

SLVS522F-JULY 2004-REVISED AUGUST 2005

查询"""为85"-28DBVR"供应商

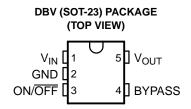
### FEATURES

- Output Tolerance of – 1% (A Grade)
  - 1.5% (Standard Grade)
- Ultra-Low Dropout, Typically
  280 mV at Full Load of 150 mA
  7 mV at 1 mA
- Wide V<sub>IN</sub> Range...16 V Max
- Low  $I_q \dots 850 \ \mu A$  at Full Load at 150 mA
- Shutdown Current . . . 0.01 µA Typ
- Low Noise . . . 30  $\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$  With 10-nF Bypass Capacitor
- Stable With Low-ESR Capacitors, Including Ceramic
- Overcurrent and Thermal Protection
- High Peak-Current Capability

## **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

### PORTABLE APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones
- Palmtop and Laptop Computers
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs)
- Digital Cameras and Camcorders
- CD Players
- MP3 Players



The LP2985 family of fixed-output, low-dropout regulators offers exceptional, cost-effective performance for both portable and nonportable applications. Available in voltages of 1.8 V, 2.8 V, 2.9 V, 3 V, 3.3 V and 5 V, the family has an output tolerance of 1% for the A version (1.5% for the non-A version) and is capable of delivering 150-mA continuous load current. Standard regulator features, such as overcurrent and overtemperature protection, are included.

The LP2985 has a host of features that makes the regulator an ideal candidate for a variety of portable applications:

- Low dropout: A PNP pass element allows a typical dropout of 280 mV at 150-mA load current and 7 mV at 1-mA load.
- Low quiescent current: The use of a vertical PNP process allows for quiescent currents that are considerably lower than those associated with traditional lateral PNP regulators.
- Shutdown: A shutdown feature is available, allowing the regulator to consume only 0.01 μA when the ON/OFF pin is pulled low.
- Low-ESR-capacitor friendly: The regulator is stable with low-ESR capacitors, allowing the use of small, inexpensive, ceramic capacitors in cost-sensitive applications.
- Low noise: A BYPASS pin allows for low-noise operation, with a typical output noise of 30  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub>, with the use of a 10-nF bypass capacitor.
- Small packaging: For the most space-constrained needs, the regulator is available in the SOT-23 package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

TJ	PART GRADE	V <sub>OUT</sub> (NOM)	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING <sup>(2)</sup>
		1.8 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-18DBVR	LPT3
		1.0 V	_	Reel of 250	LP2985A-18DBVT	LP13
		0.0.1/		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-28DBVR	LPJ3
		2.8 V		Reel of 250	LP2985A-28DBVT	LPJ3
		2.9 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-29DBVR	PREVIEW
	A grade:	2.9 V		Reel of 250	LP2985A-29DBVT	PREVIEW
	1% tolerance	3.0 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-30DBVR	PREVIEW
		3.0 V	– SOT-23-5 – DBV	Reel of 250	LP2985A-30DBVT	PREVIEW
		3.3 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-33DBVR	LPK3
				Reel of 250	LP2985A-33DBVT	LPK3
		5.0 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985A-50DBVR	
–40°C to 125°C		5.0 v		Reel of 250	LP2985A-50DBVT	PREVIEW
-40°C 10 125°C		1.8 V		Reel of 3000	LP2985-18DBVR	
		1.0 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-18DBVT	LPH3
		0.0.1/	-	Reel of 3000	LP2985-28DBVR	1.000
		2.8 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-28DBVT	LPG3
		0.0.1/		Reel of 3000	LP2985-29DBVR	PREVIEW
	Standard grade:	2.9 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-29DBVT	PREVIEW
	1.5% tolerance	2.0.1/	1	Reel of 3000	LP2985-30DBVR	
		3.0 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-30DBVT	PREVIEW
		2.2.1/		Reel of 3000	LP2985-33DBVR	
		3.3 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-33DBVT	LPF3
		5.0.1/	1	Reel of 3000	LP2985-50DBVR	
		5.0 V		Reel of 250	LP2985-50DBVT	PREVIEW

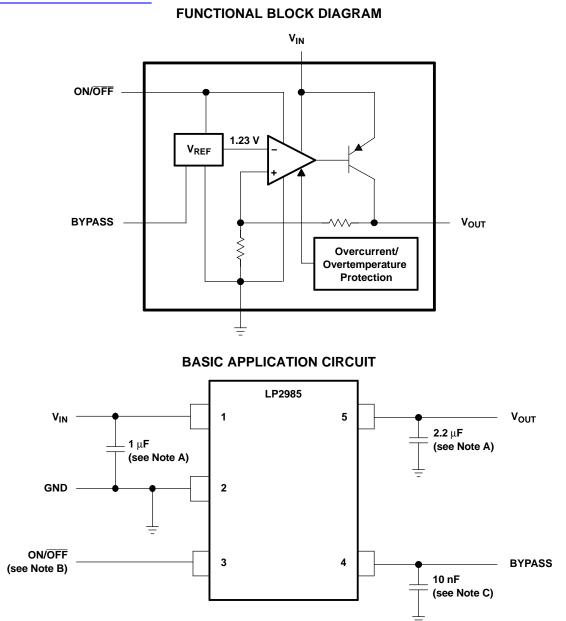
(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

(2) The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

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## LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN

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- A. Minimum C<sub>OUT</sub> value for stability (can be increased without limit for improved stability and transient response)
- B. ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  must be actively terminated. Connect to V<sub>IN</sub> if shutdown feature is not used.
- C. Optional BYPASS capacitor for low-noise operation

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over virtual junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Continuous input voltage range	-0.3	16	V
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF input voltage range	-0.3	16	V
	Output voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.3	9	V
$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	Input/output voltage differential range <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3	16	V
Io	Output current <sup>(4)</sup>	Internally limited (short-circuit protected)		
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(4)(5)</sup>		206	°C/W
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

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**STRUMENTS** www.ti.com

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

If load is returned to a negative power supply in a dual-supply system, the output must be diode clamped to GND.

(3) The PNP pass transistor has a parasitic diode connected between the input and output. This diode normally is reverse biased (VIN > VOUT), but will be forward biased if the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by a diode drop (see Application Information for more details).

Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient (4) temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

(5)

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply input voltage	2.2 <sup>(1)</sup>	16	V
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF input voltage	0	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output current		150	mA
TJ	Virtual junction temperature	-40	125	°C

(1) Recommended minimum V<sub>IN</sub> is the greater of 2.5 V or V<sub>OUT(max)</sub> + rated dropout voltage (max) for operating I<sub>L</sub>.

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#### **Electrical Characteristics**

at specified virtual junction temperature range,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$ ,  $V_{ON/OFF} = 2 V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$ ,  $I_L = 1 mA$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$  (unless otherwise noted)

	METED	TEST CONDITIONS	<b>–</b>	LP	2985A->	(X	LI	P2985-x	x	UNIT	
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN TYP		MAX	MIN	MIN TYP	MAX	UNII	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	25°C	-1		1	-1.5		1.5		
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Output	4 4 4 4 50 4	25°C	-1.5		1.5	-2.5		2.5		
	voltage	$1 \text{ mA} \le I_L \le 50 \text{ mA}$	–40°C to 125°C	-2.5		2.5	-3.5		3.5	%V <sub>NOM</sub>	
	tolerance		25°C	-2.5		2.5	-3		3	NOW	
		$1 \text{ mA} \le \text{I}_{\text{L}} \le 150 \text{ mA}$	–40°C to 125°C	-3.5		3.5	-4		4		
	Line		25°C		0.007	0.014		0.007	0.014	0/ 0	
	regulation	$V_{IN} = [V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V]$ to 16 V	–40°C to 125°C			0.032			0.032	%/\	
			25°C		1	3		1	3		
		$I_L = 0$	–40°C to 125°C			5			5		
			25°C		7	10		7	10		
		$I_L = 1 \text{ mA}$	–40°C to 125°C			15			15		
	Dropout		25°C		40	60		40	60		
V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub>	voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	–40°C to 125°C			90			90	mV	
			25°C		120	150		120	150		
		$I_L = 50 \text{ mA}$	–40°C to 125°C			225			225		
			25°C		280	350		280	350		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 150 mA	–40°C to 125°C			575			575		
			25°C		65	95		65	95	μΑ	
		$I_{L} = 0$	–40°C to 125°C			125			125		
			25°C		75	110		75	110		
		$I_L = 1 \text{ mA}$	–40°C to 125°C			170			170		
			25°C		120	220		120	220		
	Ground pin current	I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	-40°C to 125°C		-	400		-	400		
GND			25°C		350	600		350	600		
GND		I <sub>L</sub> = 50 mA	-40°C to 125°C			1000			1000		
			25°C		850	1500		850	1500		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 150 mA	-40°C to 125°C			2500			2500		
		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> < 0.3 V (OFF)	25°C		0.01	0.8		0.01	0.8		
			-40°C to 105°C		0.05	2		0.05	2		
		$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} < 0.15 V (OFF)$	-40°C to 125°C			5			5		
			25°C		1.4	-		1.4			
	ON/OFF	$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = HIGH \to O/P \; ON$	-40°C to 125°C	1.6			1.6				
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		25°C		0.55			0.55		V	
	vollage (=)	$V_{\text{ON/OFF}} = \text{LOW} \rightarrow \text{O/P OFF}$	-40°C to 125°C		0.00	0.15		0.00	0.15	I	
			25°C		0.01	0110		0.01	0110		
I <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF	$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 0$	-40°C to 125°C		0.01	-2		0.01	-2		
	input		25°C		5	-		5	-	μA	
	current	$V_{ON/OFF} = 5 V$	-40°C to 125°C		0	15		0	15		
/ <sub>n</sub>	Output noise (RMS)	BW = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, $C_{OUT}$ = 10 $\mu$ F, $C_{BYPASS}$ = 10 nF	25°C		30	10		30	10	μV	
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	Ripple	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, C_{\text{OUT}} = 10 \ \mu\text{F},$ $C_{\text{BYPASS}} = 10 \ \text{nF}$	25°C		45			45		dB	

(1) Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below the value measured with a 1-V differential.

(2) The ON/OFF input must be driven properly for reliable operation (see Application Information).

## LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN SL趣翁增片、即29月8942月EYB长/研究17765

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

at specified virtual junction temperature range,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V$ ,  $V_{ON/OFF} = 2 V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$ ,  $I_L = 1 mA$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	т	LP2985A-xx			LP2985-xx			UNIT
FAR	AWETER	TEST CONDITIONS	١J	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>OUT(PK)</sub>	Peak output current	$V_{OUT} \ge V_{O(NOM)} - 5\%$	25°C		350			350		mA
I <sub>OUT(SC)</sub>	Short-circuit current	$R_L = 0$ (steady state) <sup>(3)</sup>	25°C		400			400		mA

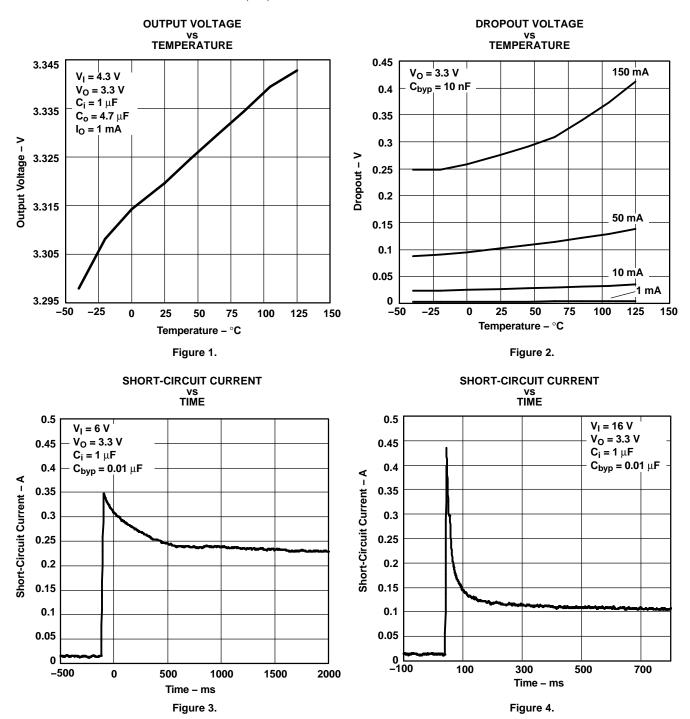
(3) See Figure 5 in Typical Performance Characteristics.

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### LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN SLVS522F-JULY 2004-REVISED AUGUST 2005

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

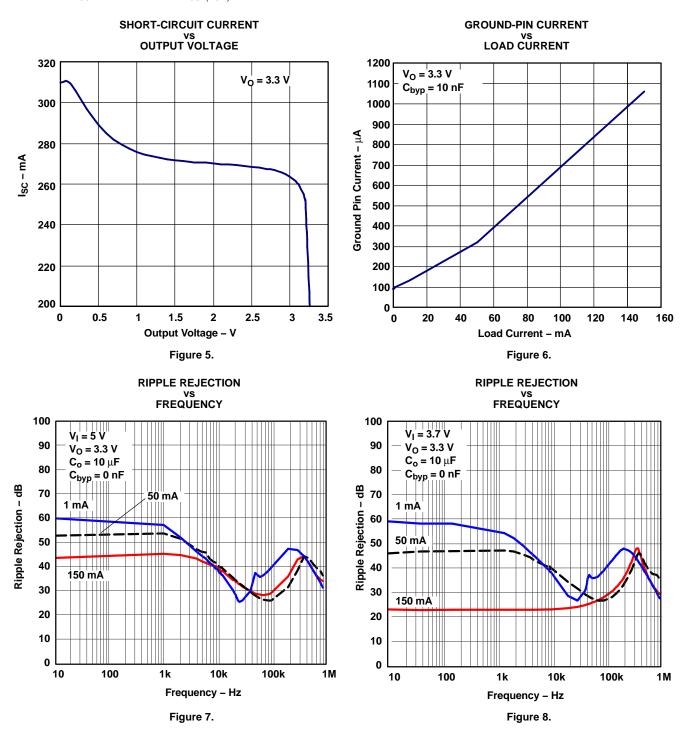
 $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \ \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , ON/OFF Pin Tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



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## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \ \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  Pin Tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



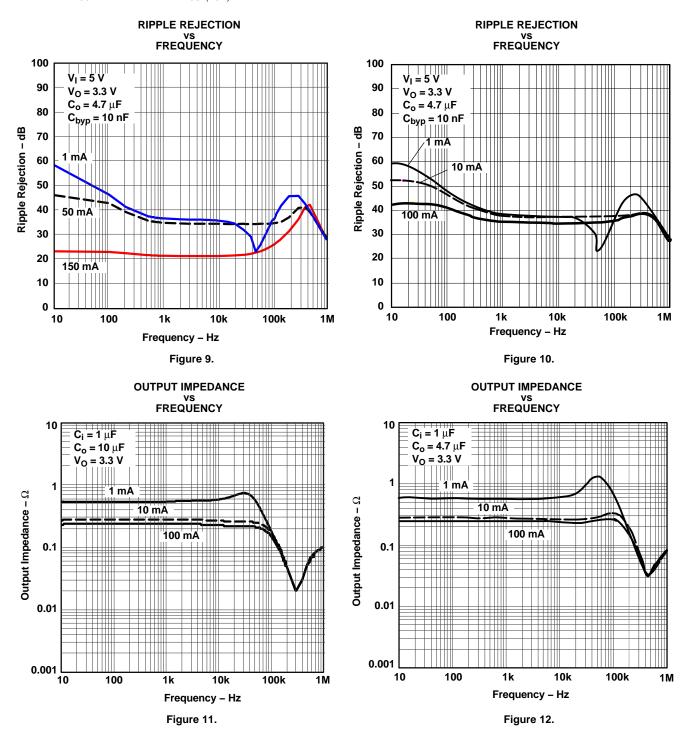
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## LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN

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### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $C_{\text{IN}} = 1 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{\text{OUT}} = 4.7 \ \mu\text{F}, \ V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 1 \ \text{V}, \ T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ \text{ON}/\overline{\text{OFF}} \ \text{Pin Tied to } V_{\text{IN}} \ \text{(unless otherwise specified)}$ 

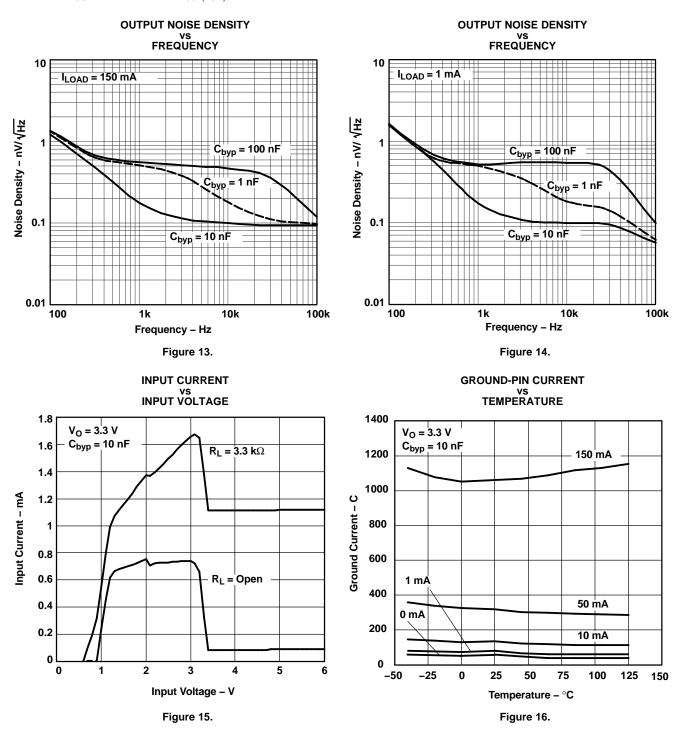


## LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN Su麵翰#L-PP29890428EYB540开以供的7滴5



### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \ \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  Pin Tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



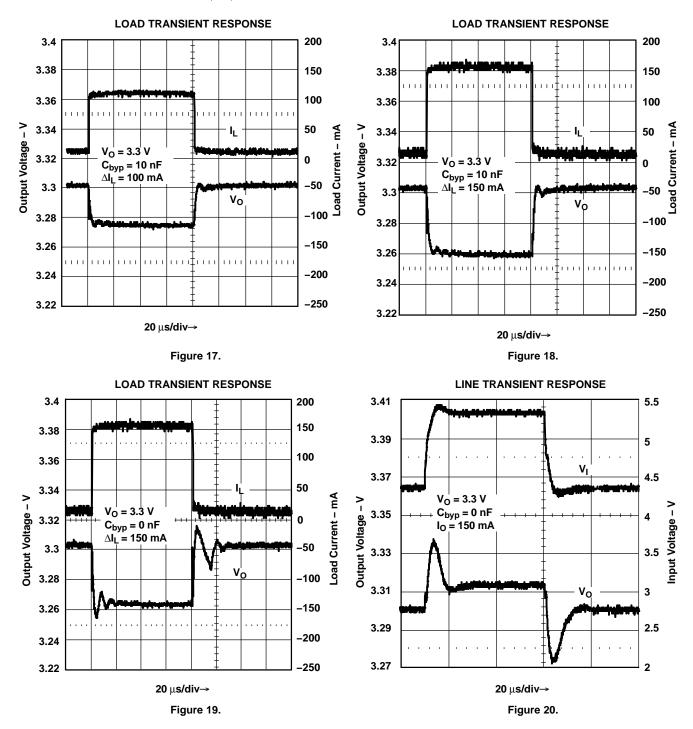
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### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \ \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  Pin Tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



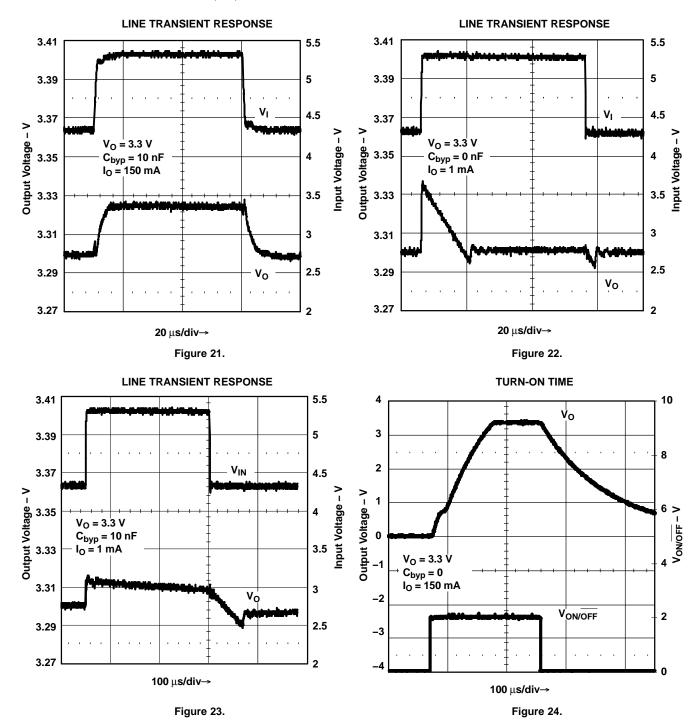
# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $C_{\text{IN}} = 1 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{\text{OUT}} = 4.7 \ \mu\text{F}, \ V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + 1 \ V, \ T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ \text{ON}/\overline{\text{OFF}} \ \text{Pin Tied to } V_{\text{IN}} \ \text{(unless otherwise specified)}$ 

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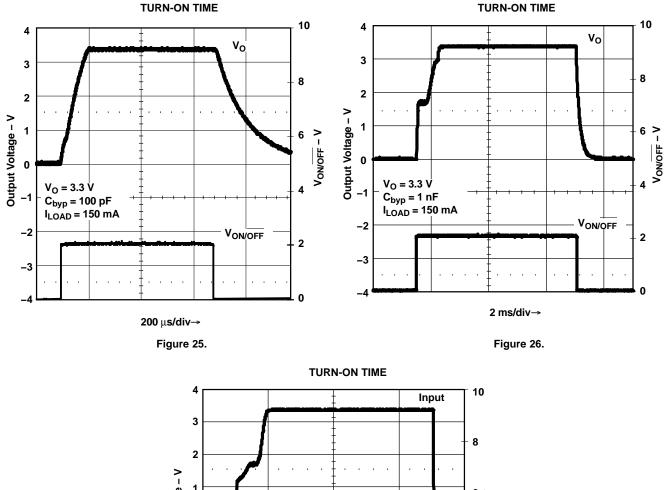
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## LP2985 150-mA LOW-NOISE LOW-DROPOUT REGULATOR WITH SHUTDOWN

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \ \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \ V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  Pin Tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



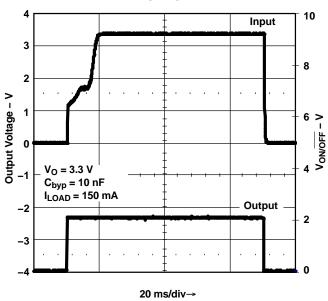


Figure 27.



### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

### Capacitors

#### Input Capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>)

A minimum value of 1  $\mu$ F (over the entire operating temperature range) is required at the input of the LP2985. In addition, this input capacitor should be located within 1 cm of the input pin and connected to a clean analog ground. There are no equivalent series resistance (ESR) requirements for this capacitor, and the capacitance can be increased without limit.

#### **Output Capacitor (COUT)**

As an advantage over other regulators, the LP2985 permits the use of low-ESR capacitors at the output, including ceramic capacitors that can have an ESR as low as 5 m $\Omega$ . Tantalum and film capacitors also can be used if size and cost are not issues. The output capacitor also should be located within 1 cm of the output pin and be returned to a clean analog ground.

As with other PNP LDOs, stability conditions require the output capacitor to have a minimum capacitance and an ESR that falls within a certain range.

- Minimum C<sub>OUT</sub>: 2.2 μF (can be increased without limit to improve transient response stability margin)
- ESR range: see Figure 28

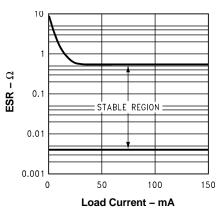


Figure 28. 2.2-V/3.3-µF ESR Curves

It is critical that both the minimum capacitance and ESR requirement be met over the entire operating temperature range. Depending on the type of capacitors used, both these parameters can vary significantly with temperature (see capacitor characteristics).

#### Noise Bypass Capacitor (C<sub>BYPASS</sub>)

The LP2985 allows for low-noise performance with the use of a bypass capacitor that is connected to the internal bandgap reference via the BYPASS pin. This high-impedance bandgap circuitry is biased in the microampere range and, thus, cannot be loaded significantly, otherwise, its output – and, correspondingly, the output of the regulator – changes. Thus, for best output accuracy, dc leakage current through  $C_{BYPASS}$  should be minimized as much as possible and never should exceed 100 nA.

A 10-nF capacitor is recommended for C<sub>BYPASS</sub>. Ceramic and film capacitors are well suited for this purpose.

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

### **Capacitor Characteristics**

#### Ceramics

Ceramic capacitors are ideal choices for use on the output of the LP2985 for several reasons. For capacitances in the range of 2.2  $\mu$ F to 4.7  $\mu$ F, ceramic capacitors have the lowest cost and the lowest ESR, making them choice candidates for filtering high-frequency noise. For instance, a typical 2.2- $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor has an ESR in the range of 10 m $\Omega$  to 20 m $\Omega$  and, thus, satisfies minimum ESR requirements of the regulator.

Ceramic capacitors have one major disadvantage that must be taken into account – a poor temperature coefficient, where the capacitance can vary significantly with temperature. For instance, a large-value ceramic capacitor ( $\geq 2.2 \ \mu$ F) can lose more than half of its capacitance as the temperature rises from 25°C to 85°C. Thus, a 2.2- $\mu$ F capacitor at 25°C drops well below the minimum C<sub>OUT</sub> required for stability, as ambient temperature rises. For this reason, select an output capacitor that maintains the minimum 2.2  $\mu$ F required for stability over the entire operating temperature range. Note that there are some ceramic capacitors that can maintain a ±15% capacitance tolerance over temperature.

#### Tantalum

Tantalum capacitors can be used at the output of the LP2985, but there are significant disadvantages that could prohibit their use:

- In the 1-μF to 4.7-μF range, tantalum capacitors are more expensive than ceramics of the equivalent capacitance and voltage ratings.
- Tantalum capacitors have higher ESRs than their equivalent-sized ceramic counterparts. Thus, to meet the ESR requirements, a higher-capacitance tantalum may be required, at the expense of larger size and higher cost.
- The ESR of a tantalum capacitor increases as temperature drops, as much as double from 25°C to -40°C. Thus, ESR margins must be maintained over the temperature range to prevent regulator instability.

#### **ON/OFF** Operation

The LP2985 allows for a shutdown mode via the ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  pin. Driving the pin LOW ( $\leq 0.3$  V) turns the device OFF; conversely, a HIGH ( $\geq 1.6$  V) turns the device ON. If the shutdown feature is not used, ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  should be connected to the input to ensure that the regulator is on at all times. For proper operation, do not leave ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  unconnected, and apply a signal with a slew rate of  $\geq 40$  mV/ $\mu$ s.

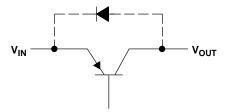
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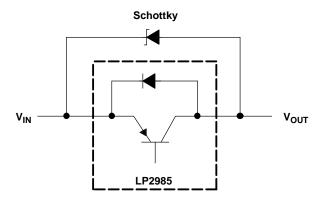
### **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

### **Reverse Input-Output Voltage**

There is an inherent diode present across the PNP pass element of the LP2985.



With the anode connected to the output, this diode is reverse biased during normal operation, since the input voltage is higher than the output. However, if the output is pulled higher than the input for any reason, this diode is forward biased and can cause a parasitic silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR) to latch, resulting in high current flowing from the output to the input. Thus, to prevent possible damage to the regulator in any application where the output may be pulled above the input, an external Schottky diode should be connected between the output and input. With the anode on output, this Schottky limits the reverse voltage across the output and input pins to  $\sim 0.3$  V, preventing the regulator's internal diode from forward biasing.



4-Feb-2006

### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
LP2985-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-28YEQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YEUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YZQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-28YZUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985-33YEQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YEUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YEU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YZQR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZQ	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-33YZUR	PREVIEW	DSBGA	YZU	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-50DBVR	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985-50DBVT	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
LP2985A-18DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-18DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-28DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
LP2985A-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins F	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
LP2985A-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

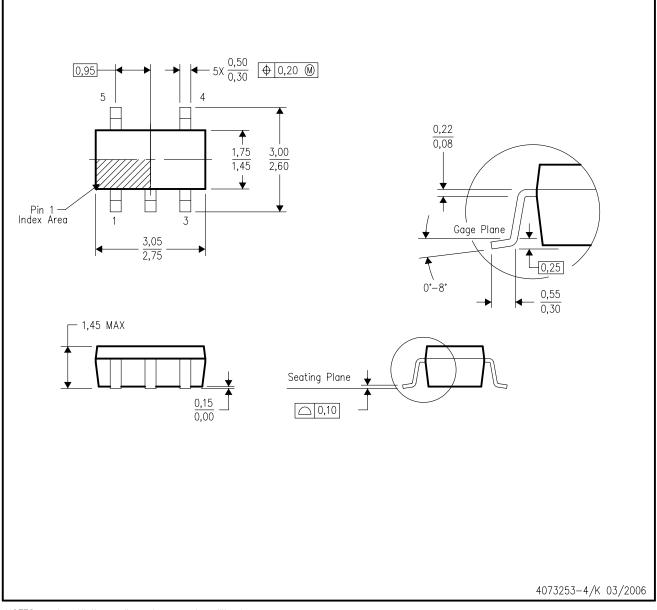
<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



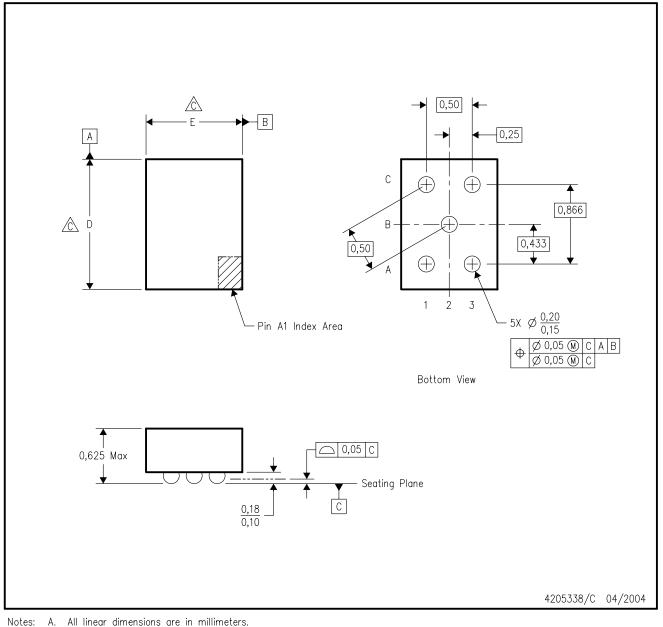
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



# YEQ (R-XBGA-N5)

# DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



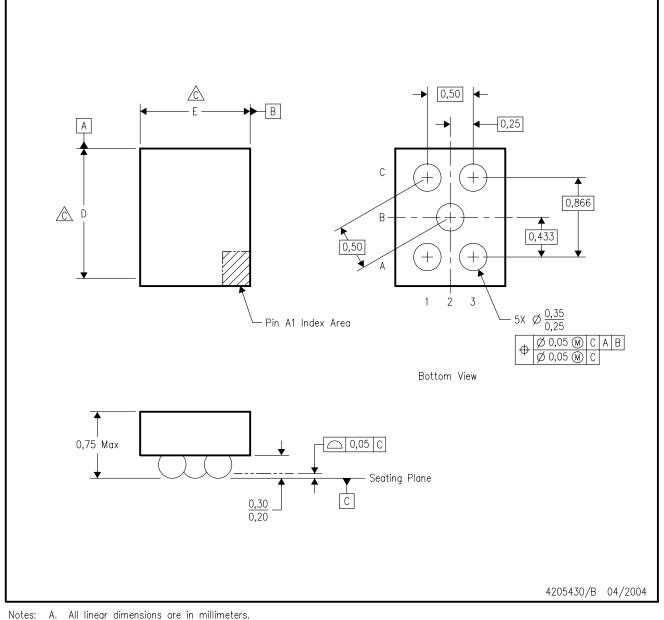
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Devices in this YEQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.17 to 1.67 and dimension E ranging from 0.80 to 1.30. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
- D. NanoStar™ package configuration.
- E. This package contains tin-lead (SnPb) balls. Refer to the 5 YZQ package (drawing 4205677) for lead-free balls.

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



YEU (R-XBGA-N5)

# DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



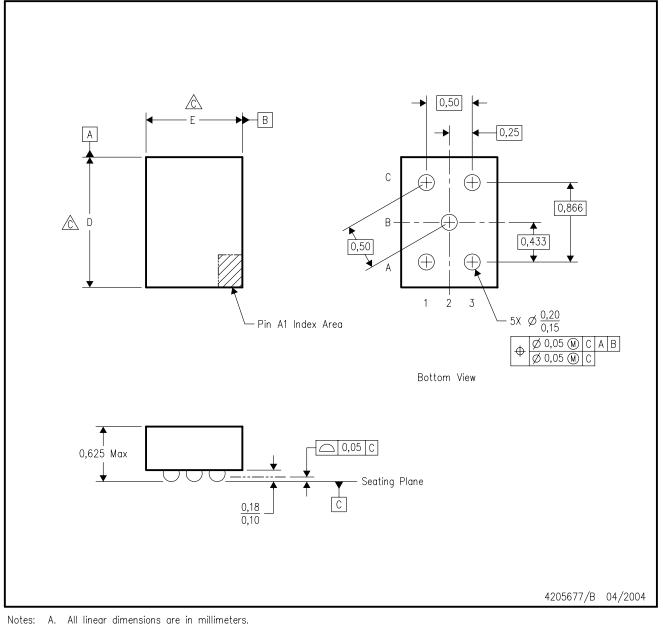
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Devices in this YEU package can have dimension D ranging from 1.25 to 1.75 and dimension E ranging from 0.95 to 1.45. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
- D. NanoStar™ package configuration.
- E. This package contains tin-lead (SnPb) balls. Refer to the 5 YZU package (drawing 4205678) for lead-free balls.

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



# YZQ (R-XBGA-N5)

# DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



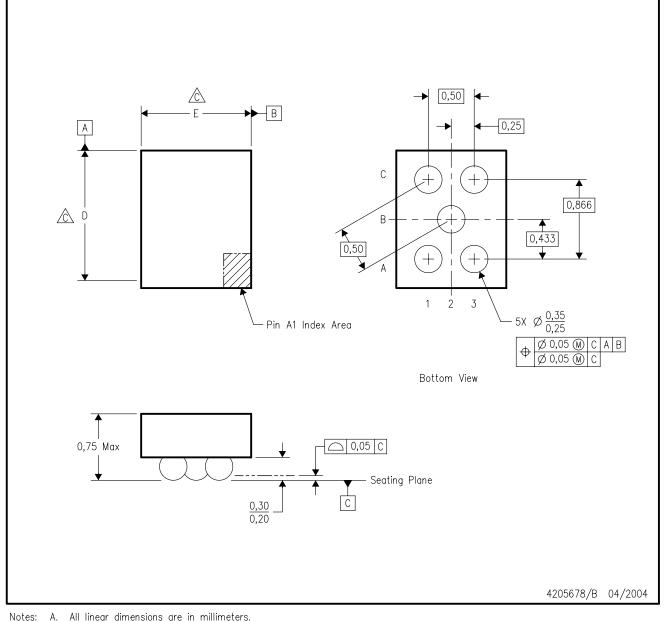
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Devices in this YZQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.17 to 1.67 and dimension E ranging from 0.80 to 1.30. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
- D. NanoFree™ package configuration.
- E. This package contains lead-free balls. Refer to the 5 YEQ package (drawing 4205338) for tin-lead (SnPb) balls.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



YZU (R-XBGA-N5)

# DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Devices in this YZQ package can have dimension D ranging from 1.25 to 1.75 and dimension E ranging from 0.95 to 1.45. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.

- D. NanoFree  ${}^{\rm M}$  package configuration.
- E. This package contains lead-free balls. Refer to the 5 YEU package (drawing 4205430) for tin-lead (SnPb) balls.

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