

**48Vin
Input**

**+/- 12V
Outputs**

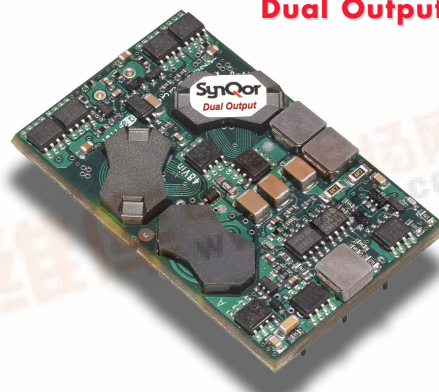
**60 Watt
Power**

**2000Vdc
Isolation**

**Quarter-brick
DC/DC Converter**

The DQ61212QMA06 DualQor™ Mega series is a dual output converter that uses the industry standard quarter brick package size. The very high efficiency is a result of SynQor's patented topology that uses synchronous rectification and an innovative construction design to minimize heat dissipation and allow extremely high power densities. The power dissipated by the converter is so low that a heatsink is not required, which saves cost, weight, height, and application effort. All of the power and control components are mounted to the multi-layer PCB substrate with high-yield surface mount technology, resulting in a more reliable product. RoHS 5/6 Compliant (see page 15).

DualQor
Dual Output



DQ61212QMA06 Module

Operational Features

- Very high efficiency, >91% at full rated load current
- Delivers up to 60 Watts of output power with minimal derating - no heatsink required
- Wide input voltage range: 35V – 75V, with 100V 100ms input voltage transient capability
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI performance
- No minimum load requirement means no preload resistors required

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard pin-out configuration
- Industry standard size: 1.45" x 2.3" (36.8x58.4mm)
- Total height less than 0.43" (10.9mm), permits better airflow and smaller card pitch
- Total weight: 1.5 oz. (43 g)
- Flanged pins designed to permit surface mount soldering (avoid wave solder) using FPiP technique

Control Features

- On/Off control referenced to input side (positive and negative logic options are available)
- Output voltage trim: +10%/-10%, permits custom voltages and voltage margining

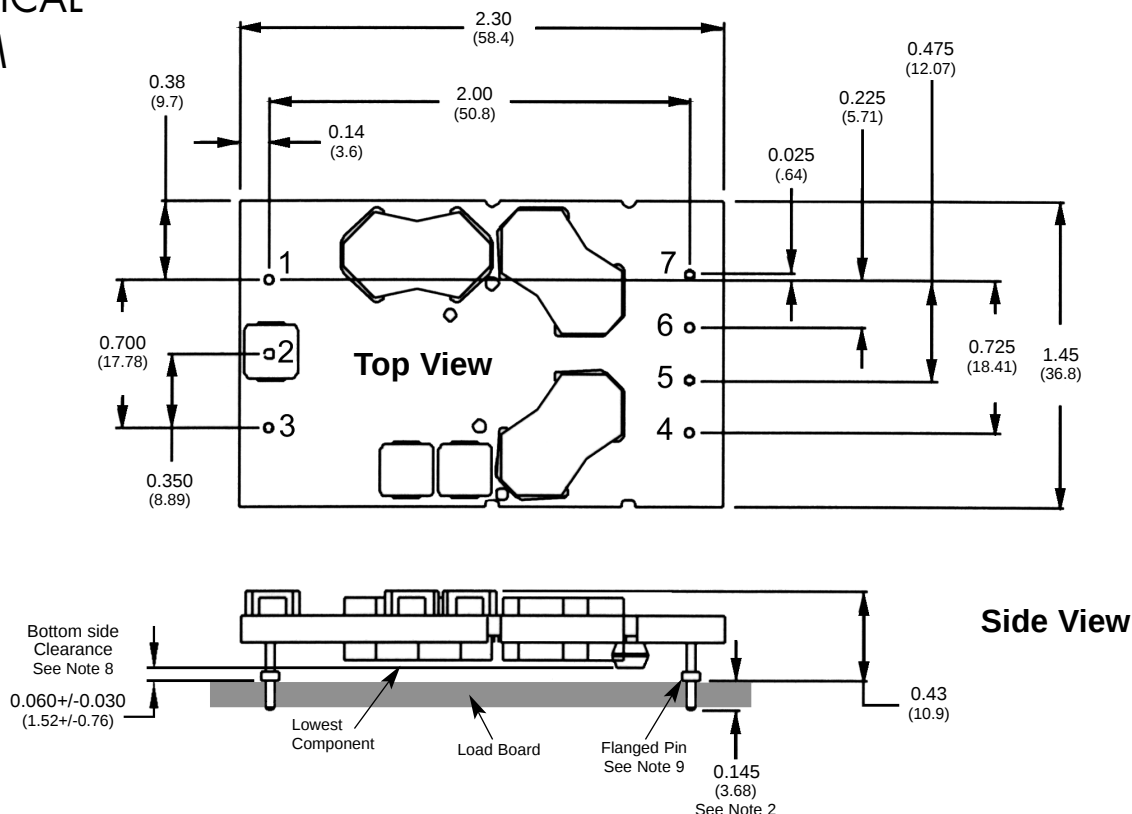
Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout disables converter at low input voltage conditions
- Output current limit and short circuit protection protects converter and load from permanent damage and consequent hazardous conditions
- Active back bias limit prevents damage to converter from external load induced pre-bias
- Output over-voltage protection protects load from damaging voltages
- Thermal shutdown protects converter from abnormal environmental conditions

Safety Features

- 2000V, 30 MΩ input-to-output isolation provides input/output ground separation
- UL/cUL 60950-1 recognized (US & Canada), basic insulation rating
- TUV certified to EN60950-1
- Meets 72/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC directives which facilitates CE Marking in user's end product
- Board and plastic components meet UL94V-0 flammability requirements

MECHANICAL DIAGRAM



NOTES

- 1) All pins are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter with 0.080" (2.03 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 2) Other pin extension lengths available. Recommended pin length is 0.03" (0.76mm) greater than the PCB thickness.
- 3) All Pins: Material - Copper Alloy
Finish - Tin/Lead over Nickel plate
- 4) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 5) All dimensions in inches (mm)
Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)
x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)
- 6) Weight: 1.5 oz. (43 g) typical
- 7) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610C Class II
- 8) UL/TUV standards require a clearance greater than 0.04" (1.02mm) between input and output for Basic insulation. This issue should be considered if any copper traces are on the top side of the user's board. Note that the ferrite cores are considered part of the input/primary circuit.
- 9) The flanged pins are designed to permit surface mount soldering (allowing to avoid the wave soldering process) through the use of the flanged pin-in-paste technique.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

Pin No.	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(-), with internal pull up.
3	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
4	12Vout(-)	12V negative output voltage
5	OP RTN	Output Return
6	TRIM	Output voltage trim
7	12Vout(+)	12V positive output voltage

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

DQ61212QMA06 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

T_A=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V_{in}=48Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40°C to +100°C ambient temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
Input Voltage					
Non-Operating			100	V	Continuous
Operating			80	V	Continuous
Operating Transient Protection			100	V	100ms transient, square wave
Isolation Voltage (input to output)			2000	V	Basic insulation, Pollution Degree 2
Operating Temperature	-40		100	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55		125	°C	
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin	-2		18	V	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage Range	35	48	75	V	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold	32	33	34	V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	28.5	29.5	30.5	V	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis	2.5	3.5	4.5	V	
Maximum Input Current			2.1	A	100% Load, 35 V _{in}
No-Load Input Current		70	80	mA	
Disabled Input Current		2.0	5	mA	
Inrush Current Transient Rating			0.01	A ² s	
Response to Input Transient		150		mV	1000V/ms input transient
Input Reflected Ripple Current			20	mA	RMS thru 10μH inductor; Figures 23 & 25
Input Terminal Ripple Current		175		mA	RMS; Figures 23 & 24
Recommended Input Fuse			20	A	Fast blow external fuse recommended
Input Filter Component Values (L\C)		4.7\2.0		μH\μF	Internal values; see Figure E
Recommended External Input Capacitance		47		μF	Typical ESR 0.1-0.2Ω, see Figure 23
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point (-12V)		-12.06		V	48V _{in} , 50% load on each voltage
Output Voltage Set Point (+12V)		12.06		V	48V _{in} , 50% load on each voltage
Total Output Voltage Regulation (-12V)	-12.60		-11.55	V	Cross regulation, line, load, temp; Figures 7 - 10
Total Output Voltage Regulation (+12V)	11.55		12.60	V	Cross regulation, line, load, temp; Figures 7 - 10
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise (±12V) ¹					20MHz bandwidth; Figures 23 & 26
Peak-to-Peak		80	180	mV	Full Load; see Figures 23 & 26
RMS		12	30	mV	Full Load; see Figures 23 & 26
Operating Output Current Range (±12V)	0		5	A	Subject to thermal derating; Figures 11 - 18
Output DC Current Limit Inception (±12V)	5.7	6	6.5	A	Output Voltage 10% Low; Figures 27 - 28
Short-Circuit Protection - redundant shutdown (±12V)		12		A	Figures 29 - 30
Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage		8		V	
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled	0.18	0.54	0.90	A	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		10		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			4,800	μF	12V _{out} at 5A Resistive Load
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection		55		dB	120 Hz; Figures 33 - 34
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
For a Step Change in -12V Output Current (.1A/μs)		160		mV	50% to 75% to 50% load max; Figure 21
For a Step Change in +12V Output Current (.1A/μs)		160		mV	50% to 75% to 50% load max; Figure 22
Settling Time		200		μs	To within 1% V _{out} nom
Turn-On Transient					
Turn-On Time		4	8	ms	Full load, V _{out} =90% nom.; Figures 19 & 20
Start-Up Inhibit Time	180	200	240	ms	-40°C to +125°C; Figure F
Output Voltage Overshoot		5		%	4,800 μF load capacitance, load = 0A
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		91.5		%	48V _{in} , 50% combined V _{out} ; Figures 1 - 6
50% Load		91.5		%	48V _{in} , 50% combined V _{out} ; Figures 1 - 6
TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATING CURVES					
Semiconductor Junction Temperature			125	°C	Package rated to 150°C
Board Temperature			125	°C	UL rated max operating temp 130°C
Transformer Temperature			110	°C	See Figures 11 - 18 for derating curves
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Isolation Voltage (dielectric strength)		2000		V	
Isolation Resistance		30		MΩ	
Isolation Capacitance ²		470		pF	

Note 1: For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com).

Note 2: Higher values of isolation capacitance can be added external to the module.

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency	185	200	215	kHz	Regulation stage and Isolation stage
ON/OFF Control (Option P)					
Off-State Voltage	-2		0.8	V	
On-State Voltage	2.4		18	V	
ON/OFF Control (Option N)					
Off-State Voltage	2.4		18	V	
On-State Voltage	-2		0.8	V	
ON/OFF Control (Either Option)					Figures A & B
Pull-Up Voltage		V _{in} /6	9.2	V	
Pull-Up Resistance		40		kΩ	
Output Voltage Trim Range	-10		+10	%	Trim-up pins 6-5, Trim-down pins 6-4
Output Over-Voltage Protection (-12V)	-13.7	-14.5	-15	V	Over full temp range
Output Over-Voltage Protection (+12V)	13.7	14.5	15	V	Over full temp range
Over-Temperature Shutdown	117	122	127	°C	Average PCB Temperature
Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis		10		°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS					
Calculated MTBF (Telcordia)		2.05		10 ⁶ Hrs.	TR-NWT-000332; 80% load, 300LFM, 40°C T _a
Calculated MTBF (MIL-217)		2.5		10 ⁶ Hrs.	MIL-HDBK-217F; 80% load, 300LFM, 40°C T _a
Field Demonstrated MTBF				10 ⁶ Hrs.	See website for details

STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

Parameter	Notes
STANDARDS COMPLIANCE	
UL/cUL 60950-1	File # E194341, Basic insulation & pollution degree 2
EN60950-1	Certified by TÜV
72/23/EEC	
93/68/EEC	
Needle Flame Test (IEC 695-2-2)	Test on entire assembly; board & plastic components UL94V-0 compliant
IEC 61000-4-2	ESD test, 8kV - NP, 15kV air - NP (Normal Performance)
GR-1089-CORE	Section 7 - electrical safety, Section 9 - bonding/grounding
Telcordia (Bellcore) GR-513	

- An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the [SynQor website](#).

QUALIFICATION TESTING

Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions
QUALIFICATION TESTING		
Life Test	32	95% rated V _{in} and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours
Vibration	5	10-55Hz sweep, 0.060" total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis
Mechanical Shock	5	100g minimum, 2 drops in x and y axis, 1 drop in z axis
Temperature Cycling	10	-40°C to 100°C, unit temp. ramp 15°C/min., 500 cycles
Power/Thermal Cycling	5	Toperating = min to max, V _{in} = min to max, full load, 100 cycles
Design Marginality	5	T _{min} -10°C to T _{max} +10°C, 5°C steps, V _{in} = min to max, 0-105% load
Humidity	5	85°C, 85% RH, 1000 hours, 2 minutes on and 6 hours off
Solderability	15 pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003

- Extensive characterization testing of all SynQor products and manufacturing processes is performed to ensure that we supply robust, reliable product. Contact the factory for official product family qualification documents.

OPTIONS

SynQor provides various options for Logic Sense, Pin Length and Feature Set for this family of DC/DC converters. Please consult the [last page](#) of this specification sheet for information on available options.

PATENTS

SynQor is protected under various patents, including but not limited to U.S. Patent numbers 5,999,417; 6,222,742 B1; 6,594,159 B2; 6,545,890 B2.

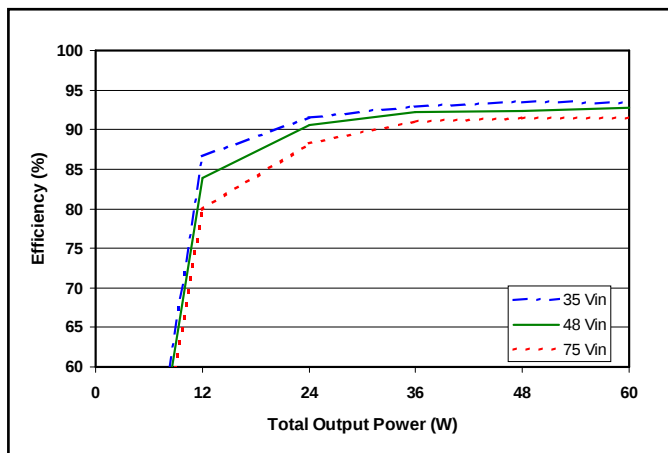


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. output power, from 0 load to full load with 50% load on -12V output and 50% load on +12V output at minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

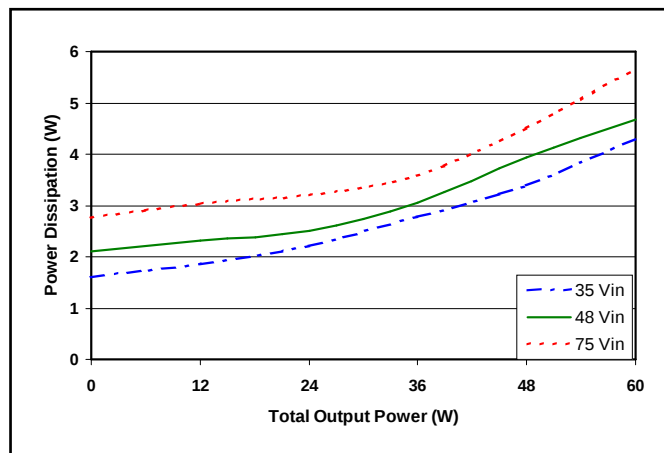


Figure 2: Power dissipation vs. output power, from 0 load to full load with 50% load on -12V output and 50% load on +12V output at minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

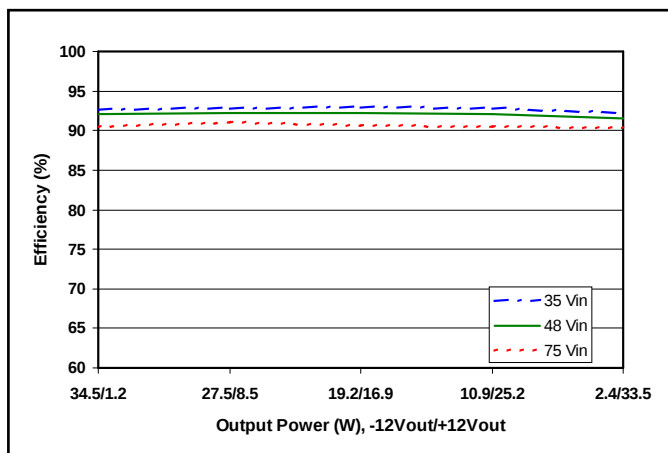


Figure 3: Efficiency vs. output power, with total output power fixed at 60% load (36W) and loads split as shown between -12V and +12V outputs at minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

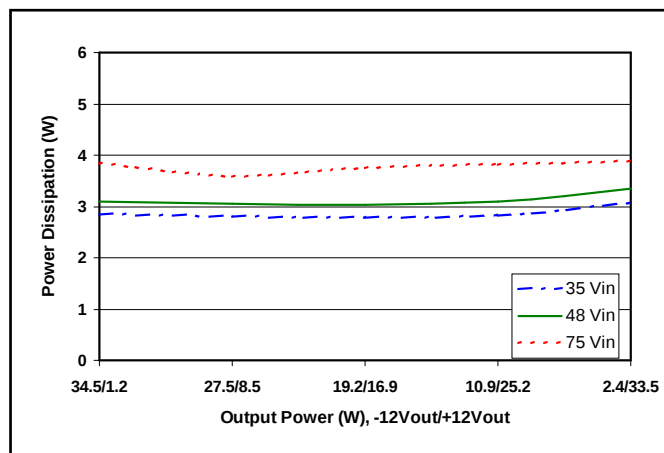


Figure 4: Power dissipation vs. output power, with total output power fixed at 60% load (36W) and loads split as shown between -12V and +12V outputs at minimum, nominal, and max input voltage at 25°C.

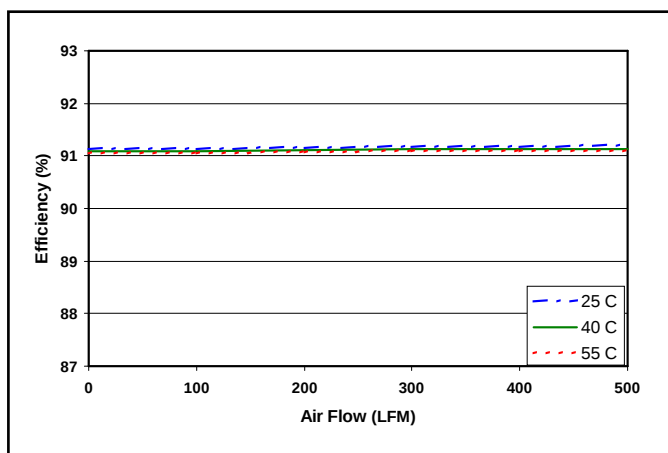


Figure 5: Efficiency vs. load current, with 80% load and 50/50 voltage split (2A load on -12V and 2A load on +12V) over variations in temperature and airflow.

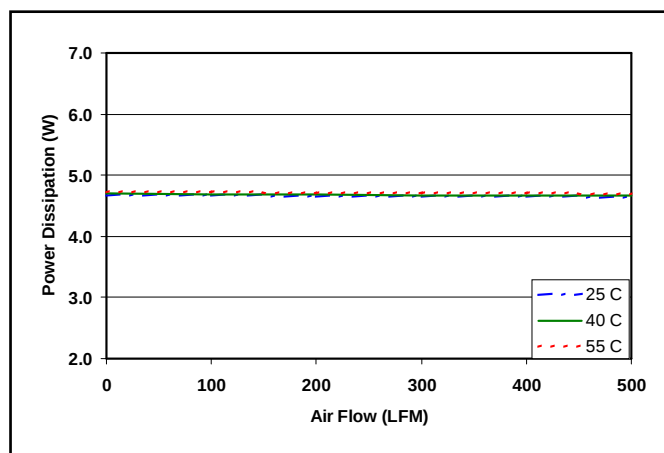


Figure 6: Power dissipation vs. load current, with 80% load and 50/50 voltage split (2A load on -12V and 2A load on +12V) over variations in temperature and airflow.

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

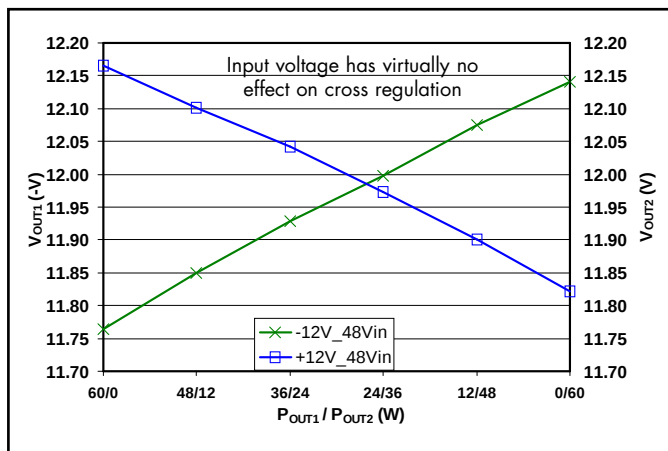


Figure 7: Load regulation vs. load current with power fixed at full load (60W) and load currents split as shown between -12V and +12V outputs, at nominal input voltage.

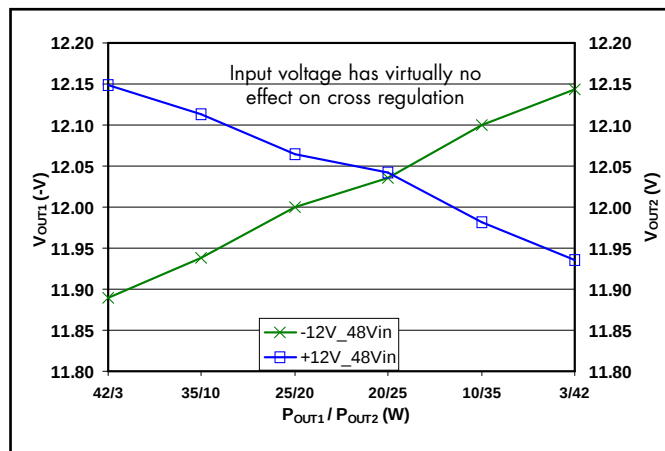


Figure 8: Load regulation vs. load current with power fixed at 75% load (45W) and load currents split as shown between -12V and +12V outputs, at nominal input voltage.

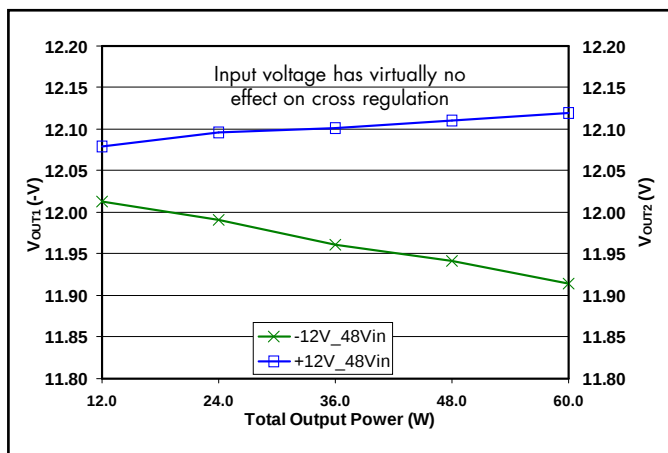


Figure 9: Load regulation vs. output power from 12W load to full load with 75% load on -12V output and 25% load on +12V output at nominal input voltage.

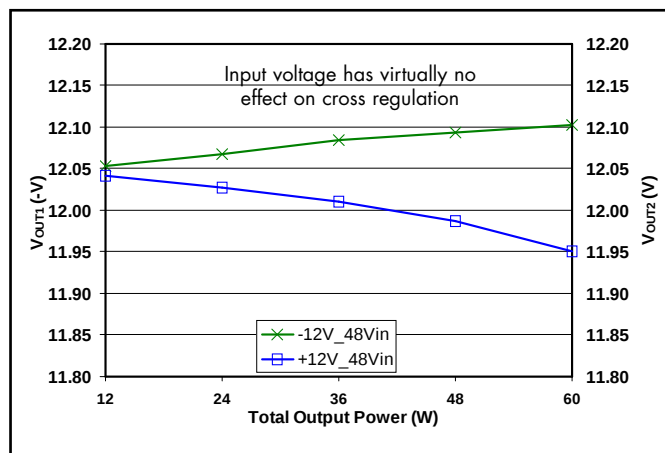


Figure 10: Load regulation vs. output power from 12W load to full load with 25% load on -12V output and 75% load on +12V output at nominal input voltage.

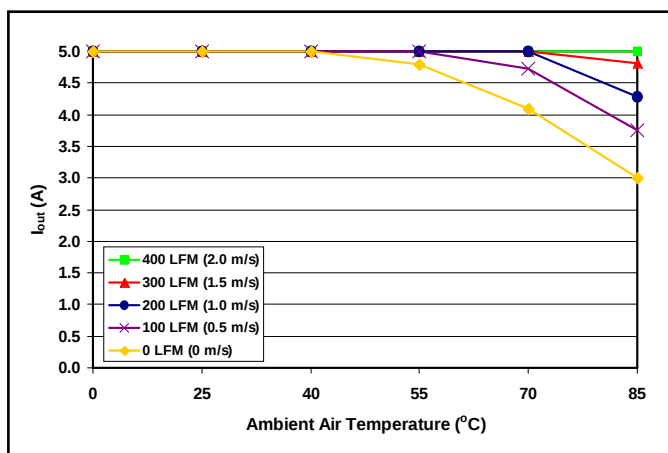


Figure 11: Maximum output power derating curves vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 0 to 400 LFM, air flowing from pin 1 to pin 3. Full load (5A) on -12V output and no load on +12V output.

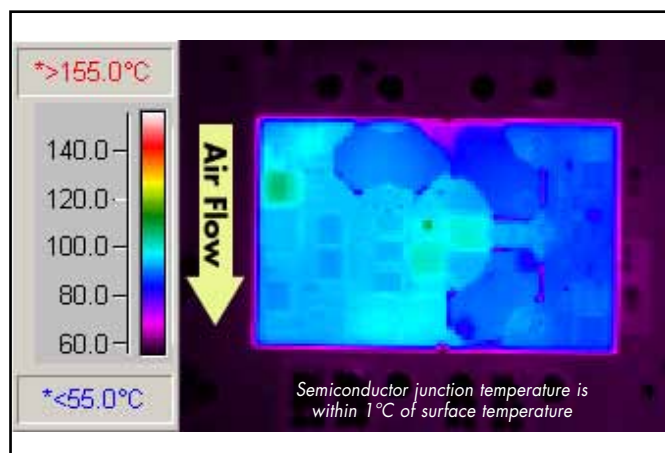


Figure 12: Thermal plot of converter at 5 amp load on -12V output and no load on +12V output with 55°C air flowing at 200 LFM. Air flow across the converter is from pin 1 to pin 3 (nominal input voltage)

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

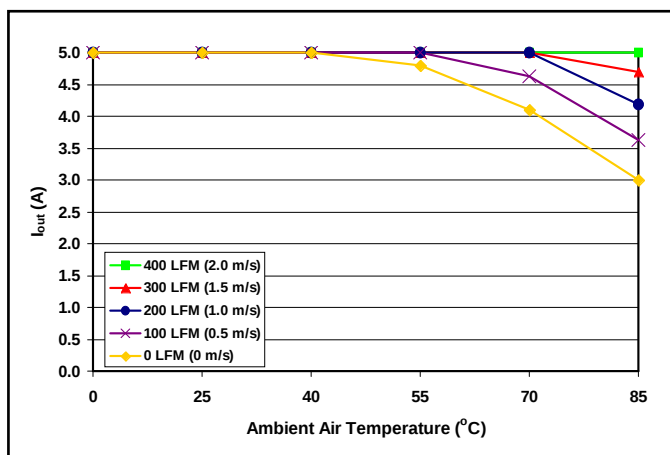


Figure 13: Maximum output power derating curves vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 0 to 400 LFM, air flowing from pin 1 to pin 3. Full load (5A) on +12V output and no load on -12V output.

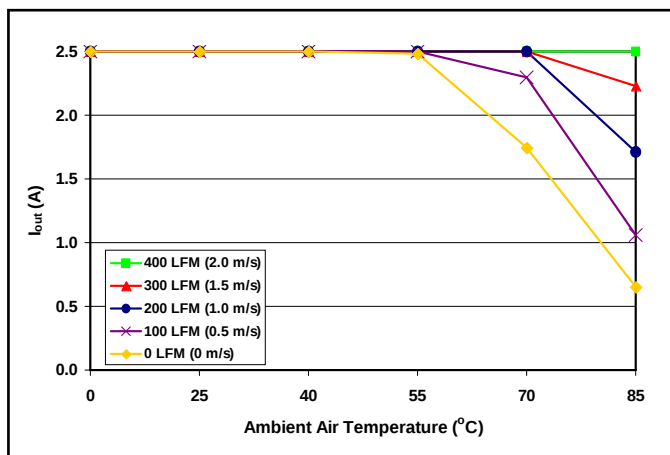


Figure 15: Max output power derating curves vs. air temp for 0 to 400 LFM, pin 1 to pin 3. 50% load (2.5A) on -12V output and 50% load (2.5A) on +12V output. At derating points, +12V output decreases while -12V output remains unchanged.

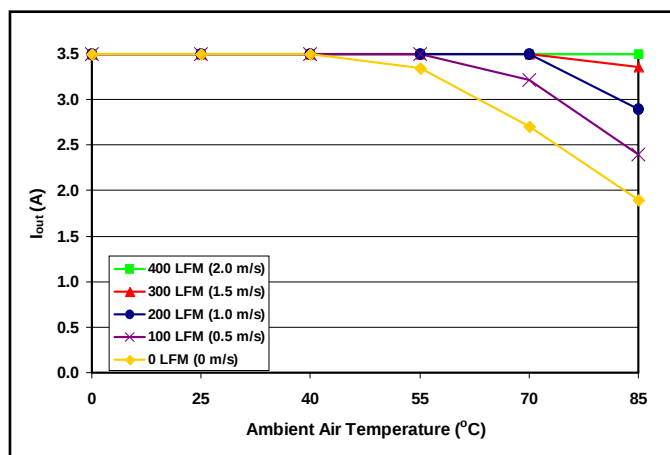


Figure 17: Max output power derating curves vs. air temp for 0 to 400 LFM, pin 1 to pin 3. 30% load (1.5A) on -12V output and 70% load (3.5A) on +12V output. At derating points, +12V output decreases while -12V output remains unchanged.

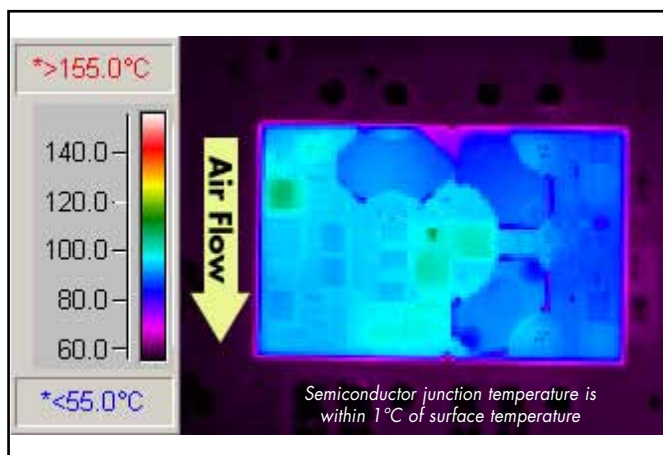


Figure 14: Thermal plot of converter at 5 amp load on +12V output and no load on -12V output with 55°C air flowing at 200 LFM. Air flow across the converter is from pin 1 to pin 3 (nominal Vin)

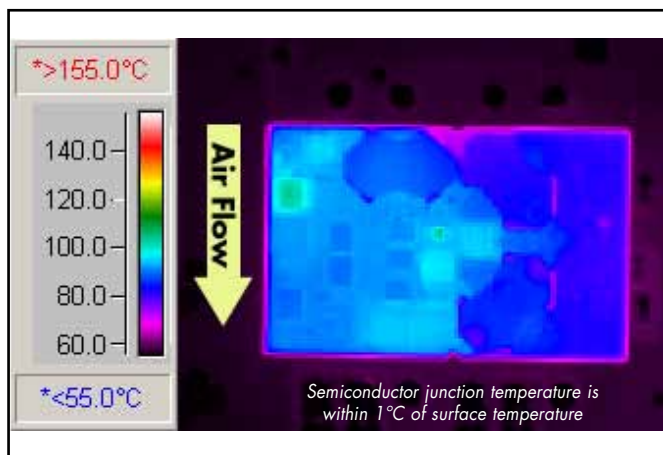


Figure 16: Thermal plot of converter at 2.5 amp load on -12V output and 2.5 amp load on +12V output with 55°C air flowing at 200 LFM. Air flow across the converter is from pin 1 to pin 3 (nominal Vin)

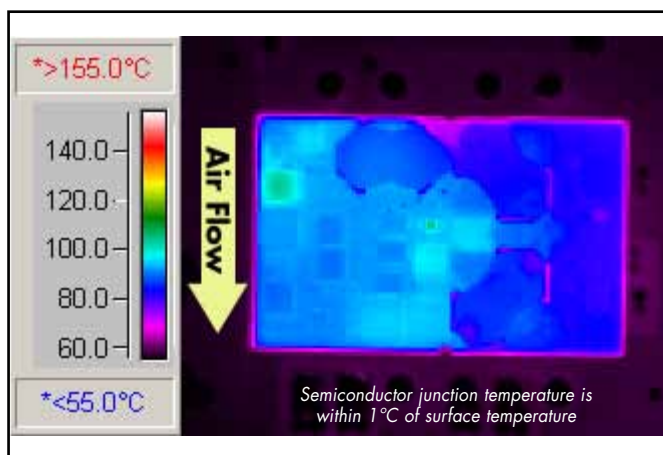


Figure 18: Thermal plot of converter at 3.5 amp load on +12V output and 1.5 amp load on -12V output with 55°C air flowing at 200 LFM. Air flow across the converter is from pin 1 to pin 3 (nominal Vin).

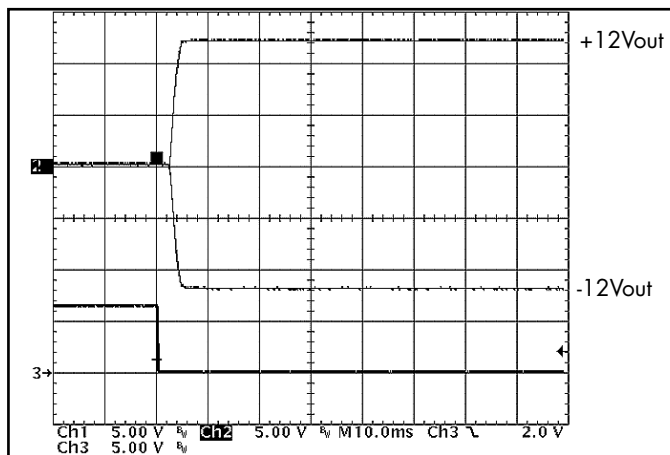


Figure 19: Turn-on transient at full rated load current (resistive load) (10 ms/div). Input voltage pre-applied. Ch 1: -12Vout (5V/div); Ch 2: +12Vout (5V/div); Ch 3: ON/OFF input (5V/div).

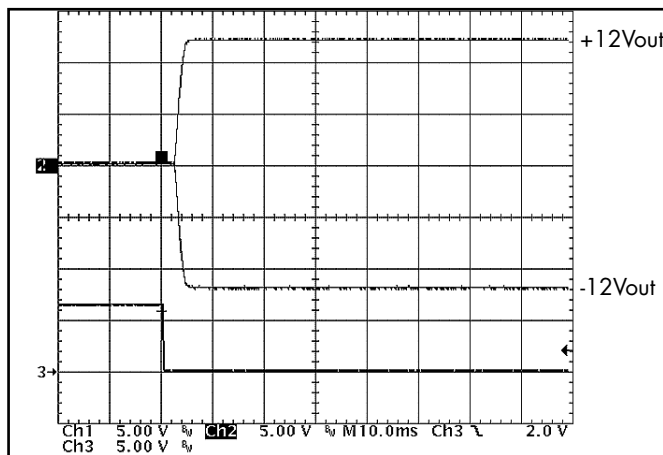


Figure 20: Turn-on transient at zero load current (10 ms/div). Ch 1: -12Vout (5V/div); Ch 2: +12Vout (5V/div); Ch 3: ON/OFF input (5V/div).

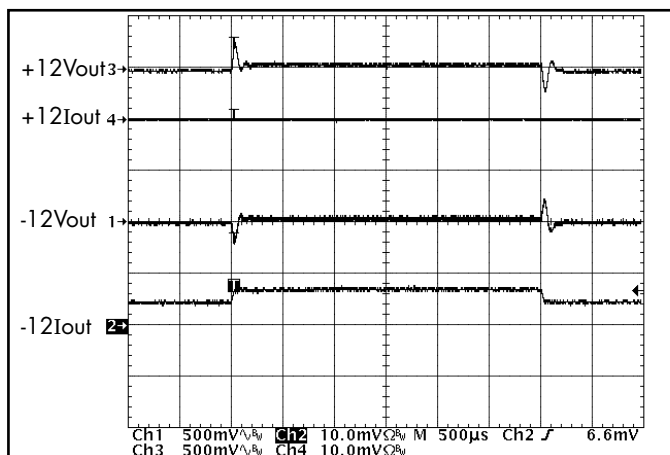


Figure 21: Output voltage response to step-change in Iout1 (50%-75%-50% of Imax; $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: 15µF, 300 mΩ ESR tantalum cap & 1µF ceramic cap. Vout (500mV/div), Iout (5A/div). Ch1: Vout1; Ch2 Iout1; Ch 3: Vout2; Ch 4 Iout2

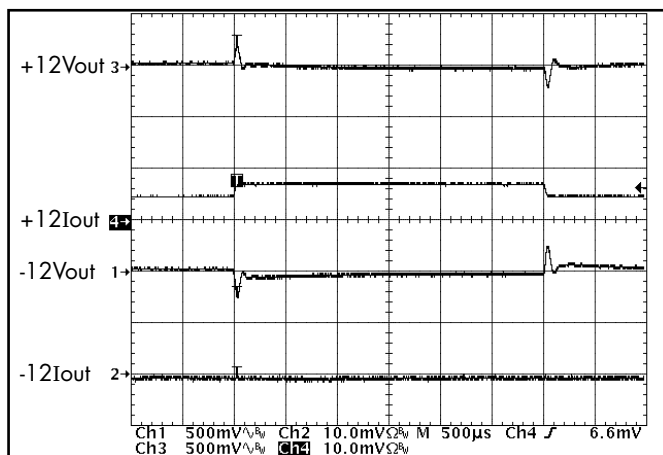


Figure 22: Output voltage response to step-change in Iout2 (50%-75%-50% of Imax; $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: 15µF, 300 mΩ ESR tantalum cap & 1µF ceramic cap.. Vout (500mV/div), Iout (5A/div). Ch1: Vout1; Ch2 Iout2; Ch 3: Vout2; Ch 4 Iout2

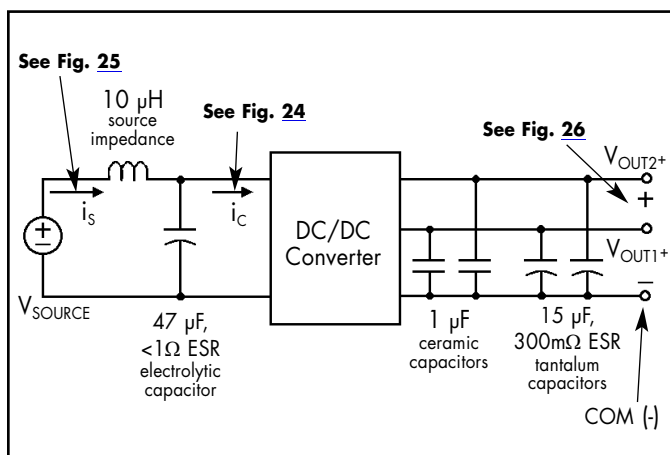


Figure 23: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current (Figure 24), Input Reflected Ripple Current (Figure 25) and Output Voltage Ripple (Figure 26).

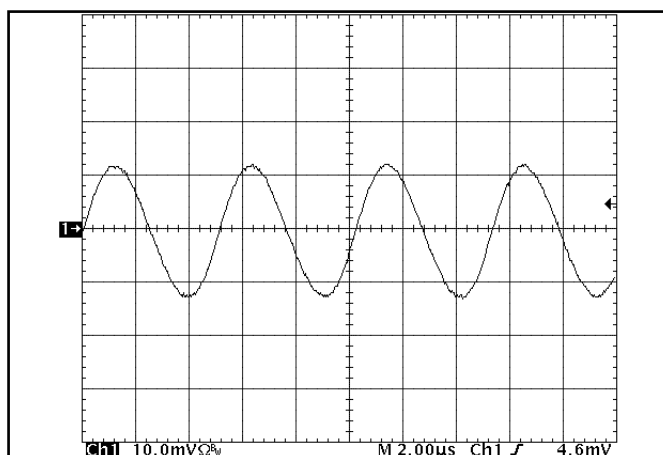


Figure 24: Input Terminal Ripple Current, -12V & +12V outputs at 50% rated output current and nominal input voltage with 10µH source impedance and 100µF electrolytic capacitor (200 mA/div). (see Fig. 23)

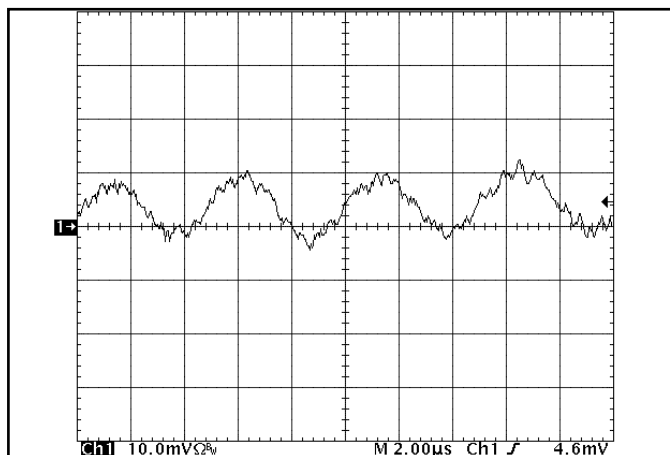


Figure 25: Input reflected ripple current, i_s , through a 10 μ H source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (5 mA/div). -12V and +12V outputs at 50% rated load current. (see Fig. 23)

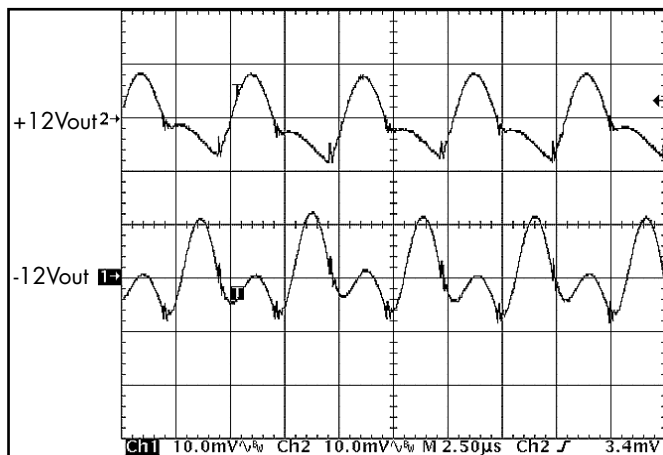


Figure 26: Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and 50% rated load current on both outputs (10 mV/div). Load capacitance: 1 μ F ceramic cap & 15 μ F tantalum cap. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. (see Fig. 23)

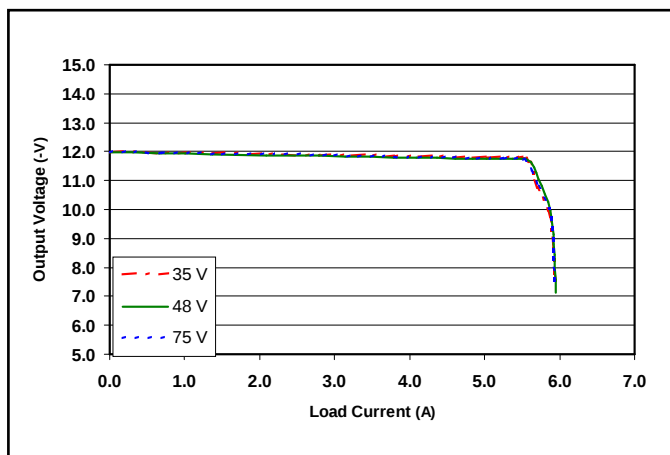


Figure 27: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points for the -12V output. +12V load is at 0A.

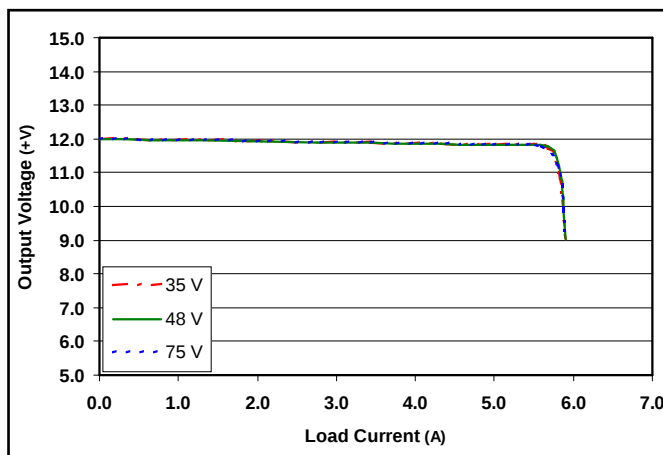


Figure 28: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points for the +12V output. -12V load is at 0A.

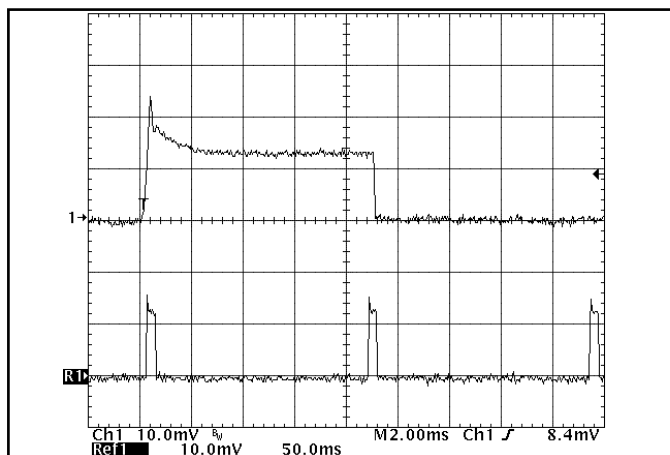


Figure 29: Load current for -12V output (2A/div) as a function of time when the converter attempts to turn on into a 10 m Ω short circuit. Top trace is an expansion of the on-time portion of the bottom trace.

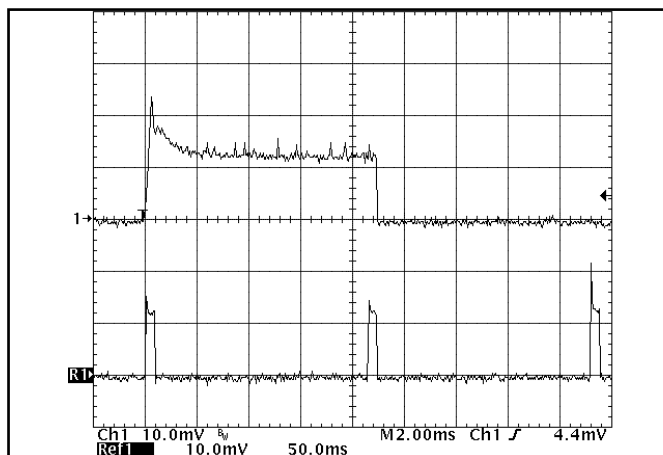


Figure 30: Load current for +12V output (2A/div) as a function of time when the converter attempts to turn on into a 10 m Ω short circuit. Top trace is an expansion of the on-time portion of the bottom trace.

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

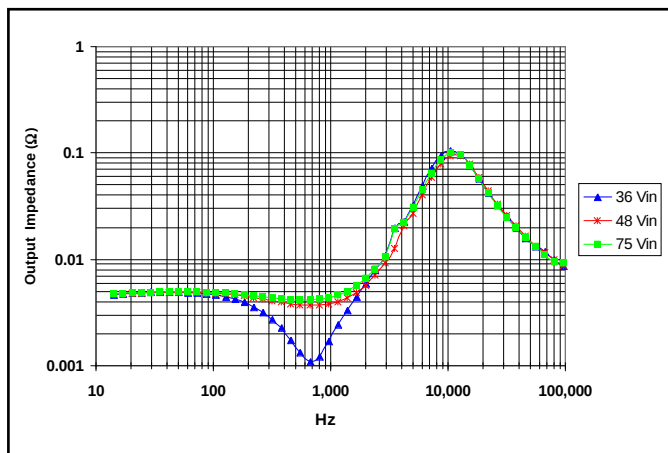


Figure 31: Output impedance ($Z_{out1} = V_{out1}/I_{out1}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for -12V output.

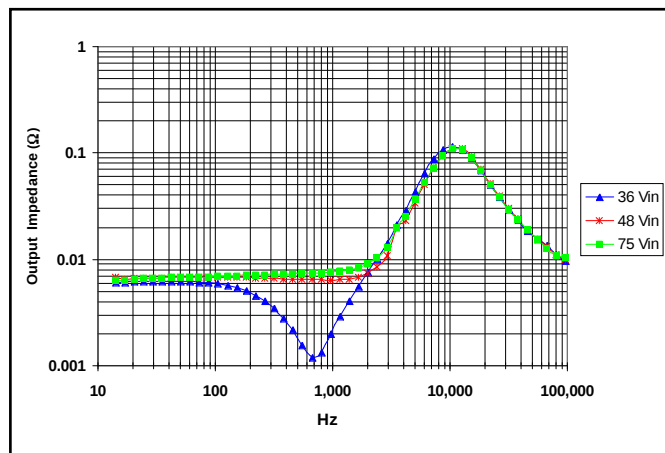


Figure 32: Output impedance ($Z_{out2} = V_{out2}/I_{out2}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for +12V output.

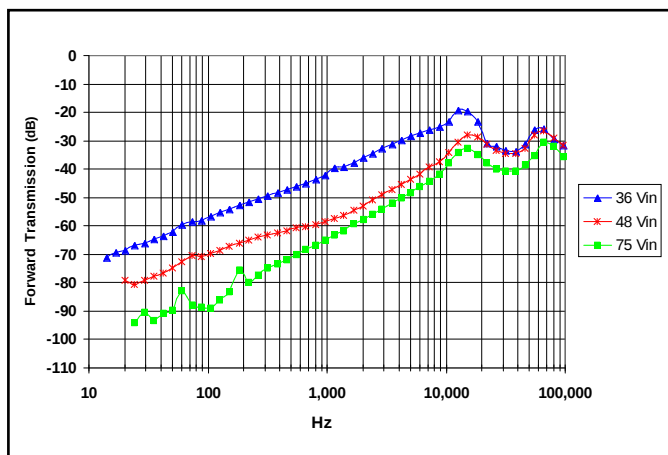


Figure 33: Forward Transmission ($FT_1 = V_{out1}/V_{in}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for -12V output.

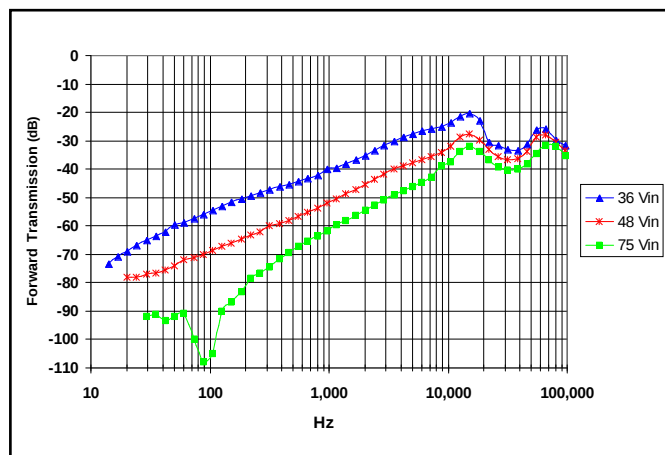


Figure 34: Forward Transmission ($FT_2 = V_{out2}/V_{in}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for +12V output.

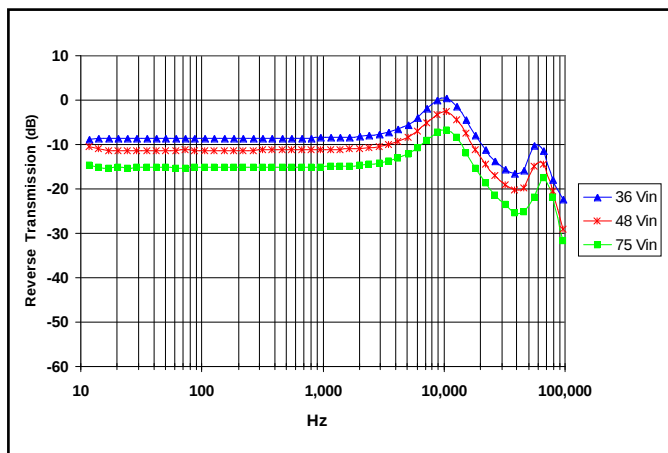


Figure 35: Reverse Transmission ($RT_1 = I_{in}/I_{out1}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for -12V output.

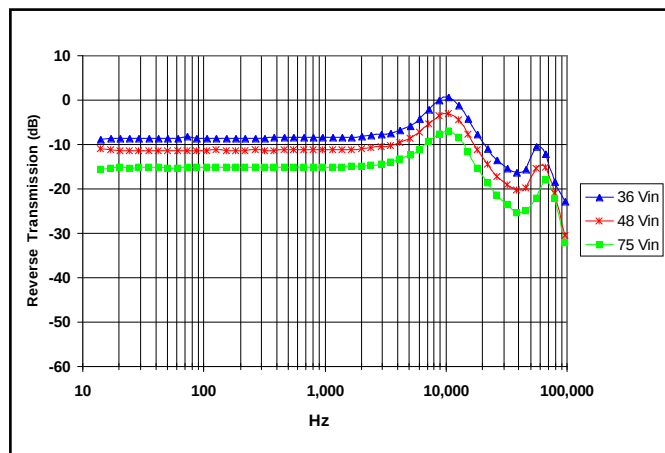


Figure 36: Reverse Transmission ($RT_2 = I_{in}/I_{out2}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power, for +12V output.

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

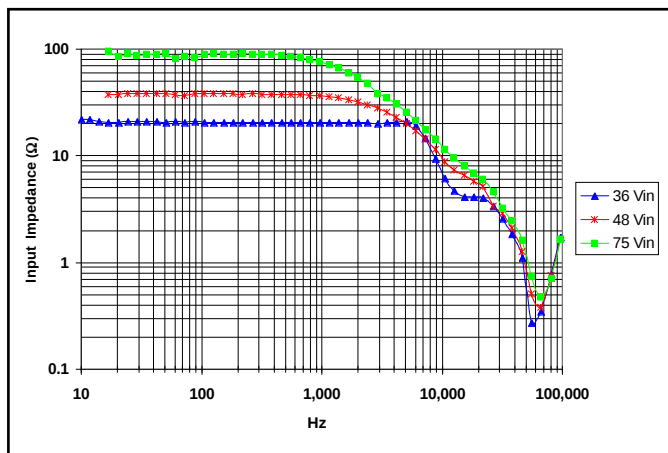


Figure 37: Input impedance ($Z_{in} = V_{in}/I_{in}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

The *DualQor* series converter uses a two-stage power conversion topology in which the two output voltages are cross regulated. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage step-down to achieve the low output voltage required.

The two-stage solution is ideal for converters with multiple cross-regulated output voltages. The first-stage compensates for any variations in line voltage. Therefore, the dependence of the output voltage on line variations is minimized.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the *DualQor* series of converters has such high efficiency, even at very low output voltages and very high output currents.

Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heatsink for operation. However, baseplated versions are available for optional heatsinking in severe thermal environments.

The *DualQor* series converter uses the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

The *DualQor* has many standard control and protection features. All shutdown features are non-latching, meaning that the converter shuts off for 200 ms before restarting (see Figure E).

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is *on* or *off*. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, $V_{in}(-)$. There are two versions of the converter that differ by the sense of the logic used for the ON/OFF input.

In the positive logic version, the ON/OFF input is active high (meaning that a high turns the converter *on*). In the negative logic version, the ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low turns the converter *on*). Figure A details five possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin. Figure B is a detailed look of the internal ON/OFF circuitry.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 6): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage up or down according to the trim range specifications. It is important to recognize that adjusting one output will also adjust the second output proportionally. To lower the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 7. To raise the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 5. The following table shows the resistor values needed to trim the output volt-

$V_o(\%)$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
R_{up}	397	178	105	68.4	46.5	31.9	21.5	13.65	7.57	0
R_{down}	466	208	121.5	78.4	52.7	35.4	23.1	13.87	6.7	0

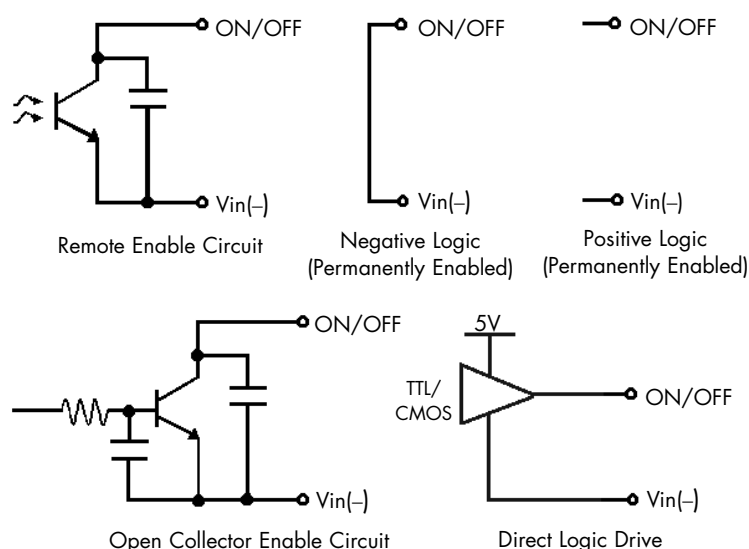


Figure A: Various circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

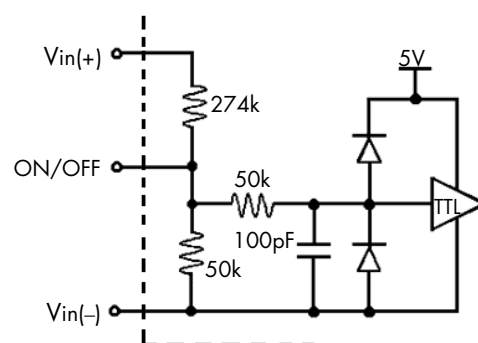


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

Input Filtering and External Capacitance: Figure E provides a diagram showing the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor. The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the "Input Characteristics" section. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

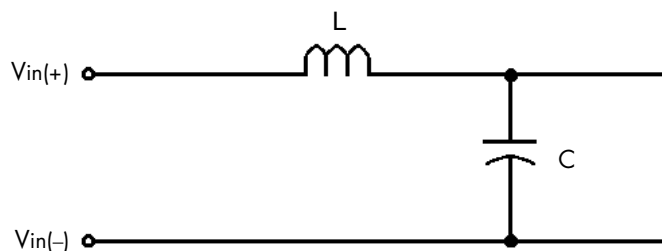


Figure E: Internal Input Filter Diagram (values listed on page 3).

Startup Inhibit Period: The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for at least 200ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 5Hz "hiccup mode," which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are seven ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit Period:

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Input Over-Voltage Shutdown (not present in Quarter-brick)
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Before time t_0 , when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t_1 , the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes high after t_2 , the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

Figure F shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t_0 , t_1 , and t_2 :

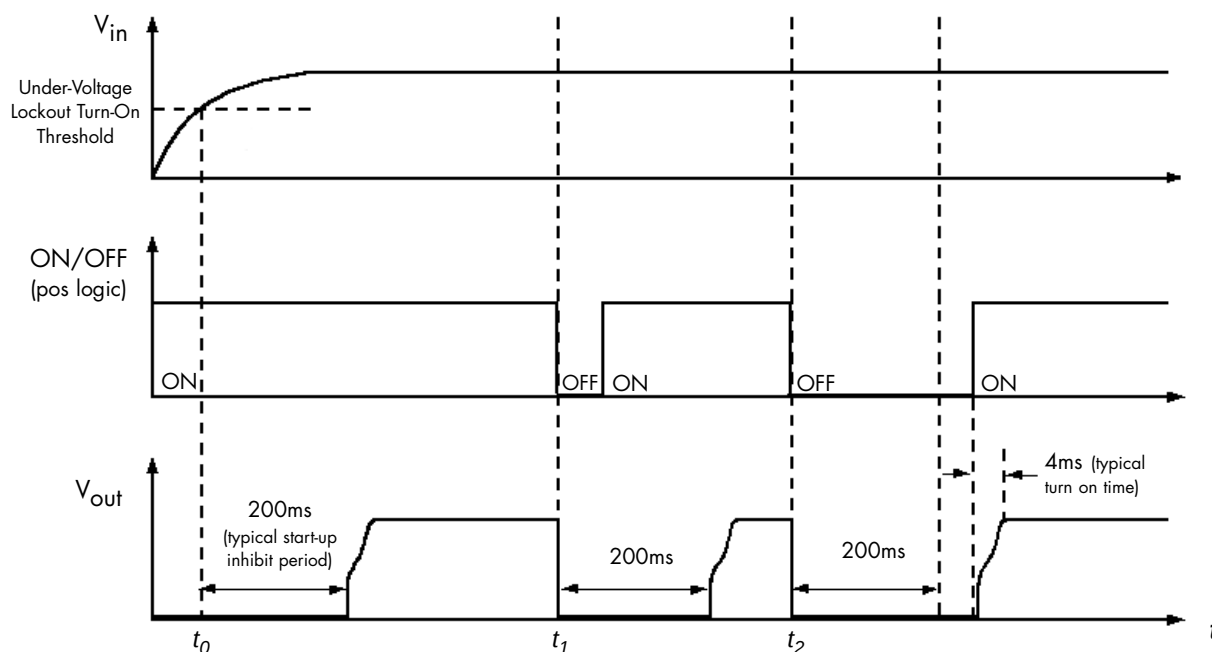


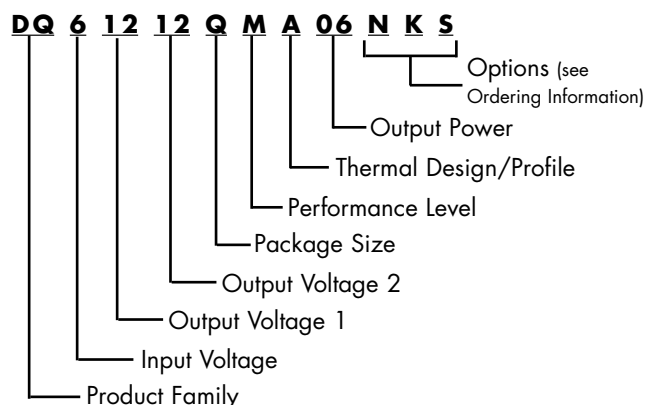
Figure F: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)

Technical Specification

Input: 35-75V
Outputs: +12V & -12V
Power: 60W
Package: Quarter-brick

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's DualQor DC/DC converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. Although there are no default values for enable logic and pin length, the most common options are negative logic and 0.145" pins. These part numbers are more likely to be readily available in stock for evaluation and prototype quantities.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format at www.synqor.com.

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional 3 characters for options.

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltages	Max Output Power
DQ63318QMA04xyz	35 - 75 V	3.3/1.8 V	40 W
DQ63325QMA04xyz	35 - 75 V	3.3/2.5 V	40 W
DQ65033QMA06xyz	35 - 75 V	5.0/3.3 V	60 W
DQ61212QMA06xyz	35 - 75 V	+12/-12 V	60 W

The following option choices must be included in place of the x y z spaces in the model numbers listed above.

Options Description: x y z		
Enable Logic	Pin Length	Feature Set
P - Positive N - Negative	K - 0.110" N - 0.145" R - 0.180" Y - 0.250"	S - Standard

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. SynQor products are currently 5/6 RoHS compliant with lead being the exception. For more information please visit our [RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative](#) web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

Contact SynQor for further information:

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Fax: 978-849-0602
E-mail: power@synqor.com
Web: www.synqor.com
Address: 155 Swanson Road
Boxborough, MA 01719
USA

Warranty

SynQor offers a three (3) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our [website](#) or is available upon request from SynQor.

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