150 mA Low Dropout Linear Regulator

The NCV4264 is a wide input range, precision fixed output, low dropout integrated voltage regulator with a full load current rating of 150 mA.

The output voltage is accurate within $\pm 2.0\%$, and maximum dropout voltage is 500 mV at 100 mA load current.

It is internally protected against 45 V input transients, input supply reversal, output overcurrent faults, and excess die temperature. No external components are required to enable these features.

Features

- 5.0 V Fixed Output
- ±2.0% Output Accuracy, Over Full Temperature Range
- Quiescent Current 400 μA at I_{OUT} = 1.0 mA
- 500 mV Maximum Dropout Voltage at 100 mA Load Current
- Wide Input Voltage Operating Range of 5.5 V to 45 V
- Internal Fault Protection
 - ♦ -42 V Reverse Voltage
 - ♦ Short Circuit/Overcurrent
 - ♦ Thermal Overload
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes
- AEC-Q100 Qualified
- This is a Pb-Free Device



ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com





SOT-223 ST SUFFIX CASE 318E



A = Assembly Location

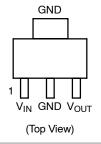
Y = Year W = Work Week

V64 5x = Specific Device Code

= 5 (5.0 V)

■ = Pb-Free Package

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 7 of this data sheet.

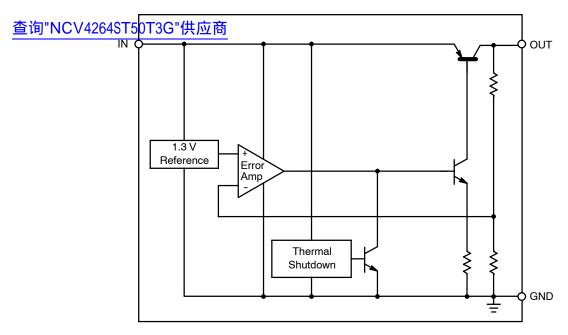


Figure 1. Block Diagram

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	V _{IN}	Unregulated input voltage; 5.5 V to 45 V.
2	GND	Ground; substrate.
3	V _{OUT}	Regulated output voltage; collector of the internal PNP pass transistor.
TAB	GND	Ground; substrate and best thermal connection to the die.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN} , DC Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-42	+45	V
V _{OUT} , DC Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3	+16	V
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55	+150	°C
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	1		_
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 1)	V _{ESDHB}	4000	-	V
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 1)	V _{ESDMIM}	200	-	V
Lead Temperature Soldering Reflow (SMD Styles Only), Lead Free (Note 2)	T _{sld}	-	265 pk	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGE

Pin Symbol, Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN} , DC Input Operating Voltage	V _{IN}	5.5	+45	V
Junction Temperature Operating Range	TJ	-40	+150	°C

This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods: ESD HBM tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A 114C) ESD MM tested per AEC-Q100-003 (EIA/JESD22-A 115C)

^{2.} Lead Free, 60 sec – 150 sec above 217°C, 40 sec max at peak.

查情PMAC\PEXISTANGF3G"供应商

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Junction-to-Ambient	SOT-223	$R_{ hetaJA}$		-	99 (Note 3)	°C/W
Junction-to-Case	SOT-223	$R_{ heta JC}$		_	17	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{IN} = 13.5 V, Tj = -40°C to +150°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	$5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 100 \text{ mA (Note 4)}$ $6.0 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le 28 \text{ V}$	4.900	5.000	5.100	V
Line Regulation	ΔV_{OUT} vs. V_{IN} I_{OUT} = 5.0 mA $6.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 28 \text{ V}$		-30	5.0	+30	mV
Load Regulation	ΔV _{OUT} vs. I _{OUT}	$5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 100 \text{ mA (Note 4)}$	-40	5.0	+40	mV
Dropout Voltage	V _{IN} -V _{OUT}	I _{OUT} = 100 mA (Notes 4 & 5)	_	275	500	mV
Quiescent Current	Iq	I _{OUT} = 1.0 mA	_	83	400	μΑ
Active Ground Current	I _{G(ON)}	I _{OUT} = 50 mA (Note 4)	_	1.5	15	mA
Power Supply Rejection	PSRR	$V_{RIPPLE} = 0.5 V_{P-P}$, $F = 100 Hz$	_	67	-	dB
Output Capacitor for Stability C _{OU} ESR		I _{OUT} = 1.0 mA to 100 mA (Notes 4)	10	-	9.0	μF Ω

PROTECTION

Current Limit	I _{OUT(LIM)}	V _{OUT} = 4.5 V (Note 4)	150	-	500	mA
Short Circuit Current Limit	I _{OUT(SC)}	V _{OUT} = 0 V (Note 4)	40	-	500	mA
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	T _{TSD}	(Note 6)	150	-	200	°C

- 3. 1 oz., 100 mm² copper area.
- Use pulse loading to limit power dissipation.
 Dropout voltage = (V_{IN}-V_{OUT}), measured when the output voltage has dropped 100 mV relative to the nominal value obtained with V_{IN} = 13.5 V.

 6. Not tested in production. Limits are guaranteed by design.

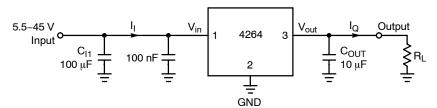


Figure 2. Measurement Circuit

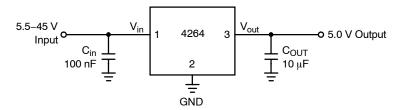


Figure 3. Applications Circuit

查询"NCV4264ST50T3G"供应商 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

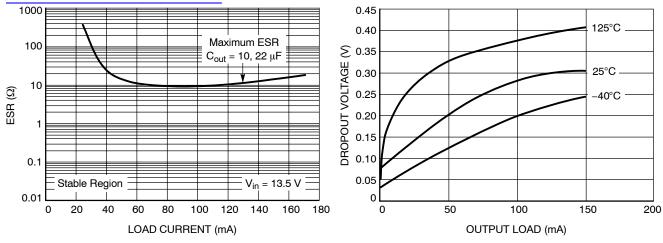


Figure 4. ESR Characterization

Figure 5. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Load

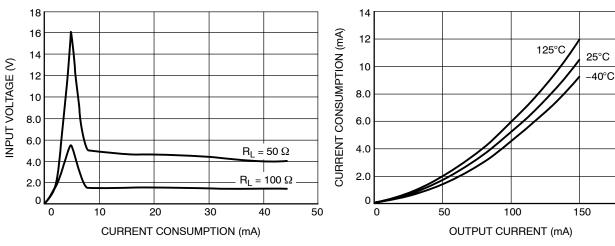


Figure 6. Current Consumption vs. Input Voltage

125°C

25°C

5.10 5.08 5.06 OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 5.04 5.02 5.00 4.98 4.96 4.94 4.92 4.90 50 -50 0 100 150 TEMPERATURE (°C)

350 -40°C -4

450

400

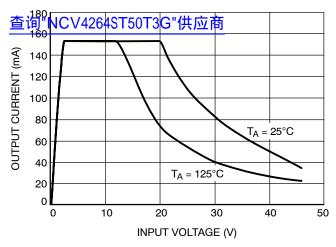
OUTPUT LOAD (mA) Figure 8. Quiescent Current vs. Output Load

Figure 7. Current Consumption vs. Output Current

200

Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

NCV4264





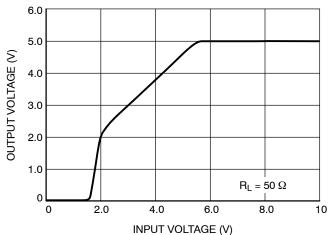


Figure 11. Input Voltage vs. Output Voltage

Circuit Description The NCV4704ST50T3G"供应商 5.0 V fixed output regulator. The device has current capability of 150 mA, with 500 mV of dropout voltage at 100 mA of current. The regulation is provided by a PNP pass transistor controlled by an error amplifier with a bandgap reference. The regulator is protected by both current limit and short circuit protection. Thermal shutdown occurs above 150°C to protect the IC during overloads and extreme ambient temperatures.

Regulator

The error amplifier compares the reference voltage to a sample of the output voltage (Vout) and drives the base of a PNP series pass transistor by a buffer. The reference is a bandgap design to give it a temperature-stable output. Saturation control of the PNP is a function of the load current and input voltage. Over saturation of the output power device is prevented, and quiescent current in the ground pin is minimized.

Regulator Stability Considerations

The input capacitor CIN1 in Figure 2 is necessary for compensating input line reactance. Possible oscillations caused by input inductance and input capacitance can be damped by using a resistor of approximately 1 Ω in series with C_{IN2}. The output or compensation capacitor, C_{OUT} helps determine three main characteristics of a linear regulator: startup delay, load transient response and loop stability. The capacitor value and type should be based on cost, availability, size and temperature constraints. A tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitor is best, since a film or ceramic capacitor with almost zero ESR can cause instability. The aluminum electrolytic capacitor is the least expensive solution, but, if the circuit operates at low temperatures (-25°C to -40°C), both the value and ESR of the capacitor will vary considerably. The capacitor manufacturer's data sheet usually provides this information. The value for the output capacitor COUT shown in Figure 2 should work for most applications; however, it is not necessarily the optimized solution. Stability is guaranteed at values $CQ = 10 \mu F$ and an ESR = 9Ω within the operating temperature range. Actual limits are shown in a graph in the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

Calculating Power Dissipation in a Single Output **Linear Regulator**

The maximum power dissipation for a single output regulator (Figure 3) is:

$$PD(max) = [VIN(max) - VOUT(min)] \cdot IQ(max) + VI(max) \cdot Iq$$
 (eq. 1)

Where:

 $V_{IN(max)}$ is the maximum input voltage,

V_{OUT(min)} is the minimum output voltage,

I_{Q(max)} is the maximum output current for the application, and Iq is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at I_{Q(max)}.

Once the value of P_{D(Max)} is known, the maximum permissible value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can be calculated:

$$P_{\theta JA} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - T_A}{P_D} \qquad (eq. 2)$$

The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with R_{0.1A}'s less than the calculated value in Equation 2 will keep the die temperature below 150°C. In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heat sink will be required. The current flow and voltages are shown in the Measurement Circuit Diagram.

Heat Sinks

A heat sink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air. Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of $R_{\theta,JA}$:

$$R_{\theta}JA = R_{\theta}JC + R_{\theta}CS + R_{\theta}SA$$
 (eq. 3)

Where:

 $R_{\theta JC}$ = the junction-to-case thermal resistance,

 $R_{\theta CS}$ = the case-to-heat sink thermal resistance, and

 $R_{\theta SA}$ = the heat sink-to-ambient thermal resistance.

 $R_{\theta JA}$ appears in the package section of the data sheet.

Like $R_{\theta JA}$, it too is a function of package type. $R_{\theta CS}$ and $R_{\theta SA}$ are functions of the package type, heat sink and the interface between them. These values appear in data sheets of heat sink manufacturers. Thermal, mounting, and heat sinking are discussed in the ON Semiconductor application note AN1040/D, available on the ON Semiconductor Website.

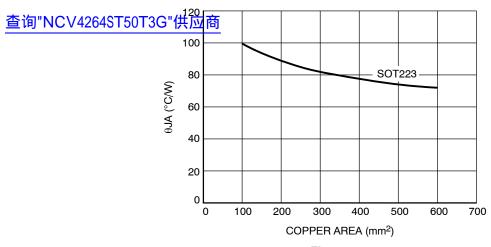


Figure 12.

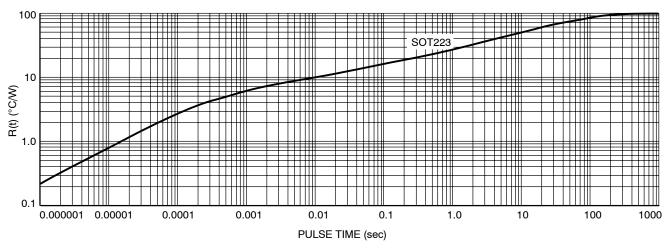


Figure 13.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Marking	Package	Shipping†
NCV4264ST50T3G	V64_5	SOT-223	4000 Tape & Reel

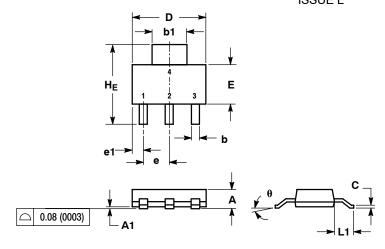
[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

NCV4264

查询"NCV4264ST50T3G"供应商

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-223 (TO-261) ST SUFFIX CASE 318E-04 **ISSUE L**

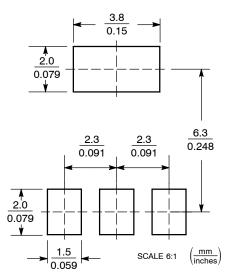


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	MILLIMETERS				INCHES		
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Α	1.50	1.63	1.75	0.060	0.064	0.068	
A1	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.001	0.002	0.004	
b	0.60	0.75	0.89	0.024	0.030	0.035	
b1	2.90	3.06	3.20	0.115	0.121	0.126	
С	0.24	0.29	0.35	0.009	0.012	0.014	
D	6.30	6.50	6.70	0.249	0.256	0.263	
E	3.30	3.50	3.70	0.130	0.138	0.145	
е	2.20	2.30	2.40	0.087	0.091	0.094	
e1	0.85	0.94	1.05	0.033	0.037	0.041	
L1	1.50	1.75	2.00	0.060	0.069	0.078	
HE	6.70	7.00	7.30	0.264	0.276	0.287	
θ	0°	_	10°	0°	_	10°	

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ON Semiconductor and una are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 421 33 790 2910

Japan Customer Focus Center Phone: 81-3-5773-3850

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative