

### TPS54225

SLVSA15B-OCTOBER 2009-REVISED OCTOBER 2010

# 4.5V to 18V Input, 2-A Synchronous Step-Down SWIFT<sup>™</sup> Converter

Check for Samples: TPS54225

### FEATURES

- D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> Mode Enables Fast Transient Response
- Low Output Ripple and Allows Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Wide V<sub>CC</sub> Input Voltage Range: 4.5 V to 18 V
- Wide V<sub>IN</sub> Input Voltage Range: 2 V to 18 V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 5.5 V
- **Highly Efficient Integrated FET's Optimized** for Lower Duty Cycle Applications - 160 m $\Omega$  (High Side) and 110 m $\Omega$  (Low Side)
- High Efficiency, less than 10 µA at shutdown
- High Initial Bandgap Reference Accuracy
- Adjustable Soft Start
- **Pre-Biased Soft Start**
- 700-kHz Switching Frequency (f<sub>sw</sub>)
- Cycle-By-Cycle Overcurrent Limit
- **Power Good Output**

#### APPLICATIONS

VIN

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- Wide Range of Applications for Low Voltage System
  - Digital TV Power Supply
  - High Definition Blu-ray Disc<sup>™</sup> Players

TPS54225PWP

VCC

VFB

SS 7

ΕN

GND

13 VIN

1 vo

2

4

5

EN)

10

6

3 VREG5

8

9

11

SW1

SW2 12

PG

VBS

PGND1

PGND2

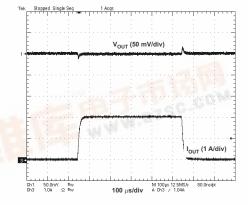
- **Networking Home Terminal**
- Digital Set Top Box (STB)

VOUT

### DESCRIPTION

The TPS54225 is an adaptive on-time D-CAP2™ mode synchronous buck converter. The TPS54225 enables system designers to complete the suite of various end equipment's power bus regulators with a cost effective, low component count, low standby current solution. The main control loop for the TPS54225 uses the D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> mode control which provides a fast transient response with no external compensation components.

The TPS54225 also has a proprietary circuit that enables the device to adapt to both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors, such as POSCAP or SP-CAP, and ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors. The device operates from 4.5-V to 18-V V<sub>CC</sub> input, and from 2-V to 18-V VIN input power The output voltage can be supply voltage. programmed between 0.76 V and 5.5 V. The device also features an adjustable slow start time and a power good function. The TPS54225 is available in the 14 pin HTSSOP package, and designed to operate from -40°C to 85°C.



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VOUT)

Blu-ray Disc is a trademark of Blu-ray Disc Association.



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ORDERING	INFORMATION <sup>(1)</sup>

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY
45°C to 05°C	PowerPAD™	TPS54225PWP	Tube
–45°C to 85°C	(HTSSOP) – PWP (14 Pins)	TPS54225PWPR	Tape and Reel, 2000

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

(3) All package options have Cu NIPDAU lead/ball finish.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

			VALUE	UNIT
		V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> , EN	-0.3 to 20	V
		V <sub>BST</sub>	-0.3 to 26	V
V		V <sub>BST</sub> (vs SW1, SW2)	-0.3 to 6.5	V
VI	Input voltage range	V <sub>FB</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> , SS, PG	-0.3 to 6.5	V
		SW1, SW2	-2 to 20	V
		SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	-3 to 20	V
		V <sub>REG5</sub>	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range	P <sub>GND1</sub> , P <sub>GND2</sub>	-0.3 to 0.3	V
V <sub>diff</sub>	Voltage from GND to POWERPAD		-0.2 to 0.2	V
		Human Body Model (HBM)	2	kV
ESD rating	Electrostatic discharge	Charged Device Model (CDM)	500	V
TJ	Operating junction temperature		-40 to 150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-55 to 150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **DISSIPATION RATINGS**<sup>(1)</sup>

(2 oz. trace and copper pad with solder)

PACKAGE	$\theta_{JA}$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85℃ POWER RATING
PWP	44.5°C/W	2.25 W	0.9 W

 Rating based on JEDEC high thermal conductivity (High K) board with 2 x 2 arrays of thermal vias. See Texas Instruments application report (SLMA002) regarding thermal characteristic of the PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> package.



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#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply input voltage range		4.5	18	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Power input voltage range		2	18	V
		V <sub>BST</sub>	-0.1	24	
V <sub>I</sub> Input voltage range	V <sub>BST</sub> (vs SW1, SW2)	-0.1	5.7		
		SS, PG	-0.1	5.7	
	V <sub>O</sub> , V <sub>FB</sub> SW1, SW2	EN	-0.1	18	V
		V <sub>O</sub> , V <sub>FB</sub>	-0.1	5.5	V
		SW1, SW2	-1.8	18	
		SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	-3	18	
		P <sub>GND1</sub> , P <sub>GND2</sub>	-0.1	0.1	
Vo	Output voltage range	V <sub>REG5</sub>	-0.1	5.7	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature		-40	125	°C

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

over operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 12V$  (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY	CURRENT					
I <sub>VCC</sub>	Operating - non-switching supply current	$V_{CC}$ current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , EN = 5 V, $V_{FB} = 0.8$ V		800	1200	μA
IVCCSDN	Shutdown supply current	$V_{CC}$ current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $EN = 0 V$		1.8	10	μA
LOGIC TH	IRESHOLD					
V <sub>ENH</sub> EN high-level input voltage		EN 2				V
V <sub>ENL</sub>	EN low-level input voltage	EN			0.4	V
V <sub>FB</sub> VOLT	AGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANC	E				
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_O = 1.05 V$	757	765	773	
V <sub>FB</sub>	Threshold voltage	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, $V_O = 1.05 V^{(1)}$	753		777	mV
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, $V_O = 1.05 V^{(1)}$ 751			779	
I <sub>VFB</sub>	Input current	urrent $V_{FB} = 0.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 0		0	±0.1	μA
R <sub>Dischg</sub> V <sub>O</sub> discharge resistance		EN = 0 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		50	100	Ω
V <sub>REG5</sub> OU	TPUT					
V <sub>VREG5</sub>	Output voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 6 V < V_{CC} < 18 V,$ 0 < I <sub>VREG5</sub> < 5 mA			5.7	V
V <sub>LN5</sub>	Line regulation	$6 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} < 18 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{VREG5}} = 5 \text{ mA}$			20	mV
$V_{LD5}$	Load regulation	$0 \text{ mA} < I_{VREG5} < 5 \text{ mA}$			100	mV
I <sub>VREG5</sub>	Output current	$V_{CC} = 6 V, V_{REG5} = 4 V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		70		mA
MOSFET						
R <sub>DS(on)h</sub>	High side switch resistance	25°C, V <sub>BST</sub> - SW1, SW2 = 5.5 V		160		mΩ
R <sub>DS(on)I</sub> Low side switch resistance		25°C		110		mΩ
CURREN	T LIMIT					
l <sub>ocl</sub>	Current limit	$L_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu H^{(1)}$	2.5	3.1	4.5	А
THERMA	L SHUTDOWN					
T <sub>SDN</sub> Thermal shutdown threshold		Shutdown temperature <sup>(1)</sup>		150		°C
		Hysteresis <sup>(1)</sup>		25		
ON-TIME	TIMER CONTROL					
t <sub>ON</sub>	On time	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1.05 V		145		ns

(1) Specified by Design (not production tested).

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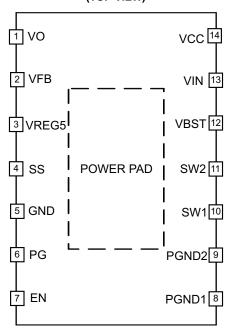
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 12V$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>OFF(MIN)</sub>	Minimum off time	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{FB} = 0.7 V$		260	310	ns
SOFT ST	ART					
I <sub>SSC</sub> Charge current		Charge current V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V		2	2.6	μA
I <sub>SSD</sub> Discharge current		V <sub>SS</sub> = 0.5 V	0.1	0.2		mA
POWER G	GOOD					
		V <sub>FB</sub> rising (good)	85	90	95	0/
V <sub>THPG</sub>	Threshold	V <sub>FB</sub> falling (fault)	V <sub>FB</sub> falling (fault) 85			%
I <sub>PG</sub> Sink current		PG = 0.5 V	2.5	5		mA
OUTPUT	UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVO	LTAGE PROTECTION				
V <sub>OVP</sub>	Output OVP trip threshold	OVP detect	115	120	125	%
t <sub>OVPDEL</sub>	Output OVP prop delay			5		μs
		UVP detect	65	70	75	0/
V <sub>UVP</sub>	Output OVP trip threshold	Output UVP trip threshold Hysteresis		10		%
t <sub>UVPDEL</sub>	Output UVP delay			0.25		ms
t <sub>UVPEN</sub> Output UVP enable delay		Relative to soft-start time		x 1.7		
UVLO		·				
	LIV/LO threaded	Wake up V <sub>REG5</sub> voltage	3.55	3.8	4.05	V
UVLO	UVLO threshold	Hysteresis V <sub>REG5</sub> voltage	0.23	0.35	0.47	V

#### **DEVICE INFORMATION**

#### PWP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)





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#### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

PIN		DESCRIPTION			
NAME NO.		DESCRIPTION			
VO	1	Connect to output of converter. This pin is used for On-Time Adjustment.			
VFB	2	Converter feedback input. Connect with feedback resistor divider.			
VREG5	3	5.5 V power supply output. A capacitor (typical 1µF) should be connected to GND.			
SS	4 Soft-start control. A external capacitor should be connected to GND.				
GND	5 Signal ground pin				
PG	6	Open drain power good output			
EN	7	Enable control input			
PGND1, PGND2	8, 9	Ground returns for low-side MOSFET. Also serve as inputs of current comparators. Connect PGND and GND strongly together near the IC.			
SW1, SW2	10, 11	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET. Also serve as inputs to current comparators.			
VBST 12		Supply input for high-side NFET gate driver (boost terminal). Connect capacitor from this pin to respective SW1, SW2 terminals. An internal PN diode is connected between VREG5 to VBST pin.			
VIN	13 Power input and connected to high side NFET drain				
VCC	14	Supply input for 5 V internal linear regulator for the control circuitry			
PowerPAD™	Back side	Thermal pad of the package. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation. Should be connected to PGND.			

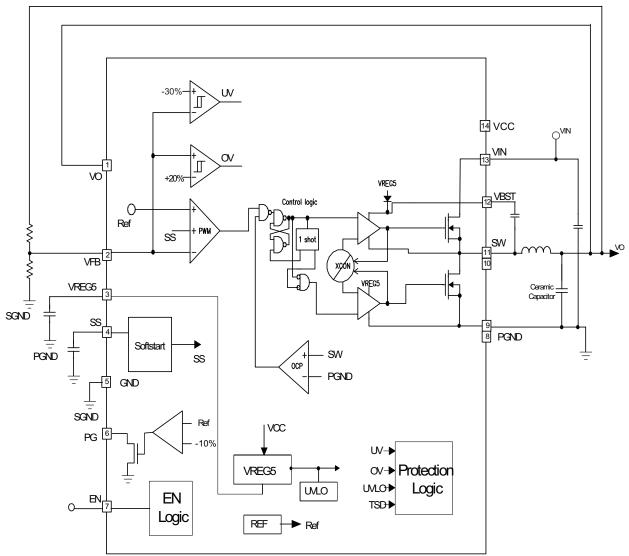
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#### **OVERVIEW**

The TPS54225 is a 2-A synchronous step-down (buck) converter with two integrated N-channel MOSFETs. It operates using D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> control reduces the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

#### **PWM Operation**

The main control loop of the TPS54225 is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> mode control. D-CAP2<sup>™</sup> mode control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable even with virtually no ripple at the output.

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. This MOSFET is turned off after internal one



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shot timer expires. This one shot timer is set by the converter input voltage ,VIN, and the output voltage ,V<sub>O</sub>, to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to the reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2<sup>TM</sup> mode control.

#### **PWM Frequency and Adaptive On-Time Control**

TPS54326 uses an adaptive on-time control scheme and does not have a dedicated on board oscillator. The TPS54326 runs with a pseudo-constant frequency of 700 kHz by using the input voltage and output voltage to set the on-time one-shot timer. The on-time is inversely proportional to the input voltage and proportional to the output voltage. The actual frequency may vary from 700 kHz depending on the off time, which is ended when the fed back portion of the output voltage falls to the V<sub>FB</sub>threshold voltage.

#### Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The soft start function is adjustable. When the EN pin becomes high, 2- $\mu$ A current begins charging the capacitor which is connected from the SS pin to GND. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up. The equation for the slow start time is shown in Equation 1. VFB voltage is 0.765 V and SS pin source current is 2  $\mu$ A.

$$Tss(ms) = \frac{C6(nF) \cdot Vref}{Iss(\mu A)} = \frac{C6(nF) \cdot 0.765}{2}$$
(1)

A unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft start becomes greater than feedback voltage  $V_{FB}$ ), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by (1-D), where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-bias output, and ensure that the out voltage (VO) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation and the control loop is given time to transition from pre-biased start-up to normal mode operation.

#### Power Good

The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. The power good function becomes active after 1.7 times soft-start time. When the output voltage is within -10% of the target value, internal comparators detect power good state and the power good signal becomes high. The power good output, PG, is an open drain output. If the feedback voltage goes under 15% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low after a 10  $\mu$ s internal delay.

#### Output Discharge Control

The TPS54225 discharges the output when EN is low, or the controller is turned off by the protection functions (OVP, UVP, UVLO and thermal shutdown). The output is discharged by an internal 50- $\Omega$  MOSFET which is connected from VO to PGND. The internal low-side MOSFET is not turned on during the output discharge operation to avoid the possibility of causing negative voltage at the output.

#### **Current Protection**

Output current is limited by cycle-by-cycle overcurrent limiting control. The inductor current is monitored during the OFF state and the controller keeps the OFF state when the inductor current is larger than the over current trip level. To provide accuracy and a cost effective solution, the device supports temperature compensated internal MOSFET  $R_{DS(on)}$  sensing.

The inductor current is monitored by the voltage between PGND pin and SW1/SW2 pins. In an overcurrent condition, the current to the load exceeds the current to the output capacitor; thus, the output voltage tends to fall off. Eventually, the output voltage will fall below the undervoltage protection threshold and the device will shutdown.

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#### **Over/Undervoltage Protection**

The TPS54326 detects over and undervoltage conditions by monitoring the feedback voltage (VFB). This function is enabled after approximately 1.7 times the soft-start time. When the feedback voltage becomes higher than 120% of the target voltage, the OVP comparator output goes high and the circuit latches the high-side MOSFET driver turns off and the low-side MOSFET turns on. When the feedback voltage becomes lower than 70% of the target voltage, the UVP comparator output goes high and an internal UVP delay counter begins. After 250  $\mu$ s, the device latches off both internal top and bottom MOSFET.

#### **UVLO Protection**

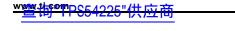
Undervoltage lock out protection (UVLO) monitors the voltage of the  $V_{REG5}$  pin. When the  $V_{REG5}$  voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the TPS54225 is shut off. This is protection is non-latching.

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

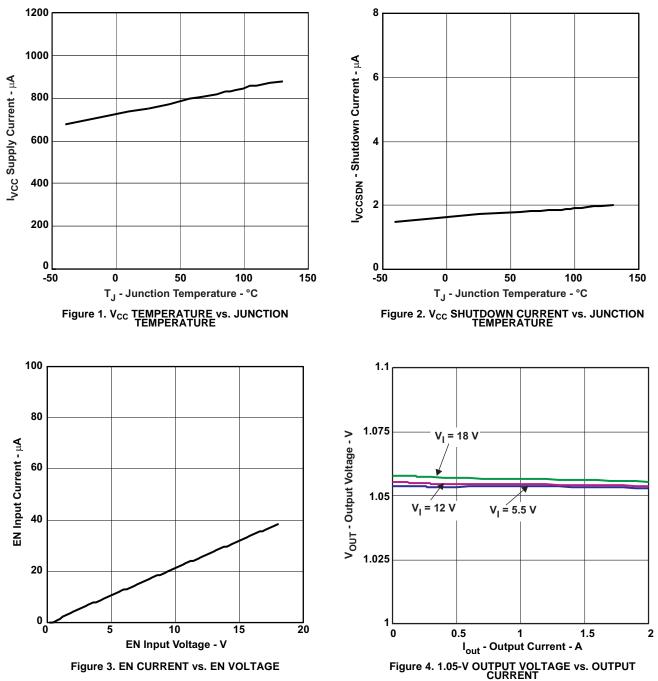
Thermal protection is self-activating. If the junction temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 150°C), the TPS54225 shuts off. This protection is non-latching.



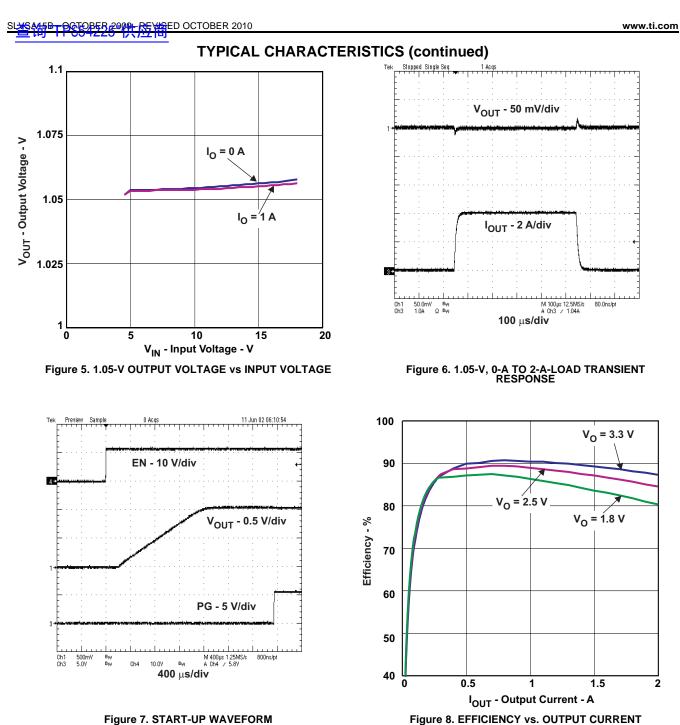
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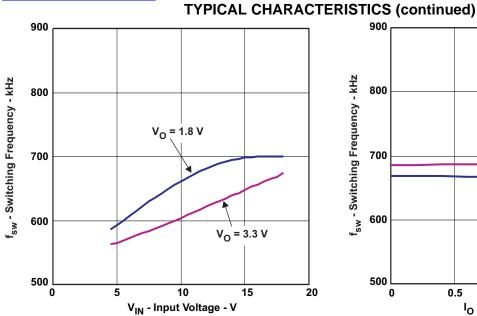




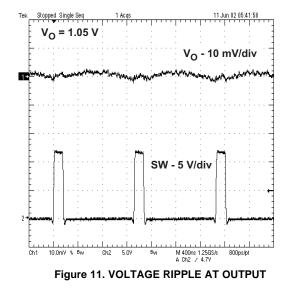
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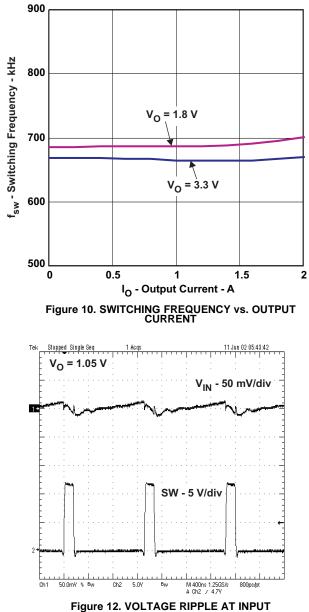
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#### Figure 9. SWICHING FREQUENCY vs. INPUT VOLTAGE





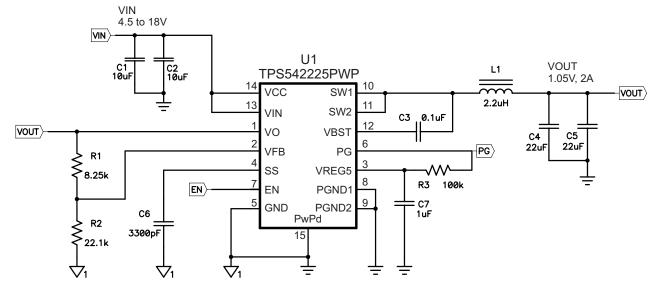
#### **DESIGN GUIDE**

#### Step By Step Design Procedure

This example details the design of a switching regulator design using ceramic output capacitors.

This design is available as the HPA538 evaluation module (EVM). A few parameters must be known in order to start the design process. These parameters are typically determined on the system level. For this example, start with the following known parameters:

- Input voltage range = 4.5 18 V
- Output voltage = 1.05 V
- Output current = 2 A
- Output voltage ripple = 3% of output voltage (1.05 V x 0.03 = 31.5 mV)



#### Figure 13. Schematic

#### **Output Inductor Selection**

The inductance value is selected to provide approximately 30% peak-to-peak ripple current at maximum load. Larger ripple current increases output ripple voltage, improves S/N ratio and contributes to stable operation. Smaller ripple currents result in lower output voltage ripple. When using low ESR output capacitors output ripple voltage is usually low, so larger ripple currents are acceptable. The coefficient Kind represents the percentage of ripple current. The value of Kind must not be greater than 0.4. Use 0.3 when using low ESR output capacitors. Equation 2 can be used to calculate L1. Use 700 kHz for f<sub>SW</sub>. Make sure the chosen inductor is rated for the peak current of Equation 4 and the RMS current of Equation 5.

$$L_o = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(max)}} \bullet \frac{V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT}}{I_{OUT} \bullet f_{SW} \bullet Kind}$$
(2)

$$Ilp - p = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(max)}} \bullet \frac{V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT}}{L_o \bullet f_{SW}}$$
(3)

$$I_{lpeak} = I_{o} + \frac{Ilp - p}{2}$$

$$I_{Lo(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_{o}^{2} + \frac{1}{12}Ilp - p^{2}}$$
(4)
(5)





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For this design example, use KIND = 0.3 and the inductor value is calculated to be 2.35  $\mu$ H. For this design, a nearest standard value was chosen: 2.2  $\mu$ H. For 2.2  $\mu$ H, the calculated peak current is 2.32 A and the calculated RMS current is 2.008 A. The inductor used is a TDK SPM6530-2R2M with a peak current rating of 8.4 A and an RMS current rating of 8.2 A.

#### **Output Capacitor Selection**

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. Ceramic output capacitors are recommended with a minimum capacitance of 20  $\mu$ F. Using Equation 6 to Equation 8, an initial estimate for the capacitor value, ESR, and RMS current can be calculated. If the load transients are significant consider using the load step, instead of ripple current to calculate the maximum ESR.

$$C_{O} > \frac{1}{8 \bullet f_{SW}} \bullet \frac{1}{\left(\frac{V_{O(ripple)}}{I_{(ripple)}} - R_{ESR}\right)}$$
(6)

$$R_{ESR} < \frac{V_{O(ripple)}}{I_{(ripple)}}$$

$$I = \frac{V_{OUT} \bullet (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{OUT}}$$
(7)

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12} \bullet V_{IN} \bullet L_{O} \bullet f_{SW}}$$
(8)

For this design, the minimum required capacitance is 4.8  $\mu$ F and maximum ESR is 49 m $\Omega$ . Two TDK C3216JB0J226M 22  $\mu$ F output capacitors are used. The maximum ESR is 12 m $\Omega$  each. The calaculated RMS current is .185 A and each output capacitor is rated for 2 A.

#### Input Capacitor Selection

The device requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A ceramic capacitor over 10  $\mu$ F is recommended for the decoupling capacitor. The capacitor voltage rating needs to be greater than the maximum input voltage. In case of separate V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>IN</sub>, then a ceramic capacitor over 10  $\mu$ F is recommended for the V<sub>IN</sub> and also placing ceramic capacitor over 0.1  $\mu$ F for the V<sub>CC</sub> is recommended.

#### **Bootstrap Capacitor Selection**

A  $0.1-\mu F$  ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST to SW pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

#### VREG5 Capacitor Selection

A  $1-\mu F$  ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 to GND pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

#### **Output Voltage Resistors Selection**

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using Equation 9 and Equation 10 to calculate  $V_{OUT}$ .

To improve efficiency at light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance will be more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current will be more noticeable.

For output voltage from 0.76 V to 2.5 V:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.765 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \tag{9}$$

For output voltage over 2.5 V:

$$V_{OUT} = (0.763 + 0.0017 \bullet V_{OUT}) \bullet \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
(10)

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be connected to an external



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heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> package and how to use the advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Breif, PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

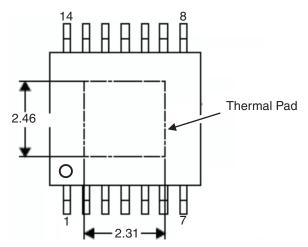


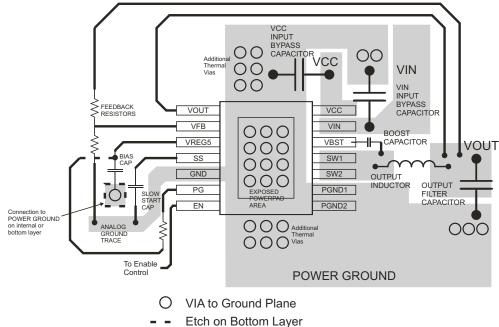
Figure 14. Thermal Pad Dimensions



<u>₩營椅♥₩P854225"供应商</u>

#### LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

- 1. Keep the input switching current loop as small as possible.
- 2. Keep the SW node as physically small and short as possible to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions. Kelvin connections should be brought from the output to the feedback pin of the device.
- 3. Keep analog and non-switching components away from switching components.
- 4. Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
- 5. Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
- 6. Keep the pattern lines for VIN and PGND broad.
- 7. Exposed pad of device must be connected to PGND with solder.
- 8. VREG5 capacitor should be placed near the device, and connected PGND.
- 9. Output capacitor should be connected to a broad pattern of the PGND.
- 10. Voltage feedback loop should be as short as possible, and preferably with ground shield.
- 11. Lower resistor of the voltage divider which is connected to the VFB pin should be tied to SGND.
- 12. Providing sufficient via is preferable for VIN, SW and PGND connection.
- 13. PCB pattern for VIN, SW, and PGND should be as broad as possible.
- 14. If VIN and VCC is shorted, VIN and VCC patterns need to be connected with broad pattern lines.
- 15. VIN Capacitor should be placed as near as possible to the device.



or Under Component

Figure 15. TPS54225 Layout

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

hanges from Original (October 2009) to Revision A Changed the device from Product Preview to Production				
Changed the device from Product Preview to Production	1			
Changes from Revision A (October 2009) to Revision B	Page			
Changed TPS54225PWPR tape and reel quantity From: 3000 To: 2000	2			



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#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Pea
TPS54225PWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260
TPS54225PWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www. information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retard in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

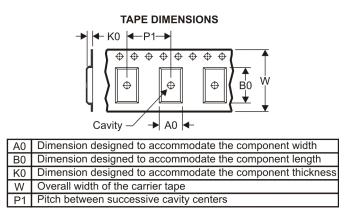
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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



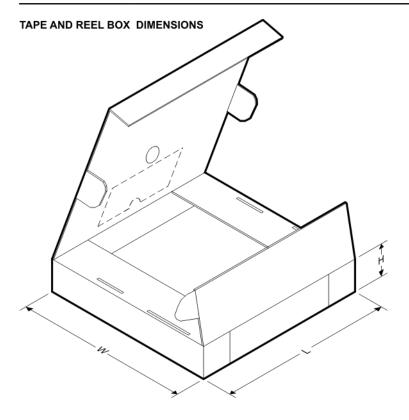
*All dimensions are nomi	inal
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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS54225PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

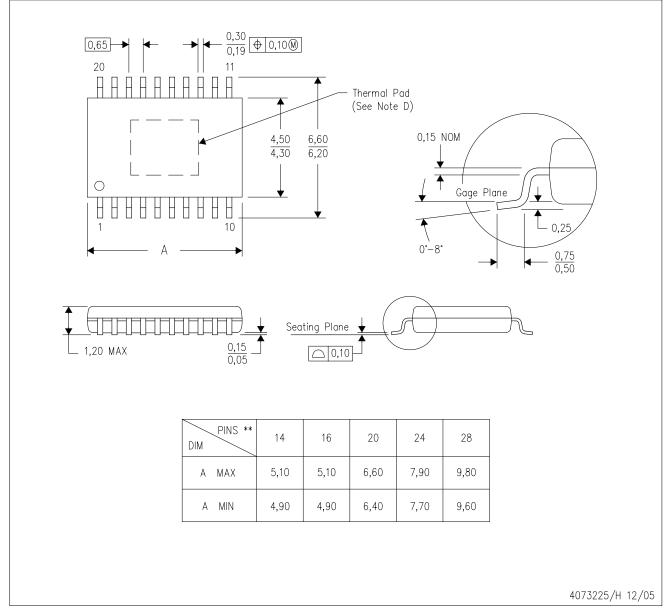
10-Sep-2010



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS54225PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	346.0	346.0	29.0

PWP (R-PDSO-G\*\*) PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE 20 PIN SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



### 查询"TP\$54225"供应商

### PWP (R-PDSD-G14)

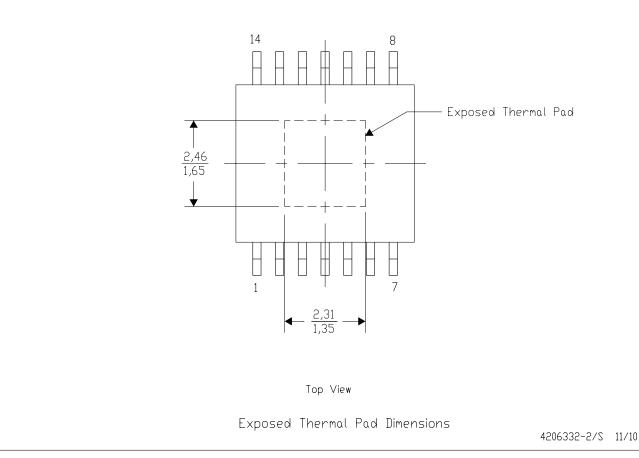
# PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



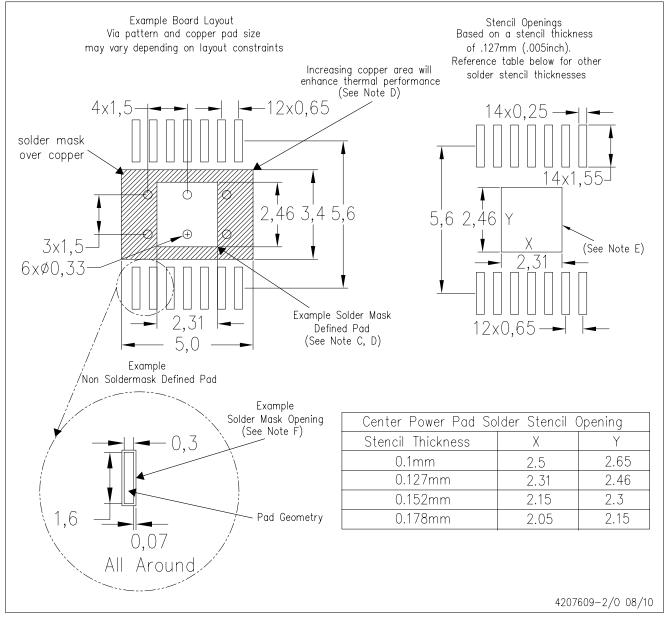
NDTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters



### 查询"TPS54225"供应商

## PWP (R-PDSO-G14)

## PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



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