



LC72341G/W, LC72342G/W, LC72343G/W

Low-Voltage Single-Chip Microcontrollers with On-Chip PLL and LCD Driver Circuits

Preliminary

Overview

The LC72341G/W, LC72342G/W, and LC72343G/W are single-chip microcontrollers with both a 1/4-duty 1/2-bias LCD driver circuit and a PLL circuit that can operate at up to 250 MHz integrated on the same chip. These ICs are ideal for use in portable audio equipment.

Functions

- High-speed programmable divider
- Program memory (ROM)
 - LC72341G/W: 2048 words × 16 bits (4KB)
 - LC72342G/W: 3072 words × 16 bits (6KB)
 - LC72343G/W: 4096 words × 16 bits (8KB)
- Data memory (RAM)
 - LC72341G/W: 128 words × 4 bits
 - LC72342G/W: 192 words × 4 bits
 - LC72343G/W: 256 words × 4 bits
- Instruction cycle time
 - 40 μ s (for all single-word instructions.)
- Stack
 - 4 levels (LC72341G/W)
 - 8 levels (LC72342G/W, and LC72343G/W)
- LCD driver
 - 48 to 80 segments (1/4-duty 1/2-bias drive)
- Timer interrupts
 - One timer circuit providing intervals of 1, 5, 10, and 50 ms.
- External interrupts
 - One external interrupt (INT)
- A/D converter
 - Two channels (5-bit successive approximation)
- Input ports
 - 7 (Of which two can be switched to function as A/D converter inputs)
- Output ports
 - 6 (Of which one can be switched to function as the BEEP tone output. Two ports are open-drain ports.)
- I/O ports
 - 16 (Of which 8 can be selected to function as LCD ports as mask options.)
- PLL circuit
 - Two types of dead band control are supported, and an unlock detection circuit is included.

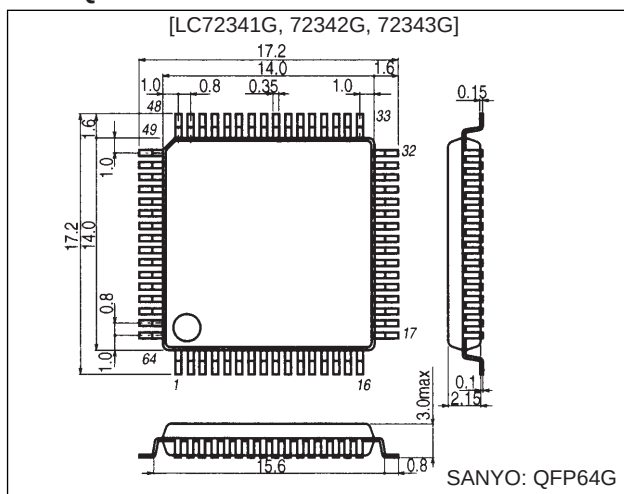
Reference frequencies of 1, 3, 5, 6.25, 12.5, and 25 kHz can be provided.

- Input frequency range
 - FM band: 10 to 130 MHz
 - 130 to 250 MHz
 - AM band: 0.5 to 15 MHz

Package Dimensions

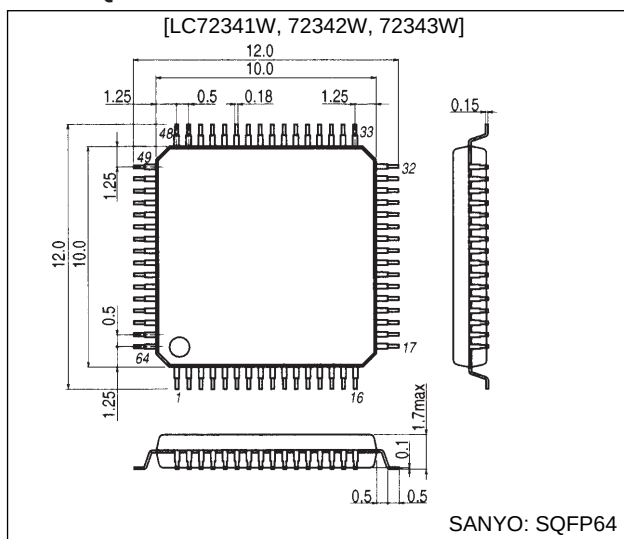
unit: mm

3159-QFP64G



unit: mm

3159-SQFP64

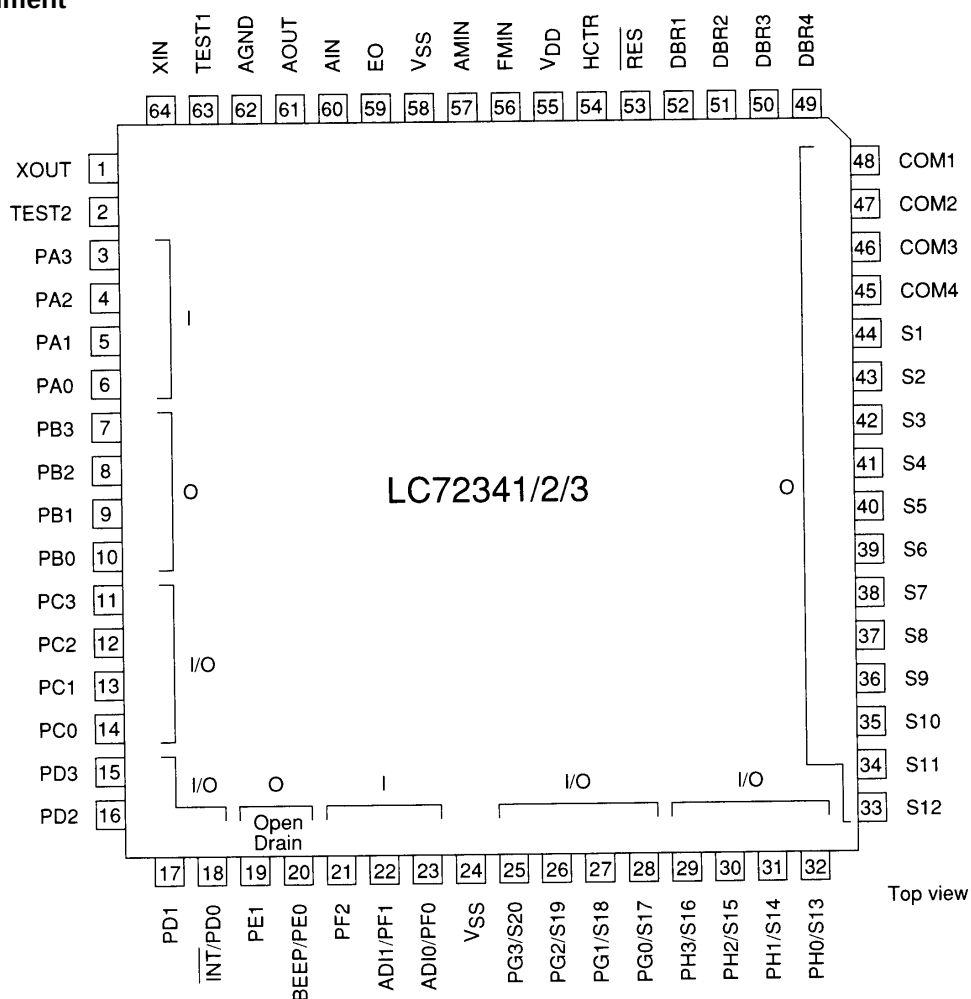


SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Semiconductor Business Headquarters

TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110-8534 JAPAN

- IF counter
 - HCTR input pin; 0.4 to 12 MHz
- Voltage detection circuit (VSENSE)
 - Detects the V_{DD} voltage and sets a flag
- External reset pin
 - Restarts execution from location 0 when the CPU and PLL circuits are operating
- Power on reset circuit
 - Starts execution from location 0 at power on.
- Universal counter
 - 20 bits
- Beep tones
 - 3.1 and 1.5 kHz
- Halt mode: The microcontroller operating clock is stopped
- Backup mode: The crystal oscillator is stopped
- An amplifier for a low-pass filter is built in
- CPU and PLL circuit operating voltage
 - 1.8 to 3.6 V
- RAM data retention voltage
 - 1.0 V or higher
- Packages
 - QIP-64G : 0.8-mm lead pitch
 - SQFP-64 : 0.5-mm lead pitch

Pin Assignment



* PE0 and PE1 are open-drain outputs.

* The I/O ports can be set to input or output individually.

* The functions of the segment/general-purpose ports can be set in bit units.

A09866

A09867

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, V_{SS} = 0 V

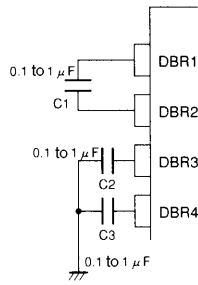
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{DD} max		−0.3 to +4.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	All input pins	−0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT1}	AOUT, PE	−0.3 to +15	V
	V _{OUT2}	All output pins except V _{OUT1}	−0.3 to V _{DD} to + 0.3	V
Output current	I _{OUT1}	PC, PD, PG, PH, EO	0 to 3	mA
	I _{OUT2}	PB	0 to 1	mA
	I _{OUT3}	AOUT, PE	0 to 2	mA
	I _{OUT4}	S1 to S20	300	μA
	I _{OUT5}	COM1 to COM4	3	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta = −20 to +70°C	300	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		−20 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		−45 to +125	°C

Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = −20 to 70°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 3.6 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Supply voltage	V _{DD1}	CPU and PLL operating voltage	1.8	3.0	3.6	V
	V _{DD2}	Memory retention voltage	1.0			V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH1}	V _{IH2} , V _{IH3} , AMIN, FMIN, Input ports except HCTR and XIN.	0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	0.8 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH3}	Port PF	0.6 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL1}	V _{IL2} , V _{IL3} , AMIN, FMIN, Input ports except HCTR and XIN.	0		0.3 V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL2}	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	0		0.2 V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL3}	Port PF	0		0.2 V _{DD}	V
Input amplitude	V _{IN1}	XIN	0.5		0.6	Vrms
	V _{IN2}	FMIN, AMIN	0.035		0.35	Vrms
	V _{IN3}	FMIN	0.05		0.35	Vrms
	V _{IN4}	HCTR	0.035		0.35	Vrms
Input voltage range	V _{IN5}	ADIO, ADI1	0		V _{DD}	V
Input frequency	F _{IN1}	XIN : CI ≤ 35 kΩ	70	75	80	kHz
	F _{IN2}	FMIN : V _{IN2} , V _{DD1}	10		130	MHz
	F _{IN3}	FMIN : V _{IN3} , V _{DD1}	130		250	MHz
	F _{IN4}	AMIN (H) : V _{IN2} , V _{DD1}	2		40	MHz
	F _{IN5}	AMIN (L) : V _{IN2} , V _{DD1}	0.5		10	MHz
	F _{IN6}	HCTR : V _{IN4} , V _{DD1}	0.4		12	MHz

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = −20 to 70°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 3.6 V (in the allowable operating ranges)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Input high-level current	I _{IH1}	XIN : V _I = V _{DD} = 3.0 V			3	μA
	I _{IH2}	FMIN, AMIN, HCTR : V _I = V _{DD} = 3.0 V	3	8	20	μA
	I _{IH3}	Ports PA/PF (with no pull-down resistor), PC, PD, PG, and PH. RES: V _I = V _{DD} = 3.0 V			3	μA
Input low-level current	I _{IL1}	XIN : V _I = V _{DD} = V _{SS}			−3	μA
	I _{IL2}	FMIN, AMIN, HCTR : V _I = V _{DD} = V _{SS}	−3	−8	−20	μA
	I _{IL3}	Ports PA/PF (with no pull-down resistor), PC, PD, PG, and PH. RES: V _I = V _{DD} = V _{SS}			−3	μA
Input floating voltage	V _{IF}	PA/PF with pull-down resistors used			0.05 V _{DD}	V
Pull-down resistance	R _{PD1}	PA/PF with pull-down resistors used, V _{DD} = 3 V	75	100	200	kΩ
Hysteresis	V _H	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	0.1 V _{DD}	0.2 V _{DD}		V
Voltage doubler reference voltage	DBR4	Ta = 25°C, referenced to V _{DD} , C3 = 0.47 μF	1.3	1.5	1.7	V
Voltage doubler step-up voltage	DBR1, 2, 3	Ta = 25°C, C1 = 0.45 μF, C2 = 0.47 μF, no load	2.7	3.0	3.3	V



A09868

Note: C1, C2, and C3 must be provided even if no LCD is used.

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -30 to 70°C, VDD = 1.8 to 3.6 V (in the allowable operating ranges)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH1}	PB : I _O = -1 mA	V _{DD} - 0.7 V _{DD}			V
	V _{OH2}	PC, PD, PG, PH : I _O = -1 mA	V _{DD} - 0.3 V _{DD}			V
	V _{OH3}	EO : I _O = -500 μA	V _{DD} - 0.3 V _{DD}			V
	V _{OH4}	XOUT : I _O = -200 μA	V _{DD} - 0.3 V _{DD}			V
	V _{OH5}	S1 to S20 : I _O = -20 μA : *1	2.0			V
	V _{OH6}	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 : I _O = -100 μA : *1	2.0			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL1}	PB : I _O = -50 μA			0.7 V _{DD}	V
	V _{OL2}	PC, PD, PE, PG, PH : I _O = -1 mA			0.3 V _{DD}	V
	V _{OL3}	EO : I _O = -500 μA			0.3 V _{DD}	V
	V _{OL4}	XOUT : I _O = -200 μA			0.3 V _{DD}	V
	V _{OL5}	S1 to S20 : I _O = -20 μA : *1			1.0	V
	V _{OL6}	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 : I _O = -100 μA : *1			1.0	V
	V _{OL7}	PE : I _O = 5 mA			1.0	V
	V _{OL8}	AOUT : I _O = 1 mA, AIN = 1.3 V, V _{DD} = 3 V			0.5	V
Output off leakage current	I _{OFF1}	Ports PB, PC, PD, PG, PH, and EO	-3		+3	μA
	I _{OFF2}	Ports AOUT and PE	-100		+100	nA
A/D conversion error		ADI0, ADI1, V _{DD} = V _{DD1}	-1/2		+1/2	LSB

Note: 1. Capacitors C1, C2, and C3 must be connected to the DBR pins.

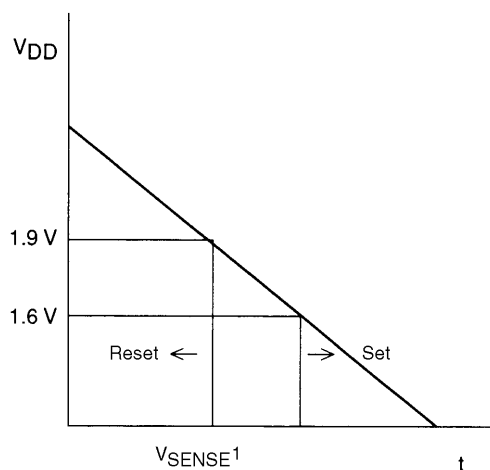
Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -20 to 70°C, VDD = 1.8 to 3.6 V (in the allowable operating ranges)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Falling supply voltage detection voltage	V _{SENSE1}	Ta = 25°C *2	1.6	1.75	1.9	V
Rising supply voltage detection voltage	V _{SENSE2}	Ta = 25°C *2	V _{SENSE1} +0.1		V _{SENSE1} +0.2	V
Pull-down resistance	R _{PD2}	TEST1, TEST2		10		kΩ
Supply current	I _{DD1}	V _{DD1} : F _{IN2} 130 MHz, Ta = 25°C		10		mA
	I _{DD2}	V _{DD2} : In halt mode at Ta = 25°C, *3		0.1		mA
	I _{DD3}	V _{DD} = 3.6 V, with the oscillator stopped, at Ta = 25°C, *4		1		μA
	I _{DD4}	V _{DD} = 1.8 V, with the oscillator stopped, at Ta = 25°C, *4		0.5		μA

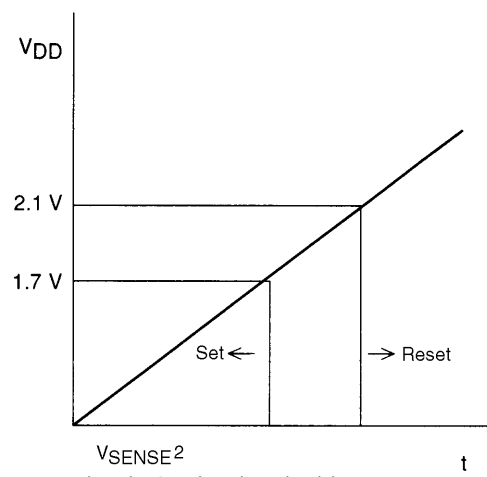
Note: The halt mode current is measured with the CPU executing 20 instructions every 125 ms.

Note: 2. The V_{SENSE} voltage

When the V_{DD} voltage falls, the V_{SENSE} flag is set at the point that voltage falls under 1.75 V (typical). The TST instruction can be used to read the value of the V_{SENSE} flag. Applications can easily determine when the batteries are exhausted by monitoring this flag. After V_{SENSE} is set when the supply voltage falls, it will not be reset if the supply voltage rises by less than 0.1 V, because the voltages detected by the V_{SENSE} circuit differ when the supply voltage is falling and when the supply voltage is rising.



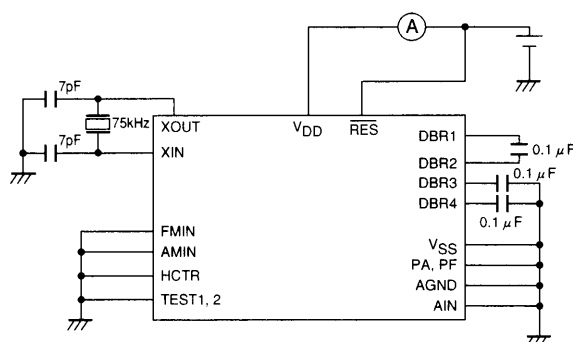
A09869



A09870

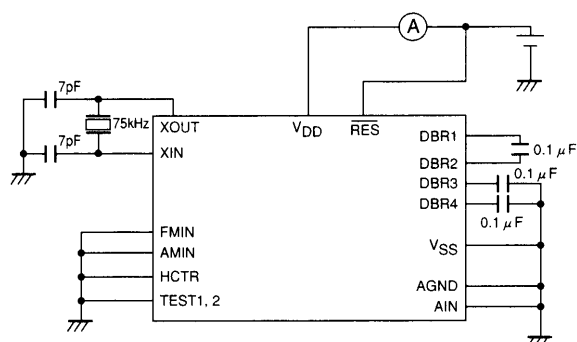
Note: 3. Halt Mode Current Test Circuit

Note: 4. Backup Mode Current Test Circuit



All ports other than those specified in the figure must be left open.
Set ports PC and PD to output.
Select segments S13 to S20.

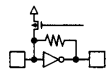
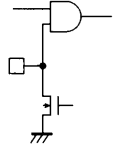
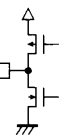
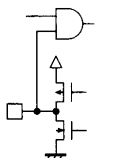
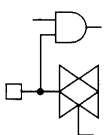
A09871



All ports other than those specified in the figure must be left open.
Set ports PC and PD to output.
Select segments S13 to S20.

A09872

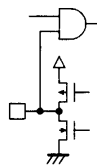
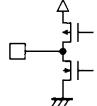
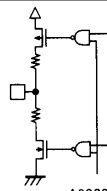
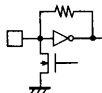
Pin Functions

Pin No.	Pin	I/O	Function	I/O circuit
64 1	XIN XOUT	I O	Connections for a 75-kHz crystal oscillator element	 A09873
63 2	TEST1 TEST2	I I	IC test pins. These pins must be tied to ground.	
6 5 4 3	PA0 PA1 PA2 PA3	I	Special-purpose key return signal input ports designed with a low threshold voltage. When used in conjunction with port PB to form a key matrix, up to 3 simultaneous key presses can be detected. The four pull-down resistors are selected together in a single operation using the IOS instruction (PwN = 2, b1); they cannot be specified individually. Input is disabled in backup mode, and the pull-down resistors are disabled after a reset.	Input with built-in pull-down resistor  A09874
10 9 8 7	PB3 PB2 PB1 PB0	O	Special-purpose key source signal output ports. Since unbalanced CMOS output transistor circuits are used, diodes to prevent short-circuits when multiple keys are pressed are not required. These ports go to the output high-impedance state in backup mode. These ports go to the output high-impedance state after a reset and remain in that state until an output instruction (OUT, SPB, or RPB) is executed. Care is required in designing the output loads if these pins are used for functions other than key source outputs.	Unbalanced CMOS push-pull circuit  A09875
14 13 12 11 18 17 16 15	PC0 PC1 PC2 PC3 INT/PD0 PD1 PD2 PD3	I/O	General-purpose I/O ports*. PD0 can be used as an external interrupt port. Input or output mode can be set in a bit unit using the IOS instruction (PwN = 4, 5). A value of 0 specifies input, and 1 specifies output. These ports go to the input disabled high-impedance state in backup mode. They are set to function as general-purpose input ports after a reset.	CMOS push-pull circuit  A09876
20 19	BEEP/PE0 PE1		General-purpose output ports with shared beep tone output function (PE0 only). The BEEP instruction is used to switch PE0 between the general-purpose output port and beep tone output functions. To use PE0 as a general-purpose output port, execute a BEEP instruction with b2 set to 0. Set b2 to 1 to use PE0 as the beep tone output port. The b0 and b1 bits are used to select the beep tone frequency. There are two beep tone frequencies supported. When PE0 is set up as the beep tone output, executing an output instruction to PN0 only changes the state of the internal output latch, it does not affect the beep tone output in any way. Only the PE0 pin can be switched between the general-purpose output function and the beep tone output function; the PE1 pin only functions as a general-purpose output. These pins go to the high-impedance state in backup mode and remain in that state until an output instruction or a BEEP instruction is executed. Since these ports are open-drain ports, resistors must be inserted between these pins and V _{DD} . These ports are set to their general-purpose output port function after a reset.	N-channel open drain  A09877
23 22 21	PF0/ADI0 PF1/ADI1 PF2	I	General-purpose input and A/D converter input shared function ports (PF2 is a general-purpose input only port). The IOS instruction (PwN = FH) is used to switch between the general-purpose input and A/D converter port functions. The general-purpose input and A/D converter port functions can be switched in a bit unit, with 0 specifying general-purpose input, and 1 specifying the A/D converter input function. To select the A/D converter function, set up the A/D converter pin with an IOS instruction with PwN set to 1. The A/D converter is started with the UCC instruction (b3 = 1, b2 = 1). The ADCE flag is set when the conversion completes. The INR instruction is used to read in the data. If an input instruction is executed for one of these pins which is set up for analog input, the read in data will be at the low level since CMOS input is disabled. In backup mode these pins go to the input disabled high-impedance state. These ports are set to their general-purpose input port function after a reset. The A/D converter is a 5-bit successive approximation type converter, and features a conversion time of 1.28 ms. Note that the full-scale A/D converter voltage (1FH) is (63 · 96)V _{DD} .	CMOS input/analog input  A09878

Note: * Applications must establish the output data in advance with an OUT, SPB, or RPB instruction and then set the pin to output mode with an IOS instruction when using the I/O switchable ports as output pins.

Continued on next page.

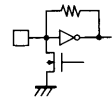
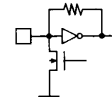
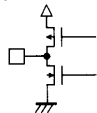
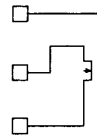
Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin	I/O	Function	I/O circuit																																													
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	PG3/S20 PG2/S19 PG1/S18 PG0/S17 PH3/S16 PH2/S15 PH1/S14 PH0/S13	I/O	LCD driver segment output and general-purpose I/O shared function ports. The IOS instruction is used for switching both between the segment output and general-purpose I/O functions and between input and output for the general-purpose I/O port function.* - When used as segment output ports The general-purpose I/O port function is selected with the IOS instruction (Pwn = 8). b0 = S17 to 20/PG0 to 3 (0: Segment output, 1: PG0 to 3) The general-purpose I/O port function is selected with the IOS instruction (Pwn = 9). b0 = S13 to 16/PH0 to 3 (0: Segment output, 1: PH0 to 3) - When used as general-purpose I/O ports The IOS instruction (Pwn = 6, 7) is used to select input or output. Note that the mode can be set in a bit unit. <table><tr><td>b0 = PG0</td><td>b0 = PH0</td></tr><tr><td>b1 = PG1</td><td>b1 = PH1</td></tr><tr><td>b2 = PG2</td><td>b2 = PH2</td></tr><tr><td>b3 = PG3</td><td>b3 = PH3</td></tr></table> [0: Input, 1: Output] In backup mode, these pins go to the input disabled, high-impedance state if set up as general-purpose outputs, and are fixed at the low level if set up as segment outputs. These ports are set up as segment outputs after a reset. Although the general-purpose port/LCD port setting is a mask option, the IOS instruction must be used as described above to set up the port function.	b0 = PG0	b0 = PH0	b1 = PG1	b1 = PH1	b2 = PG2	b2 = PH2	b3 = PG3	b3 = PH3	CMOS push-pull circuit  A09879																																					
b0 = PG0	b0 = PH0																																																
b1 = PG1	b1 = PH1																																																
b2 = PG2	b2 = PH2																																																
b3 = PG3	b3 = PH3																																																
S16 to S1	33 to 44	O	LCD driver segment output pins. A 1/4-duty 1/2-bias drive technique is used. The frame frequency is 75 Hz. In backup mode, the outputs are fixed at the low level. After a reset, the outputs are fixed at the low level.	CMOS push-pull circuit  A09880																																													
COM4 COM3 COM2 COM1	45 46 47 48	O	LCD driver common output pins. A 1/4-duty 1/2-bias drive technique is used. The frame frequency is 75 Hz. In backup mode, the outputs are fixed at the low level. After a reset, the outputs are fixed at the low level.	 A09881																																													
DBR4 DBR3 DBR2 DBR1	49 50 51 52		LCD power supply stepped-up voltage pins.																																														
53	RES	I	System reset input. In CPU operating mode or halt mode, applications must apply a low level for at least one full machine cycle to reset the system and restart execution with the PC set to location 0. This pin is connected in parallel with the internal power on reset circuit.	 A09882																																													
70	HCTR	I	Universal counter dedicated input port. When taking frequency measurements, select the HCTR frequency measurement mode and measurement time with the UCS instruction (b3 = 0, b2 = 0) and start the count with a UCCinstruction. <table><tr><th>UCS</th><th>b3</th><th>b2</th><th>Input pin</th><th>Measurement mode</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>HCTR</td><td>Frequency measurement</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr></table> <table><tr><th>UCS</th><th>b1</th><th>b0</th><th>Measurement time</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1 ms</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>4 ms</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>8 ms</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>32 ms</td></tr></table> The CNTEND flag is set when the count completes. Since this circuit functions as an AC amplifier, always use capacitor coupling with the input signal. Input is disabled in backup mode, in halt mode, after a reset, and in PLL stop mode.	UCS	b3	b2	Input pin	Measurement mode	0	0	0	HCTR	Frequency measurement	0	0	1	—	—	0	1	0	—	—	0	1	1	—	—	UCS	b1	b0	Measurement time	0	0	0	1 ms	0	0	1	4 ms	0	1	0	8 ms	0	1	1	32 ms	CMOS input/analog input  A09883
UCS	b3	b2	Input pin	Measurement mode																																													
0	0	0	HCTR	Frequency measurement																																													
0	0	1	—	—																																													
0	1	0	—	—																																													
0	1	1	—	—																																													
UCS	b1	b0	Measurement time																																														
0	0	0	1 ms																																														
0	0	1	4 ms																																														
0	1	0	8 ms																																														
0	1	1	32 ms																																														

Note: * Applications must establish the output data in advance with an OUT, SPB, or RPB instruction and then set the pin to output mode with an IOS instruction when using the I/O switchable ports as output pins.

Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin	I/O	Function	I/O circuit												
56	FMIN	I	FM VCO (local oscillator) input. This pin is selected with the PLL instruction CW1. The input must be capacitor coupled. Input is disabled in backup mode, in halt mode, after a reset, and in PLL stop mode.	CMOS amplifier input  A09884												
57	AMIN	I	AM VCO (local oscillator) input. This pin and the bandwidth are selected with the PLL instruction CW1. <table border="1" data-bbox="458 609 745 710"><thead><tr><th>CW1</th><th>b1</th><th>b0</th><th>Bandwidth</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>2 to 40 MHz (SW)</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0.5 to 10 MHz (MW, LW)</td></tr></tbody></table> The input must be capacitor coupled. Input is disabled in backup mode, in halt mode, after a reset, and in PLL stop mode.	CW1	b1	b0	Bandwidth	1	0	0	2 to 40 MHz (SW)	1	1	1	0.5 to 10 MHz (MW, LW)	CMOS amplifier input  A09885
CW1	b1	b0	Bandwidth													
1	0	0	2 to 40 MHz (SW)													
1	1	1	0.5 to 10 MHz (MW, LW)													
59	E0	O	The main charge pump output. When the local oscillator frequency divided by N is higher than the reference frequency a high level is output, when lower, a low level is output, and the pin is set to the high-impedance state when the frequencies match. Output goes to the high-impedance state in backup mode, in halt mode, after a reset, and in PLL stop mode.	Push-pull CMOS output  A09886												
60 61 62	AIN AOUT AGND	O	Transistor used for the low-pass filter amplifier. Connect AGND to ground.	 A09887												
24 58 55	VSS VSS VDD	— — —	Power supply pin. This pin must be connected to ground. Power supply pin. This pin must be connected to ground. Power supply pin. This pin must be connected to VDD.													

Handling of Unused Pins

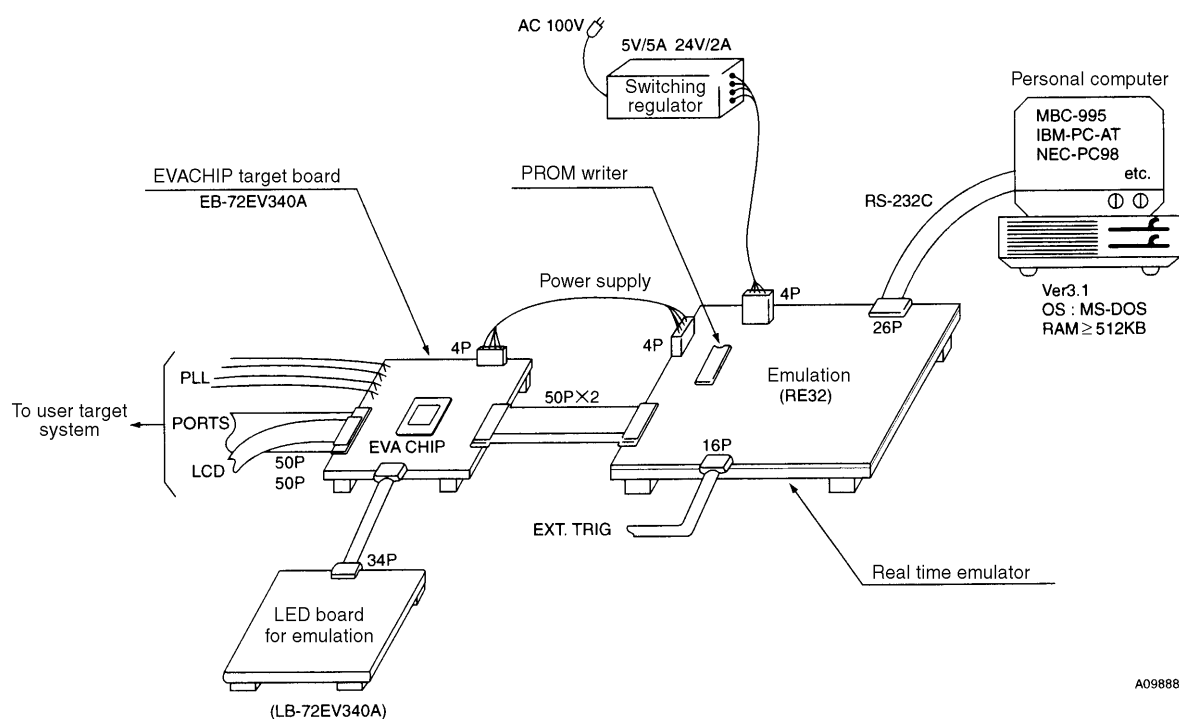
Pin No.	Pin	I/O type	Pin handling
3 to 6	PA port	I	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} . May be left open if the pull-up resistor is selected with the IOS instruction.
7 to 10	PB port	O	Open
11 to 14	PC port	I/O	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} when input is selected. Leave open if output is selected.
15 to 18	PD port	I/O	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} when input is selected. Leave open if output is selected.
19, 20	PE port	O	Open
21 to 23	PF port	I	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} . The PF2 pin only may be left open if the pull-up resistor is selected with the IOS instruction.
25 to 28	PG/S ports	I/O/S	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} when input is selected. Leave open if output or LCD operation is selected.
29 to 32	PH/S ports	I/O/S	Connect to V _{DD} or V _{SS} when input is selected. Leave open if output or LCD operation is selected.
33 to 41	S port	O	Open
45 to 48	COM	O	Open
49	DBR1	—	Connect to DBR2 through a capacitor.
50	DBR2	—	Connect to DBR1 through a capacitor.
51	DBR3	—	Connect to V _{SS} through a capacitor.
52	DBR4	—	Connect to V _{SS} through a capacitor.
53	RES	I	V _{DD}
54	HCTR	I	V _{SS} Leave open if FMIN is used.
56	FMIN	I	V _{SS}
57	AMIN	I	V _{SS}
59	EO	O	Open
60	AIN	I	V _{SS}
61	AOUT	O	Open
63	TEST1	I	Connect to V _{SS} or leave open. Connection to V _{SS} is preferable.
2	TEST2	I	Connect to V _{SS} or leave open. Connection to V _{SS} is preferable.

Mask Options

Port		Selection	
1	PG3/S20	General-purpose port	LCD port
2	PG2/S19	General-purpose port	LCD port
3	PG1/S18	General-purpose port	LCD port
4	PG0/S17	General-purpose port	LCD port
5	PH3/S16	General-purpose port	LCD port
6	PH2/S15	General-purpose port	LCD port
7	PH1/S14	General-purpose port	LCD port
8	PH0/S13	General-purpose port	LCD port

Development Environment and Tools

- The LC72P341 is available as a OTP version.
- The LC72EV340 is available as an evaluation chip.
- A total debugging system is formed by the combination of the TB-72EV32 evaluation chip board, the RE32 multi-function emulator, and a personal computer for system control.



A09888

Instruction Set

Instruction group	Mnemonic	Opcode		Machine code								Operation
		1st	2nd	15	12	11	8	7	4	3	0	
Addition instructions	AD	r	M	0100	00	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) + (M)$
	ADS	r	M	0100	01	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) + (M)$, skip if carry
	AC	r	M	0100	10	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) + (M) + C$
	ACS	r	M	0100	11	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) + (M) + C$, skip if carry
	AI	M	I	0101	00	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) + I$
	AIS	M	I	0101	01	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) + I$, skip if carry
	AIC	M	I	0101	10	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) + I + C$
	AICS	M	I	0101	11	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) + I + C$, skip if carry
Subtraction instructions	SU	r	M	0110	00	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) - (M)$
	SUS	r	M	0110	01	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) - (M)$, skip if borrow
	SB	r	M	0110	10	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) - (M) - b$
	SBS	r	M	0110	11	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) - (M) - b$, skip if borrow
	SI	M	I	0111	00	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) - I$
	SIS	M	I	0111	01	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) - I$, skip if borrow
	SIB	M	I	0111	10	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) - I - b$
	SIBS	M	I	0111	11	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) - I - b$, skip if borrow
Comparison instructions	SEQ	r	M	0001	00	DH	DL		r			$(r) \leftarrow (M)$, skip if zero
	SEQI	M	I	0001	10	DH	DL		I			$(M) \leftarrow I$, skip if zero
	SNEI	M	I	0000	01	DH	DL		I			$(M) \leftarrow I$, skip if not zero
	SGE	r	M	0001	10	DH	DL		r			$(r) \leftarrow (M)$, skip if not borrow
	SGEI	M	I	0001	11	DH	DL		I			$(M) \leftarrow I$, skip if not borrow
	SLEI	M	I	0000	11	DH	DL		I			$(M) \leftarrow I$, skip if borrow
Logic and arithmetic instructions	ANDI	M	I	0010	01	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) \text{ AND } I$
	ORI	M	I	0010	11	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) \text{ OR } I$
	EXLI	M	I	0011	10	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow (M) \text{ XOR } I$
	AND	r	M	0010	00	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) \text{ AND } M$
	OR	r	M	0010	10	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) \text{ OR } M$
	EXL	r	M	0011	00	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (r) \text{ XOR } M$
	SHR	r		0000	00	00	1110		r			Shift r right with carry
Transfer instructions	LD	r	M	1101	00	DH	DL		r			$r \leftarrow (M)$
	ST	M	r	1101	01	DH	DL		r			$M \leftarrow (r)$
	MVRD	r	M	1101	10	DH	DL		r			$[DH, r] \leftarrow (M)$
	MVRS	M	r	1101	11	DH	DL		r			$M \leftarrow [DH, r]$
	MVSR	M1	M2	1110	00	DH	DL1		DL2			$[DH, DL1] \leftarrow [DH, DL2]$
	MVI	M	I	1110	01	DH	DL		I			$M \leftarrow I$
Memory test instructions	TMT	M	N	1111	00	DH	DL		N			if M (N) = all 1, then skip
	TMF	M	N	1111	01	DH	DL		N			if M (N) = all 0, then skip
Jump and subroutine call instructions	JMP	ADDR		100	ADDR (13 bits)							$PC \leftarrow \text{ADDR}$
	CAL	ADDR		101	ADDR (13 bits)							$PC \leftarrow \text{ADDR}$, $\text{Stack} \leftarrow (PC) + 1$
	RT			0000	0000		1000					$PC \leftarrow \text{Stack}$
	RTI			0000	0000		1001					$PC \leftarrow \text{Stack}$, $\text{BANK} \leftarrow \text{Stack}$, $\text{carry} \leftarrow \text{stack}$
Status register test and flip-flop control instructions	SS	I	N	1111	1111		000I				N	$(\text{Status reg. I})N \leftarrow 1$
	RS	I	N	1111	1111		001I				N	$(\text{Status reg. I})N \leftarrow 0$
	TST	I	N	1111	1111		01I				N	if (Status reg. I)N = all 1, then skip
	TSF	I	N	1111	1111		10I				N	if (Status reg. I)N = all 0, then skip
	TUL	N		0000	0000		1101				N	if Unlock F/F (N) = all 0, then skip

Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page.

Instruction group	Mnemonic	Opcode		Machine code								Operation
		1st	2nd	15	12	11	8	7	4	3	0	
Peripheral hardware control instructions	PLL	M	r	1111	10	DH	DL	r				PLL reg. $\leftarrow$ PLL data
	TMS	I		0000	0000	1100	I					Timer reg. $\leftarrow$ I
	UCS	I		0000	0000	0001	I					UCS reg. $\leftarrow$ I
	UCC	I		0000	0000	0010	I					UCC reg. $\leftarrow$ I
	BEEP	I		0000	0000	0110	I					BEEP reg. $\leftarrow$ I
	DZC	I		0000	0000	1011	I					DZC reg. $\leftarrow$ I
	BANK	I		0000	0000	0111	I					BANK $\leftarrow$ I
	IOS	Pn	I	1111	1110	Pn	I					IOS reg. Pn $\leftarrow$ I
I/O instructions	INR	M	Rn	0011	10	DH	DL	r				M $\leftarrow$ (Rn reg.)
	IN	M	Pn	1110	10	DH	DL	Pn				M $\leftarrow$ (Pn)
	OUT	M	Ph	1110	11	DH	DL	Pn				Pn $\leftarrow$ M
	SPB	Pn	N	0000	0010	Pn	N					(Pn) N $\leftarrow$ 1
	RPB	Pn	N	0000	0011	Pn	N					(Pn) N $\leftarrow$ 0
	TPT	Pn	N	1111	1100	Pn	N					if (Pn) N = all 1, then skip
	TPF	Pn	N	1111	1101	Pn	N					if (Pn) N = all 0, then skip
LCD control instructions	LCDA	M	I	1100	00	DH	DL	DIGIT				LCD (DIGIT) $\leftarrow$ M
	LCDB	M	I	1100	01	DH	DL	DIGIT				
	LCPA	M	I	1100	10	DH	DL	DIGIT				LCD (DIGIT) $\leftarrow$ Logic
	LCPB	M	I	1100	11	DH	DL	DIGIT				Array $\leftarrow$ M
Other instructions	HALT	I		0000	0000	0100	I					HALT reg. $\leftarrow$ I, then CPU Stop
	CKSTP			0000	0000	0101						Stop Xtal OSC
	NOP			0000	0000	0000						No operation

- No products described or contained herein are intended for use in surgical implants, life-support systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, vehicles, disaster/crime-prevention equipment and the like, the failure of which may directly or indirectly cause injury, death or property loss.
- Anyone purchasing any products described or contained herein for an above-mentioned use shall:
 - ① Accept full responsibility and indemnify and defend SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors and all their officers and employees, jointly and severally, against any and all claims and litigation and all damages, cost and expenses associated with such use:
 - ② Not impose any responsibility for any fault or negligence which may be cited in any such claim or litigation on SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors or any of their officers and employees jointly or severally.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. SANYO believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.

This catalog provides information as of March, 1998. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.