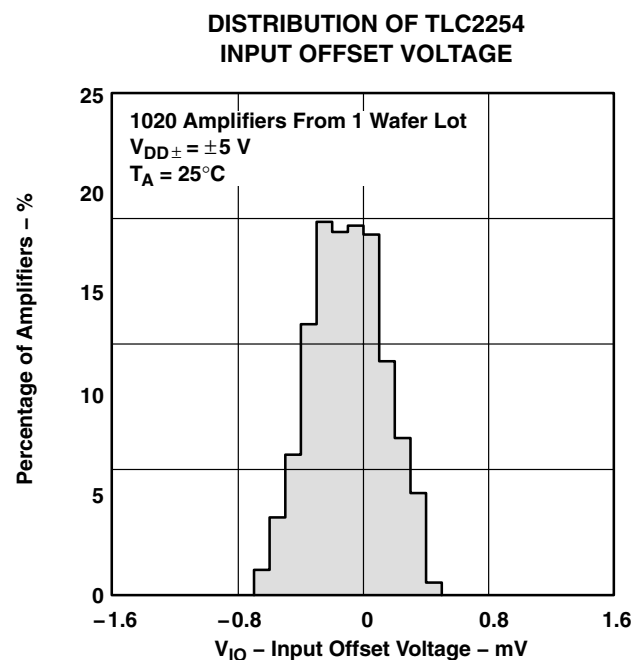


Figure 5



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

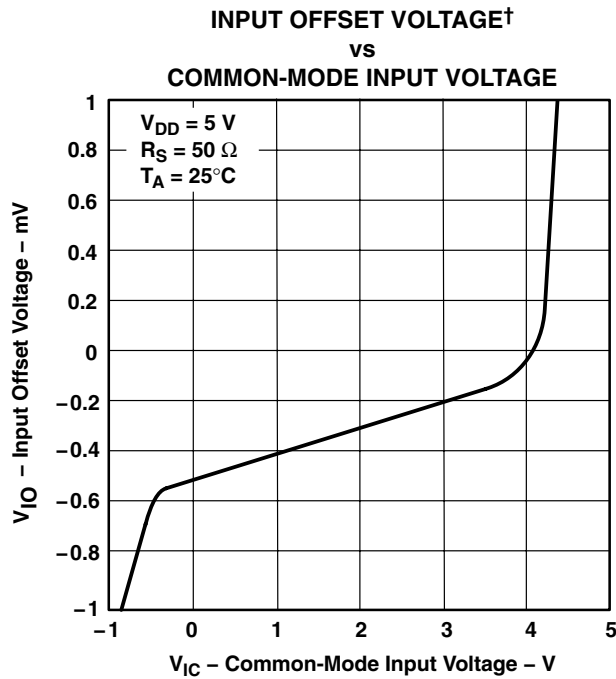


Figure 6

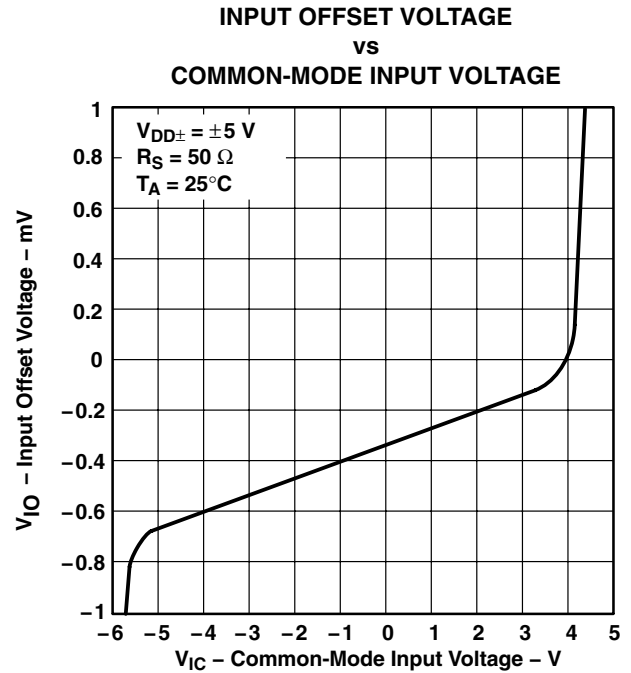


Figure 7

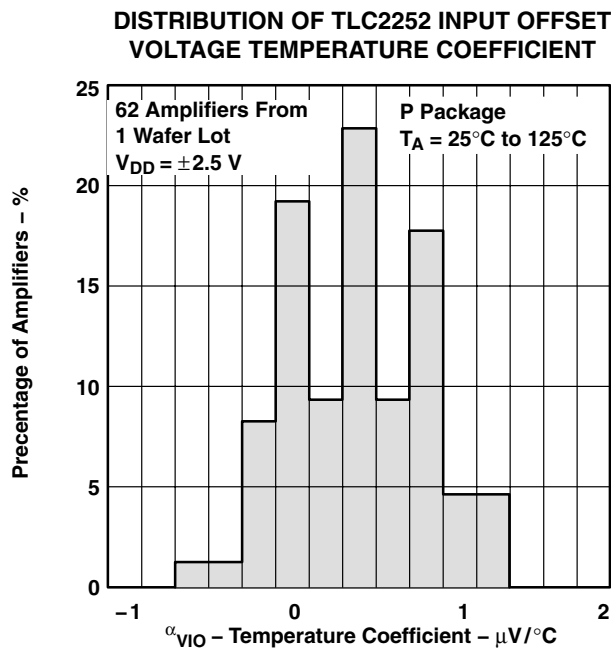


Figure 8

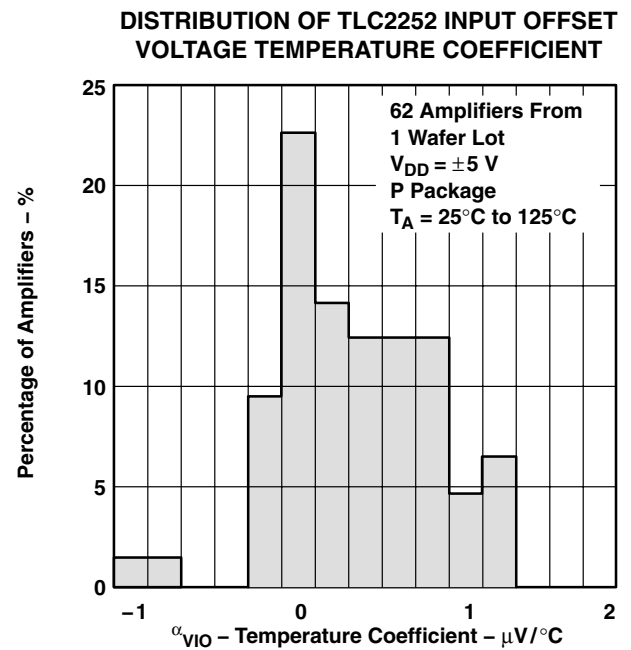


Figure 9

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

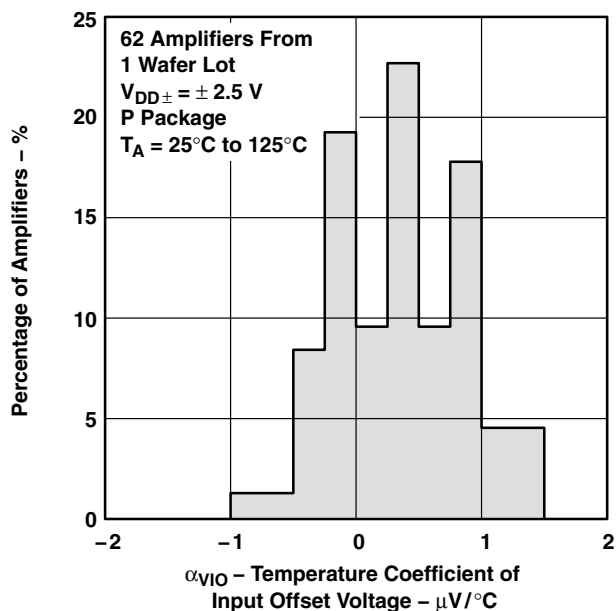


Figure 10

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2254 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

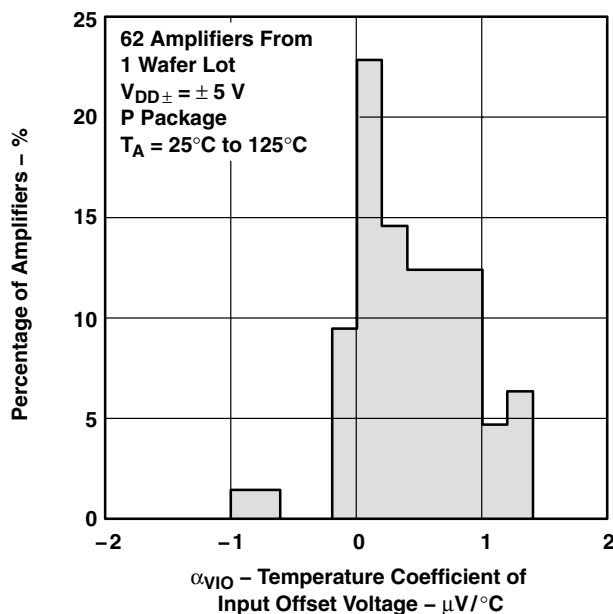


Figure 11

INPUT BIAS AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENTS†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

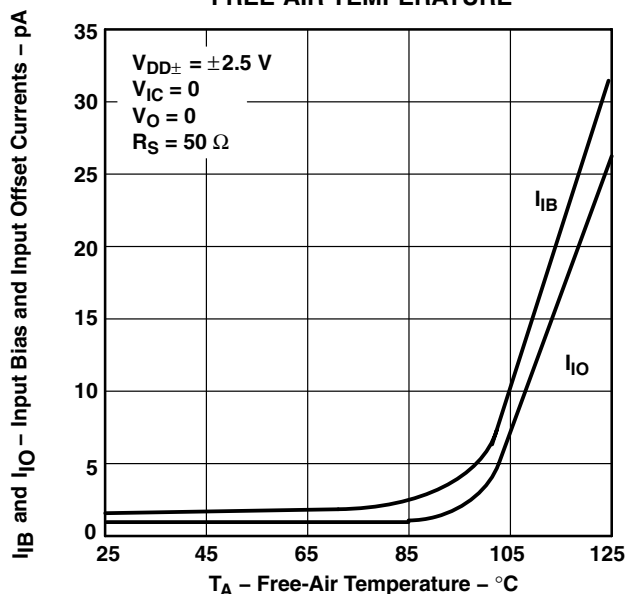


Figure 12

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

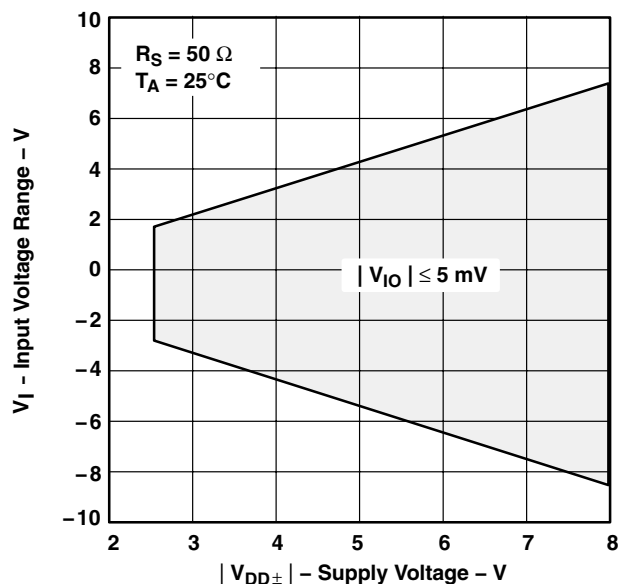
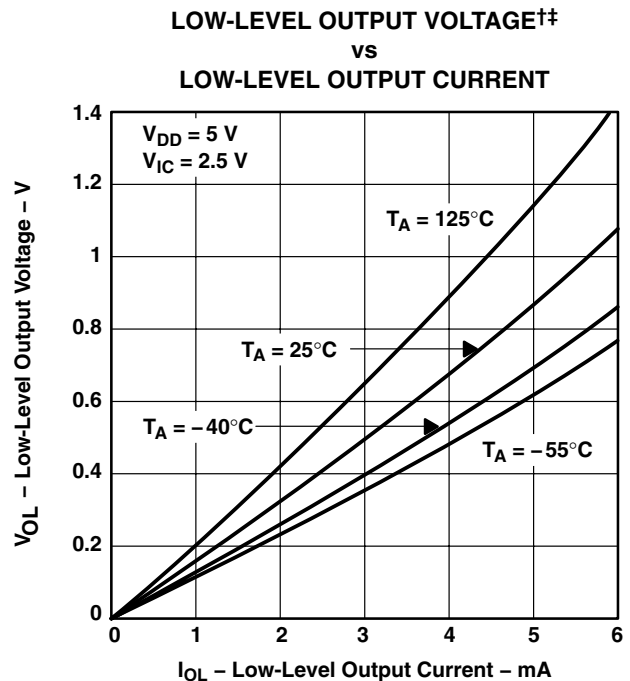
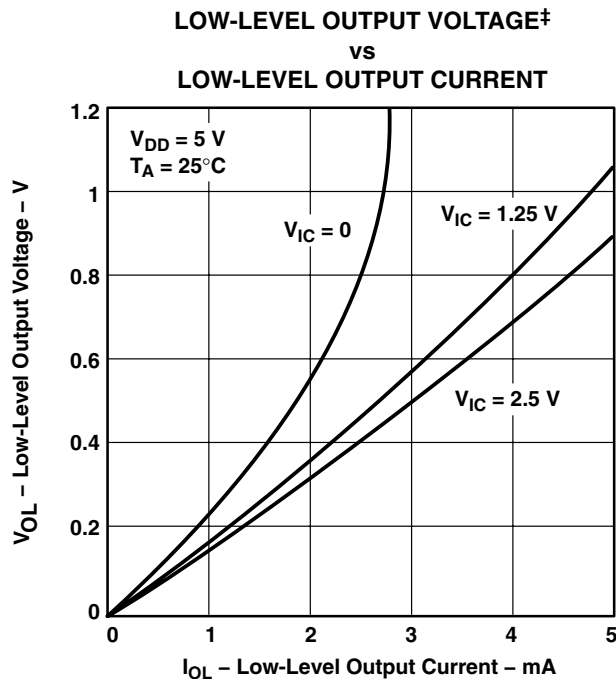
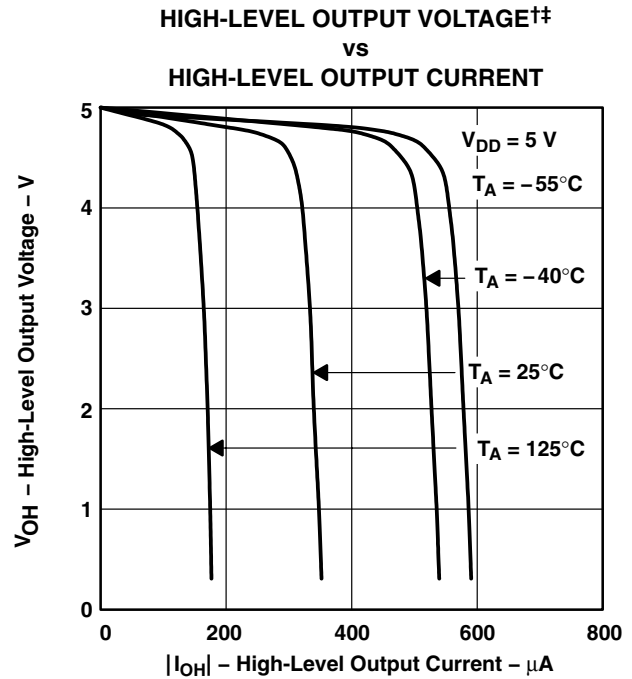
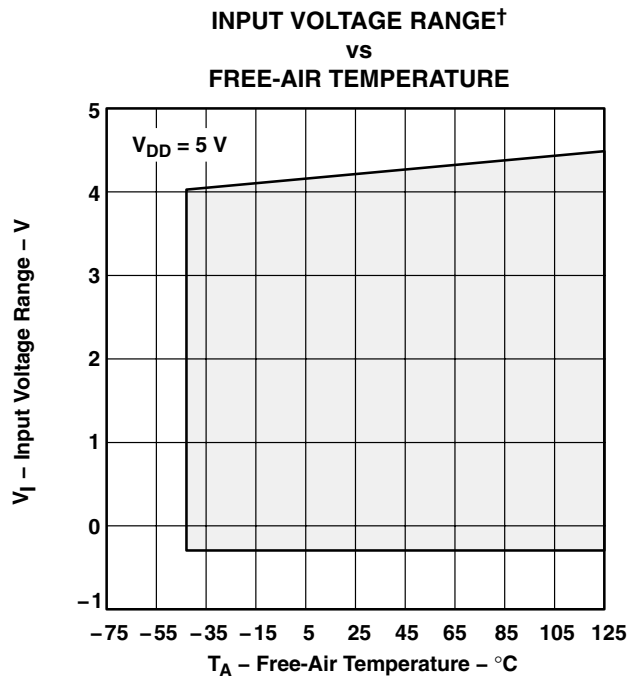


Figure 13

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5$ V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MAXIMUM POSITIVE PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE†
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

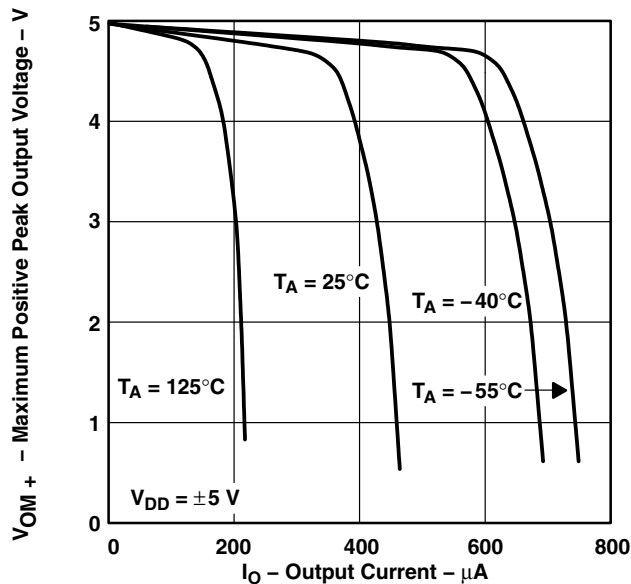


Figure 18

MAXIMUM NEGATIVE PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE†
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

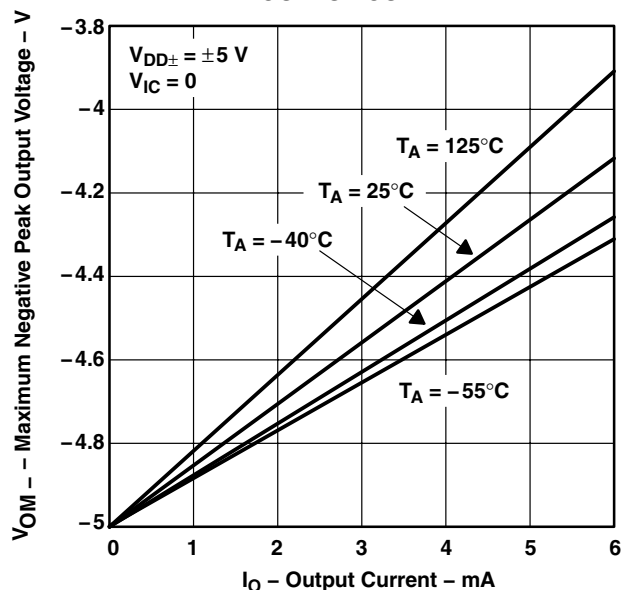


Figure 19

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡
vs
FREQUENCY

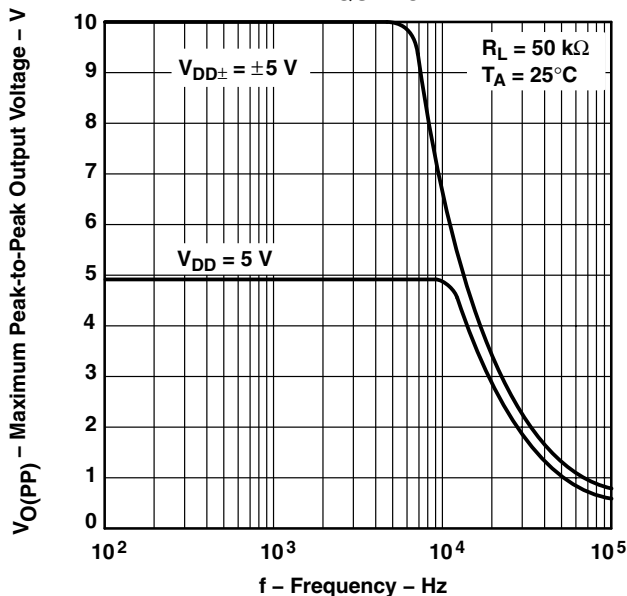


Figure 20

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

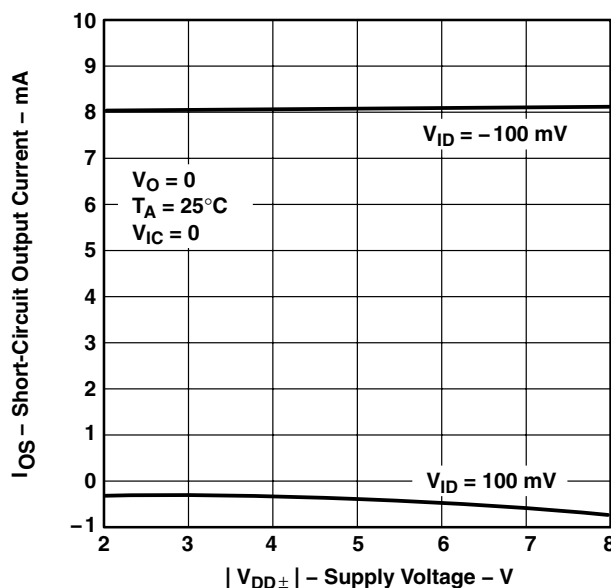


Figure 21

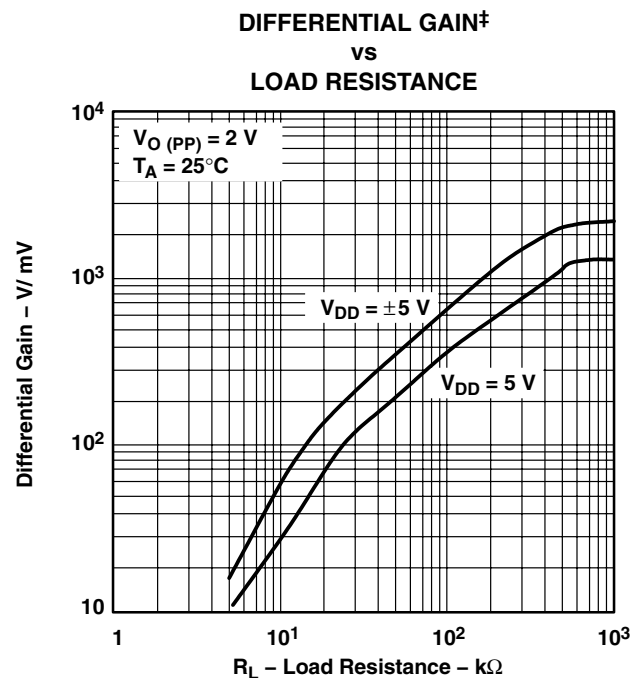
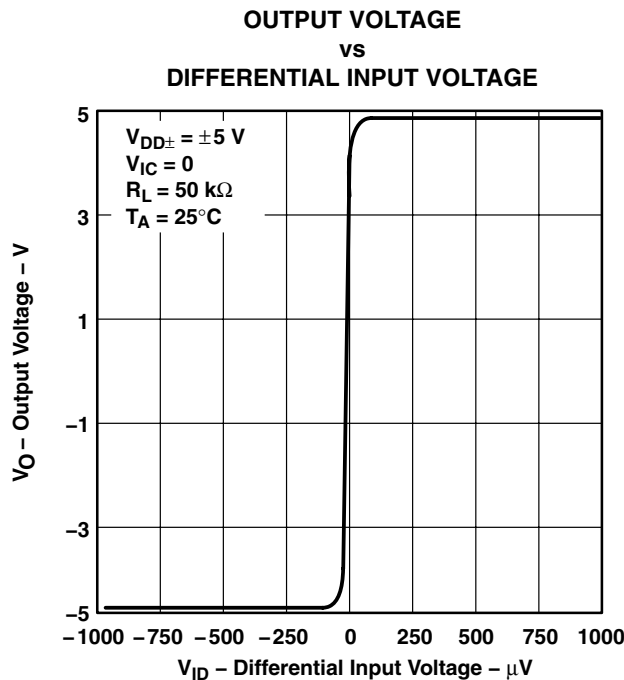
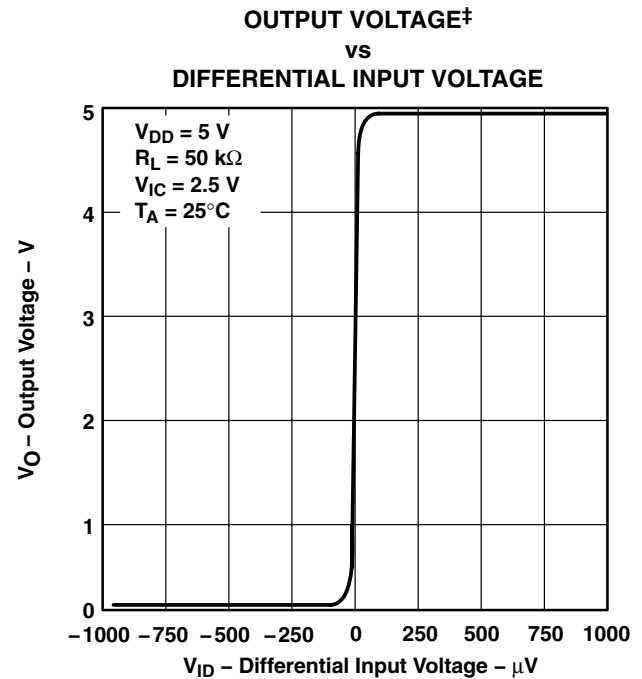
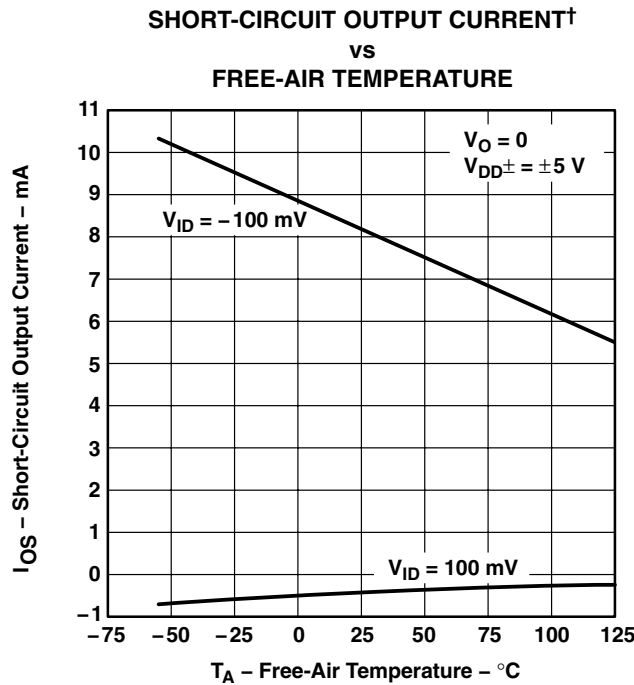
† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V .



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5$ V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN†

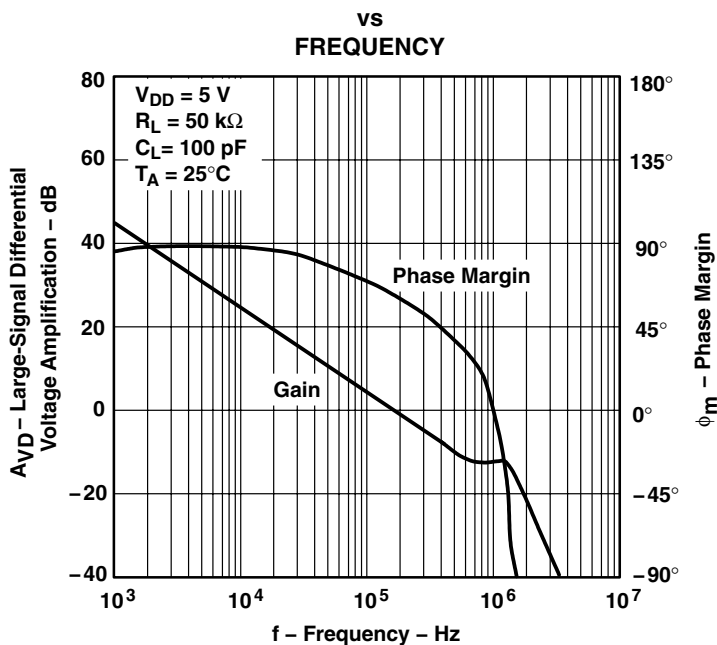


Figure 26

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

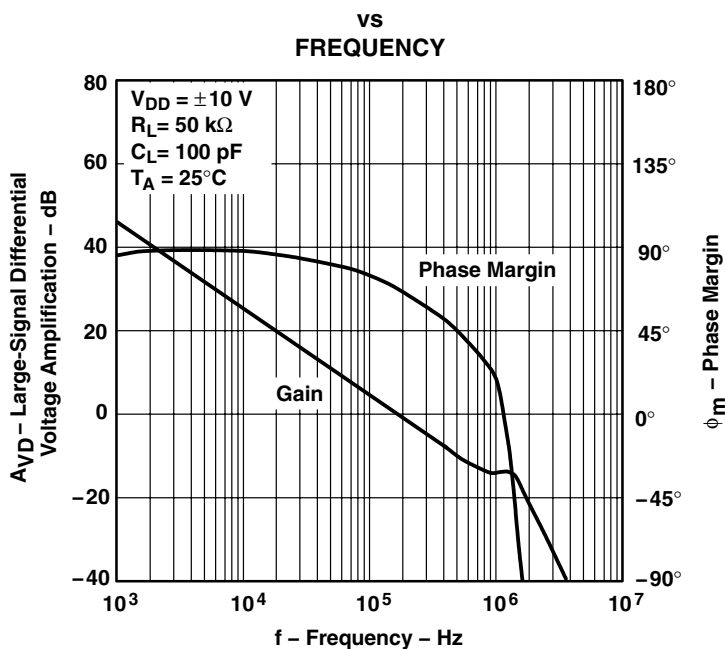


Figure 27

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

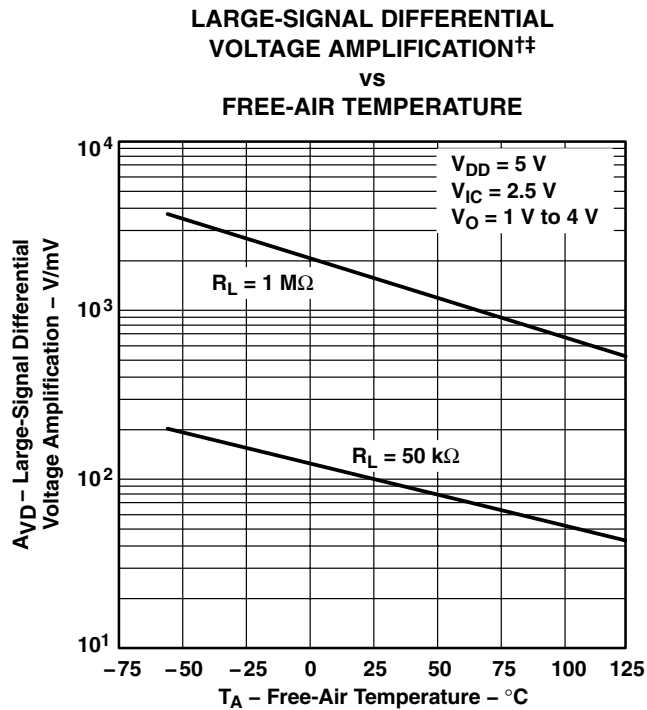


Figure 28

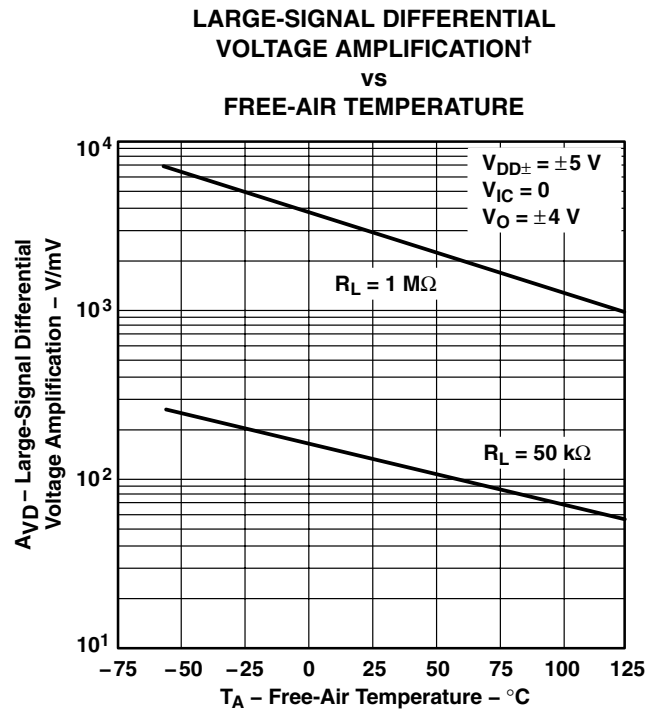


Figure 29

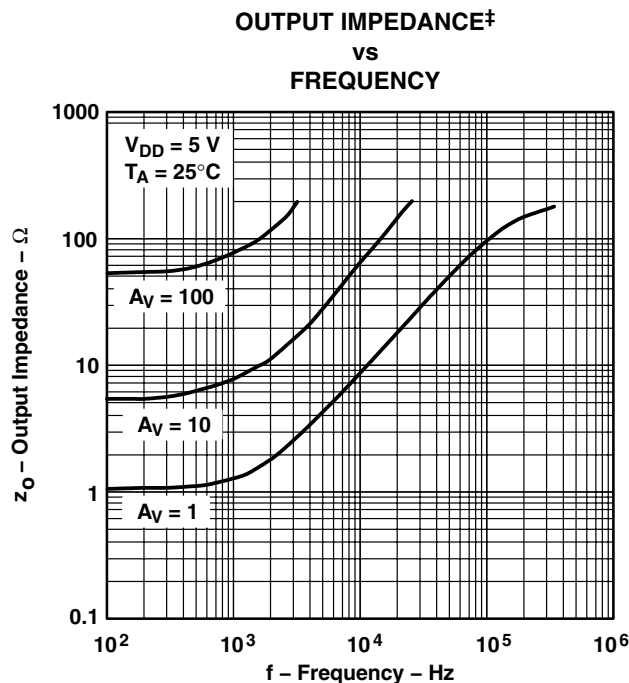


Figure 30

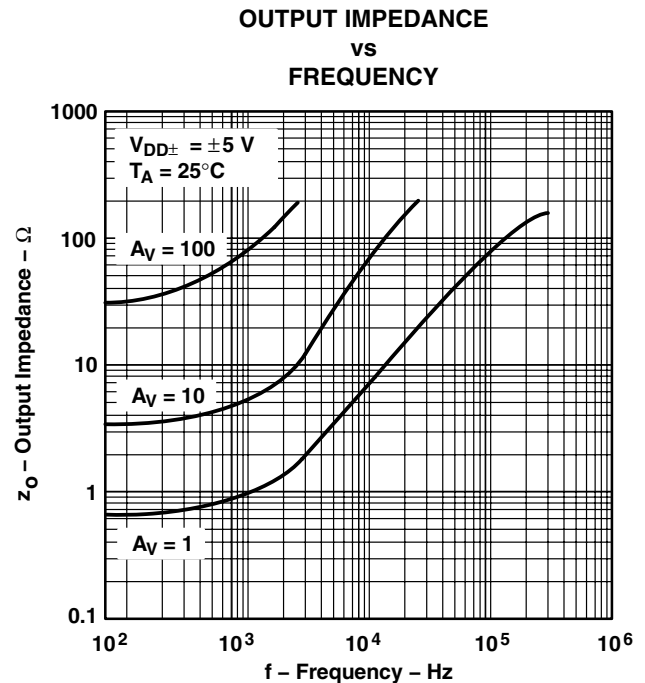


Figure 31

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

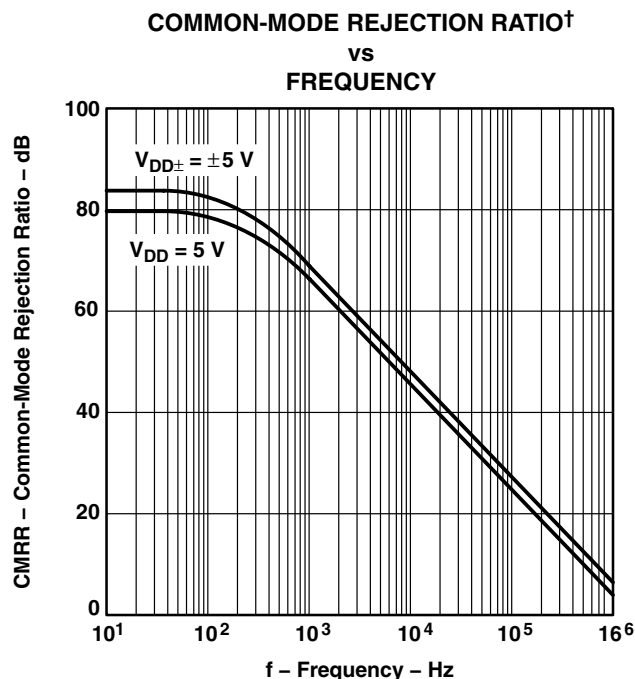


Figure 32

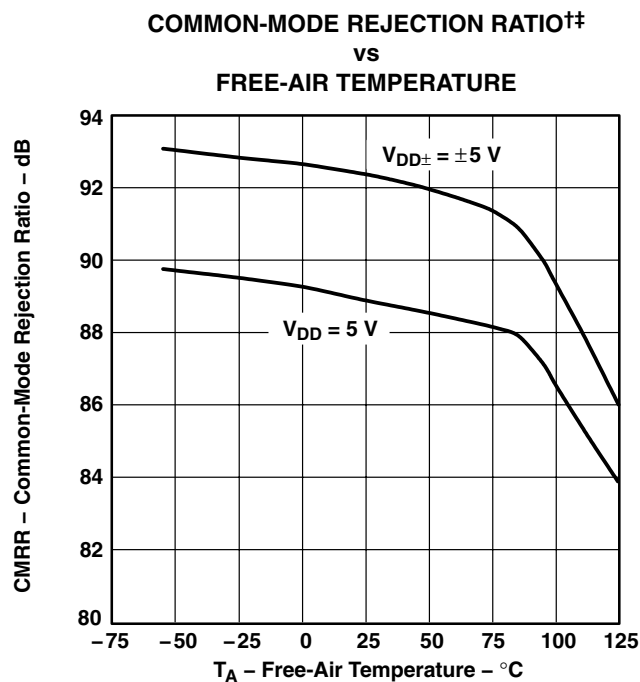


Figure 33

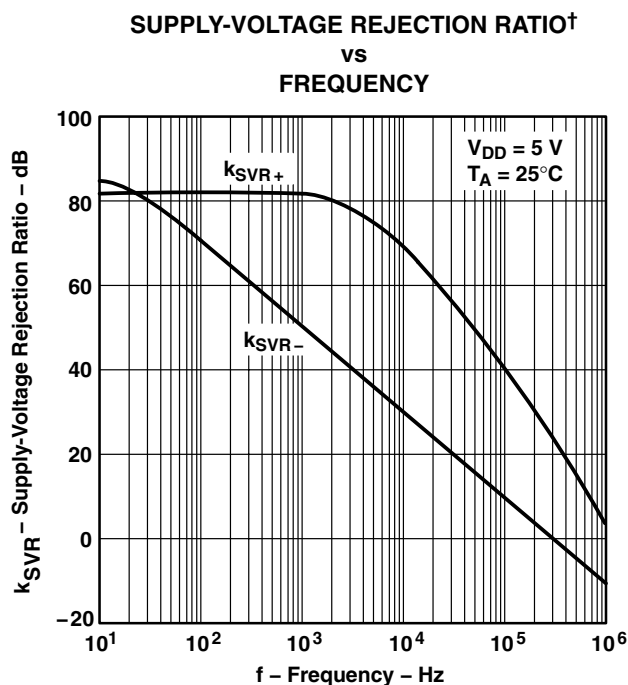


Figure 34

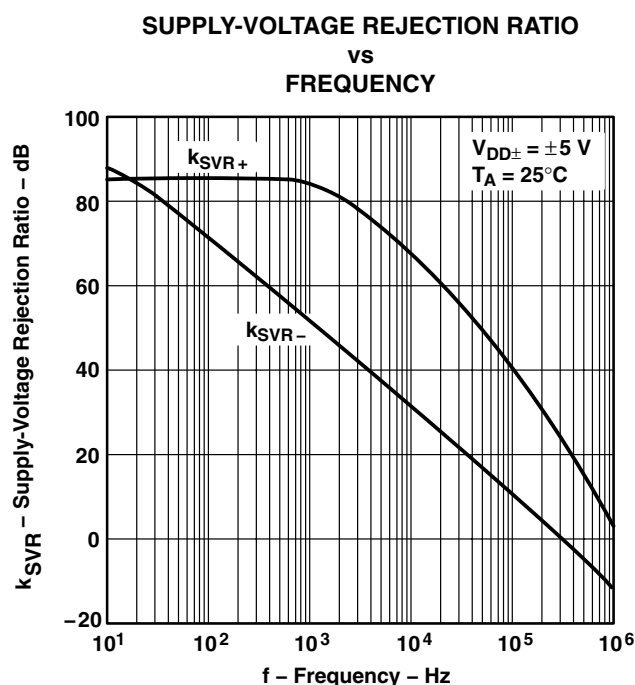


Figure 35

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V .

‡ Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

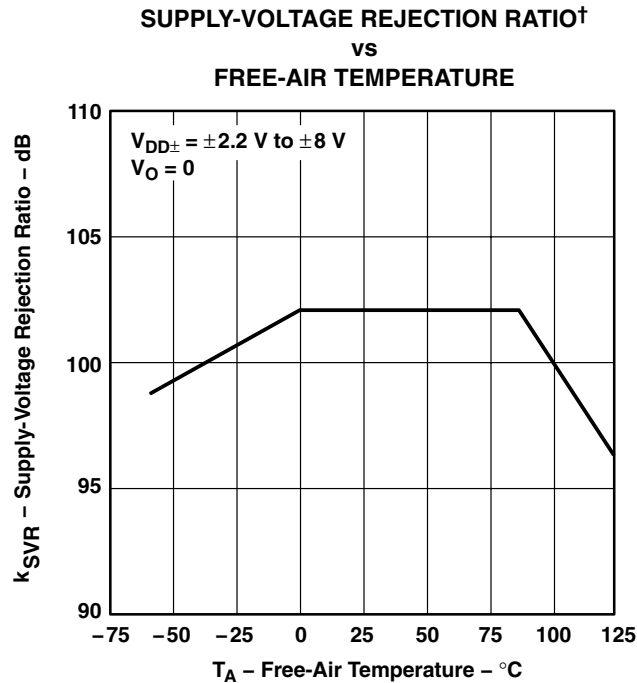


Figure 36

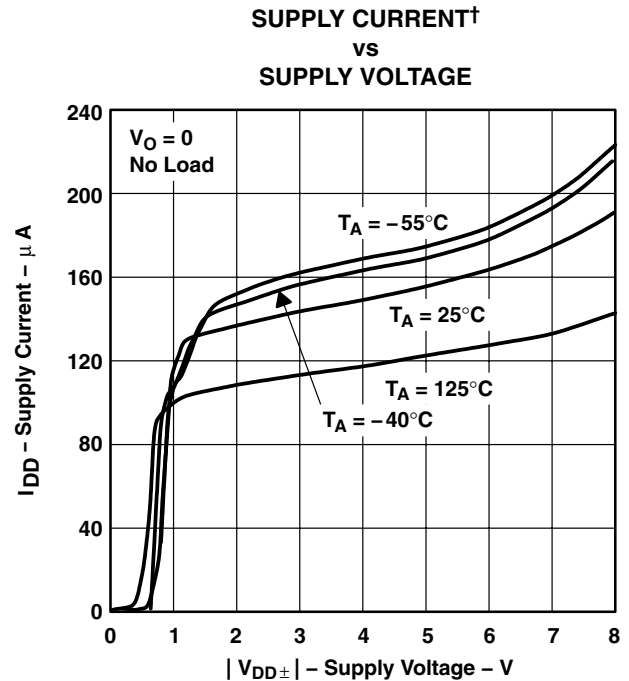


Figure 37

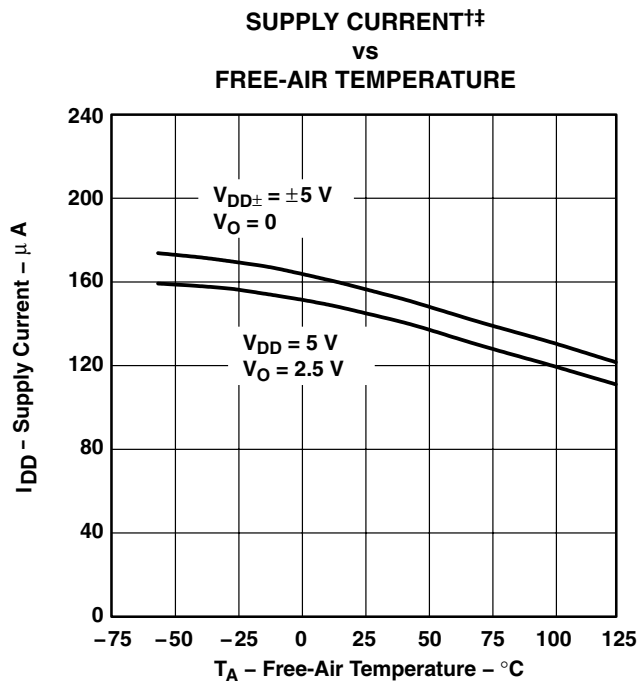


Figure 38

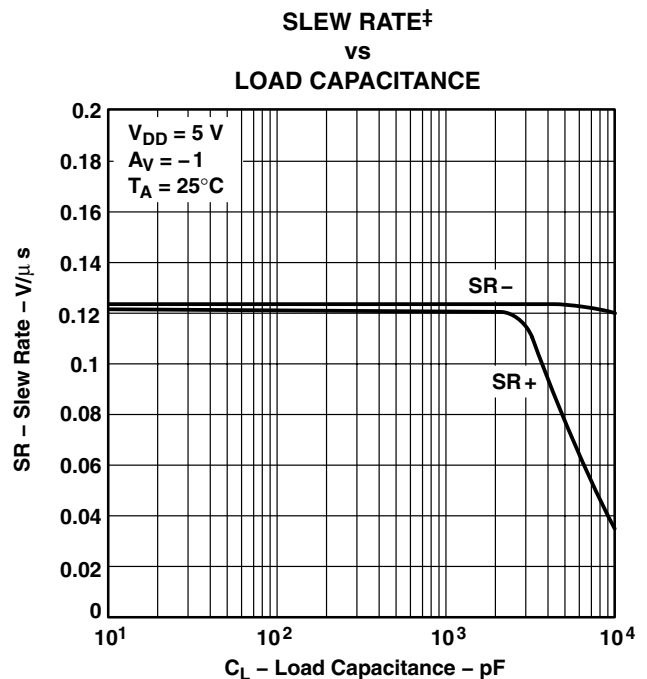


Figure 39

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TLC225x-Q1, TLC225xA-Q1

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

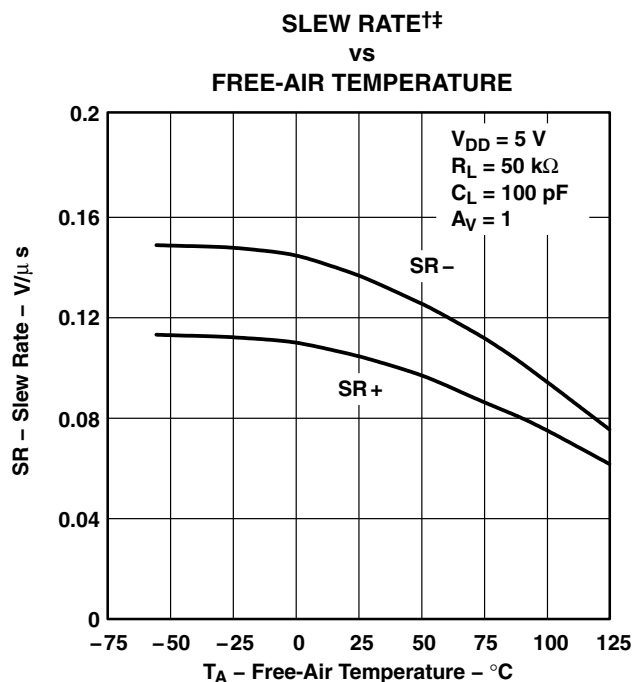


Figure 40

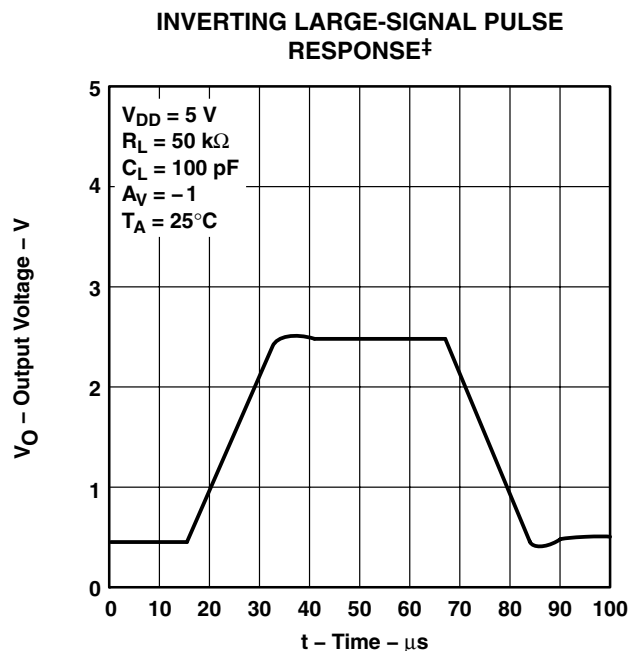


Figure 41

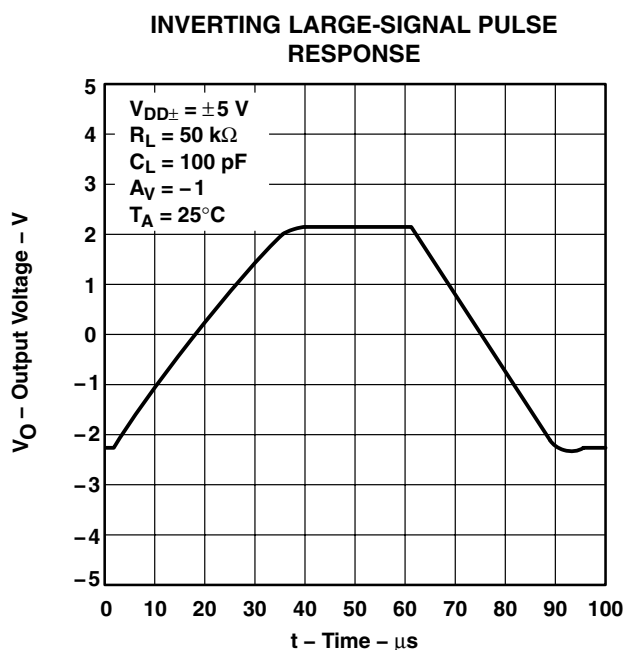


Figure 42

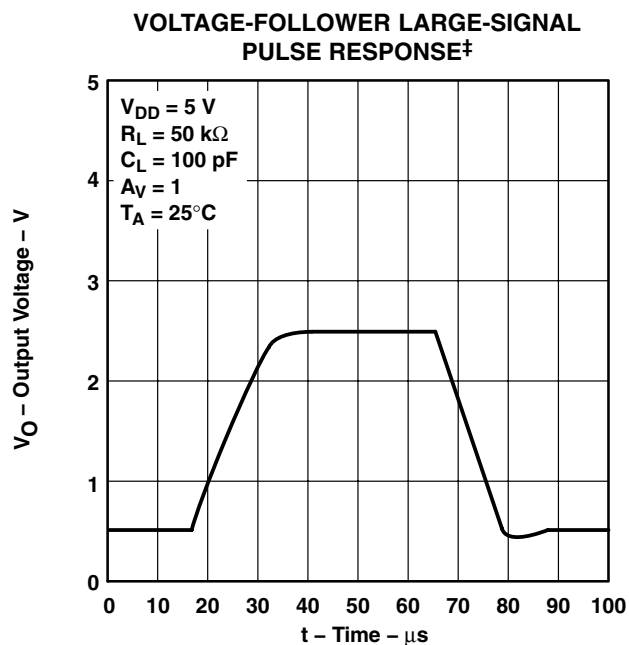


Figure 43

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

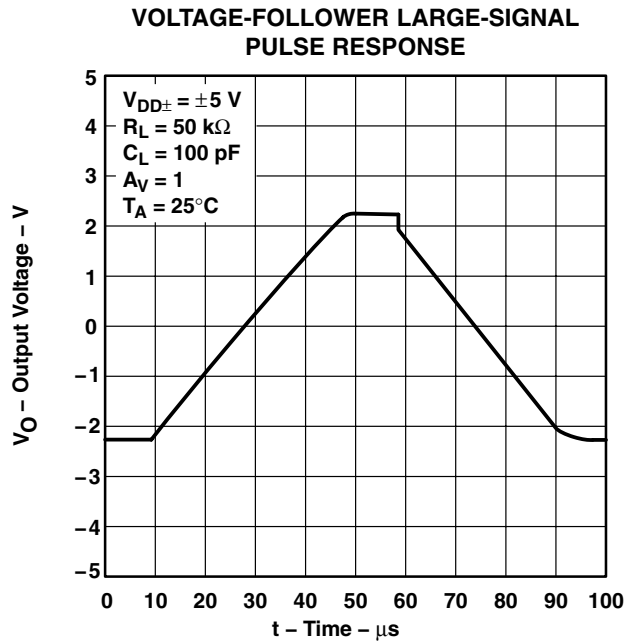


Figure 44

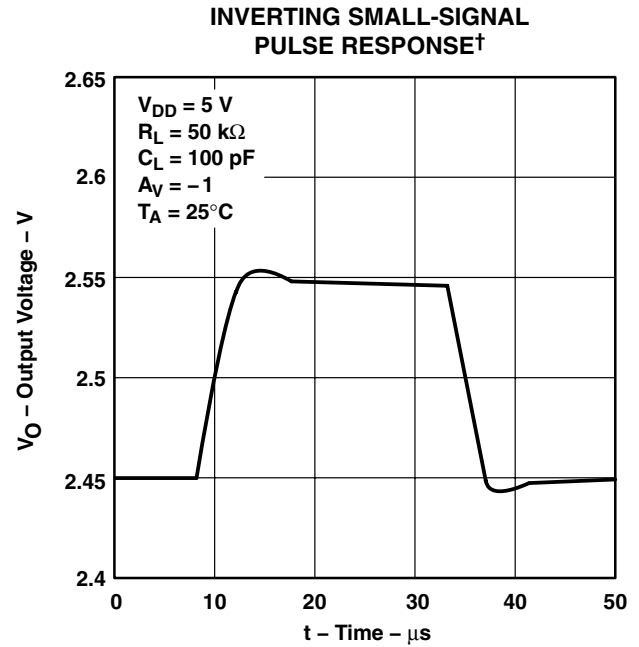


Figure 45

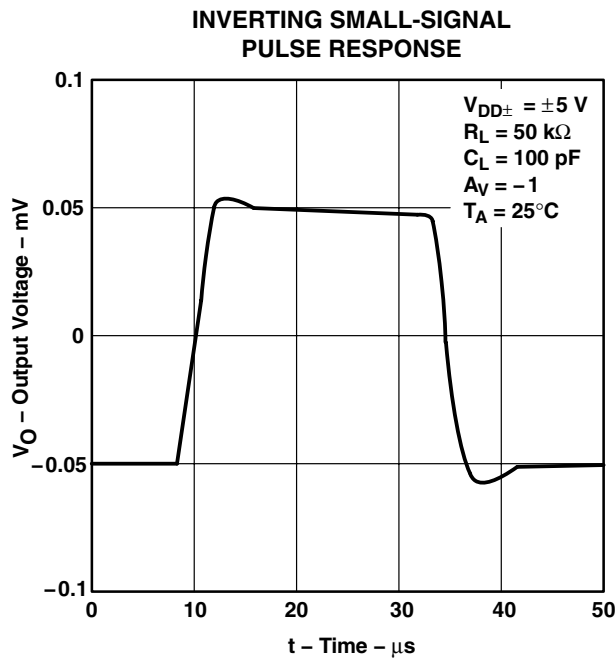


Figure 46

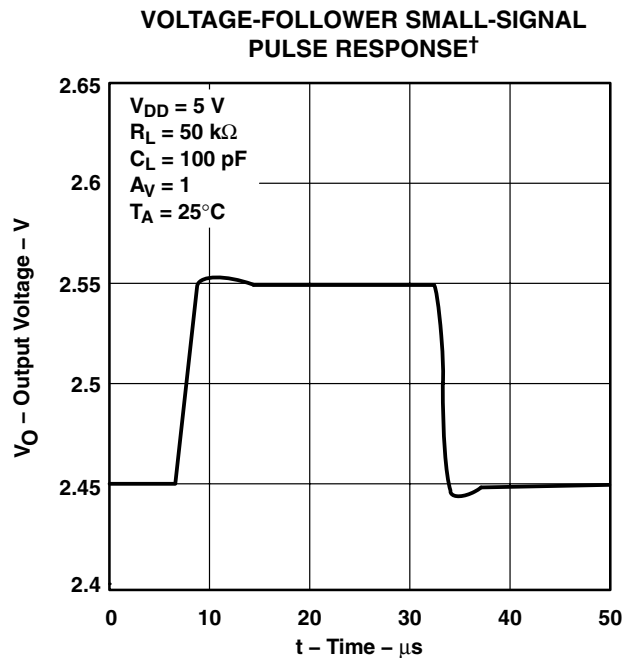


Figure 47

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

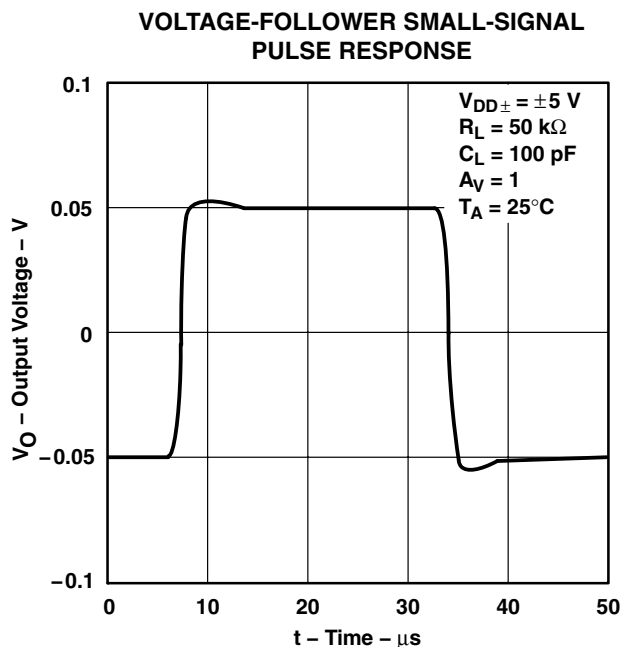


Figure 48

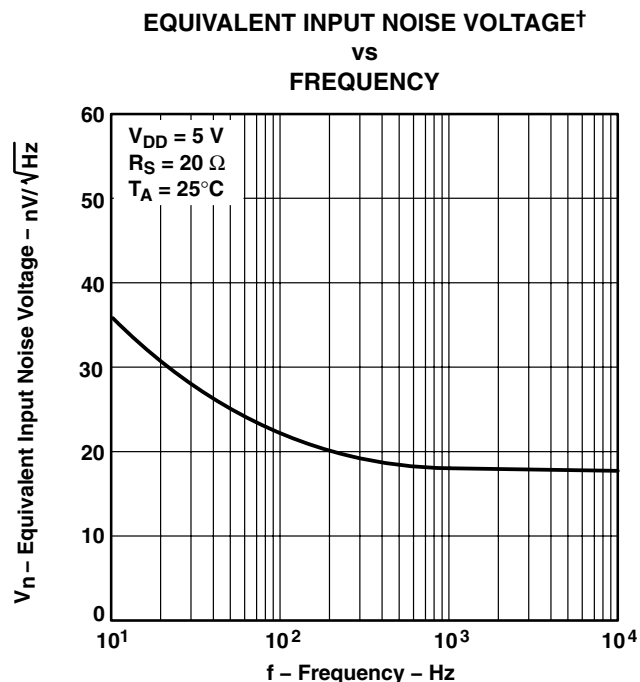


Figure 49

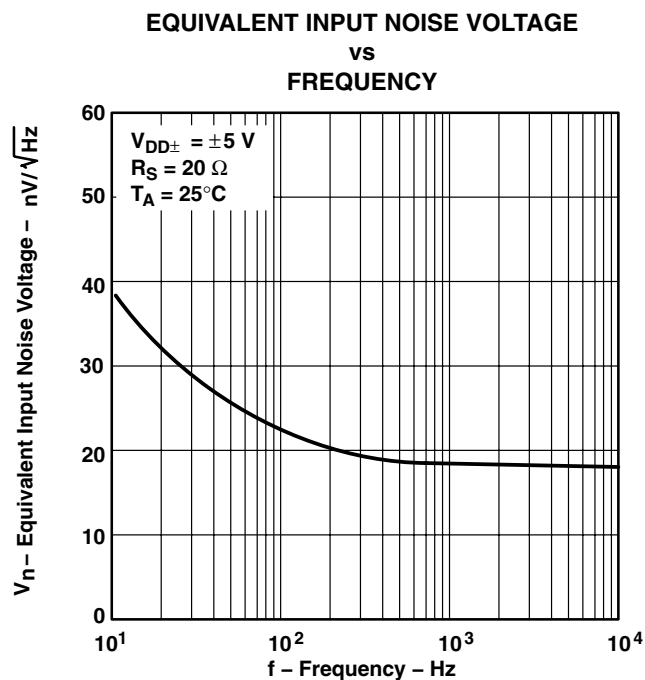


Figure 50

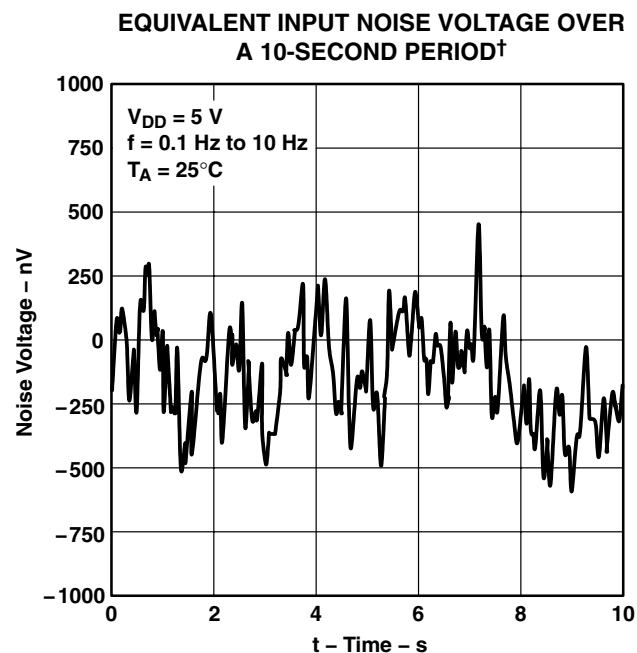


Figure 51

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

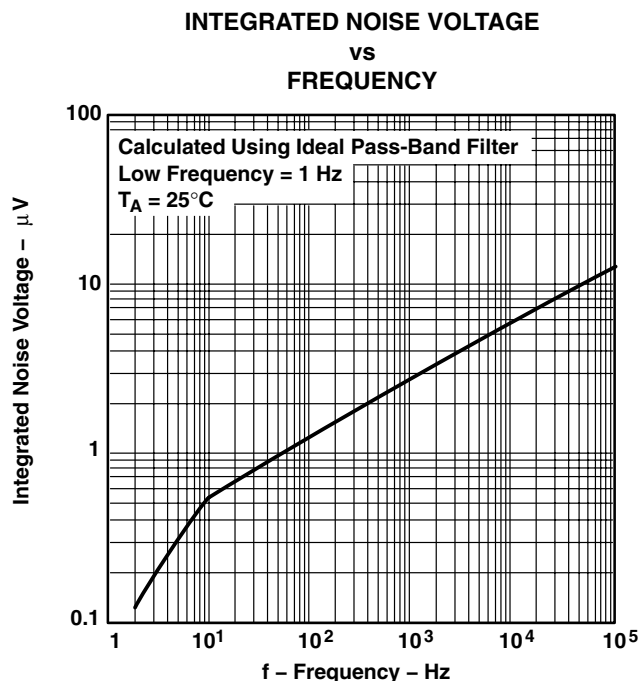


Figure 52

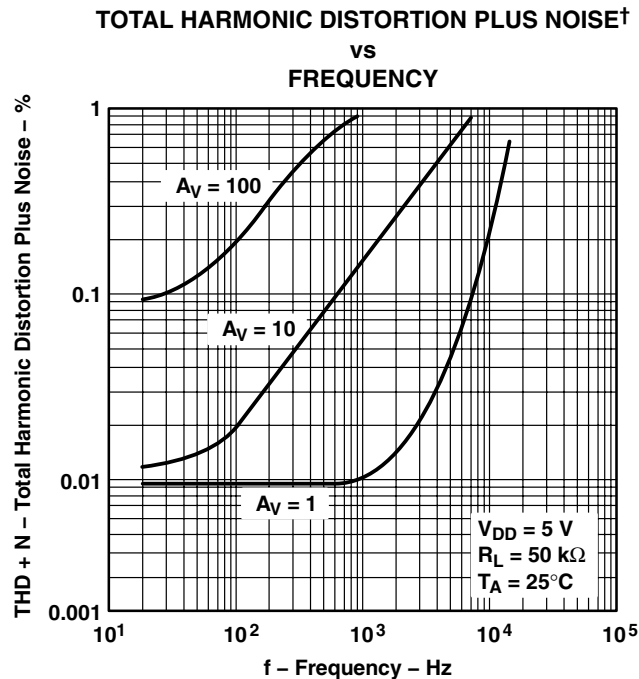


Figure 53

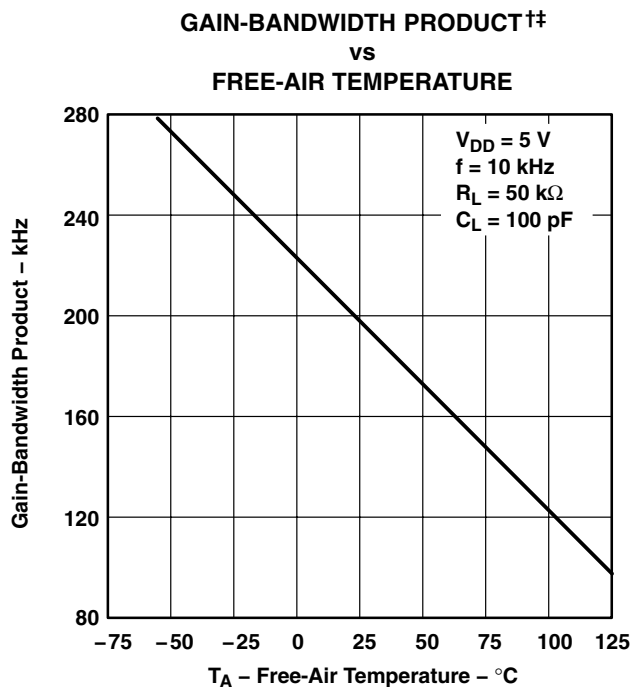


Figure 54

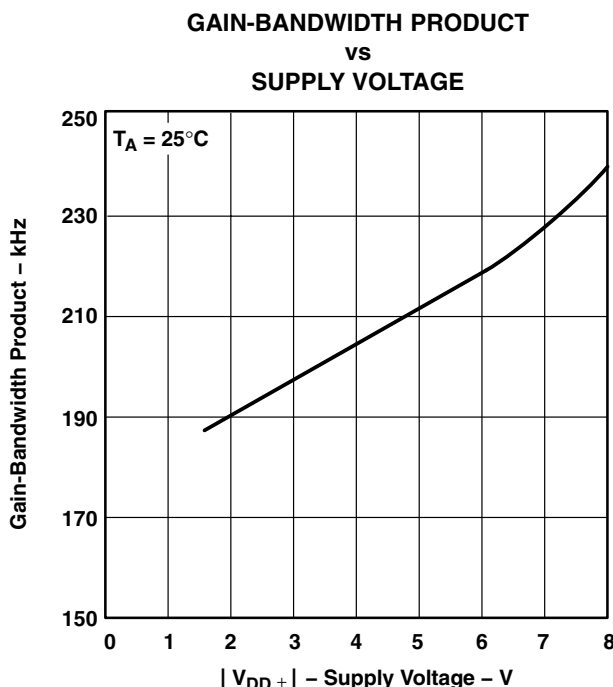


Figure 55

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V .

†† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

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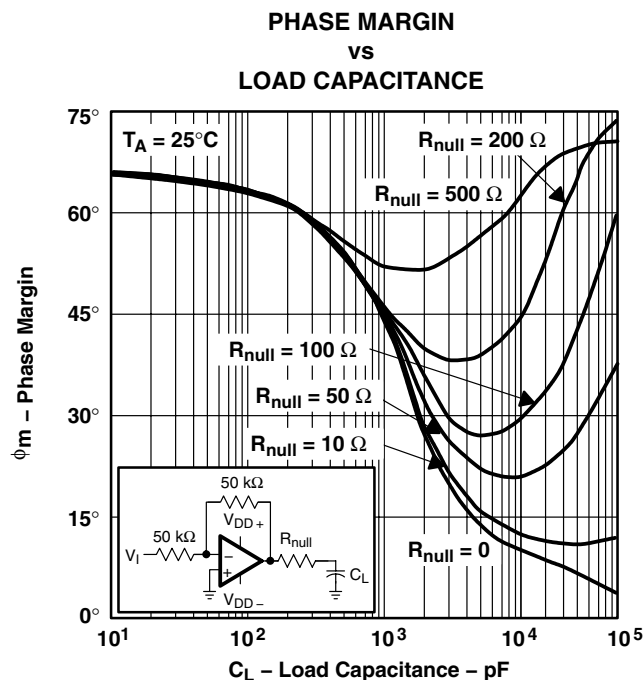


Figure 56

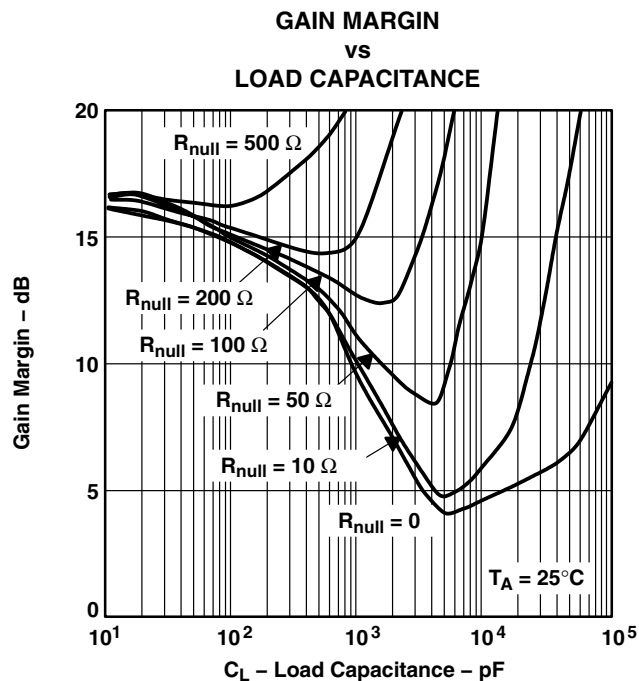


Figure 57

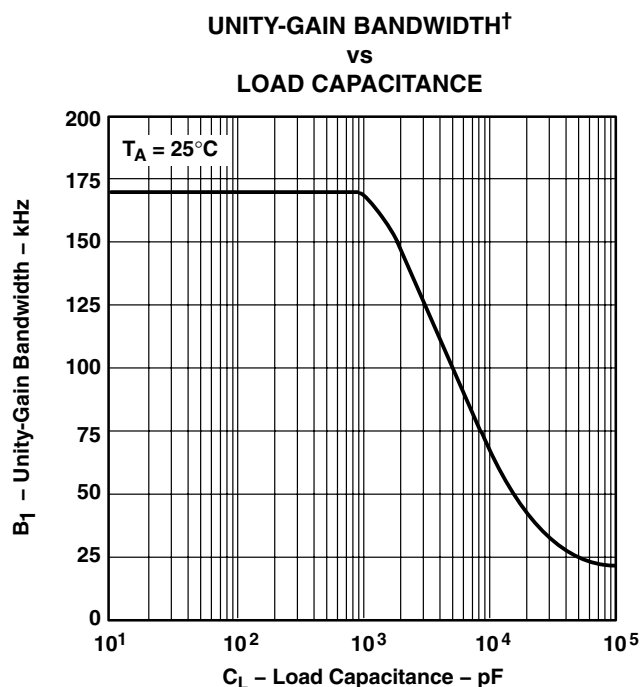


Figure 58

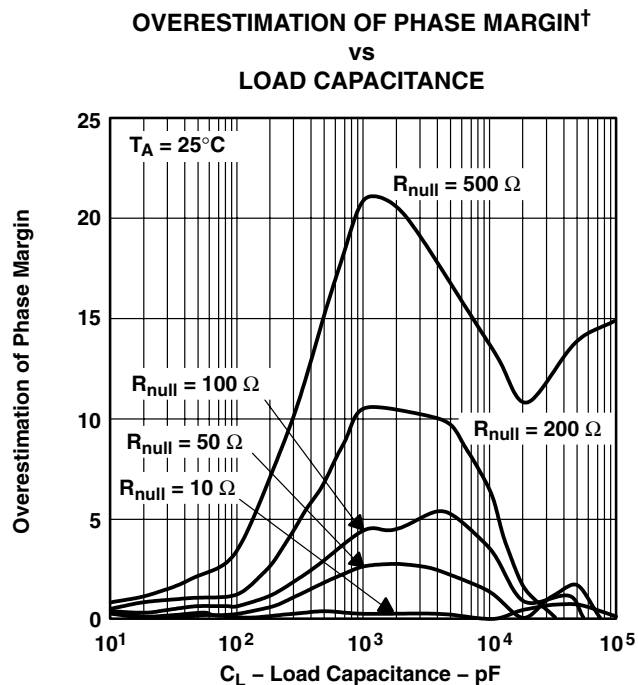


Figure 59

† See application information

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads

The TLC225x is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 56 and Figure 57 illustrate its ability to drive loads up to 1000 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins ($R_{null} = 0$).

A smaller series resistor (R_{null}) at the output of the device (see Figure 60) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 56 and Figure 57 show the effects of adding series resistances of 10 Ω , 50 Ω , 100 Ω , 200 Ω , and 500 Ω . The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta\phi_{m1} = \tan^{-1} \left(2 \times \pi \times \text{UGBW} \times R_{null} \times C_L \right) \quad (1)$$

Where :

$\Delta\phi_{m1}$ = Improvement in phase margin

UGBW = Unity-gain bandwidth frequency

R_{null} = Output series resistance

C_L = Load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 58). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 58.

Using equation 1 alone overestimates the improvement in phase margin, as illustrated in Figure 59. The overestimation is caused by the decrease in the frequency of the pole associated with the load, thus providing additional phase shift and reducing the overall improvement in phase margin.

Using Figure 60, with equation 1 enables the designer to choose the appropriate output series resistance to optimize the design of circuits driving large capacitance loads.

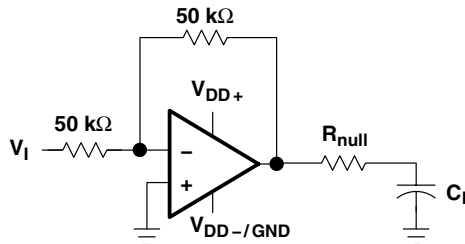


Figure 60. Series-Resistance Circuit

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using MicroSim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with MicroSim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 61 are generated using the TLC225x typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 4: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

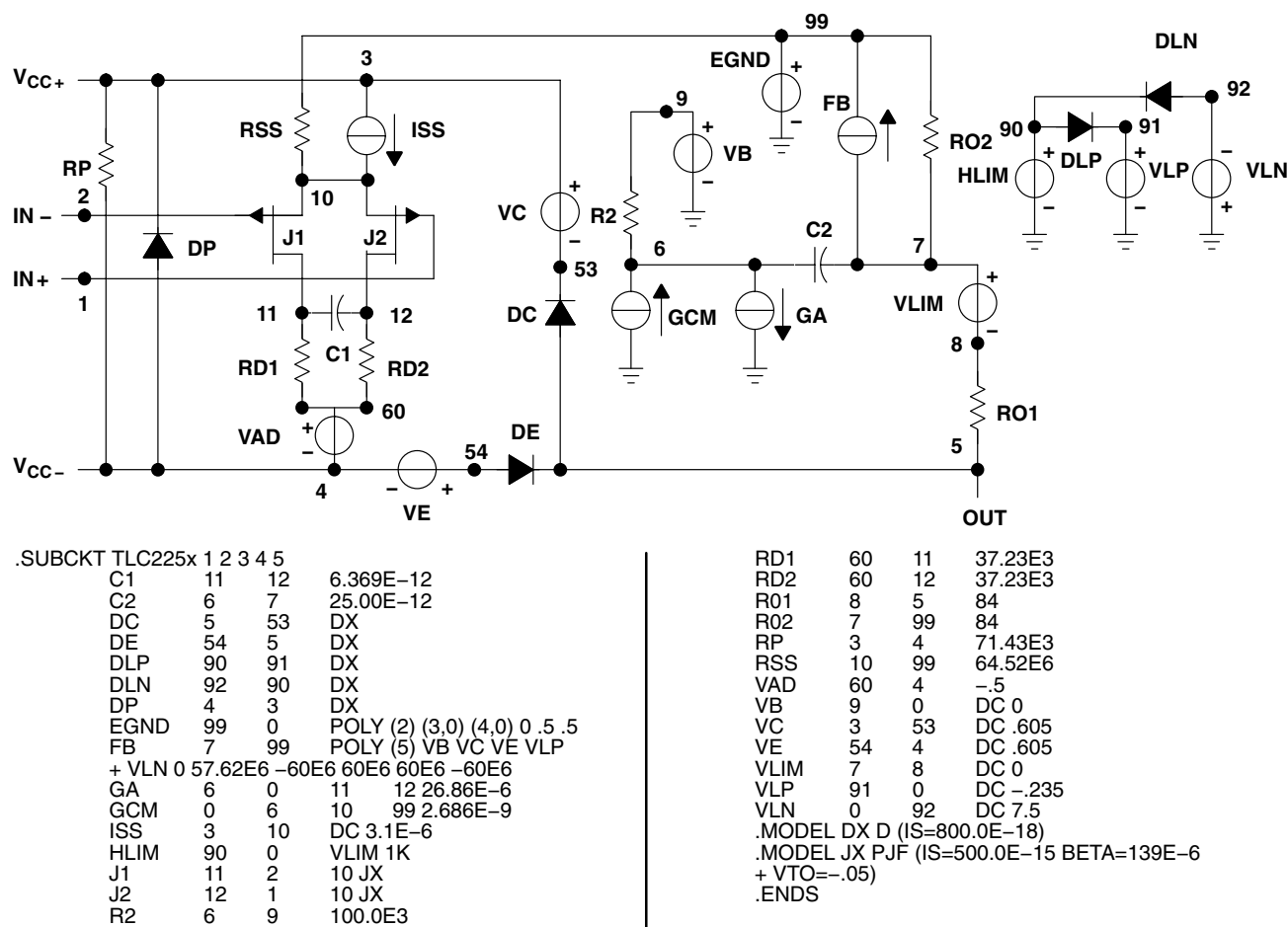


Figure 61. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Pe
TLC2252AQDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252AQDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252AQPWRG4Q1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252AQPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252QDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252QPWRG4Q1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2252QPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254AQDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254AQDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254AQPWRG4Q1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254AQPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254QDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254QPWRG4Q1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-2600
TLC2254QPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-2600

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:



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ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/eco> for more information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in high temperature applications.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die attach between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (both of which are prohibited in homogeneous material).

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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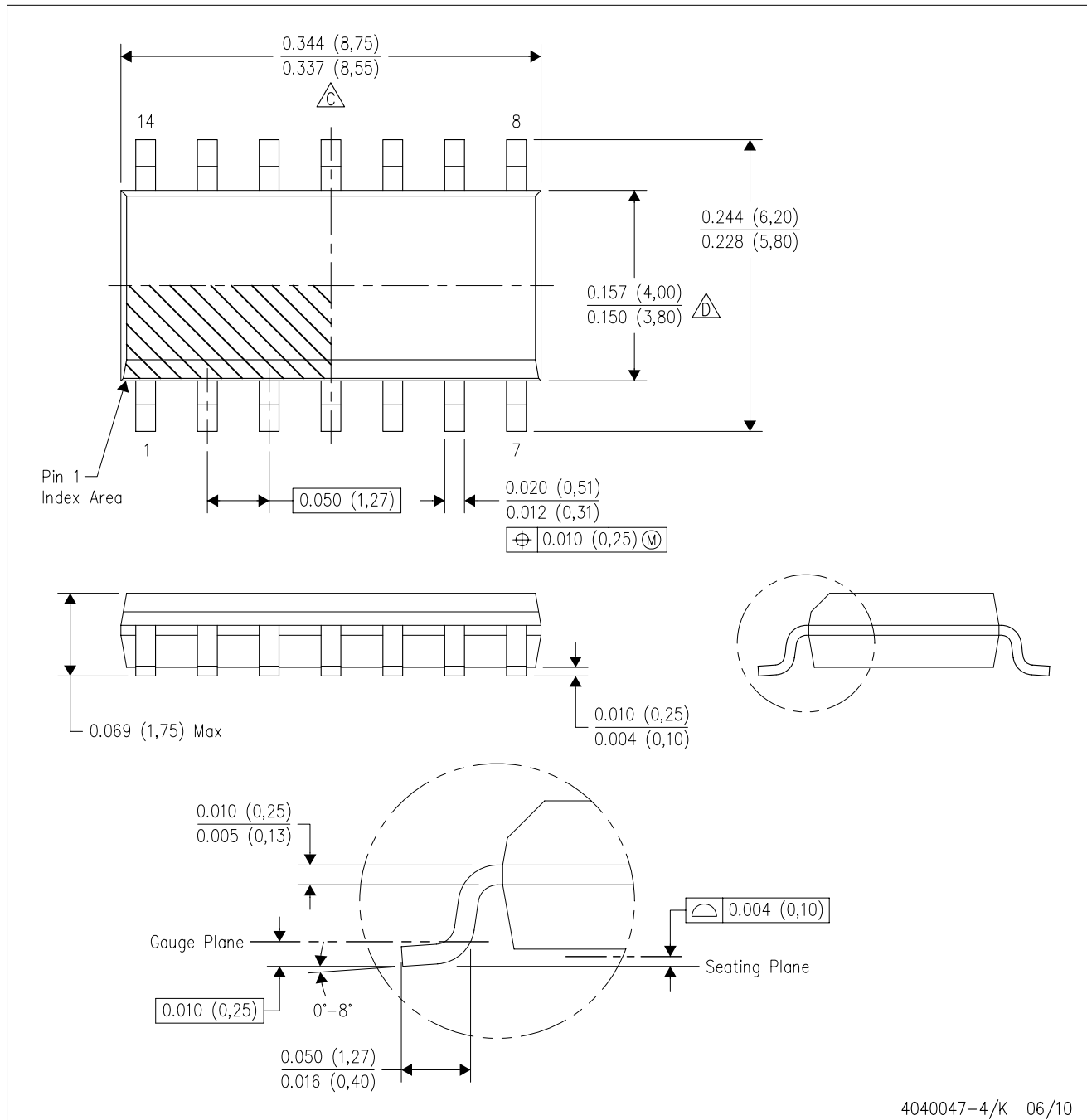
- Catalog: [TLC2252](#), [TLC2252A](#), [TLC2254](#), [TLC2254A](#)
- Enhanced Product: [TLC2252-EP](#), [TLC2252A-EP](#), [TLC2254-EP](#), [TLC2254A-EP](#)
- Military: [TLC2252M](#), [TLC2252AM](#), [TLC2254M](#), [TLC2254AM](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

D (R-PDSO-G14)

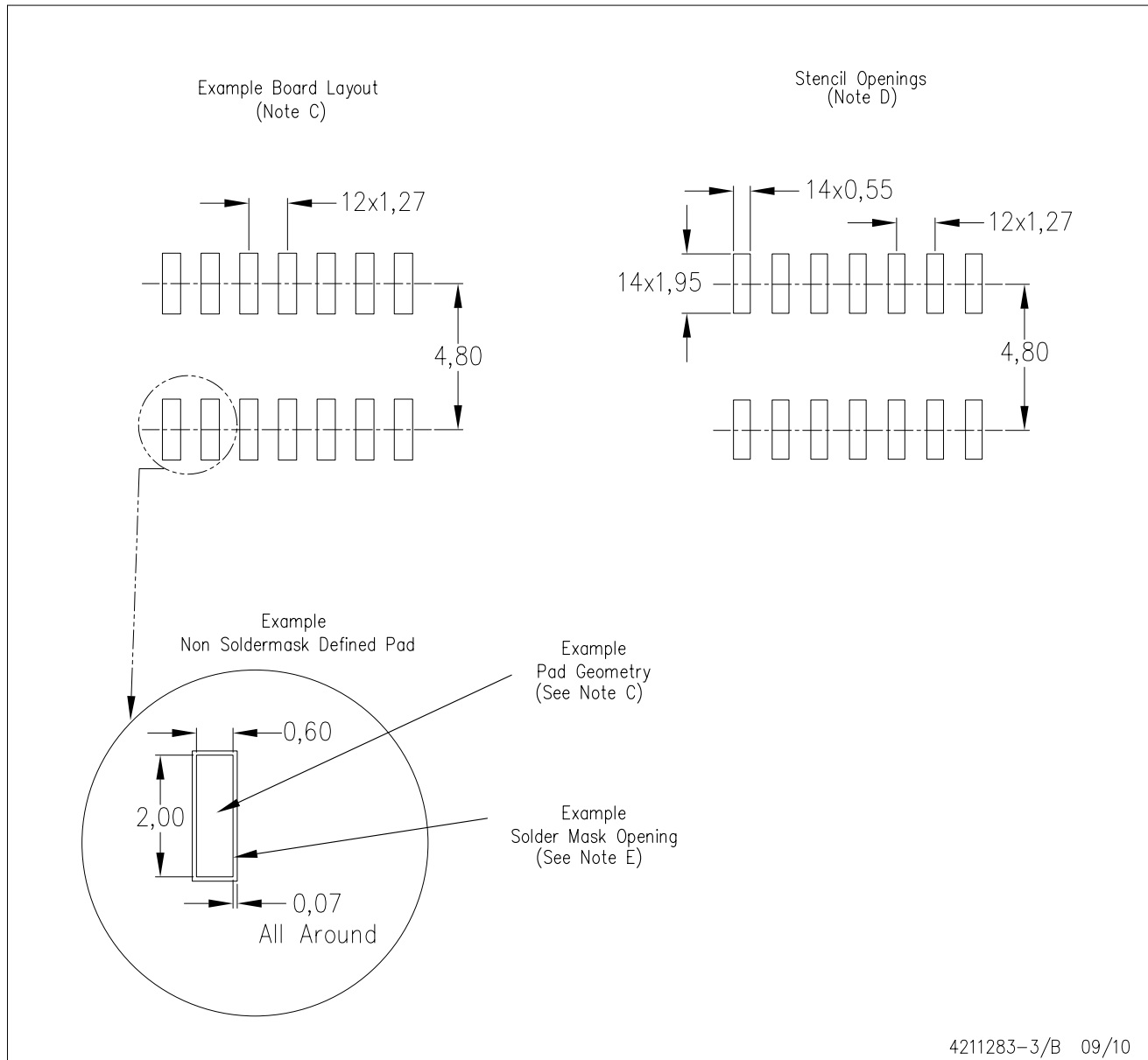
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
 - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

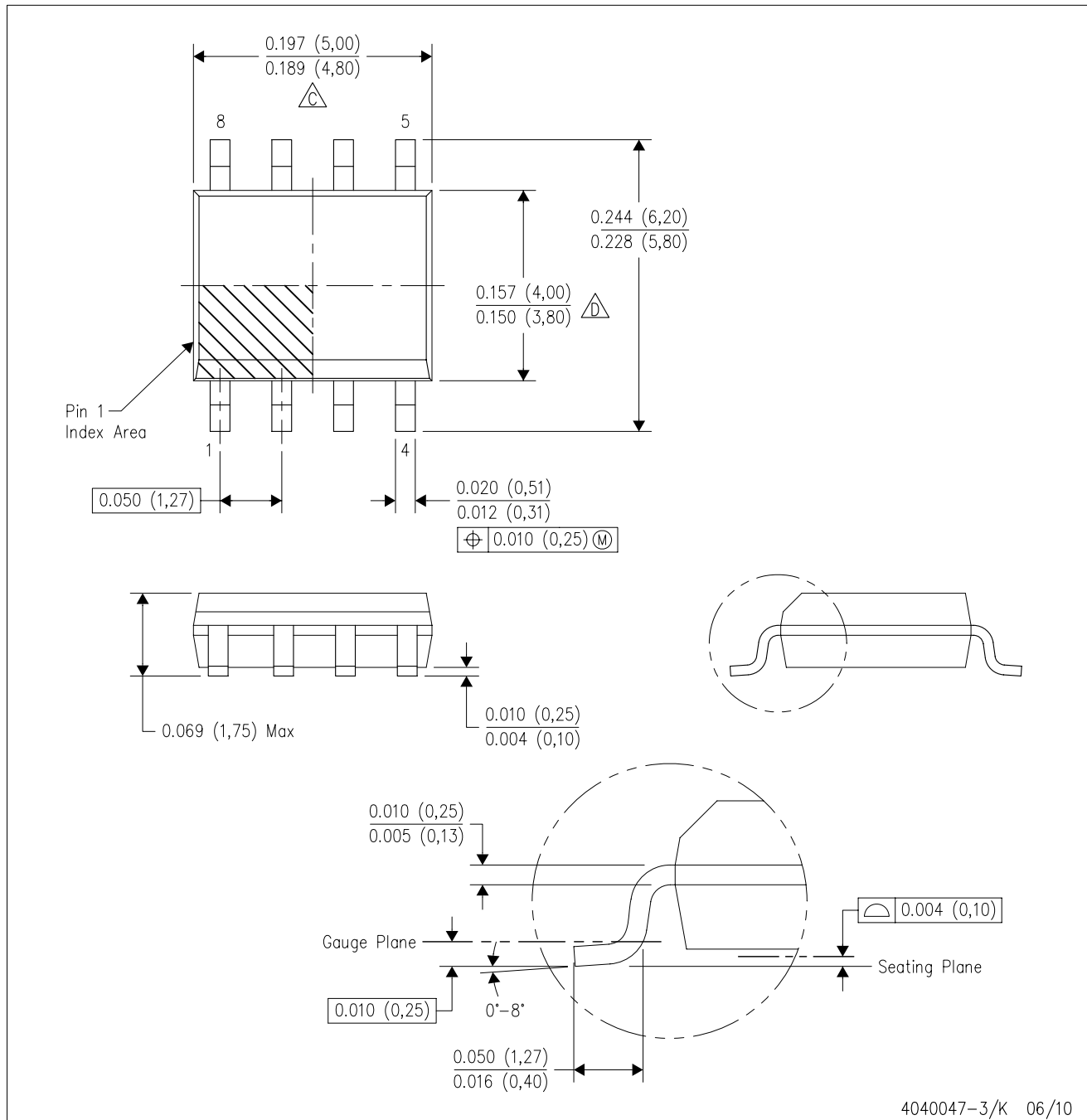
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

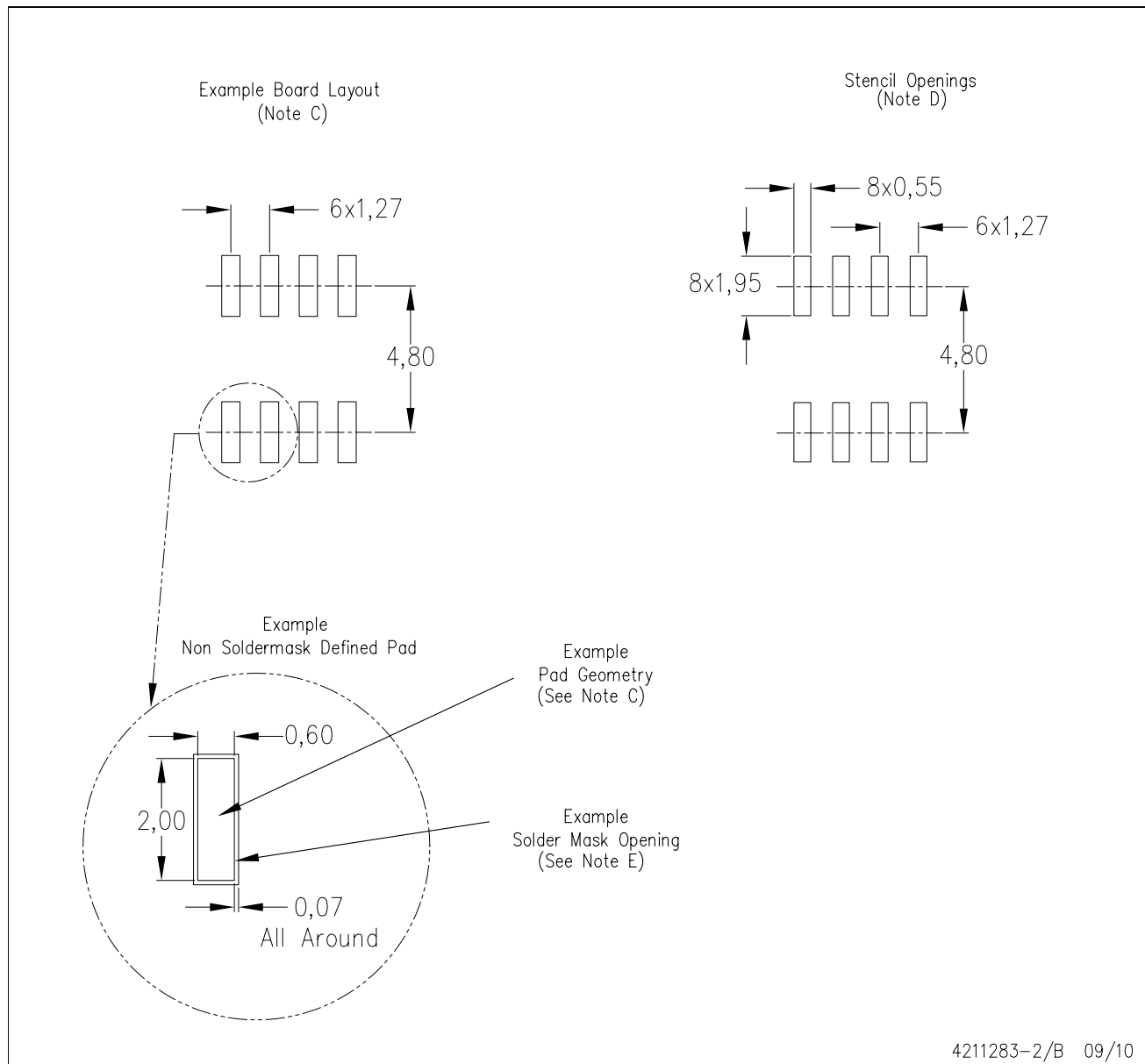


NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- $\triangle C$ Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- $\triangle D$ Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

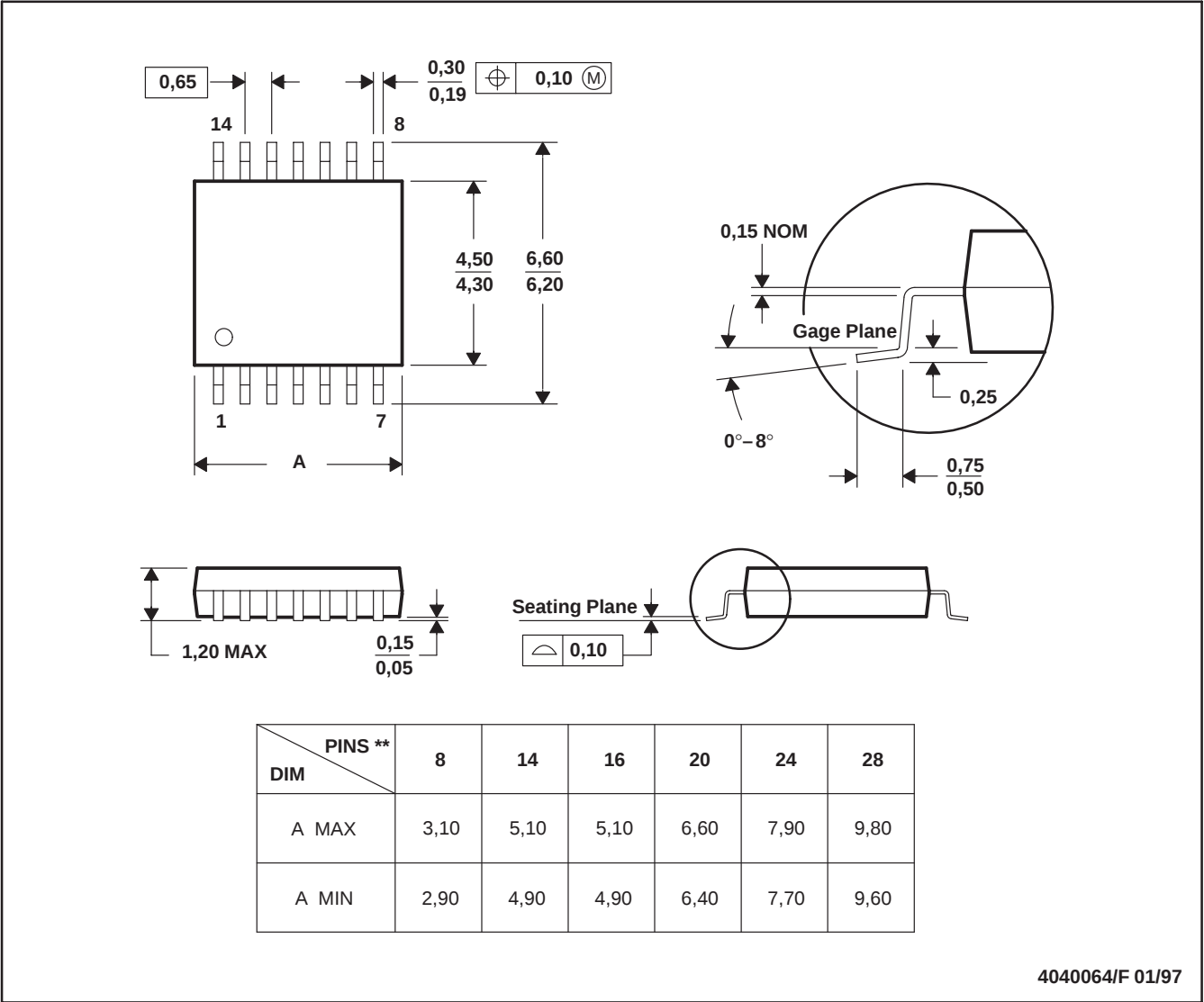
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PW (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

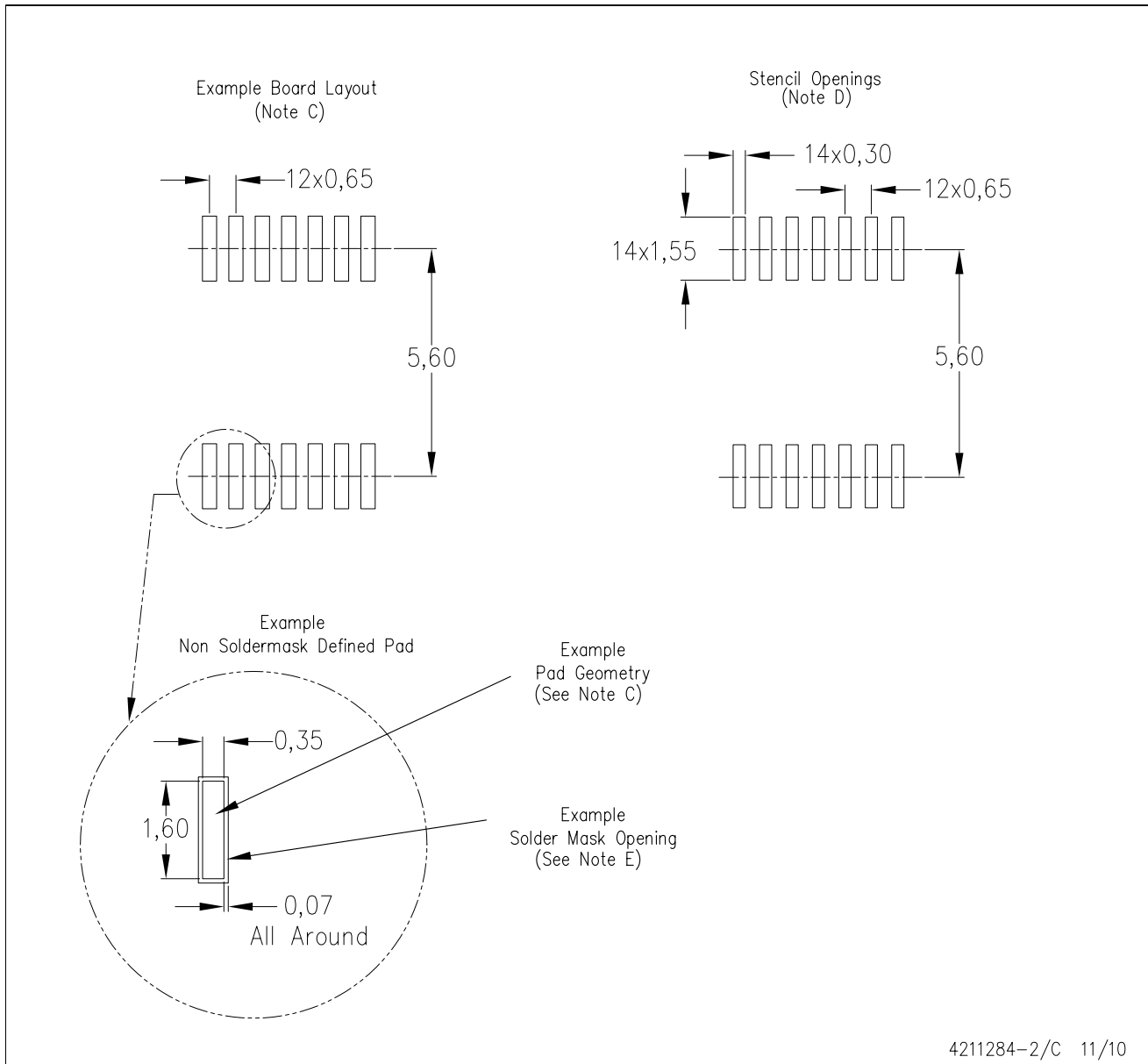
14 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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