



DESCRIPTION

The M221-L is a bi-directional, single-pole, single-throw, normally open multipurpose solid-state relay in a miniature 4-pin small outline package. It is designed to replace electromechanical relays in general purpose switching applications. The relay consists of an integrated circuit that drives two rugged source-to-source enhancement type DMOS transistors - optically coupled to a light emitting diode. This device also includes current-limiting circuitry. During increased load currents or transient current spikes, this circuitry acts to limit current in order to protect itself as well as downstream components.

FEATURES

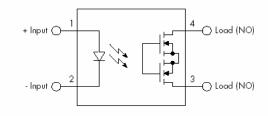
- Transient over current protection (170mA TYP)
- Low input control power consumption (2.5mA TYP)
- 120mA maximum continuous load current
- 30 ohms maximum on-resistance
- Ultra miniature 4-pin small outline package
- High input-to-output isolation
- · Long life/high reliability

OPTIONS/SUFFIXES*

-TR Tape and Reel

NOTE: Suffixes listed above are not included in marking on device for part number identification.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



APPLICATIONS

- Reed relay replacement
- Meter reading systems
- Medical equipment
- Battery monitoring
- Multiplexers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	UNIT	MIN	TYP	MAX
Storage Temperature	°C	-55		125
Operating Temperature	°C	-40		85
Continuous Forward Current	mA			50
Peak Forward Current (1us)	Α			1
Reverse Input Control Voltage	V			5
Output Power Dissipation	mW			400

^{*}The values indicated are absolute stress ratings. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any conditions in excess of those defined in electrical characteristics section of this document. Exposure to Absolute Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device and may adversely affect reliability.

APPROVALS

BABT CERTIFICATE #650192:
 BS EN 60950, BS EN 41003, BS EN 60065

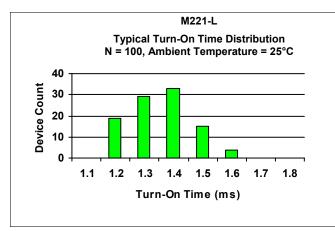


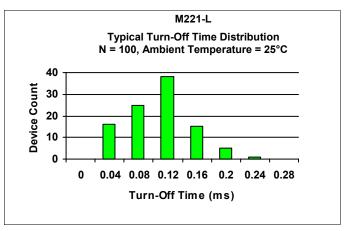


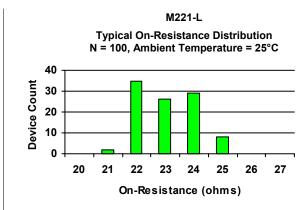
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - 25°C

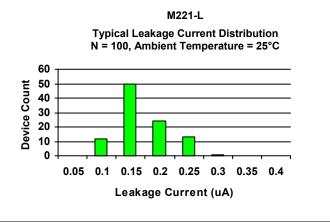
PARAMETER	UNIT	MIN	TYP	MAX	TEST CONDITIONS
INPUT SPECIFICATIONS					
LED Forward Voltage	V		1.2	1.5	If = 10mA
LED Reverse Voltage	V	6	12		Ir = 10uA
Turn-On Current	m A		2.5	5	Io = 120mA
Turn-Off Current	m A		0.5		
OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS					
Blocking Voltage	V	400			Io = 1uA
Continuous Load Current	m A			120	If = 5mA
Current Limit	m A	140	170	220	If = 5mA, T = 5ms
On-Resistance	Ω		22	30	Io = 120mA
Leakage Current	μА		0.2	1	Vo = 400V
Output Capacitance	рF		25	50	Vo = 25V, f = 1.0MHz
Offset Voltage	m V			0.2	If = 5mA
COUPLED SPECIFICATIONS					
Isolation Voltage	٧	1500			T = 1 minute
Turn-On Time	m s		1.5	5	If = 5mA, Io = 120mA
Turn-Off Time	m s		0.1	0.5	If = 5mA, Io = 120mA
Isolation Resistance	GΩ	100			
Coupled Capacitance	рF		3		
Contact Transient Ratio	V / μs	2000	7000		dV = 50V

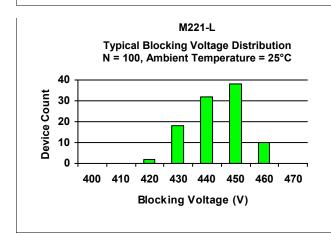
PERFORMANCE DATA

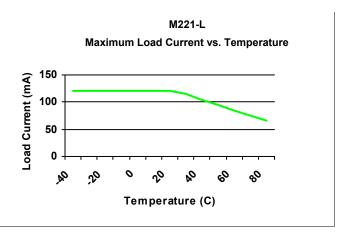






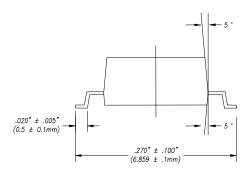




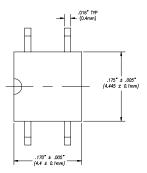


MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

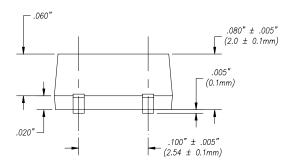
4 PIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



END VIEW



TOP VIEW



BACK VIEW





DISCLAIMER

Solid State Optronics (SSO) makes no warranties or representations with regards to the completeness and accuracy of this document. SSO reserves the right to make changes to product description, specifications at any time without further notice.

SSO shall not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Neither circuit patent licenses nor indemnity are expressed or implied.

Except as specified in SSO's Standard Terms & Conditions, SSO disclaims liability for consequential or other damage, and we make no other warranty, expressed or implied, including merchantability and fitness for particular use.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

SSO does not authorize use of its devices in life support applications wherein failure or malfunction of a device may lead to personal injury or death. Users of SSO devices in life support applications assume all risks of such use and agree to indemnify SSO against any and all damages resulting from such use. Life support devices are defined as devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when used properly in accordance with instructions for use can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user, or (d) a critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure can be reasonably expected to cause failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.