





SLAS449C-FEBRUARY 2005-REVISED NOVEMBER 2006

# 16-Bit, Ultra-Low Power, Voltage-Output Digital-to-Analog Converters

# **FEATURES**

- 16-Bit Resolution
- 2.7 V to 5.5 V Single-Supply Operation
- Very Low Power: 15  $\mu$ W for 3 V Power
- High Accuracy, INL: 1 LSB
- Low Glitch: 10 nV-s
- Low Noise: 10 nV/√Hz
- Fast Settling: 1.0 μS
- Fast SPI<sup>™</sup> Interface, up to 50 MHz
- Reset to Zero-Code
- Schmitt-Trigger Inputs for Direct Optocoupler Interface
- Industry-Standard Pin Configuration

# APPLICATIONS

- Portable Equipment
- Automatic Test Equipment
- Industrial Process Control
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Optical Networking

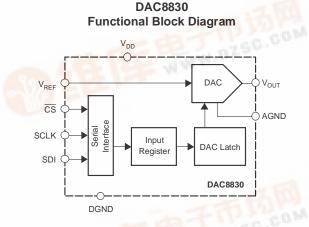
# DESCRIPTION

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are single, 16-bit, serial-input, voltage-output digital-to-analog converters (DACs) operating from a single 3 V to 5 V power supply. These converters provide excellent linearity (1 LSB INL), low glitch, low noise, and fast settling (1.0  $\mu$ S to 1/2 LSB of full-scale output) over the specified temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. The output is unbuffered, which reduces the power consumption and the error introduced by the buffer.

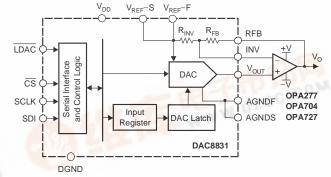
These parts feature a standard high-speed (clock up to 50 MHz), 3 V or 5 V SPI serial interface to communicate with the DSP or microprocessors.

The DAC8830 output is 0 V to  $V_{REF}$ . However, the DAC8831 provides bipolar output ( $\pm V_{REF}$ ) when working with an external buffer. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are both reset to zero-code after power up. For optimum performance, a set of Kelvin connections to external reference and analog ground input are provided on the DAC8831.

The DAC8830 is available in an SO-8 package, and the DAC8831 in an SO-14 package. Both have industry standard pinouts (see Table 3, the cross-reference table in the Application Information section for details). The DAC8831 is also available in a QFN-14 package.



DAC8831 Functional Block Diagram



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products contorm to specifications per the terms of the Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not recessingly include testing of all parameters.

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# DAC8830 DAC8831



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

| PRODUCT       | MINIMUM<br>RELATIVE<br>ACCURACY<br>(LSB) | DIFFERENTIAL<br>NONLINEARITY<br>(LSB) | POWER-<br>ON<br>RESET<br>VALUE | SPECIFIED<br>TEMPERATURE<br>RANGE | PACKAGE<br>MARKING | PACKAGE-<br>LEAD | PACKAGE<br>DESIGNATOR | ORDERING<br>NUMBER | TRANSPORT<br>MEDIA,<br>QUANTITY |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| DAC8830ID     | ±4                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88301              | SO-8             | D                     | DAC8830ID          | Tubes, 75                       |
| DAG00000D     | <u>-</u>                                 | ÷1                                    | 2010-0000                      | -40 0 10 403 0                    | 00001              | 00-0             | D                     | DAC8830IDR         | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8830IBD    | ±2                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88301              | SO-8             | D                     | DAC8830IBD         | Tubes, 75                       |
| DAC6650IBD    | ΞZ                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40 C 10 +65 C                    | 00301              | 30-8             | D                     | DAC8830IBDR        | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8830ICD    | ±1                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88301              | SO-8             | D                     | DAC8830ICD         | Tubes, 75                       |
| DAC6650ICD    | ΞI                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40 C 10 +65 C                    | 00301              | 30-8             | D                     | DAC8830ICDR        | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8831ID     | ±4                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | SO-14            | D                     | DAC8831ID          | Tube, 50                        |
| DAC66311D     | ±4                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | 50-14            | D                     | DAC8831IDR         | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8831IBD    | ±2                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | SO-14            | D                     | DAC8831IBD         | Tube, 50                        |
| DAC66311BD    | ±Ζ                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | 50-14            | D                     | DAC8831IBDR        | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8831ICD    | 14                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | SO-14            | D                     | DAC8831ICD         | Tube, 50                        |
| DAC66311CD    | ±1                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | 50-14            | D                     | DAC8831ICDR        | Tape and Reel, 2500             |
| DAC8831IRGY   | ±4                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | QFN-14           | RGY                   | DAC8831IRGYT       | Tape and Reel, 250              |
| DAG663 HKG Y  | ±4                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | QFN-14           | RGT                   | DAC8831IRGYR       | Tape and Reel, 1000             |
| DAC8831IBRGY  | ±2                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | QFN-14           | RGY                   | DAC8831IBRGYT      | Tape and Reel, 250              |
| DAC663 HBRG I | ±Ζ                                       | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | QFN-14           | RGT                   | DAC8831IBRGYR      | Tape and Reel, 1000             |
| DAC8831ICRGY  | ±1                                       | ±1                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40°C to +85°C                    | 88311              | QFN-14           | RGY                   | DAC8831ICRGYT      | Tape and Reel, 250              |
| DAC003TICKGT  | Ξ  | ΞI                                    | Zero-Code                      | -40 C 10 +85°C                    | 00311              | QFN-14           | RGT                   | DAC8831ICRGYR      | Tape and Reel, 1000             |

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this data sheet, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                                  |                   | DAC8830, DAC8831   | UNIT |  |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|------|--|--|
| V <sub>DD</sub> to AGND          |                   | -0.3 to +7   | V    |  |  |
| Digital input voltage to DGND    |                   | –0.3 to +V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3                           | V    |  |  |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> to AGND         |                   | -0.3 to +V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3                           | V    |  |  |
| AGND, AGNDF, AGNDS to DO         | GND               | -0.3 to +0.3   | V    |  |  |
| Operating temperature range      |                   | -40 to +85   | °C   |  |  |
| Storage temperature range        |                   | -65 to +150  | °C   |  |  |
| Junction temperature range (T    | <sub>J</sub> max) | +150   | °C   |  |  |
| Power dissipation                |                   | (Τ <sub>J</sub> max - Τ <sub>A</sub> ) / θ <sub>JA</sub> | W    |  |  |
|                                  | QFN-14            | 54.9   | °C/W |  |  |
| Thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ | SO-8              | 136.9  | °C/W |  |  |
|                                  | SO-14             | 66.6   | °C/W |  |  |

(1) Stresses above those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

All specifications at  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ ,  $V_{DD} = +3$  V or  $V_{DD} = +5$  V,  $V_{REF} = +2.5$  V unless otherwise noted; specifications subject to change without notice.

|                               |  |   | DAC               | C8830, DAC8 | 831               |        |  |
|-------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| PARA                          | METER                                      | CONDITIONS                              | MIN               | TYP         | MAX               | UNIT   |  |
| STATIC PERFORMANCE            |  |   | H                 |             |                   |        |  |
| Resolution                    |  |   | 16                |             |                   | bits   |  |
|                               | DAC8830ICD,<br>DAC8831ICD,<br>DAC8831ICRGY |   |                   | ±0.5        | ±1                |        |  |
| Linearity error               | DAC8830IBD,<br>DAC8831IBD,<br>DAC8831IBRGY |   |                   | ±0.5        | ±2                | LSB    |  |
|                               | DAC8830ID,<br>DAC8831ID,<br>DAC8831IRGY    |   |                   | ±0.5        | ±4                |        |  |
| Differential linearity        | error                                      | All grades                              |                   | ±0.5        | ±1                | LSB    |  |
| Osia seres                    |  | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$                    |                   | ±1          | ±5                |        |  |
| Gain error                    |  | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$  |                   |             | ±7                | LSB    |  |
| Gain drift                    |  |   |                   | ±0.1        |                   | ppm/°C |  |
| 7 .                           |  | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$                    |                   | ±0.25       | ±1                | LSB    |  |
| Zero code error               |  | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$  |                   |             | ±2                |        |  |
| Zero code drift               |  |   |                   | ±0.05       |                   | ppm/°C |  |
| UTPUT CHARACTERIST            | ICS  |   | H                 |             |                   |        |  |
|                               | All devices                                | Unipolar operation                      | 0                 |             | $+V_{REF}$        | V      |  |
| Voltage output <sup>(1)</sup> | DAC8831 only                               | Bipolar operation                       | -V <sub>REF</sub> |             | +V <sub>REF</sub> | V      |  |
| Output impedance              | L  |   |                   | 6.25        |                   | kΩ     |  |
| Settling time                 |  | To 1/2 LSB of FS, $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$ |                   | 1           |                   | μs     |  |
| Slew rate <sup>(2)</sup>      |  | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF                  |                   | 25          |                   | V/µs   |  |
| Digital-to-analog glit        | tch  | 1 LSB change around major carry         |                   | 10          |                   | nV-s   |  |
| Digital feedthrough           | (3)  |   |                   | 0.2         |                   | nV-s   |  |
|                               | DAC8830                                    | T 0500                                  |                   | 10          |                   |        |  |
| Output noise                  | DAC8831                                    | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$                    |                   | 18          |                   | nV/√Hz |  |
| Power-supply reject           | tion                                       | V <sub>DD</sub> varies ±10%             |                   |             | ±1                | LSB    |  |
| Bipolar resistor              | DAG0004 anti-                              | R <sub>FB</sub> / R <sub>INV</sub>      |                   | 1           |                   | Ω/Ω    |  |
| matching                      | DAC8831 only                               | Ratio error                             |                   | ±0.0015     | ±0.0076           | %      |  |
| Disalas                       | DAG0004 anti-                              | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                  |                   | ±0.25       | ±5                |        |  |
| Bipolar zero error            | DAC8831 only                               | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$  |                   |             | ±7                | LSB    |  |
| Bipolar zero drift            | DAC8831 only                               |   |                   | ±0.2        |                   | ppm/°C |  |

The DAC8830 output is unipolar (0 V to +V<sub>REF</sub>). The DAC8831 output is bipolar (±V<sub>REF</sub>) when it connects to an external buffer (see the Bipolar Output Operation section for details).
 Slew Rate is measure from 10% to 90% of transition when the output changes from 0 to full scale.

(3) Digital feedthrough is defined as the impulse injected into the analog output from the digital input. It is measured when the DAC output does not change; CS is held high, while SCLK and DIN signals are toggled.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

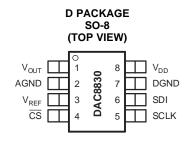
All specifications at  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ ,  $V_{DD} = +3$  V or  $V_{DD} = +5$  V,  $V_{REF} = +2.5$  V unless otherwise noted; specifications subject to change without notice.

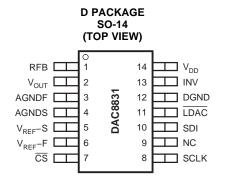
|                 |  |   | DAC  | DAC8830, DAC8831 |                 |      |
|-----------------|--|---|------|------------------|-----------------|------|
|                 | PARAMETER                                | CONDITIONS  | MIN  | TYP              | MAX             | UNIT |
| REFE            | RENCE INPUT                              |   |      |                  | L.              |      |
|                 | Reference input voltage range            |   | 1.25 |                  | V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
|                 | Defense insuiting along (4)              | Unipolar mode   | 9    |                  |                 | 1.0  |
|                 | Reference input impedance <sup>(4)</sup> | Bipolar mode, DAC8831   | 7.5  |                  |                 | kΩ   |
|                 | Reference –3dB bandwidth, BW             | Code = FFFFh  |      | 1.3              |                 | MHz  |
|                 | Reference feedthrough                    | Code = 0000h, V <sub>REF</sub> = 1 V <sub>PP</sub> at 100 kHz |      | 1                |                 | mV   |
|                 | Signal-to-noise ratio, SNR               |   |      | 92               |                 | dB   |
|                 | Defense insut an eiterer                 | Code = 0000h  |      | 75               |                 | - 5  |
|                 | Reference input capacitance              | Code = FFFFh  |      | 120              |                 | pF   |
| DIGIT           | TAL INPUTS                               | I   |      |                  |                 |      |
|                 |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V                                       |      |                  | 0.6             | V    |
| VIL             | Input low voltage                        | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V   |      |                  | 0.8             | v    |
| ,               |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V                                       | 2.1  |                  |                 |      |
| VIH             | Input high voltage                       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V   | 2.4  |                  |                 | V    |
|                 | Input current                            |   |      |                  | ±1              | μA   |
|                 | Input capacitance                        |   |      |                  | 10              | pF   |
|                 | Hysteresis voltage                       |   |      | 0.4              |                 | V    |
| POW             | ER SUPPLY                                | I   |      |                  |                 |      |
| V <sub>DD</sub> | Power-supply voltage                     |   | 2.7  |                  | 5.5             | V    |
|                 | Device everyty everyt                    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V   |      | 5                | 20              |      |
| DD              | Power-supply current                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V   |      | 5                | 20              | μA   |
|                 | Dawar                                    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V   |      | 15               | 60              |      |
|                 | Power                                    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V   |      | 25               | 100             | μW   |
| ГЕМР            | PERATURE RANGE                           |   | 1    |                  | 1               |      |
|                 | Specified performance                    |   | -40  |                  | +85             | °C   |

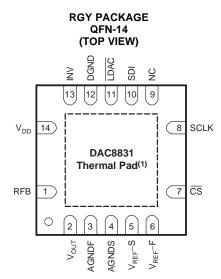
(4) Reference input resistance is code-dependent, minimum at 8555h.

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## **PIN CONFIGURATION (NOT TO SCALE)**





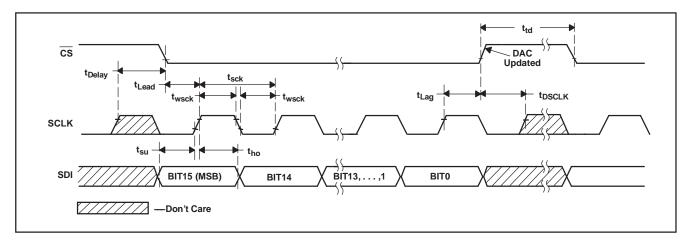


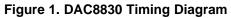
NOTE: (1) Exposed thermal pad in the QFN package must be connected to analog ground.

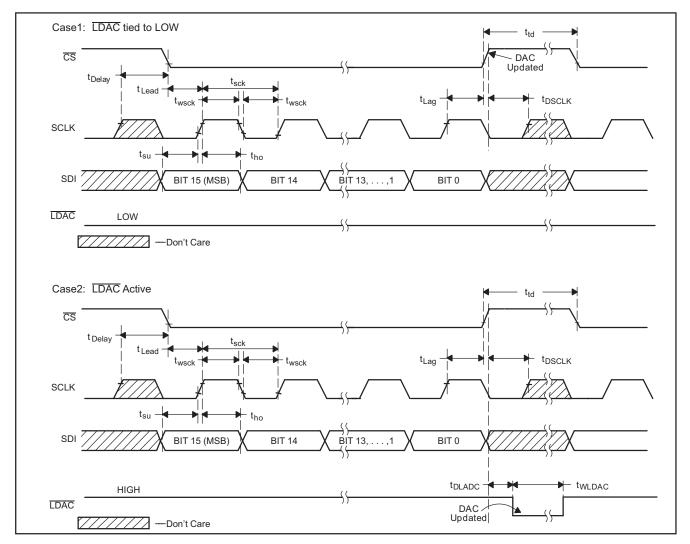
#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

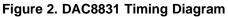
| TERMINAL |                     | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| NO.      | NAME                | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAC8830  |                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1        | V <sub>OUT</sub>    | Analog output of DAC  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2        | AGND                | Analog ground   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3        | V <sub>REF</sub>    | Voltage reference input   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4        | CS                  | Chip select input (active low). Data is not clocked into SDI unless CS is low   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5        | SCLK                | Serial clock input  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6        | SDI                 | Serial data input. Data is latched into input register on the rising edge of SCLK.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7        | DGND                | Digital ground  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8        | V <sub>DD</sub>     | Analog power supply, +3 V to +5 V   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DAC8831  |                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1        | RFB                 | Feedback resistor. Connect to the output of external operational amplifier in bipolar mode.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2        | V <sub>OUT</sub>    | Analog output of DAC  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3        | AGNDF               | Analog ground (Force)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4        | AGNDS               | Analog ground (Sense)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5        | V <sub>REF</sub> _S | Voltage reference input (Sense). Connect to external voltage reference  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6        | V <sub>REF</sub> _F | Voltage reference input (Force). Connect to external voltage reference  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7        | CS                  | Chip select input (active low). Data is not clocked into SDI unless $\overline{CS}$ is low.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8        | SCLK                | Serial clock input.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9        | NC                  | No internal connection  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10       | SDI                 | Serial data input. Data is latched into input register on the rising edge of SCLK.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11       | LDAC                | Load DAC control input. Active low. When LDAC is Low, the DAC latch is simultaneously updated with the content of the input register. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12       | DGND                | Digital ground  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13       | INV                 | Junction point of internal scaling resistors. Connect to external operational amplifier inverting input in bipolar mode.              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14       | V <sub>DD</sub>     | Analog power supply, +3 V to +5 V.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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# TIMING CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +5 V^{(1)(2)}$

At -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

|                    | PARAMETER                                       | MIN M | AX UNIT |
|--------------------|---|-------|---------|
| t <sub>sck</sub>   | SCLK period                                     | 20    | ns      |
| t <sub>wsck</sub>  | SCLK high or low time                           | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>Delay</sub> | Delay from SCLK high to CS low                  | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>Lead</sub>  | CS enable lead time                             | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>Lag</sub>   | CS enable lag time                              | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>DSCLK</sub> | Delay from CS high to SCLK high                 | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>td</sub>    | CS high between active period                   | 30    | ns      |
| t <sub>su</sub>    | Data setup time (input)                         | 10    | ns      |
| t <sub>ho</sub>    | Data hold time (input)                          | 0     | ns      |
| twldac             | LDAC width                                      | 30    | ns      |
| DLDAC              | Delay from CS high to LDAC low                  | 30    | ns      |
|                    | V <sub>DD</sub> high to CS low (power-up delay) | 10    | μs      |

Assured by design. Not production tested.
 Sample tested during the initial release and after any redesign or process changes that may affect this parameter.

# TIMING CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +3 V^{(1)(2)}$

At -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

|                    | PARAMETER   | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---|-----|-----|------|
| t <sub>sck</sub>   | SCLK period   | 20  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>wsck</sub>  | SCLK high or low time                                 | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>Delay</sub> | Delay from SCLK high to CS low                        | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>Lead</sub>  | CS enable lead time                                   | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>Lag</sub>   | CS enable lag time                                    | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>DSCLK</sub> | Delay from CS high to SCLK high                       | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>td</sub>    | CS high between active period                         | 30  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>su</sub>    | Data setup time (input)                               | 10  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>ho</sub>    | Data hold time (input)                                | 0   |     | ns   |
| t <sub>WLDAC</sub> | LDAC width  | 30  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>DLDAC</sub> | Delay from CS high to LDAC low                        | 30  |     | ns   |
|                    | $V_{DD}$ high to $\overline{CS}$ low (power-up delay) | 10  |     | μs   |

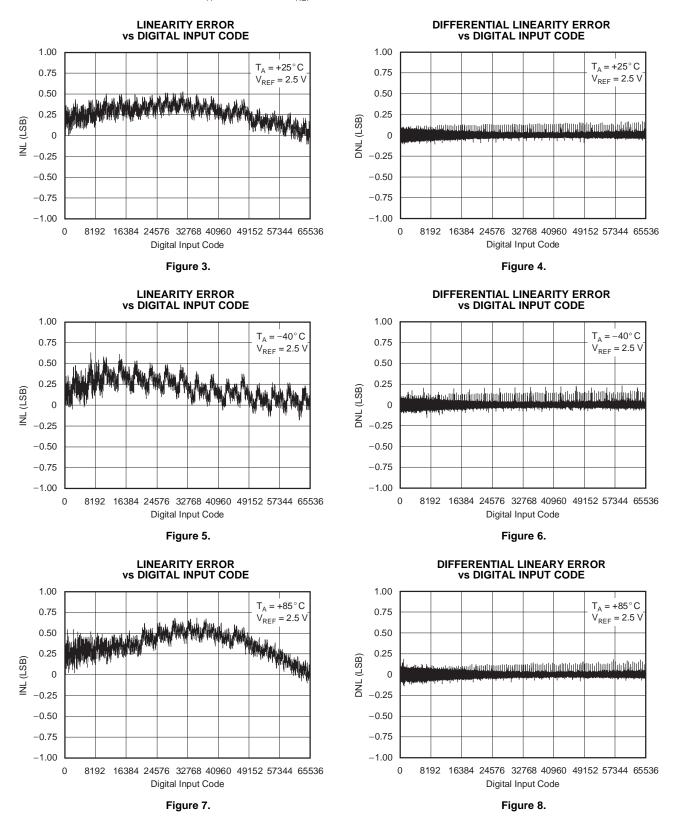
(1) Assured by design. Not production tested.

(2) Sample tested during the initial release and after any redesign or process changes that may affect this parameter.



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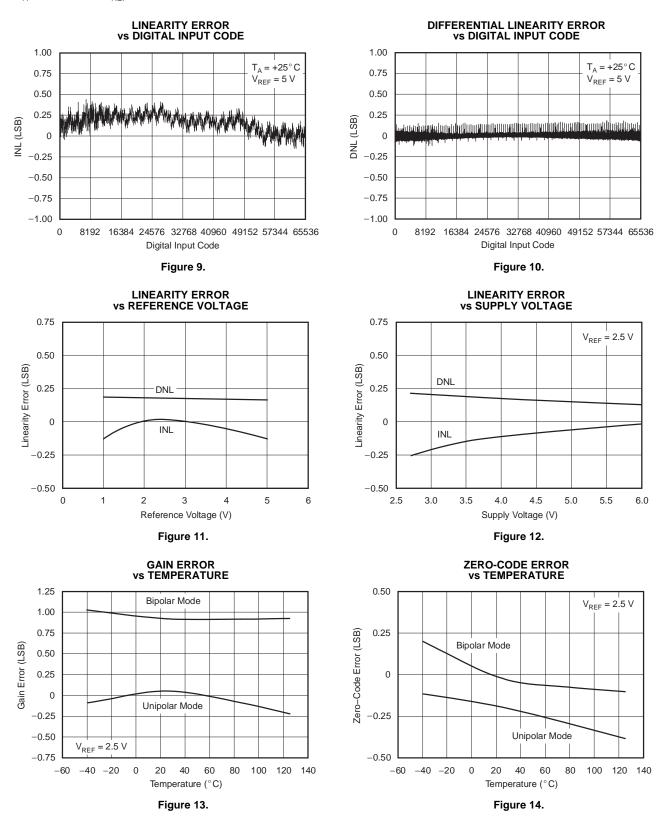
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +5 V$





DAC8830 DAC8831

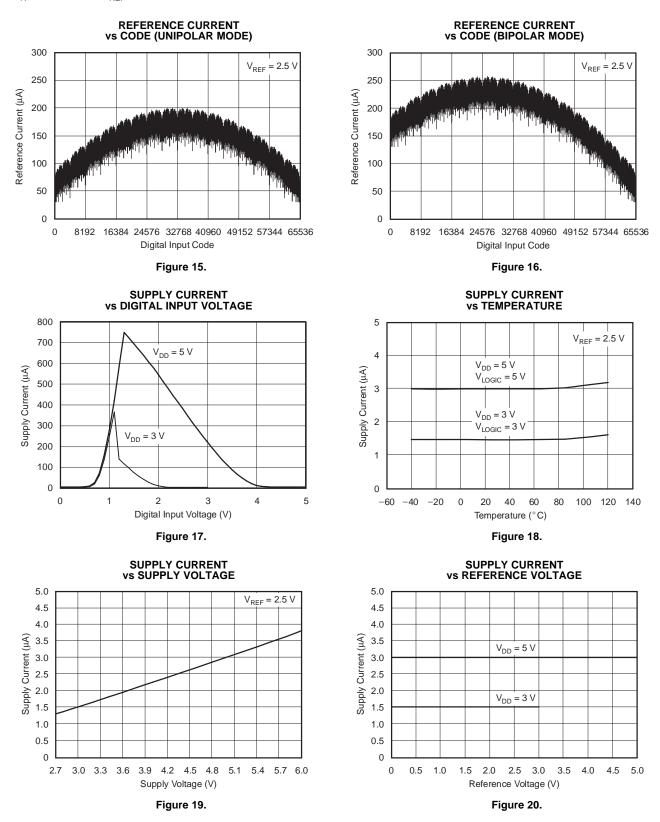
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V<sub>DD</sub> = +5 V (continued)





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# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V<sub>DD</sub> = +5 V (continued)



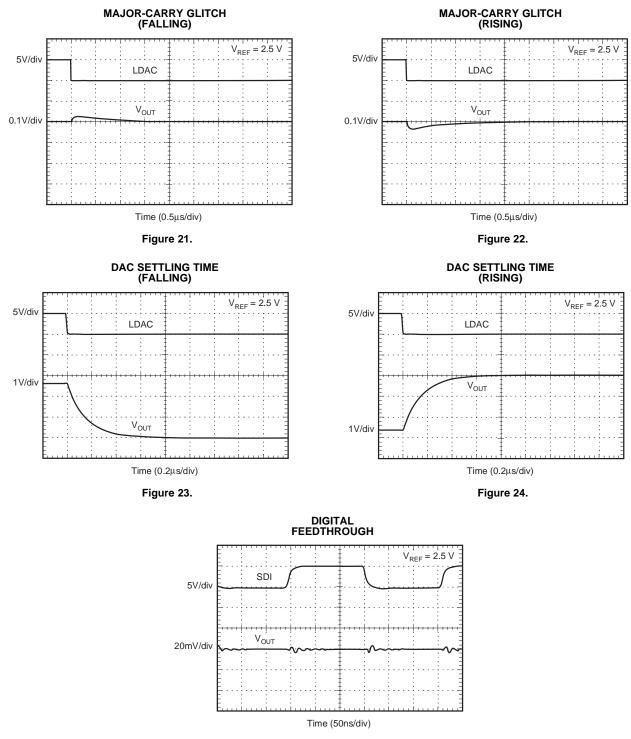


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DAC8830

**DAC8831** 

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V<sub>DD</sub> = +5 V (continued)



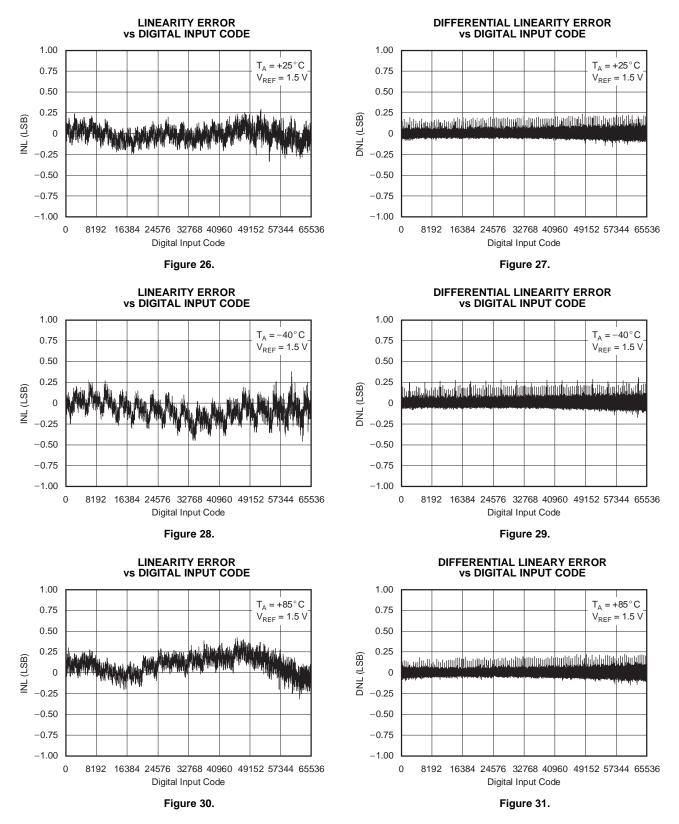


# DAC8830 DAC8831



## 

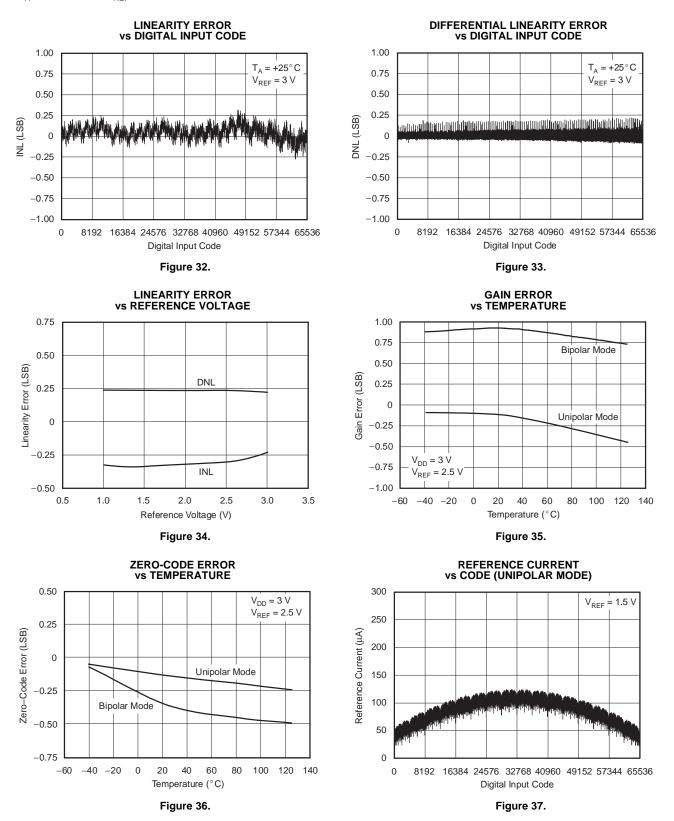
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +3 V$





DAC8830 DAC8831

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V<sub>DD</sub> = +3 V (continued)





 $V_{REF} = 2.5 V$ 

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# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V<sub>DD</sub> = +3 V (continued)

At T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C and V<sub>REF</sub> = +2.5 V, unless otherwise noted.

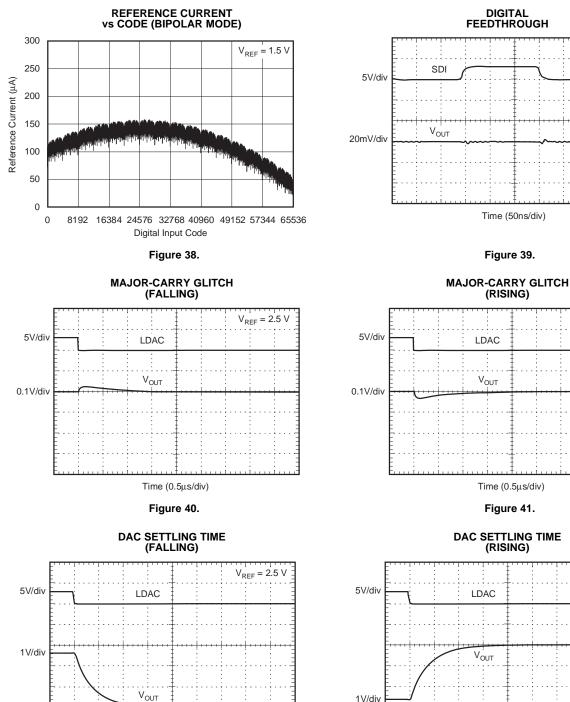
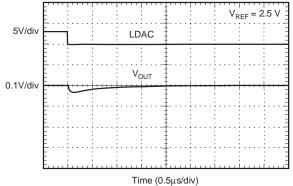




Figure 43.

Time (0.2µs/div)





#### Figure 41.

# DAC SETTLING TIME (RISING)

V<sub>REF</sub> = 2.5 V



# THEORY OF OPERATION

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are single, 16-bit, serial-input, voltage-output DACs. They operate from a single supply ranging from 2.7 V to 5 V, and typically consume 5  $\mu$ A. Data is written to these devices in a 16-bit word format, via an SPI serial interface. To ensure a known power-up state, these parts are designed with a power-on reset function. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are reset to zero code. In unipolar mode, the DAC8830 and DAC8831 are reset to -V<sub>REF</sub>. Kelvin sense connections for the reference and analog ground are included on the DAC8831.

## **DIGITAL-TO-ANALOG SECTIONS**

The DAC architecture for both devices consists of two matched DAC sections and is segmented. A simplified circuit diagram is shown in Figure 44. The four MSBs of the 16-bit data word are decoded to drive 15 switches, E1 to E15. Each of these switches connects one of 15 matched resistors to either AGND or  $V_{REF}$ . The remaining 12 bits of the data word drive switches S0 to S11 of a 12-bit voltage mode R-2R ladder network.

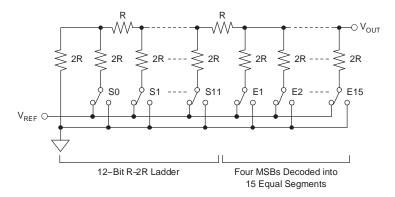


Figure 44. DAC Architecture

## OUTPUT RANGE

The output of the DAC is

 $V_{OUT} = (V_{REF} \times Code)/65536.$ 

Where Code is the decimal data word loaded to the DAC latch.

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### **THEORY OF OPERATION (continued)**

#### **POWER-ON RESET**

Both devices have a power-on reset function to ensure the output is at a known state upon power-up. In the DAC8830 and DAC8831, on power-up, the DAC latch and Input Registers contain all 0s until new data is loaded from the input serial shift register. Therefore, after power-up, the output from pin  $V_{OUT}$  of the DAC8830 is 0 V. The output from pin  $V_{OUT}$  of the DAC8831 is 0V in unipolar mode and  $-V_{REF}$  in bipolar mode.

However, the serial register of the DAC8830 and DAC8831 is not cleared on power-up, so its contents are undefined. When loading data initially to the device, 16 bits or more should be loaded to prevent erroneous data appearing on the output. If more than 16 bits are loaded, the last 16 are kept; if less than 16 are loaded, bits will remain from the previous word. If the device must be interfaced with data shorter than 16 bits, the data should be padded with 0s at the LSBs.

#### Serial Interface

The digital interface is standard 3-wire connection compatible with SPI, QSPI<sup>TM</sup>, Microwire<sup>TM</sup>, and TI DSP interfaces, which can operate at speeds up to 50M-bits/sec. The data transfer is framed by  $\overline{CS}$ , the chip select signal. The DAC works as a bus slave. The bus master generates the synchronize clock, SCLK, and initiates the transmission. When  $\overline{CS}$  is high, the DAC is not accessed, and the clock SCLK and serial input data SDI are ignored. The bus master accesses the DAC by driving pin  $\overline{CS}$  low. Immediately following the high-to-low transition of  $\overline{CS}$ , the serial input data on pin SDI is shifted out from the bus master synchronously on the falling edge of SCLK, and latched on the rising edge of SCLK into the input shift register, MSB first. The low-to-high transition of  $\overline{CS}$  transfers the contents of the input shift register to the input register. All data registers are 16-bit. It takes 16 clocks of SCLK to transfer one data word to the parts. To complete a whole data word,  $\overline{CS}$  must go high immediately after 16 SCLKs are clocked in. If more than 16 SCLKs are applied during the low state of  $\overline{CS}$ , the last 16 bits are transferred to the input register on the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . However, if  $\overline{CS}$  is not kept low during the entire 16 SCLK cycles, data is corrupted. In this case, reload the DAC with a new 16-bit word.

In the DAC8830, the contents of the input register are transferred into the DAC latch immediately when the input register is loaded, and the DAC output is updated at the same time.

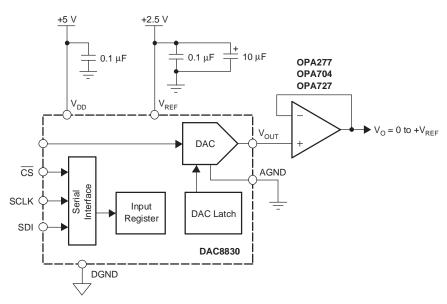
The DAC8831 has an  $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$  pin allowing the DAC latch to be updated asynchronously by bringing  $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$  low after  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  goes high. In this case,  $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$  must be maintained high while  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is low. If  $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$  is tied permanently low, the DAC latch is updated immediately after the input register is loaded (caused by the low-to-high transition of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ).

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### **Unipolar Output Operation**

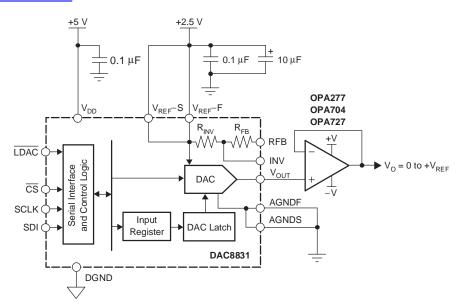
These DACs are capable of driving unbuffered loads of 60 k $\Omega$ . Unbuffered operation results in low supply current (typically 5  $\mu$ A) and a low offset error. The DAC8830 provides a unipolar output swing ranging from 0 V to V<sub>REF</sub>. The DAC8831 can be configured to output both unipolar and bipolar voltages. Figure 45 and Figure 46 show a typical unipolar output voltage circuit for each device, respectively. The code table for this mode of operation is shown in Table 1.

|           | Table 1. Unipolar Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DAC LATCH | I CONTENTS             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MSB       | LSB                    | ANALOG OUTPUT                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1111 1111 | 1111 1111              | V <sub>REF</sub> × (65,535/65,536)             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1000 0000 | 0000 0000              | $V_{REF} \times (32,768/65,536) = 1/2 V_{REF}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0000 0000 | 0000 0001              | V <sub>REF</sub> × (1/65,536)                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0000 0000 | 0000 0000              | OV   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



#### Figure 45. Unipolar Output Mode of DAC8830

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#### Figure 46. Unipolar Output Mode of DAC8831

Assuming a perfect reference, the worst-case output voltage may be calculated from the following equation:

Unipolar Mode Worst-Case Output

$$V_{OUT\_UNI} = \frac{D}{2^{16}} \times \left(V_{REF} + V_{GE}\right) + V_{ZSE} + INL$$

Where:

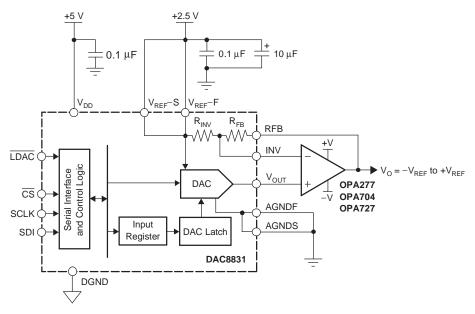
 $V_{OUT\_UNI}$  = Unipolar mode worst-case output D = Code loaded to DAC  $V_{REF}$  = Reference voltage applied to part  $V_{GE}$  = Gain error in volts

V<sub>ZSE</sub> = Zero scale error in volts

INL = Integral nonlinearity in volts

## **Bipolar Output Operation**

With the aid of an external operational amplifier, the DAC8831 may be configured to provide a bipolar voltage output. A typical circuit of such an operation is shown in Figure 47. The matched bipolar offset resistors  $R_{FB}$  and  $R_{INV}$  are connected to an external operational amplifier to achieve this bipolar output swing; typically,  $R_{FB} = R_{INV} = 28 \text{ k}\Omega$ .



### Figure 47. Bipolar Output Mode of DAC8831

Table 2 shows the transfer function for this output operating mode. The DAC8831 also provides a set of Kelvin connections to the analog ground and external reference inputs.

| DAC LATO             | CH CONTENTS    |   |
|----------------------|----------------|---|
| MSB                  | LSB            | ANALOG OUTPUT   |
| 1111 11 <sup>.</sup> | 11 1111 1111   | +V <sub>REF</sub> × (32,767/32,768)                     |
| 1000 000             | 00 0000 0001   | +V <sub>REF</sub> × (1/32,768)                          |
| 1000 000             | 0000 0000 0000 | 0V  |
| 0111 11              | 11 1111 1111   | –V <sub>REF</sub> × (1/32,768)                          |
| 0000 000             | 0000 0000 0000 | -V <sub>REF</sub> × (32,768/32,768) = -V <sub>REF</sub> |

 Table 2. Bipolar Code

Assuming a perfect reference, the worst-case output voltage may be calculated from the following equation: *Bipolar Mode Worst-Case Output* 

$$V_{OUT\_BIP} = \frac{\left[ \left( V_{OUT\_UNI} + V_{OS} \right) (2 + RD) - V_{REF} (1 + RD) \right]}{1 + \left( \frac{2 + RD}{A} \right)}$$

Where:

 $V_{OS}$  = External operational amplifier input offset voltage RD = R<sub>FB</sub> and R<sub>IN</sub> resistor matching error A = Operational amplifier open-loop gain

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#### **Output Amplifier Selection**

For bipolar mode, a precision amplifier should be used, supplied from a dual power supply. This provides the  $\pm V_{REF}$  output.

In a single-supply application, selection of a suitable operational amplifier may be more difficult because the output swing of the amplifier does not usually include the negative rail; in this case, AGND. This output swing can result in some degradation of the specified performance unless the application does not use codes near 0.

The selected operational amplifier needs to have low-offset voltage (the DAC LSB is 38  $\mu$ V with a 2.5 V reference), eliminating the need for output offset trims. Input bias current should also be low because the bias current multiplied by the DAC output impedance (approximately 6.25 k $\Omega$ ) adds to the zero-code error.

Rail-to-rail input and output performance is required. For fast settling, the slew rate of the operational amplifier should not impede the settling time of the DAC. Output impedance of the DAC is constant and code-independent, but in order to minimize gain errors the input impedance of the output amplifier should be as high as possible. The amplifier should also have a 3 dB bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. The amplifier adds another time constant to the system, thus increasing the settling time of the output. A higher 3 dB amplifier bandwidth results in a shorter effective settling time of the combined DAC and amplifier.

#### **Reference and Ground**

Since the input impedance is code-dependent, the reference pin should be driven from a low impedance source. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 operate with a voltage reference ranging from 1.25 V to  $V_{DD}$ . References below 1.25 V result in reduced accuracy.

The DAC full-scale output voltage is determined by the reference. Table 1 and Table 2 outline the analog output voltage for particular digital codes.

For optimum performance, Kelvin sense connections are provided on the DAC8831. If the application does not require separate force and sense lines, they should be tied together close to the package to minimize voltage drops between the package leads and the internal die.

#### **Power Supply and Reference Bypassing**

For accurate high-resolution performance, it is recommended that the reference and supply pins be bypassed with a 10  $\mu$ F tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

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# **CROSS-REFERENCE**

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 have an industry-standard pinout configuration (see Table 3).

| MODEL        | INL<br>(LSB) | DNL<br>(LSB) | POWER-ON<br>RESET TO | TEMPERATURE<br>RANGE | PACKAGE<br>DESCRIPTION   | PACKAGE<br>OPTION | CROSS<br>REFERENCE      |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| DAC8830ICD   | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | –40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Small Outline IC  | SO-8              | AD5541CR,<br>MAX541AESA |
| DAC8830IBD   | <u>+2</u>    | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Small Outline IC  | SO-8              | AD5541BR,<br>MAX541BESA |
| DAC8830ID    | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | –40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Small Outline IC  | SO-8              | AD5541AR,<br>MAX541CESA |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541AEPA              |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541BEPA              |
| N/A          | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541CEPA              |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 8-Lead Small Outline IC  | SO-8              | AD5541LR                |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1.5         | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 8-Lead Small Outline IC  | SO-8              | AD5541JR                |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541AEPA              |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541BEPA              |
| N/A          | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 8-Lead Plastic DIP       | PDIP-8            | MAX541CEPA              |
| DAC8831ICD   | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | –40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | AD5542CR,<br>MAX542AESD |
| DAC8831IBD   | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | –40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | AD5542BR,<br>MAX542BESD |
| DAC8831ID    | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | –40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | AD5542AR,<br>MAX542CESD |
| DAC8831ICRGY | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead QFN              | QFN-14            | N/A                     |
| DAC8831IBRGY | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead QFN              | QFN-14            | N/A                     |
| DAC8831IRGY  | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead QFN              | QFN-14            | N/A                     |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Plastic DIP      | PDIP-14           | MAX542ACPD              |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Plastic DIP      | PDIP-14           | MAX542BCPD              |
| N/A          | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | -40°C to +85°C       | 14-Lead Plastic DIP      | PDIP-14           | MAX542CCPE              |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | AD5542LR                |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1.5         | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | AD5542JR                |
| N/A          | ±1           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | MAX542AEPD              |
| N/A          | ±2           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | MAX542BEPD              |
| N/A          | ±4           | ±1           | Zero-Code            | 0°C to +70°C         | 14-Lead Small Outline IC | SO-14             | MAX542CEPD              |
|              |              |              |                      |                      |                          |                   |                         |

## Table 3. Cross-Reference

8-Jan-2007

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| DAC8830IBDR      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IBDRG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IBDT      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IBDTG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830ICDR      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830ICDRG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830ICDT      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830ICDTG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IDR       | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IDRG4     | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IDT       | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8830IDTG4     | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBD       | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50             | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBDG4     | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50             | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBDR      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBDRG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBRGYR    | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 3000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBRGYRG4  | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 3000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBRGYT    | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IBRGYTG4  | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICD       | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50             | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICDG4     | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50             | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICDR      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICDRG4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICRGYR    | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 1000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |



| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Packag<br>Qty | e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| DAC8831ICRGYT    | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ICRGYTG4  | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831ID        | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IDG4      | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 50            | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IDR       | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500          | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IDRG4     | ACTIVE                | SOIC            | D                  | 14   | 2500          | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IRGYR     | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 3000          | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IRGYRG4   | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 3000          | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IRGYT     | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| DAC8831IRGYTG4   | ACTIVE                | QFN             | RGY                | 14   | 250           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. **TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

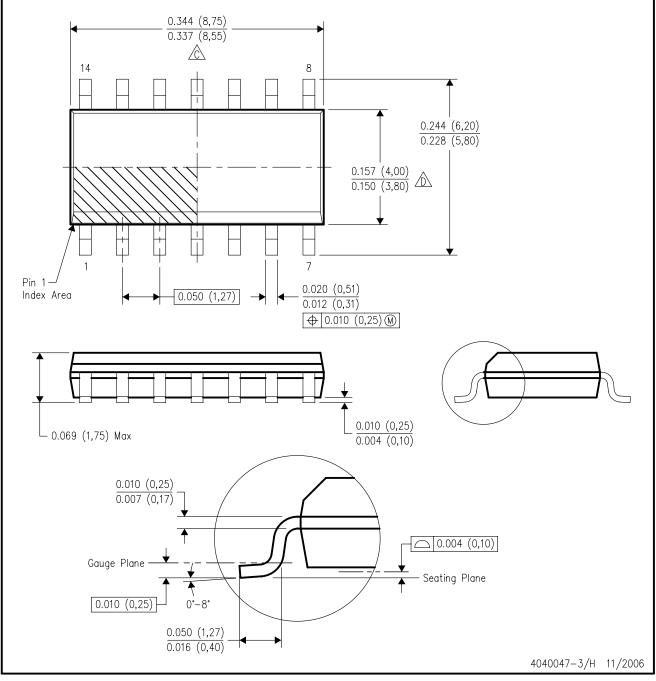
<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# D (R-PDSO-G14)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



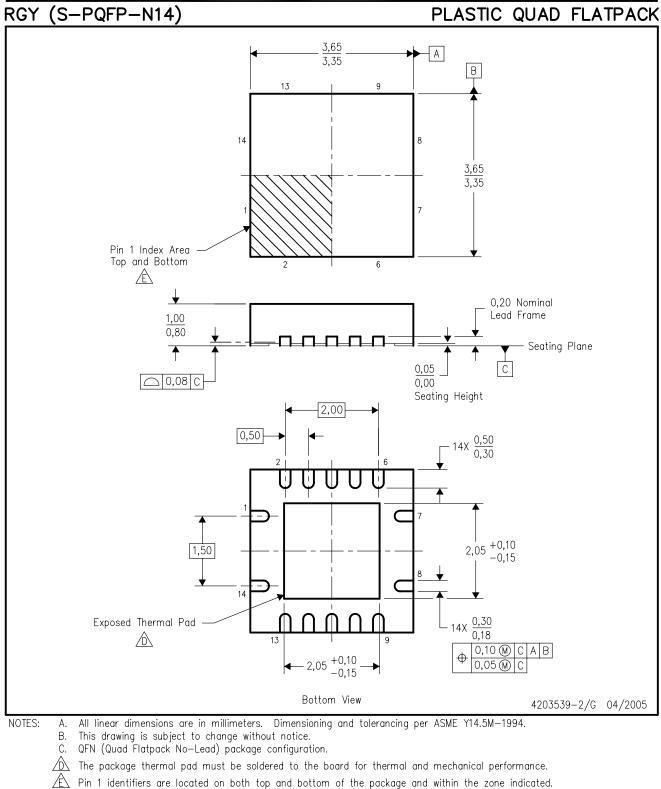
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.



# **MECHANICAL DATA**

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- The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- F. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.





# THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

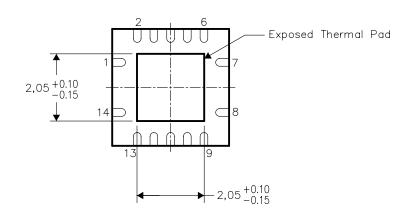
# RGY (S-PQFP-N14)

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB), the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to a ground plane or special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



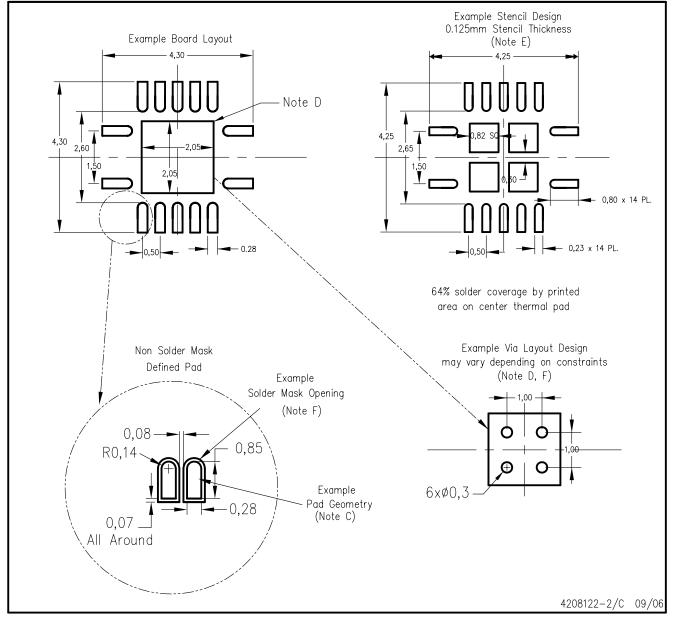


NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

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RGY (R-PQFP-N14)



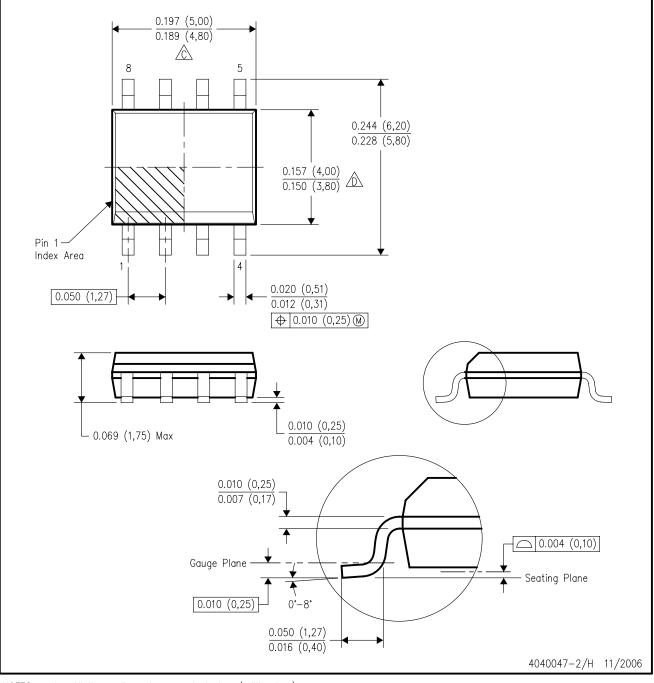
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



# D (R-PDSO-G8)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



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