# NPC

High-stability Crystal Oscillator IC with Frequency Adjustment Function

# OVERVIEW

The 5041 series are high-stability clock oscillator ICs with built-in frequency adjustment functions. The frequency adjustment functions can be optimized, by the addition of a minimal adjustment process, to improve the frequency stability. The function is implemented using frequency adjustment data written to a built-in EEPROM over a 1-wire serial interface. The ICs are ideal for compact crystal oscillators for use in applications such as WiMAX (Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access) and PLC (Power Line Communication) that require high frequency stability in the order of  $\pm 30$  to  $\pm 10$  ppm. They use a pad layout suitable for flip chip bonding mounting.

## FEATURES

 Realizing frequency stability improvement with minimal additional process

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- Temperature compensation range/ operating temperature range: -40°C to +85°C
- Frequency adjustment functions built-in
- Frequency-temperature characteristics compensation function

AT-cut crystal, 3rd order harmonic frequencytemperature characteristics compensation, with independent low-temperature and high-temperature range compensation settings

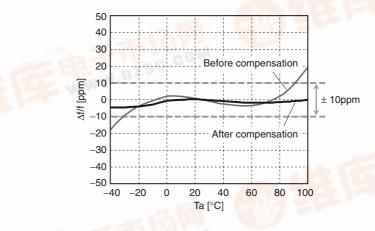
- Center frequency adjustment function
- Temperature rotation compensation function
- Low-temperature characteristics compensation
- High-temperature characteristics compensation
- Rewritable EEPROM built-in
- 6 pads: same as general clock oscillator ICs

- Operating supply voltage range
  - 5041A××: 2.25V to 3.63V
  - 5041B×A: 1.60V to 2.25V
- Recommended oscillation frequency range: 20MHz to 55MHz (for fundamental oscillation)
   Frequency divider built-in:
  - Selectable by version:  $f_0$ ,  $f_0/2$ ,  $f_0/4$ ,  $f_0/8$ ,  $f_0/16$ ,  $f_0/32$

5041 series

- Frequency divider output for 0.625MHz (min) low frequency output
- Standby function
  - High-impedance in standby mode, oscillator stops CMOS output
  - 15pF output load
  - Pad layout for flip chip bonding
  - Wafer form (WF5041×××)
  - water torni (wF3041×××

#### FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS COMPENSATION BEFORE and AFTER ADJUSTMENT



## **APPLICATIONS**

- 3.2mm × 2.5mm, 2.5mm × 2.0mm, 2.0mm × 1.6mm size miniature crystal oscillator modules
- WiMAX, WiBro, PLC and applications requiring high-stability clock oscillators

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package
WF5041×××-4	Wafer form



# SERIES CONFIGURATION

	Recommended	Operating			Output frequency and version name <sup>*3</sup>					
Pad layout	ayout frequency range <sup>*1</sup> [MHz]	supply voltage range [V]	adjustment function gain setting ratio <sup>*2</sup>	f <sub>O</sub>	f <sub>0</sub> /2	f <sub>O</sub> /4	f <sub>O</sub> /8	f <sub>0</sub> /16	f <sub>0</sub> /32	
		2.25 to 3.63	1	5041A1A	5041A2A	5041A3A	5041A4A	5041A5A	5041A6A	
for flip chip bonding	20 to 55		2	5041A1B	5041A2B	5041A3B	5041A4B	5041A5B	5041A6B	
g			(1)	(5041B1A)	(5041B2A)	(5041B3A)	(5041B4A)	(5041B5A)	(5041B6A)	

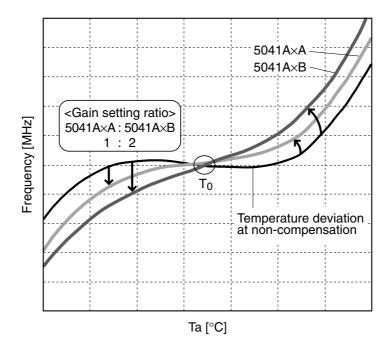
\*1. The recommended oscillation frequency is a yardstick value derived from the crystal used for NPC characteristics authentication. However, the oscillation frequency range is not guaranteed. Specifically, the characteristics can vary greatly due to crystal characteristics and mounting conditions, so the oscillation characteristics of components must be carefully evaluated.

\*2. Values in parentheses () are provisional only.

\*3. Versions in parentheses () are under development.

# TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT FUNCTION GAIN SETTING RATIO

Temperature adjustment function gain setting ratio of 5041A×A and 5041A×B differs. In the case of temperature adjustment function that rotates temperature characteristics on  $T_0$  origin, adjustment sensitivity of 5041A×B is designed twice as higher than that of 5041A×A based on non-compensation temperature deviation in same register value setting.

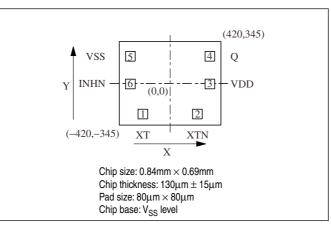


## **VERSION NAME**

Device	Package	Version name
WF5041xxx-4	Wafer form	WF5041       -4         Form WF: Wafer form       Image: Comparison of the second section of the second s

## PAD LAYOUT

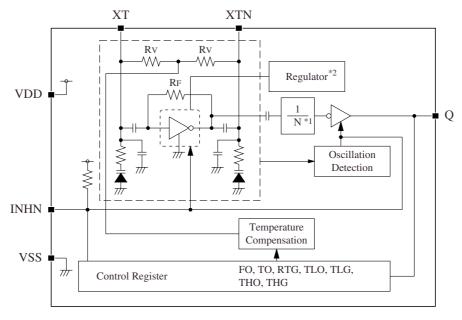
(Unit: µm)



# PAD DIMENSIONS PIN DESCRIPTION

Pad No.	Pin	I/O	Nome	Description	Pad dimen	ensions [µm]	
Pad No.	Pin	1/0	Name	Description	Х	Y	
1	ХТ	I	Amplifier input	Crystal connection pins.	-225.2	-253.5	
2	XTN	0	Amplifier output	Crystal is connected between XT and XTN.	225.2	-253.5	
3	VDD	-	(+) supply voltage	-	328.5	-5.0	
4	Q	0	Output	Output frequency determined by internal circuit to one of $f_0$ , $f_0/2$ , $f_0/4$ , $f_0/8$ , $f_0/16$ , $f_0/32$ . High impedance in standby mode	328.5	223.8	
5	VSS	-	(–) ground	-	-328.5	223.8	
6	INHN	I	Output state control input	High impedance when LOW (oscillator stops). Power-saving pull-up resistor built-in.	-328.5	-5.0	

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



\*1. N = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 (mask option) \*2. 5041A×× version only

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

 $V_{SS} = 0V$  unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	V <sub>DD</sub>	Between VDD and VSS	-0.3 to +4.0	V
Program read/write supply voltage range	V <sub>PP</sub>	Between INHN and VSS	-0.3 to +16.5	V
Input voltage range <sup>*1</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input pins	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Output voltage range <sup>*1</sup>	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output pins	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	Q pin	± 20	mA
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	Wafer form	-65 to +150	°C
EEPROM maximum writes	N <sub>EW</sub>		100	times

\*1.  $V_{\text{DD}}$  is a  $V_{\text{DD}}$  value of recommended operating conditions.

Note. Absolute maximum ratings are the values that must never exceed even for a moment. This product may suffer breakdown if any one of these parameter ratings is exceeded. Operation and characteristics are guaranteed only when the product is operated at recommended supply voltage range.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

 $V_{SS} = 0V$  unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			Unit		
Farameter	Symbol			Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage	V	Between VDD and VSS	5041A××	2.25	-	3.63	V
	V <sub>DD</sub>	Between VDD and VSS	5041B×A	1.60	-	2.25	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input pins (XT, INHN)		V <sub>SS</sub>	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Operating temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>				-	+85	°C
Oscillation frequency*2	fo	5041A××		20	-	55	MHz
Oscillation frequency -		5041B×A		(20)	-	(55)	MHz
Output fragmanau <sup>*2</sup>	4	0 nin	5041A××	0.625	-	55	MHz
Output frequency <sup>*2</sup>	fout	Q pin	5041B×A	(0.625)	-	(55)	MHz
Output load capacitance	C <sub>LOUT</sub>	Q pin		-	-	15	pF

\*1. Values in parentheses () are provisional only.
\*2. The recommended oscillation frequency is a yardstick value derived from the crystal used for NPC characteristics authentication. However, the oscillation frequency range is not guaranteed. Specifically, the characteristics can vary greatly due to crystal characteristics and mounting conditions, so the oscillation characteristics of components must be carefully evaluated.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## DC Characteristics (5041A1× to A6×)

 $V_{DD}$  = 2.25V to 3.63V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V, Ta = -40°C to +85°C,  $C_{LOUT}$  = 15pF unless otherwise noted.

Barrantan	Quarter	O and this are		Unit			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Onit	
		$5041A1 \times (f_{OUT} = f_{OUT}),$	$V_{DD} = 2.5V$	-	1.4	2.8	mA
		Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = $48$ MHz	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	-	1.7	3.4	mA
		$5041A2 \times (f_{OUT} = f_{O}/2),$	$V_{DD} = 2.5V$	-	1.1	2.2	mA
		Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	-	1.4	2.7	mA
		$5041A3 \times (f_{OUT} = f_{O}/4),$	$V_{DD} = 2.5V$	-	1.0	1.9	mA
Operating-mode current		Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = $48$ MHz	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	-	1.2	2.4	mA
consumption <sup>*1</sup>	I <sub>DD</sub>	$5041A4 \times (f_{OUT} = f_{O}/8),$	$V_{DD} = 2.5V$	-	0.9	1.7	mA
		Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	-	1.0	2.1	mA
			$V_{DD} = 2.5V$	-	0.8	1.7	mA
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V	-	1.0	2.0	mA
		$\begin{array}{l} 5041A6\times (f_{OUT}=\text{fo}/32),\\ \text{Measurement circuit 1, no load,}\\ \text{INHN}=\text{HIGH, fo}=48\text{MHz} \end{array}$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V	_	0.8	1.6	mA
			$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	-	1.0	2.0	mA
Standby-mode current consumption	I <sub>ST</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, INHN = I	_OW	-	-	10	μΑ
HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	Q pin, Measurement circuit 3, I <sub>O</sub>	<sub>H</sub> =4mA	V <sub>DD</sub> 0.4	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Q pin, Measurement circuit 3, I <sub>O</sub>	L = 4mA	-	-	0.4	V
		Measurement circuit 4,	$Q = V_{DD}$	-	-	10	μA
Output leakage current	ΙZ	INHN = LOW	$Q = V_{SS}$	-10	-	-	μA
HIGH-level input current	V <sub>IH</sub>	INHN pin, Measurement circuit 5	:	0.7V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V
LOW-level input current	V <sub>IL</sub>	initini pin, measurement circuit s	)	-	-	0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	R <sub>PU1</sub>	Measurement circuit 6	$INHN = V_{SS}$	0.4	1.5	10	MΩ
INHN pull-up resistance	R <sub>PU2</sub>		$INHN = 0.7V_{DD}$	50	100	200	kΩ

\*1. The consumption current  $I_{DD}$  ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) with a load capacitance ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) connected to the Q pin is given by the following equation, where  $I_{DD}$  is the no-load consumption current and  $f_{OUT}$  is the output frequency.  $I_{DD}$  ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) [mA] =  $I_{DD}$  [mA] +  $C_{LOUT}$  [pF] ×  $V_{DD}$  [V] ×  $f_{OUT}$  [MHz] × 10<sup>-3</sup>

## DC Characteristics (5041B1A to B6A)

 $V_{DD}$  = 1.60V to 2.25V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V, Ta = -40°C to +85°C,  $C_{LOUT}$  = 15pF unless otherwise noted.

Deveryoter	Gumbal	Quaditions		Unit			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit
		5041B1A (f <sub>OUT</sub> = fo), Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V		-	1.7	3.4	mA
		5041B2A (f <sub>OUT</sub> = fo/2), Measure no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48N		-	1.5	3.3	mA
Operating-mode current		5041B3A (f <sub>OUT</sub> = fo/4), Measure no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48N		-	1.4	3.2	mA
consumption <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>DD</sub>	5041B4A ( $f_{OUT}$ = fo/8), Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V		-	1.4	3.1	mA
		5041B5A (f <sub>OUT</sub> = fo/16), Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz, $V_{DD}$ = 1.8V		-	1.3	3.1	mA
		5041B6A (f <sub>OUT</sub> = fo/32), Measurement circuit 1, no load, INHN = HIGH, fo = 48MHz, $V_{DD}$ = 1.8V		-	1.3	3.0	mA
Standby-mode current consumption	I <sub>ST</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, INHN =	LOW	-	-	10	μA
HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	Q pin, Measurement circuit 3, I <sub>O</sub>	<sub>H</sub> =4mA	V <sub>DD</sub> 0.4	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Q pin, Measurement circuit 3, I <sub>O</sub>	<sub>L</sub> = 4mA	-	-	0.4	V
Output leaders aurrent		Measurement circuit 4,	$Q = V_{DD}$	-	-	10	μA
Output leakage current	Ιz	INHN = LOW	$Q = V_{SS}$	-10	-	-	μA
HIGH-level input current	V <sub>IH</sub>			0.7V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V
LOW-level input current	V <sub>IL</sub>	INHN pin, Measurement circuit 5		_	_	0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	R <sub>PU1</sub>	Management size it C	$INHN = V_{SS}$	0.4	1.5	10	MΩ
INHN pull-up resistance	R <sub>PU2</sub>	Measurement circuit 6	$INHN = 0.7V_{DD}$	50	100	200	kΩ

\*1. The consumption current  $I_{DD}$  ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) with a load capacitance ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) connected to the Q pin is given by the following equation, where  $I_{DD}$  is the no-load consumption current and  $f_{OUT}$  is the output frequency.  $I_{DD}$  ( $C_{LOUT}$ ) [mA] =  $I_{DD}$  [mA] +  $C_{LOUT}$  [pF] ×  $V_{DD}$  [V] ×  $f_{OUT}$  [MHz] × 10<sup>-3</sup>

#### **AC Characteristics**

#### Clock output characteristics (5041A1× to A6×, Q pin)

 $V_{DD}$  = 2.25V to 3.63V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V, Ta = -40°C to +85°C,  $C_{LOUT}$  = 15pF unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Cumhal	Conditions		Unit		
	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit
Output rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, $0.1V_{DD} \rightarrow 0.9V_{DD}$	-	-	4.5	ns
Output fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, $0.9V_{DD} \rightarrow 0.1V_{DD}$	-	-	4.5	ns
Output duty cycle*1	Duty	Measurement circuit 1, threshold voltage $0.5V_{DD}$ , Duty = Tw/T $\times$ 100	45	50	55	%
Output disable delay time	t <sub>OD</sub>	Measurement circuit 2, INHN = HIGH $\rightarrow$ LOW	-	-	100	ns

\*1. This parameter is measured using the NPC's standard crystal. Note that the values will vary with the crystal characteristics used or mounting conditions.

#### Clock output characteristics (5041B1A to B6A, Q pin)

 $V_{DD} = 1.60V$  to 2.25V,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $C_{LOUT} = 15pF$  unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions		Rating <sup>*1</sup>			
	Symbol		MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	Unit	
Output rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, $0.1V_{DD} \rightarrow 0.9V_{DD}$	-	-	5	ns	
Output fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	Measurement circuit 1, $0.9V_{DD} \rightarrow 0.1V_{DD}$	-	-	5	ns	
Output duty cycle <sup>*2</sup>	Duty	Measurement circuit 1, threshold voltage 0.5V <sub>DD</sub> , Duty = Tw/T $\times$ 100	(45)	(50)	(55)	%	
Output disable delay time	t <sub>OD</sub>	Measurement circuit 2, INHN = HIGH $\rightarrow$ LOW	-	-	100	ns	

\*1. Values in parentheses () are provisional only.

\*2. This parameter is measured using the NPC's standard crystal. Note that the values will vary with the crystal characteristics used or mounting conditions.

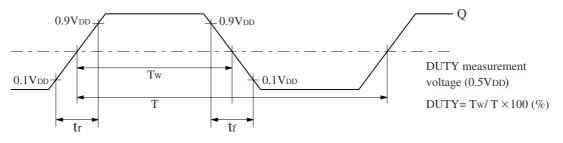
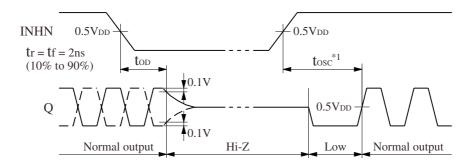
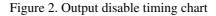


Figure 1. Output switching waveform



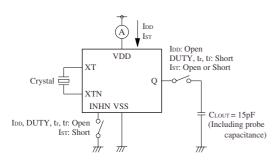
\*1. t<sub>OSC</sub> is oscillator start-up time. It is interval of time until the oscillation is stabilized and varies with the crystal used. Please contact us for further details.



## **MEASUREMENT CIRCUITS**

#### **Measurement Circuit 1**

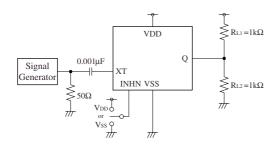
Parameters: I<sub>DD</sub>, I<sub>ST</sub>, Duty, t<sub>r</sub>, t<sub>f</sub>



Note: The AC characteristics are observed using an oscilloscope on pin Q.

#### **Measurement Circuit 2**

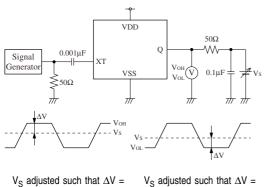
Parameters: t<sub>OD</sub>



XT input signal: 1Vp-p, sine wave

## **Measurement Circuit 3**

Parameters: V<sub>OH</sub>, V<sub>OL</sub>



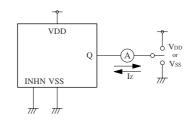
 $V_{\rm S}$  adjusted such that  $\Delta V = 50 \times I_{\rm OH}$ .

 $V_S$  adjusted such the  $50 \times I_{OL}$ .

XT input signal: 1Vp-p, sine wave

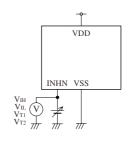
#### **Measurement Circuit 4**

Parameters: I<sub>Z</sub>



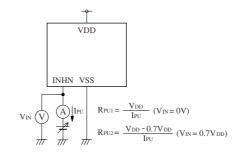
## **Measurement Circuit 5**

Parameters:  $V_{IH}$ ,  $V_{IL}$ 



#### **Measurement Circuit 6**

Parameters: R<sub>PU1</sub>, R<sub>PU2</sub>



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### **Frequency Adjustment Function**

The 5041 series ICs have a built-in oscillator frequency adjustment function. The frequency adjustment settings are written to and stored in internal EEPROM, making the devices easy to setup. A typical compensation sequence is shown below.

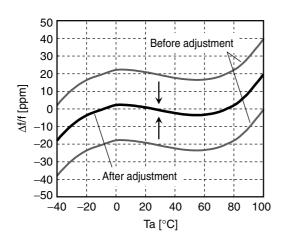


Figure 3. Center frequency adjustment

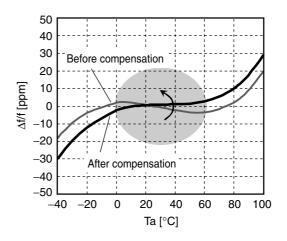


Figure 4. Temperature rotation compensation

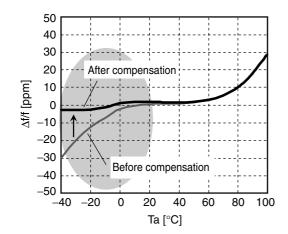


Figure 5. Low-temperature characteristics compensation

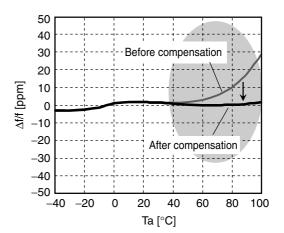


Figure 6. High-temperature characteristics compensation

#### **Power-saving Pull-up Resistor**

The INHN pin pull-up resistance  $R_{PU1}$  or  $R_{PU2}$  changes in response to the input level (open, HIGH, or LOW). When INHN is tied LOW level, the pull-up resistance is large ( $R_{PU1}$ ), reducing the current consumed by the resistance. When INHN is left open circuit (HIGH), the pull-up resistance is small ( $R_{PU2}$ ), which increases the input susceptibility to external noise. However, the pull-up resistance ties the INHN pin HIGH level to prevent external noise from unexpectedly stopping the output.

#### **Oscillation Detector Function**

The 5041 series also feature an oscillation detector circuit. This circuit functions to disable the outputs until the oscillator circuit starts and oscillation becomes stable. This alleviates the danger of abnormal oscillator output at oscillator start-up when power is applied or when INHN is switched.

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NC0904AE 2009.10