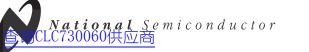
CLC44X Evaluation Boards



Part Number CLC730055, CLC730060, CLC730076

August 1997

To aid in the evaluation of the CLC440, CLC446, and CLC449 series of wide bandwidth parts, National Semiconductor has created the evaluation boards for the 8-pin DIP, SOIC, and MSOP respectively. All evaluation boards are optimized for use with high quality surfacemount resistors and capacitors for obtaining the best high frequency response.

I. Basic Component Selection

The evaluation boards are laid out for a non-inverting gain of 2V/V using low-parasitic surface-mount resistors and capacitors. The CLC44X very high frequency amplifiers can be sensitive to component parasitics that may alter AC performance especially in the high frequency domain. Small adjustments in R_f and/or R. are recommended to shape the final desired frequency response.

For CFB (the CLC446, and CLC449), increasing R_f from its recommended value will band limit the device's frequency response, while decreasing Rf from its recommended value will peak frequency response. However, substantially decreasing the feedback resistor of a current-feedback amp from its recommended value may cause a part to oscillate. Application note OA-13 "Current-Feedback Amplifier Loop-Gain Analysis and Performance Enhancements" of the data book elaborates on the selection of feedback resistors and their influence on AC performance.

For VFB (the CLC440), increasing both/either R_f and R_g from recommended values may cause high frequency peaking. Decreasing both/either R_f and R_g may help decrease high frequency peaking (without causing oscillations).

II. Basic Connections & Operation

Both the DIP and SOIC evaluation boards provide for input and output signal connections through SMA connectors. These SMAs are connected to the noninverting input pin (pin 3) and the R_{out} resistor as shown in Figure 1. The recommended feedback resistor value for the CLC44X series is 250 Ω . The appropriate gain setting resistor (R_{σ}) is calculated with Eq. 1.

$$A_v = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R_g}$$
 Eq. 1 (for $A_v = +2$ $R_f = R_g = 250\Omega$)

The R_{out} resistor, of Figure 1, should always be inserted between pin 6 and the output SMA when driving coaxial cable or capacitive loads. The plot in the typical performance section labeled "Settling Time vs. Capacitive Load" of the data sheets should be used to determine the optimum resistor value for R_{out} when driving coax or capacitive loads. This optimal resistance improves settling time for pulse-type applications and increases stability.

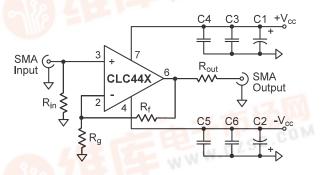


Figure 1: Schematic for 73055/60/76 Eval. Boards

Although no DC trim network was included on the evaluation board, OA-07 has specific circuits to correct DC offsets.

Power-supply bypassing capacitors perform a very important function for the CLC44X series and should not be omitted when evaluating these amplifiers. The bypass capacitors not only provide a low impedance current path at the supply pin, but also provide high frequency filtering on the power supply traces. C1 and C2 of Figure 1 should be quality 6.8μ F tantalum capacitors. C3 and C4 should be quality 0.01μ F ceramic capacitors. C4 and CS should be quality 500pF ceramic capacitors.

The use of standard dip sockets is not recommended for the CLC44X series DIP amplifiers. These sockets may severely degrade AC performance and may cause oscillations. The 730055 PDIP evaluation board will easily accommodate flush-mount socket pins when socketing is necessary. The printed circuit board device holes are sized for Cambion P/N 450-2598 socket pins or their equivalent.

III. Printed Circuit Board Layout Considerations

The evaluation boards have been carefully laid out to optimize the performance of the CLC44X series. The ground plane on the evaluation boards was removed near the sensitive nodes (pins 2, 3, 6) to reduce parasitic capacitances between these nodes and the ground plane. Trace lengths were also minimized to reduce series inductances associated with all components and all nodes.

The CLC44X series is sensitive to the parasitics on traces. This sensitivity includes capacitive coupling from trace to power and trace to ground planes. If leaded components are used, then a low inductive resistor supplied by Precision Resistor Products or its equivalent is highly recommended. In all instances surface-mount components are recommended over leaded components.



IV. Measurement Hints

If 50Ω coax and $50\Omega R_{in}/R_{out}$ resistors are used, many of the type a performance of the type and the data sheets for the CLC44X's are reproducible.

When SMA connectors and cables are not available to evaluate the CLC44X series, normal oscilloscope probes should not be used. Alternatively low impedance probes, of 100 to 500 Ω , should be used. If a low impedance probe is not available, then a section of 50 Ω coaxial cable and a low impedance resistor may be used. Connect one end of coax's center to a test measurement box terminated in 50 Ω and the other end of the cable's center conductor to the low impedance resistor. The open side of the low impedance resistor is now a probe. The ground shield of the cable should be connected to evaluation board ground and test box ground. This cable/resistor probe forms a voltage attenuator between the resistor and the 50 Ω termination resistance of the test box. This method allows measurements to be performed

directly on the output pin of the amplifier (pin 6). Since the CLC44X series has large bandwidths, measurement equipment should have sufficient bandwidth to accurately measure pulse and frequency responses of the CLC44X series.

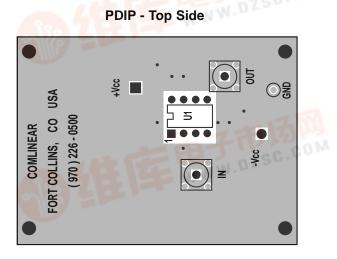
V. Parts List for Evaluation Boards

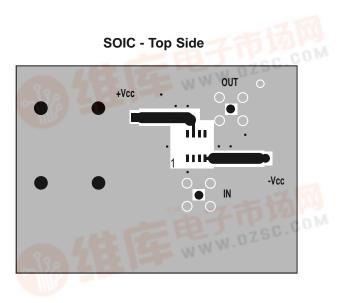
Evaluation Board Parts List - Use the device data sheets with the discussion and examples shown here to select component values.

I/O connectors (both board styles): -SMA (straight) Amphenol 901 -144 -SMA (right-angled) Amphenol 901-143

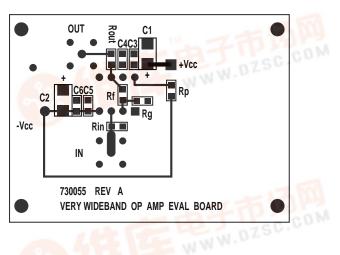
Resistors - 1206 surface-mount type. Capacitors - Bypassing - 1206 surface-mount type. Tantalum - TE - Series from Panasonic.

Precision Resistive Products, Inc., Highway 61 South, Mediapolis, Iowa (319) 394-9131.

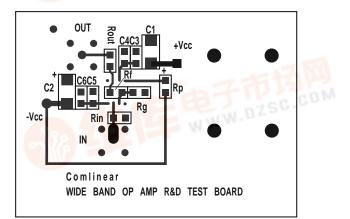




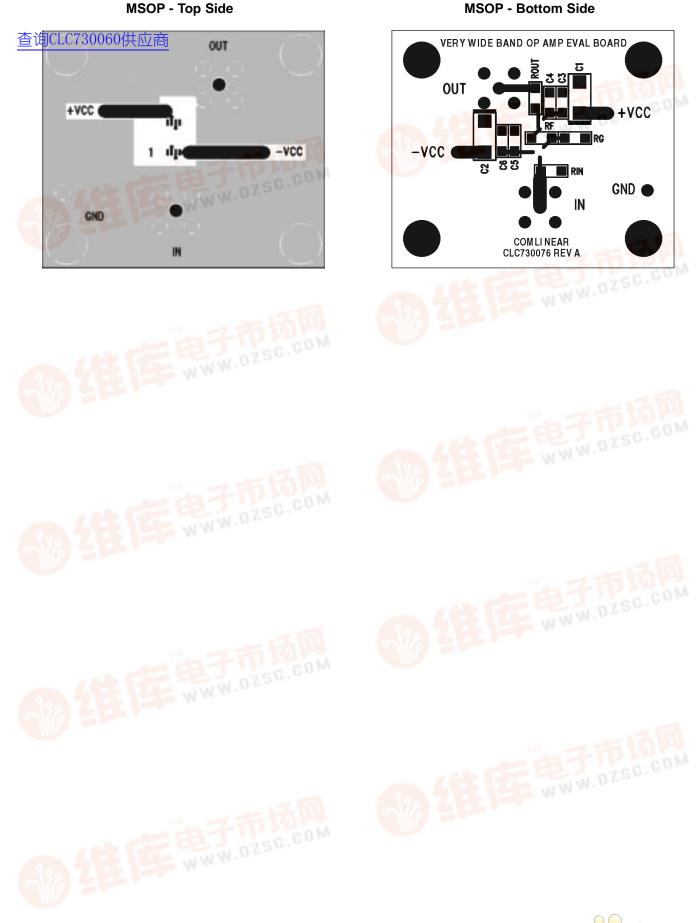
PDIP - Bottom Side



SOIC - Bottom Side











Customer Design Applications Support

National Semiconductor is committed to design excellence. For sales, literature and technical support, call the National Semiconductor Customer Response Group at 1-800-272-9959 or fax 1-800-737-7018.

Life Support Policy

National's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the president of National Semiconductor Corporation. As used herein:

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



National Semiconductor Corporation 1111 West Bardin Road Arlington, TX 76017 Tel: 1(800) 272-9959 Fax: 1(800) 737-7018 National Semiconductor Europe Fax: (+49) 0-180-530 85 86 E-mail: europe.support.nsc.com Deutsch Tel: (+49) 0-180-530 85 85 English Tel: (+49) 0-180-532 78 32 Francais Tel: (+49) 0-180-532 93 58 Italiano Tel: (+49) 0-180-534 16 80 National Semiconductor Hong Kong Ltd. 13th Floor, Straight Block Ocean Centre, 5 Canton Road Tsimshatsui, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2737-1600 Fax: (852) 2736-9960 National Semiconductor Japan Ltd. Tel: 81-043-299-2309 Fax: 81-043-299-2408

National does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and National reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

