查询"LM29150-12"供应商 1.5A Very L.D.O Voltage Regulator

FEATURES

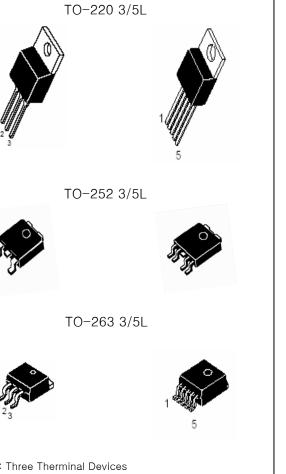
- High Current Capability 1.5A
- Low Dropout Voltage 350mV
- Low Ground Current
- Accurate 1% Cuaranteed Tolerance
- Extremely Fast Transient Response
- Reverse-Battery and "Load Dump" Rotection
- Zero-Current Shutdown Mode(5-Pin Version)
- Error Flag Signals Output out-of-Regulation (5-Pin Versions)
- Also Characterized For Smaller Loads With Industry -Leading Performance specifications
- Fixed Voltage and Adjustable Versions

APPLICATIONS

- Battery Powered Equipment
- High-Efficiency " Green" Computer System
- Automotive Electronics
- High-Efficiency Linear Power Supplies
- High-Efficiency Post-Regulator For Switching Supply

Device	Marking	Package		
LM29150 - X.X		TO-220 3L		
LM29150RS - X.X	LM29150 - X.X	TO-252 3L		
LM29150R - X.X		TO-263 3L		
LM29151 - X.X		TO-220 5L		
LM29151RS - X.X	LM29151 - X.X	TO-252 5L		
LM29151R - X.X		TO-263 5L		
LM29152/3		TO-220 5L		
LM29152RS/3RS - X.X	LM29152/3	TO-252 5L		
LM29152R/3R		TO-263 5L		

ORDERING INFORMATION



Pinout LM29150: Three Therminal Devices Pin 1= Input, 2= Ground, 3= Output LM29151: Five Therminal Fixed Voltage Devices Pin 1= Enable, 2= Input, 3=Ground, 4=Output, 5= Flag LM29152: Adjustable with ON/OFF control Pin 1= Enable, 2= Input, 3=Ground, 4=Output, 5= Adjust LM29153: Adjustable with Flag Pin 1= Flag, 2= Input, 3=Ground, 4=Output, 5= Adjust

* LM29150 - X.X (X.X = Output Voltage = 2.5, 3.3, 5.0, 12V)

* LM29151 - X.X (X.X = Output Voltage = 1.5V, 2.5V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 5.0V, 12V`

DESCRIPTION

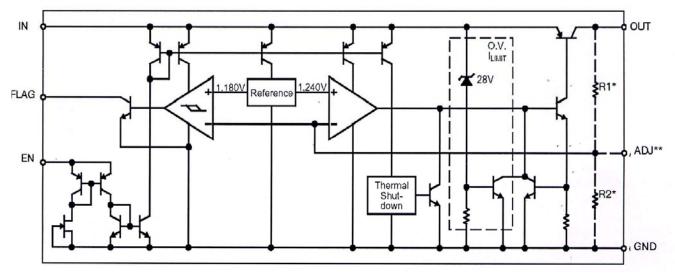
The LM29150 are high current, high accuracy, low-dropout voltage regulators. Using process with a PNP pase element, these regulators feature 350mV (full load) dropout voltages and very low ground current. These devices also find applications in lower current, low dropout-critical systems, where their tiny dropout voltage and graound current values are important attributes.

The LM29150 are fully protected against over current faults, reversed input polarity, reversed lead insertion, over temperature operation, and positive and negative transient voltage spikes. Five pin fixed voltage versions feature logic level ON/OFF control and an error flag which signals whenever the output falls out of regulation. On the LM29150 and LM29152, the ENABLE pin may be tied to Vin if it is not required for ON/OFF control. The LM29150 are available in 3- and 5- pinTO-220 and surface mount TO-263 packages.

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LM29150/1/2/3

Block Diagram and typical Application Circuit



* Feed Back network in fixed versions only

**Adjustable version only

[Block Diagram]

Typical Applications

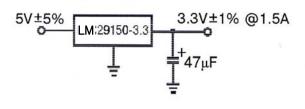


Figure 1. Fixed output voltage

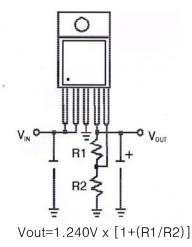


Figure2. Adjstable output voltage configuration. For best results, the total series resistance should be small enough to pass the minimum regulator load current

ABSOULTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	Internally Limit
Lead Temperature(Soldering, 5 Seconds)	260℃
Storage Temperature Range	-65℃ to + 150℃
Input Supply Voltage(Note 1)	-20℃ to + 60℃'

OPERATING RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	Internally Limit
Operating Junction Temperature	-40℃ to + 125℃'
Maximum Operating Input Voltage	26V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS I $_{OUT}$ =100^{mA}, T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified

All measurements at Tj=25°C unless otherwise noted. Bold Values are guaranteed across the operating temperature range.

Adjustable versions are programmed to 5.0V

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Voltage	I _O =10mA	-1		1	%
	10mA≤I ₀ ≤ I _{FL} , (V _{OUT} +1V)≤V _{IN} ≤26V (Note 2)	-2		2	%
Line Regulation	I _O =10mA, (V _{OUT} +1V)≤V _{IN} ≤26V		0.06	0.5	%
Load Regulation	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} +5V, 10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤I _{FULLOAD} (Note 2,6)		0.2	1	%
Δ <u>Vo</u> Δ T	Output Voltage (Note 6) Temperature Coef		20	100	ppm/ºC
Dropout Voltage	ΔV _{OUT} =-1%, (Note 3) I _O =100mA I _O =750mA I _O =1.5A		80 220 350	200 600	mV
Ground Current	I _O =750mA, V _{IN} =V _{OUT} +1V I _O =1.5A		8 22	20	mA
I _{GNDDO} Ground Pin Current at Dropout	V_{IN} =0.5V less than specified V_{OUT} . I_{OUT} =10mA		2	8%	mA
Current Limit	LM29150 V _{OUT} =0V (Note 4)		2.1	3.5	Α
e _n , Output Noise Voltage (10Hz to 100kHz) I _I =100mA	C _L =10μF C _L =33μF		400 260		μVRMS
Reference LM29152		I			
Reference Voltage		1.228 1.215	1.240	1.252 1.265	V V
Reference Voltage	(Note 8)	1.203		1.277	V
Adjust Pin Bias Current			40	80 120	nA
Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient	(Note 7)		20		ppm/ºC
Adjust Pin Bias Current Temperature Coefficient			0.1		nA/ºC

the second se	Comparator) LM29151 / LM29153				-
Output Leakage Current	V _{OH} =26V		0.01	1.00 2.00	μA
Output Low Voltage	Device set for 5V. V _{IN} =4.5V I _{OL} =250μA		220	300 400	mV
Upper Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)	40 25	60		mV
Lower Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)		75	95 140	mV
Hysteresis	Device set for 5V (Note 9)		15		mV
ENABLE Input LM2	9151 / LM29152				
Input Logic Voltage Low (OFF) High (ON)		2.4		0.8	v
Enable Pin Input Current	V _{EN} =26V		100	600 750	μA
	V _{EN} =0.8V			2.5 5	μA
Regulator Output Current Shutdown	(Note 10)		10	500	μA

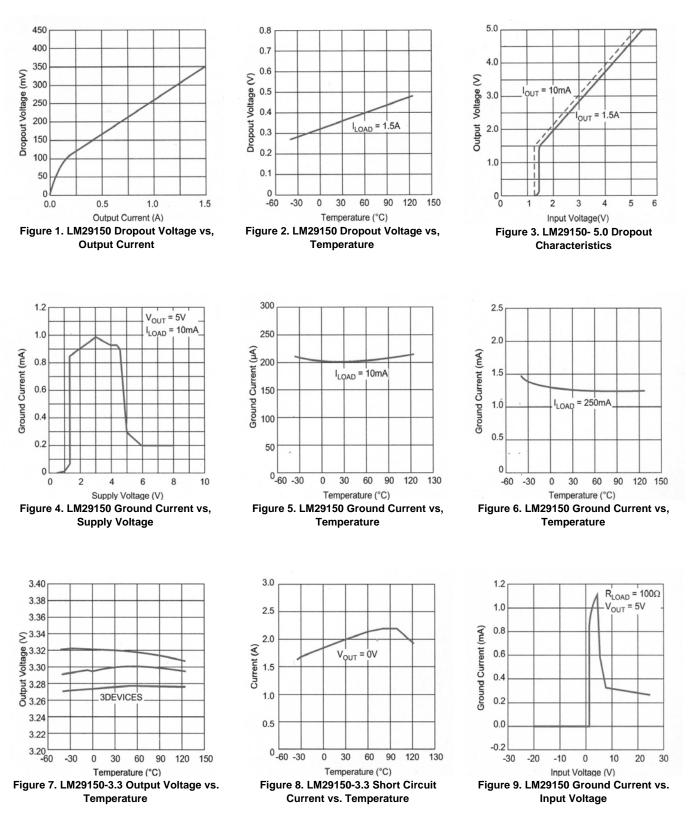
[Note.]

1. Maximum positive supply voltage of 60V must be of limited duration (<100msec) and duty cycle(≤1%). The maximum continuous supply voltage is 26V

- 2. Full load current(IFL) is defined as 1.5A
- 3. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential when the output voltage drops to 99% of its nominal value with Vout to Vin
- 4. Vin = Vout(nominal) +1V. For example, use Vin =4.3V for a 3.3V regulator or use 6V for a 5V regulator. Employ pulse-testing procedures to minimize temperature rise.
- 5. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the source is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
- 6. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- 7. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 200mA load pulse at Vin= 20V (a 4W pulse) for T= 10ms
- 8. Vref \leq Vout \leq (Vin -1V), 2.3V \leq Vin \leq 26V, 10mA < IL IFL, TJ < TJ Max
- 9. Comparator thresholds are expressed in terms of a voltage differential at the Adjust terminal below the nominal reference voltage measured at. 6V input. To express these thresholds in terms of output voltage change, multiply by the error amplifier gain = Vout/Vref = (R1 +R2)/R2. For example, at a programmed output voltage of 5V, the Error output is guaranteed to go low when the output drops by 95mV x 5V/ 1.240V 384mV. Thresholds remain constant as a percent of Vout as Vout is varied, with the dropout warining occurring at typically 5% below nominal, 7.7% guaranteed.
- 10. Ven \leq 0.8V and Vin \leq 26V, Vout=0
- 11. When used in dual supply system where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output Voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

LM29150/1/2/3

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



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LM29150/1/2/3

Applications Information

The LM29150 are high performance low-dropout voltage regulators suitable for all moderate to high -current voltage regulator applications. Their 350mV dropout voltage at full load make them especially valuable in battery powered systems and as high efficiency noise filters in "post-regulator" applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited merely by the low Vce saturation voltage. The LM29150 family of regulators is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current Limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current under overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the 125°C maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device survival even when the input voltage spikes between -20V and +60V. When the input voltage exceeds about 35V to 40V. The over voltage sensor temporarily disables the regulator.

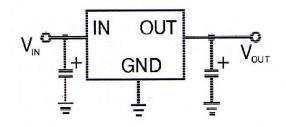


Figure 3. Linear regulators require only two capacitors for operation.

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- * Maximum ambient temperature, TA
- * Output Current, lout
- * Output Voltage, Vout
- * Input Voltage, VIN

First, we calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

PD=IOUT(1.01VIN-VOUT)

Where the ground current is approximated by 1% of but. Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_{A}}{P_{D}} - (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS})$$

Where TJ MAX $\leq 125^{\circ}$ and Θ CS is between 0 and 2° /W.

Capaitor Requirements

For stability and minimum output noise, a capacitor on the regulator output is necessary. The value of this capacitor is dependent upon the output current; lower currents allow smaller capcitors. LM29150 regulators are stable with the 10uF minimum capacitor values at full load. Where the regulator is powered from a source with a high AC impedance, a 0.1uF capacitor connected between input and GND is recommended. This capacitor should have good characteristics to above 250kHz.

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Minimum Load Current

The LM29150 regulators are specified between finite loads. If the output is too small, leakage currents is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. The 5mA minimum load current swamps any expected leakage current across the operating temperature range.

Adjustable Regulator Design

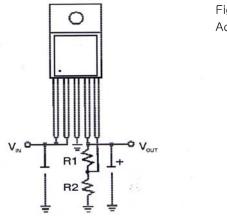


Figure 4. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors

VOUT=1.240V x [1+(R1/R2)]

The adjustable regulator versions, LM29152 and LM29153, allow programming the output voltage anywhere between 1.25V and the 26V maximum operating rating of the family.

Two resistors are used. Resistors can be quite large, up to $1M\Omega$, because of the very high input impedance and low bias current of the sense comparator: The resistor values are calculated by:

$$R_1 = R_2 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.240} - 1 \right)$$

Where is VO the desired output voltage. Figure 4 shows component definition. Applications with widely varying load currents may scale the resistors to draw the minimum load current required for proper operation.

Error Flag

LM29151 and LM29153 versions feature and Error Flag, which looks at the output voltage and signals and error condition when this voltage and signals an error condition when this voltage drops 5% below its expected value. The error flag is an open-collector output that pulls low under fault conditions. It may sink 10mA. Low output voltage signifies a number of possible problems, including an over-current fault (the device is in current limit) and low input voltage. The flag output is inoperative during over temperature shutdwon conditions.

Enable input

LM29151 and LM29152 versions feature and enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the device. Special design allows "zero" current drain when the device is disabled-only microamperes of leakage current flows. The EN input has TTL/CMOS compatible thresholds for simple interfacing with logic, or may be directly tied to \leq 30V. Enabling the regulator requires approximately 20uA of current.

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