



QUAD HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL RECEIVER

Check for Samples: SN65LVDS349

FEATURES

- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-644A Standard
- Single-Channel Signaling Rates up to 560 Mbps
- -4 V to 5 V Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
- Flow-Through Architecture
- SN65LVDS349 Provides a Wide Common-Mode Range Replacement for the SN65LVDS048A or the DS90LV048A

APPLICATIONS

- Logic Level Translator
- Point-to-Point Baseband Data Transmission Over 100-Ω Media

DATA TRANSFER RATE

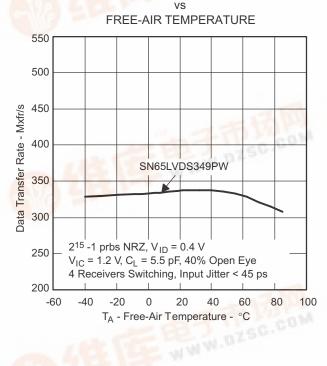
- ECL/PECL-to-LVTTL Conversion
- Wireless Base Stations
- Central Office or PABX Switches

DESCRIPTION

The SN65LVDS349 is a high-speed, quadruple differential receiver with a wide common-mode input voltage range. This allows receipt of TIA/EIA-644 signals with up to 3-V of ground noise or a variety of differential and single-ended logic levels. The '349 is in a 16-pin package to match the industry-standard footprint of the DS90LV048. The '349 offers a flow-through architecture with all inputs on one side and outputs on the other to ease board layout and reduce crosstalk between receivers.

The LVDS349 provides 3x the standard's minimum common-mode noise voltage tolerance. The -4 V to 5 V common-mode range allows usage in harsh operating environments or accepts LVPECL, PECL, LVECL, ECL, CMOS, and LVCMOS levels without level shifting circuitry. See the Application Information Section for more details on the ECL/PECL to LVDS interface.





(One of four shown; failsafe circuit does not exist in LVDS349)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

df.dzsc.com

Copyright © 2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated



<u>st睿销+家际影響的8349"供应商</u>



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

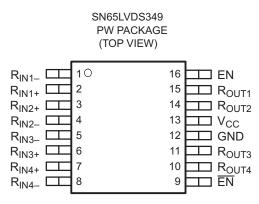
DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Precise control of the differential input voltage thresholds allows for inclusion of 50 mV of input-voltage hysteresis to improve noise rejection. The differential input thresholds are still no more than ±50 mV over the full input common-mode voltage range.

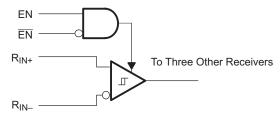
The receiver inputs can withstand ±15 kV human-body model (HBM), with respect to ground, without damage. This provides reliability in cabled and other connections where potentially damaging noise is always a threat.

The intended application of these devices and signaling technique is for point-to-point baseband data transmission over controlled impedance media of approximately 100 Ω . The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media and the noise coupling to the environment.

The SN65LVDS349 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM (one of four receivers shown)



A. Failsafe circuit does not exist in LVDS349

Table 1. AVAILABLE OPTIONS⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER ⁽²⁾	PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE MARKING
SN65LVDS349PW	TSSOP	DL349

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder on ti.com.

(2) Add the R suffix to the device type (e.g., SN65LVDS349PWR) for taped and reeled carrier.

2

EXAS NSTRUMENTS

SN65LVDS349

<u>₩豐樹號N65LVDS349"供应商</u>

Table 2. FUNCTION TABLE⁽¹⁾

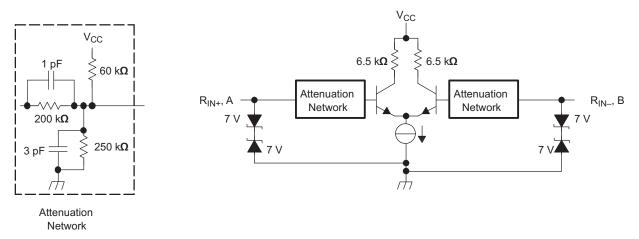
349 DEVICE										
1	INPUTS									
$V_{ID} = V_{RIN+} - V_{RIN-}$	EN	EN	R _{OUT}							
V _{ID} ≥ 50 mV	Н	L or OPEN	н							
-50 mV < V _{ID} < 50 mV	Н	L or OPEN	?							
V _{ID} ≤ -50 mV	Н	L or OPEN	L							
Open	Н	L or OPEN	? ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾							
×	L or OPEN	Х	Z							
X	Х	Н	Z							

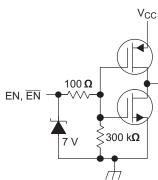
(1)

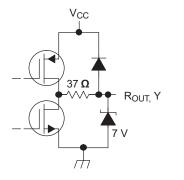
This logic table is at dc condition. Outputs can toggle with inputs disconnected. (2)

(3) ? indicates state is indeterminate

EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS







SLLSE23-SEPTEMBER 2010

<u>SL垫印刷 "系际系型的路路的"供应商</u>

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

				UNIT				
Supply voltage	-0.5 V to 4 V							
Voltago rongo	Enables,	R _{OUT} , or Y		-0.5 V to 6 V				
Voltage range	R _{IN+} , R _{IN}	₋ , A or B	, A or B					
		Human body model ⁽³⁾	A, B, R _{IN+} , R _{IN-} and GND	±15 kV				
Electrostatic dis	charge		All pins	±7 kV				
		Charged-device model ⁽⁴⁾	All pins	±500 V				
Continuous pov	See Dissipation Rating Table							
Storage temper	-65°C to 150°C							

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal (GND, AGND).
- Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114-A. Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method C101. (3)
- (4)

THERMAL INFORMATION

		SN65LVDS349	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	PW	UNITS
		16 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	111.9	
$\theta_{JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance (3)	33.3	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance (4)	52.4	80 AA
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter ⁽⁵⁾	2.0	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter ⁽⁶⁾	51.2	
$\theta_{\text{JC(bottom)}}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance (7)	N/A	

(1)For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as (2)

specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.

The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific (3)JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

(4) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.

The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted (5) from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).

The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted (6)from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).

The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific (7)JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

STRUMENTS

FXAS

4



SLLSE23-SEPTEMBER 2010

<u>*營销\$\$\$\65L\D\$349"供应商</u>

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}, V_{CCA}, V_{CCD1},$ and V_{CCD2}	Supply voltage		3	3.3	3.6	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	Enables	2		5	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage	Enables	0		0.8	V
	Magnitude of differential input voltage	V _{ID} (LVDS349)	0.1		3	V
	Input voltage (any combina	nbination of common mode or input signals)			5	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperat	Operating free-air temperature				°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{ITH1}	Positive-going differential input voltage threshold		See Figure 1 and Figure 2			50	mV
V _{ITH2}	Negative-going differential input threshold	voltage	See Figure 1	-50			mV
V _{ID(HYS)}	Differential input voltage hystere $V_{ITH1} - V_{ITH2}$	sis,			50		mV
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage		I _{OH} = -4 mA	2.4			V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage		I _{OL} = 4 mA			0.4	V
	CC Supply current		Enabled, EN at V_{CC} , \overline{EN} at 0 V, No load		16	20	A
I _{CC}			Disabled, EN at 0 or $\overline{\text{EN}}$ at V _{CC}		1.1	4	mA
	Input current (RIN+, RIN-, A or B inputs)	LVDS349	$V_I = -4 V$, Other input open	-75		0	
I _I			$0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{I}} \leq 2.4 \text{ V}$, Other input 1.2 V	-20		0	0 μΑ
	D inputs)		$V_1 = 5 V$, Other input open	0		40	
	Power-off input current (RIN+,	LVDS349	V_{CC} = 1.5 V, V_{I} = -4 V or 5 V, Other input open	-50		50	
II(OFF)	RIN-, A or B inputs)	LVD5349	V_{CC} = 1.5 V, 0 V \leq V_I \leq 2.4 V, Other input at 1.2 V	-20		20	μA
I _{ID}	Differential input current (I _{RIN+} - I _{RIN-} , or I _{IA} - I _{IB})	LVDS349	V_{ID} = 100 mV, V_{IC} = -3.9 V or 4.9 V	-4		4	μA
I _{IH}	High-level input current	Enables	$V_{IH} = 2 V$	0		10	μA
IIL	Low-level input current	Enables	V _{IL} = 0.8 V	0		10	μA
l _{oz}	High-impedance output current		$V_{O} = 0 V$	-10		10	μA
C _{IN}	Input capacitance, R _{IN+} , R _{IN-} inp A or B input to AGND	ut to GND or	V _I = 0.4 sin (4E6πft) + 0.5 V		5		pF

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

<u>sl 響閉 "家庭影影影。"供应商</u>

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output		2.5	4	6	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output		2.5	4	6	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (t _{pHL1} - t _{pLH1})			200		ps
t _{sk(o)}	Output skew ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 3		150		ps
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-part skew ⁽³⁾				1	ns
t _r	Output signal rise time			1.2		ns
t _f	Output signal fall time			1		ns
t _r	Output signal rise time			650		ps
t _f	Output signal fall time	$-C_{L} = 1 \text{ pF}, \text{ See Figure 3}$		400		ps
t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output			5	9	ns
t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output			5	9	ns
t _{PZH}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output	See Figure 4		8	12	ns
t _{PZL}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low-level output			8	12	ns

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

(2) t_{sk(0)} is the magnitude of the time difference between the t_{PHL} or t_{PLH} of all receivers of a single device with all of their inputs connected together.

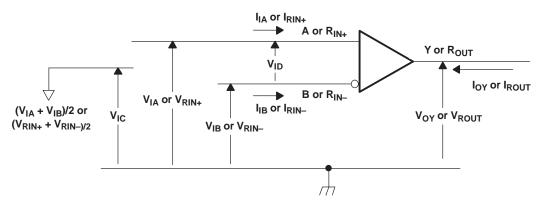
(3) t_{sk(pp)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of two devices when both devices operate with the same supply voltages, at the same temperature, and have identical packages and test circuits.



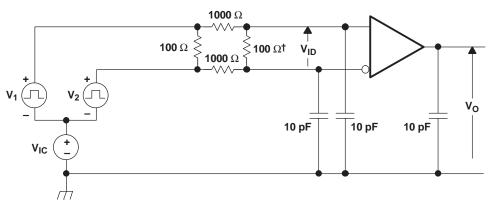
SLLSE23-SEPTEMBER 2010

<u>~響椅響№65LVDS349"供应商</u>

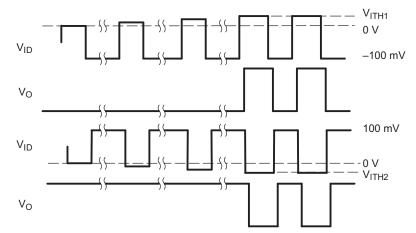
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION







- A. Fixture capacitance ±20%.
- B. Resistors are metal film, 1% tolerance, and surface mount



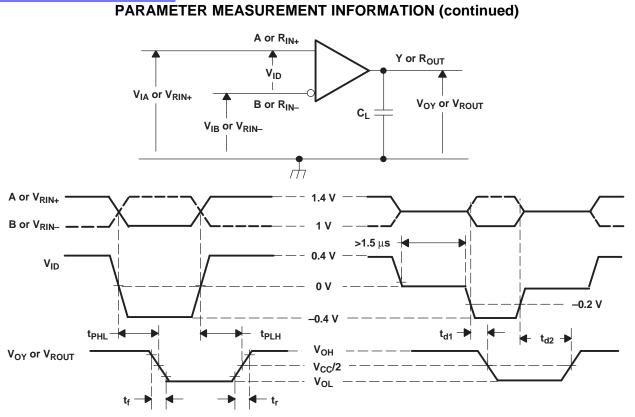
A. Input signal of 3 MHz, duty cycle of 50±0.2%, and transition time of < 1 ns.

Figure 2. VITH1 and VITH2, Input Voltage Threshold Test Circuit and Definitions

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

<u>st睿销*条环系型型3349"供应商</u>



A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \le 1$ ns, signaling rate = 250 kHz, duty cycle = 50 ±2%, C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T and is ±20%.

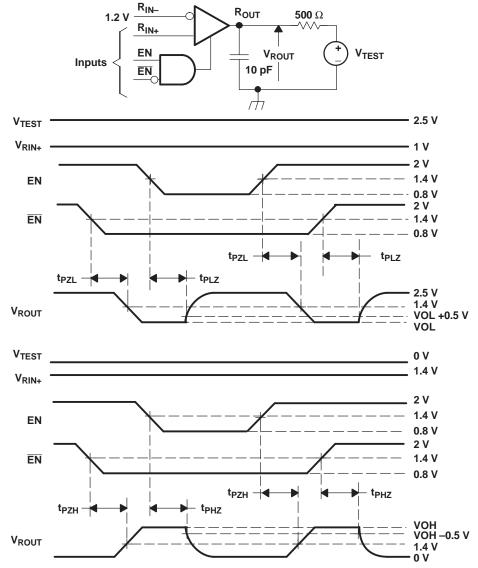
Figure 3. Timing Test Circuit and Waveforms



<u>₩暨椅鄂N65L∀DS349"供应商</u>

SLLSE23-SEPTEMBER 2010





A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \le 1$ ns, signaling rate = 500 kHz, duty cycle = 50 ±2%, C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T and is ±20%.

Figure 4. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Waveforms

5

4.5

4

3.5

3∟ -50

40

30

20

10

0

0

1

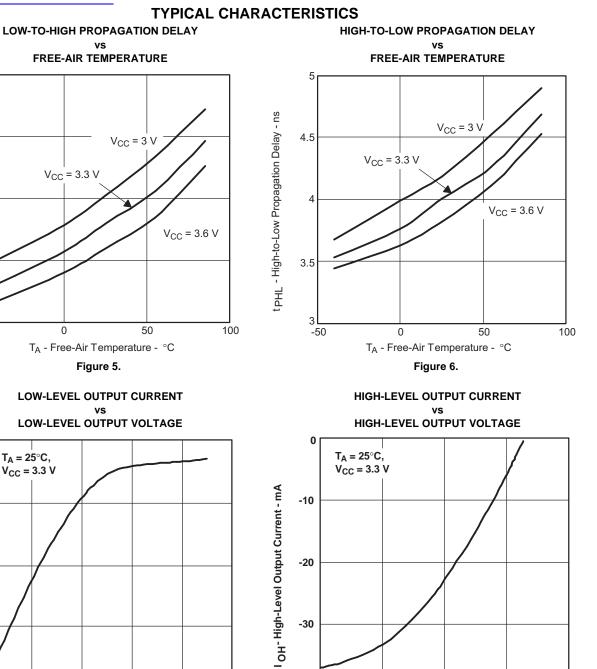
I_{OL} - Low-Level Output Current - mA

t PLH - Low-to-High Propagation Delay - ns

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

<u>SL塑销 "SREEPS 2349" 供应商</u>



-40

0

1

2

V_{OH} - High-Level Output Voltage - V

Figure 8.

3

4

3

4

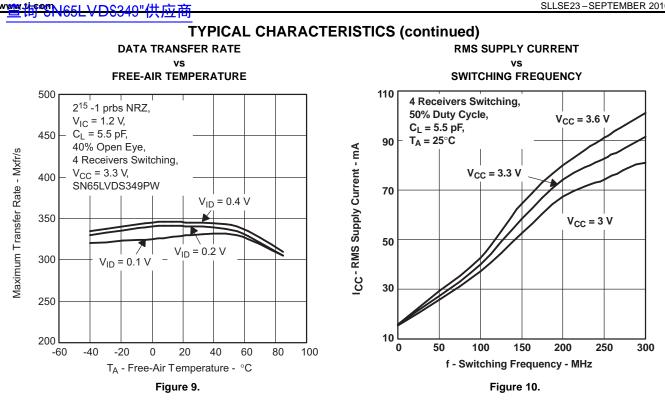
5

2

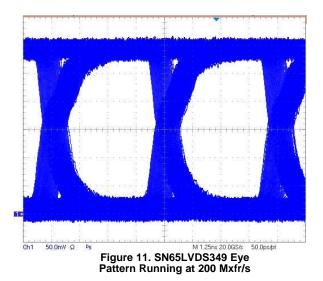
V_{OL} - Low-Level Output Voltage - V Figure 7.



SLLSE23-SEPTEMBER 2010



 2^{23} -1 prbs NRZ, T_A = 25°C, C_L = 5.5 pF, 4 Receivers Switching, V_{CC} = 3.3 V

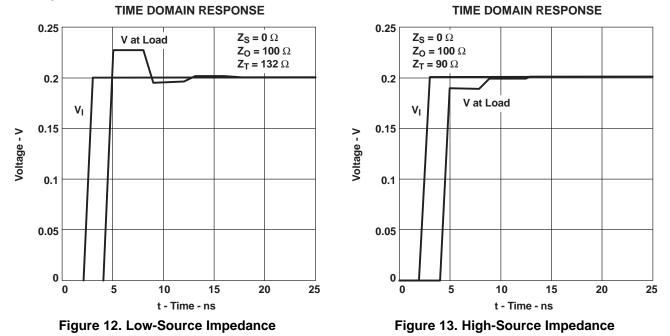


<u>sl睿锐"够较影响的影响。</u>

APPLICATION INFORMATION

IMPEDANCE MATCHING AND REFLECTIONS

A termination mismatch can result in reflections that degrade the signal at the load. A low source impedance causes the signal to alternate polarity at the load (oscillates) as shown in Figure 12. High source impedance results in the signal accumulating monotonically to the final value (stair step) as shown in Figure 13. Both of these modes result in a delay in valid signal and reduce the opening in the eye pattern. A 10% termination mismatch results in a 5% reflection ($r = Z_L - Z_O/Z_L + Z_O$), even a 1:3 mismatch absorbs half of the incoming signal. This shows that termination is important in the more critical cases, however, in a general sense, a rather large termination mismatch is not as critical when the differential output signal is much greater than the receiver sensitivity.



For example, a 200-mV drive signal into a 100- Ω lossless transmission media with a termination resistor of 90 Ω to 132 Ω results in ~227 mV to 189 mV into the receiver. This would typically be more than enough signal into a receiver with a sensitivity of ±50 mV assuming no other disturbance or attenuation on the line. The other factors, which reduce the signal margin, do affect this and therefore it is important to match the impedance as closely as possible to allow more noise immunity at the receiver.

www.ti.com

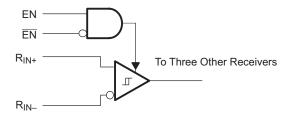


<u>*營销等№65LVDS349"供应商</u>

ACTIVE FAILSAFE FEATURE

A differential line receiver commonly has a failsafe circuit to prevent it from switching on input noise. Current LVDS failsafe solutions require either external components with subsequent reductions in signal quality or integrated solutions with limited application.

In the SN65LVDS349, the failsafe circuit does not exist. Thus the output can switch if there is noise on the input lines.





ECL/PECL-to-LVTTL CONVERSION WITH TI LVDS RECEIVER

The various versions of emitter-coupled logic (i.e., ECL, PECL, and LVPECL) are often the physical layer of choice for system designers. Designers know that established technology is capable of high-speed data transmission. In the past, system requirements often forced the selection of ECL. Now technologies like LVDS provide designers with another alternative. While the total exchange of ECL for LVDS may not be a design option, designers have been able to take advantage of LVDS by implementing a small resistor divider network at the input of the LVDS receiver. TI has taken the next step by introducing a wide common-mode LVDS receiver (no divider network required) which can be connected directly to an ECL driver with only the termination bias voltage required for ECL termination (V_{CC} - 2 V).

Figure 15 shows the use of an LV/PECL driver driving 5 meters of CAT-5 cable and being received by TI's wide common-mode receiver and the resulting eye-pattern. The values for R3 are required in order to provide a resistor path to ground for the LV/PECL driver. With no resistor divider, R1 simply needs to match the characteristic load impedance of 50 Ω . The R2 resistor is a small value intended to minimize common-mode reflections.

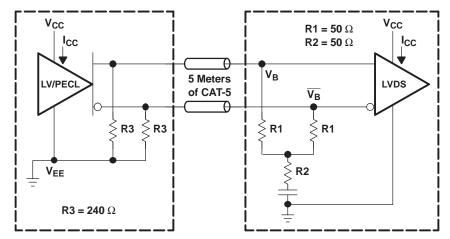


Figure 15. LVPECL or PECL to Remote Wide Common-Mode LVDS Receiver



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Pea
SN65LVDS349PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260
SN65LVDS349PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www. information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retard in homogeneous material)

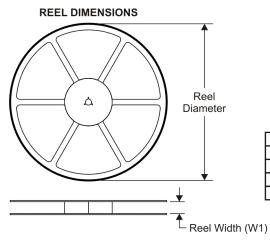
⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

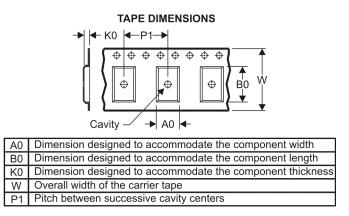
Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical ar TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Cu

₩ Texas INSTRUMENTS 查询"SN65LVDS349"供应商

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65LVDS349PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

30-Sep-2010



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LVDS349PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	346.0	346.0	29.0

MECHANICAL DATA

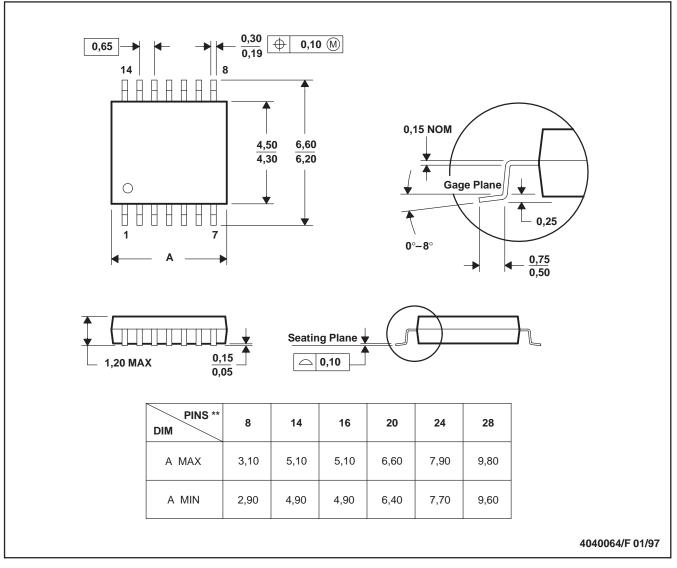
<u> 查询"SN65LVDS349"供应商</u>

MTSS001C - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

PW (R-PDSO-G**)

14 PINS SHOWN



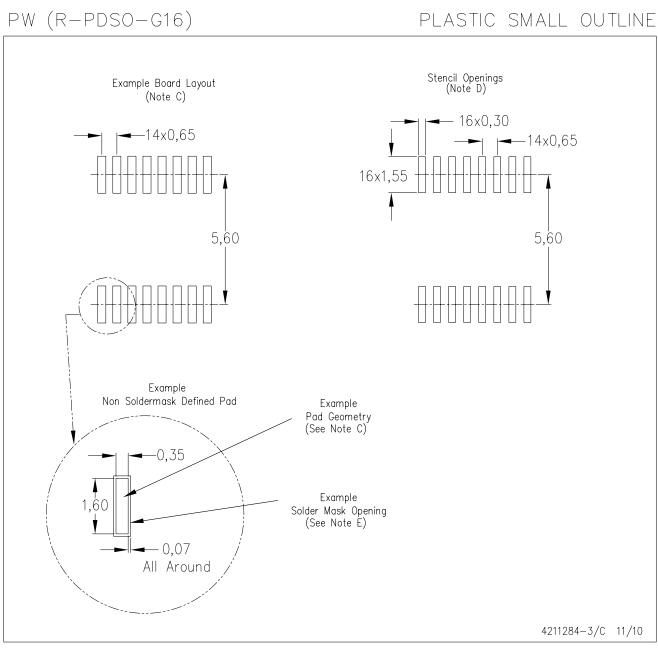
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



LAND PATTERN DATA

查询"SN65LVDS349"供应商



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



查询"SN65LVDS349"供应商

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
Interface	interface.ti.com	Energy	www.ti.com/energy
Logic	logic.ti.com	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com	Space, Avionics & Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions	www.ti.com/lprf	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless-apps

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated