

10 MHz, 850 μ A Op Amps

Features

- Available in SOT-23-5 package
- Gain Bandwidth Product: 10 MHz (typical)
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Supply Voltage: 2.4V to 6.0V
- Supply Current: $I_Q = 0.85$ mA/amplifier (typical)
- Extended Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Available in Single, Dual and Quad Packages

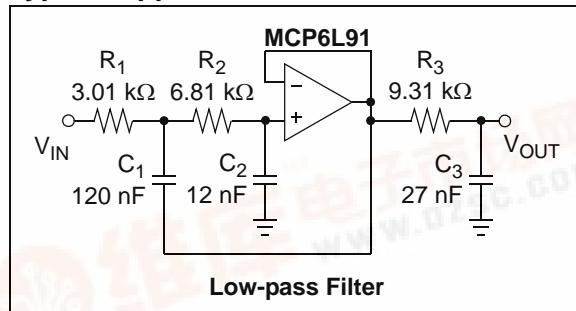
Typical Applications

- Portable Equipment
- Photodiode Amplifier
- Analog Filters
- Notebooks and PDAs
- Battery-Powered Systems

Design Aids

- FilterLab® Software
- Microchip Advanced Part Selector (MAPS)
- Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards
- Application Notes

Typical Application

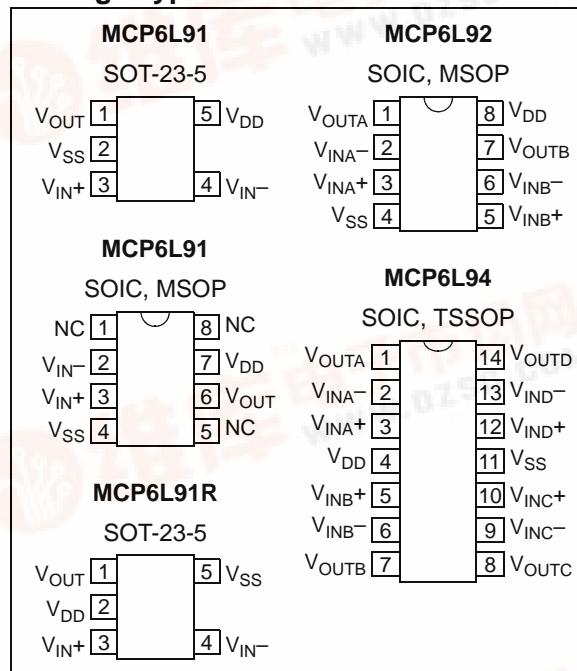


Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. MCP6L91/1R/2/4 family of operational amplifiers (op amps) provides wide bandwidth for the current. The input bias currents and voltage ranges make it easier to fit into many applications.

This family has a 10 MHz Gain Bandwidth Product (GBWP) and a low 850 μ A per amplifier quiescent current. These op amps operate on supply voltages between 2.4V and 6.0V, with rail-to-rail input and output swing. They are available in the extended temperature range.

Package Types



MCP6L91/1R/2/4

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NOTES:

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1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings †

$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	7.0V
Current at Input Pins	± 2 mA
Analog Inputs (V_{IN+}, V_{IN-}) ‡	$V_{SS} - 1.0V$ to $V_{DD} + 1.0V$
All Inputs and Outputs	$V_{SS} - 0.3V$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3V$
Difference Input voltage	$ V_{DD} - V_{SS} $
Output Short Circuit Current	Continuous
Current at Output and Supply Pins	± 150 mA
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Max. Junction Temperature	+150°C
ESD protection on all pins (HBM, MM)	≥ 4 kV, 400V

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

‡ See Section 4.1.2 "Input Voltage and Current Limits".

1.2 Specifications

TABLE 1-1: DC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, $V_{DD} = 5.0V$, $V_{SS} = GND$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$ and $R_L = 10$ kΩ to V_L (refer to Figure 1-1).

Parameters	Sym	Min (Note 1)	Typ	Max (Note 1)	Units	Conditions
Input Offset						
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	-4	± 1	+4	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T_A$	—	± 1.3	—	$\mu V/^\circ C$	$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	—	89	—	dB	
Input Current and Impedance						
Input Bias Current	I_B	—	1	—	pA	
Across Temperature	I_B	—	50	—	pA	$T_A = +85^\circ C$
Across Temperature	I_B	—	2000	—	pA	$T_A = +125^\circ C$
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	—	± 1	—	pA	
Common Mode Input Impedance	Z_{CM}	—	$10^{13} 6$	—	ΩpF	
Differential Input Impedance	Z_{DIFF}	—	$10^{13} 3$	—	ΩpF	
Common Mode						
Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	V_{CMR}	-0.3	—	5.3	V	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	—	91	—	dB	$V_{CM} = -0.3V$ to $5.3V$
Open Loop Gain						
DC Open Loop Gain (large signal)	A_{OL}	—	105	—	dB	$V_{OUT} = 0.2V$ to $4.8V$
Output						
Maximum Output Voltage Swing	V_{OL}	—	—	0.020	V	$G = +2, 0.5V$ Input Overdrive
	V_{OH}	4.980	—	—	V	$G = +2, 0.5V$ Input Overdrive
Output Short Circuit Current	I_{SC}	—	± 25	—	mA	
Power Supply						
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	2.4	—	6.0	V	
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	I_Q	0.35	0.85	1.35	mA	$I_O = 0$

Note 1: For design guidance only; not tested.

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TABLE 1-2: AC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = +5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{pF}$ (refer to Figure 1-1).						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
AC Response						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	—	10	—	MHz	
Phase Margin	PM	—	65	—	°	$G = +1$
Slew Rate	SR	—	7	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
Noise						
Input Noise Voltage	E_{ni}	—	2.5	—	$\mu\text{V}_{\text{P-P}}$	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$
Input Noise Voltage Density	e_{ni}	—	9.4	—	$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$
Input Noise Current Density	i_{ni}	—	3	—	$\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$

TABLE 1-3: TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, all limits are specified for: $V_{DD} = +2.4\text{V}$ to $+6.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$.						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Temperature Ranges						
Specified Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	(Note 1)
Storage Temperature Range	T_A	-65	—	+150	°C	
Thermal Package Resistances						
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SOT-23	θ_{JA}	—	256	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC (150 mil)	θ_{JA}	—	163	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP	θ_{JA}	—	206	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	120	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-TSSOP	θ_{JA}	—	100	—	°C/W	

Note 1: Operation must not cause T_J to exceed Maximum Junction Temperature specification (150°C).

1.3 Test Circuit

The circuit used for most DC and AC tests is shown in Figure 1-1. This circuit can independently set V_{CM} and V_{OUT} ; see Equation 1-1. Note that V_{CM} is not the circuit's common mode voltage ($(V_P + V_M)/2$), and that V_{OST} includes V_{OS} plus the effects (on the input offset error, V_{OST}) of temperature, CMRR, PSRR and A_{OL} .

EQUATION 1-1:

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_{DM} &= R_F/R_G \\
 V_{CM} &= (V_P + V_{DD}/2)/2 \\
 V_{OST} &= V_{IN-} - V_{IN+} \\
 V_{OUT} &= (V_{DD}/2) + (V_P - V_M) + V_{OST}(1 + G_{DM}) \\
 \text{Where:} \\
 G_{DM} &= \text{Differential Mode Gain} \quad (\text{V/V}) \\
 V_{CM} &= \text{Op Amp's Common Mode Input Voltage} \quad (\text{V}) \\
 V_{OST} &= \text{Op Amp's Total Input Offset Voltage} \quad (\text{mV})
 \end{aligned}$$

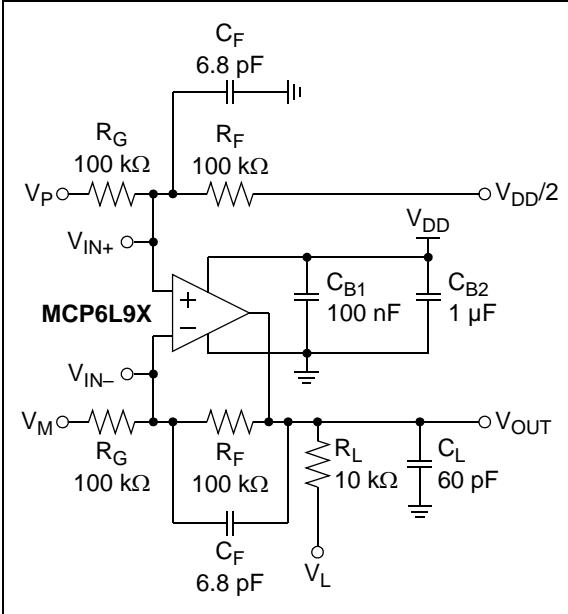


FIGURE 1-1: AC and DC Test Circuit for Most Specifications.

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2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$.

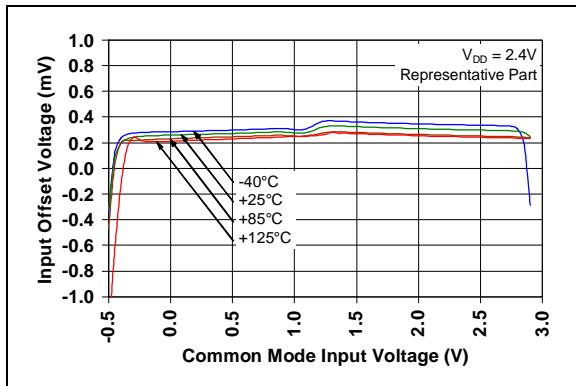


FIGURE 2-1: Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at $V_{DD} = 2.4\text{V}$.

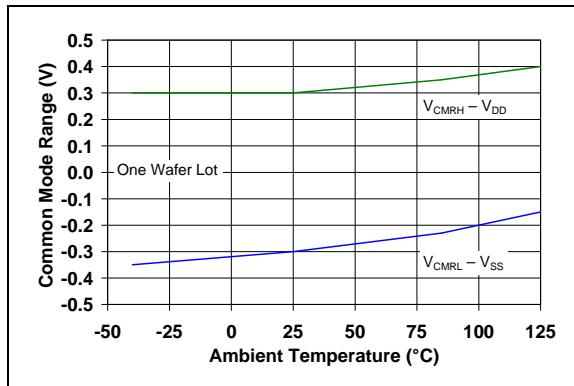


FIGURE 2-4: Input Common Mode Range Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature.

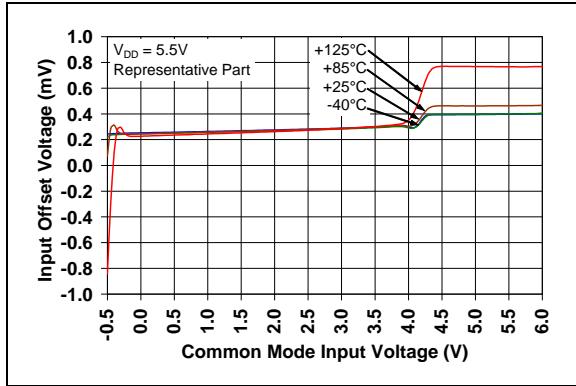


FIGURE 2-2: Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$.

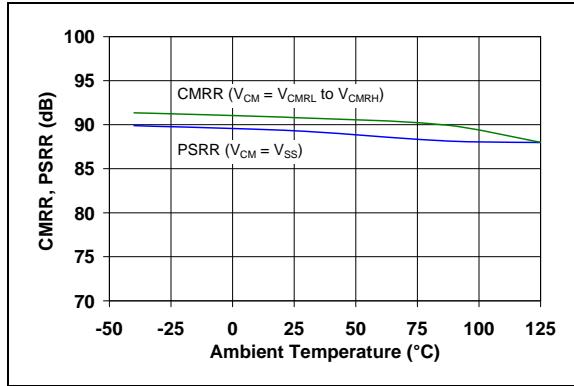


FIGURE 2-5: CMRR, PSRR vs. Ambient Temperature.

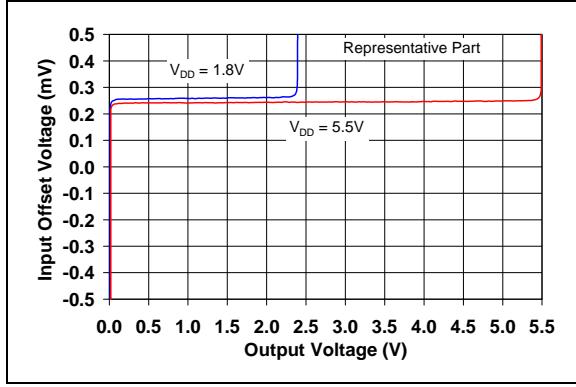


FIGURE 2-3: Input Offset Voltage vs. Output Voltage.

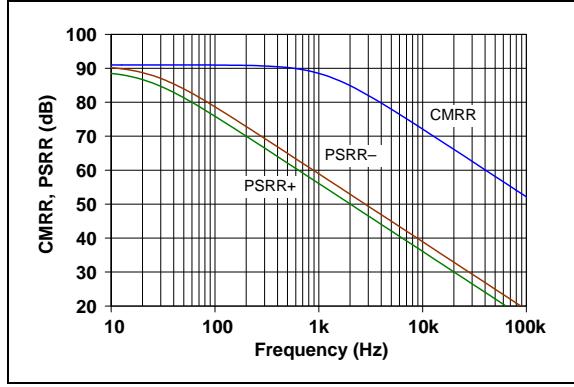


FIGURE 2-6: CMRR, PSRR vs. Frequency.

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = +5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$.

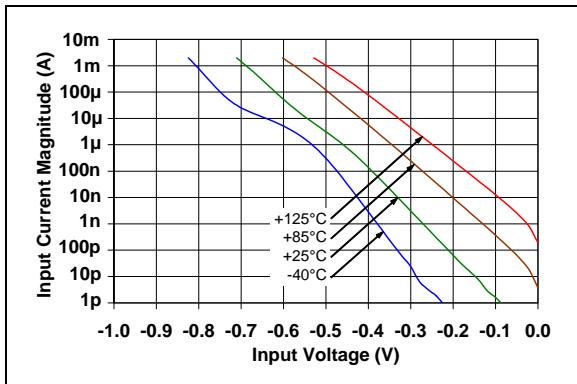


FIGURE 2-7: Measured Input Current vs. Input Voltage (below V_{SS}).

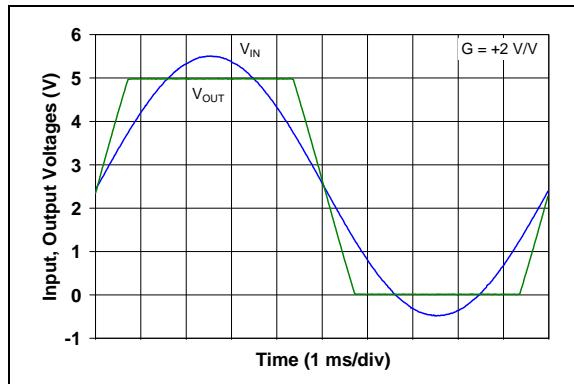


FIGURE 2-10: The MCP6L91/1R/2/4 Show No Phase Reversal.

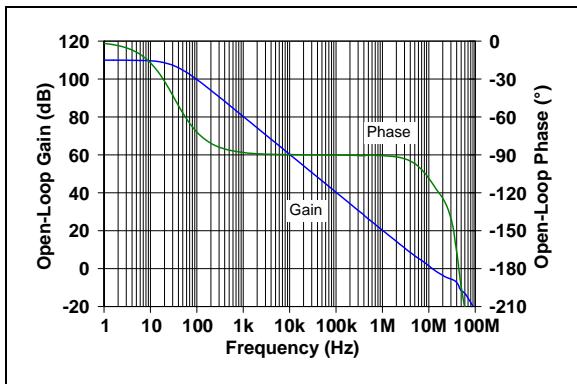


FIGURE 2-8: Open-Loop Gain, Phase vs. Frequency.

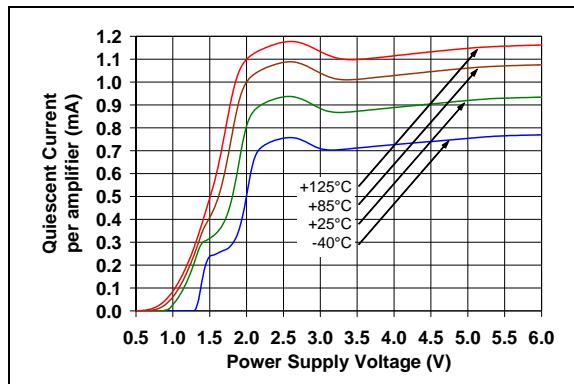


FIGURE 2-11: Quiescent Current vs. Power Supply Voltage.

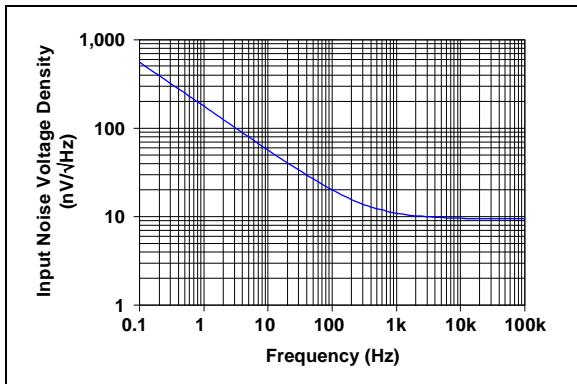


FIGURE 2-9: Input Noise Voltage Density vs. Frequency.

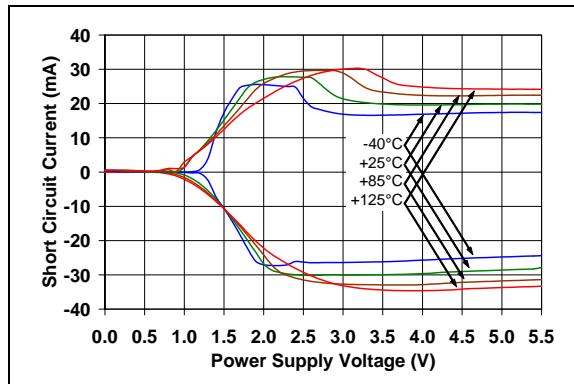


FIGURE 2-12: Output Short Circuit Current vs. Power Supply Voltage.

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Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = +5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{pF}$.

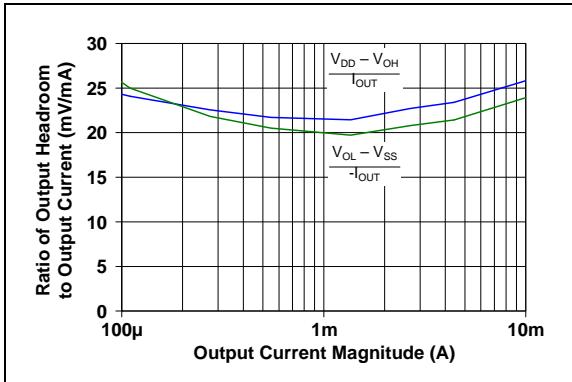


FIGURE 2-13: Ratio of Output Voltage Headroom to Output Current vs. Output Current.

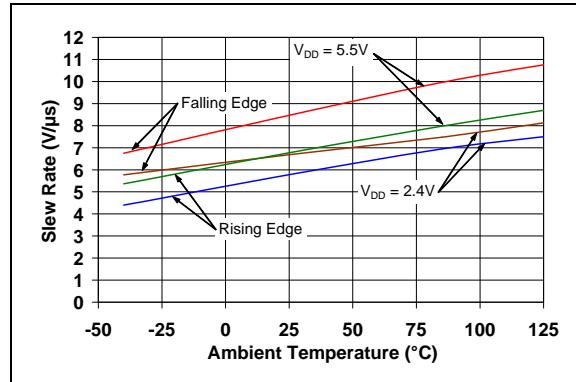


FIGURE 2-16: Slew Rate vs. Ambient Temperature.

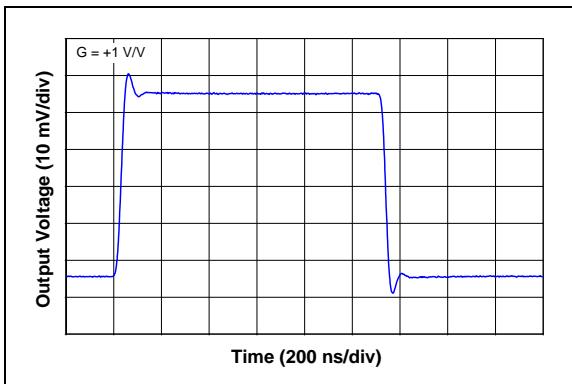


FIGURE 2-14: Small Signal, Non-Inverting Pulse Response.

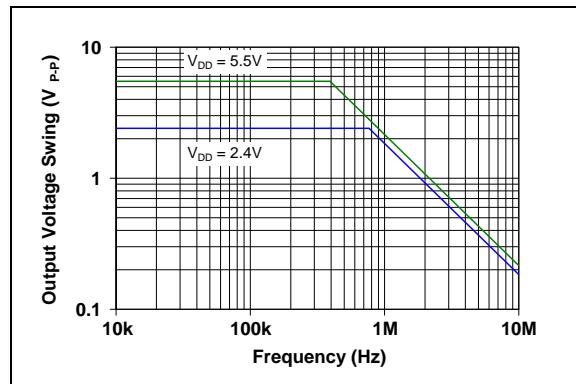


FIGURE 2-17: Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency.

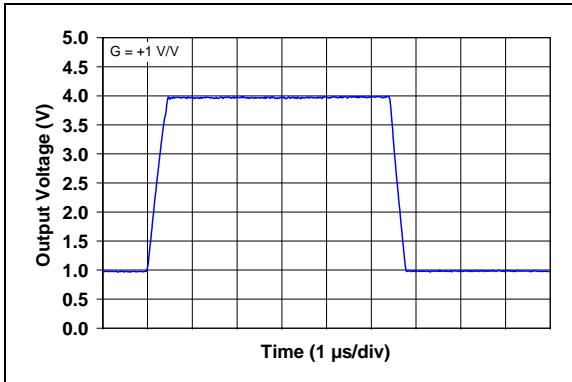


FIGURE 2-15: Large Signal, Non-Inverting Pulse Response.

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NOTES:

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3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions of the pins are listed in [Table 3-1](#).

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

MCP6L91		MCP6L91R	MCP6L92	MCP6L94	Symbol	Description
SOT-23-5	MSOP-8, SOIC-8,	SOT-23-5	MSOP-8, SOIC-8,	SOIC-14, TSSOP-14		
1	6	1	1	1	V_{OUT}, V_{OUTA}	Output (op amp A)
4	2	4	2	2	V_{IN^-}, V_{INA^-}	Inverting Input (op amp A)
3	3	3	3	3	V_{IN^+}, V_{INA^+}	Non-inverting Input (op amp A)
5	7	2	8	4	V_{DD}	Positive Power Supply
—	—	—	5	5	V_{INB^+}	Non-inverting Input (op amp B)
—	—	—	6	6	V_{INB^-}	Inverting Input (op amp B)
—	—	—	7	7	V_{OUTB}	Output (op amp B)
—	—	—	—	8	V_{OUTC}	Output (op amp C)
—	—	—	—	9	V_{INC^-}	Inverting Input (op amp C)
—	—	—	—	10	V_{INC^+}	Non-inverting Input (op amp C)
2	4	5	4	11	V_{SS}	Negative Power Supply
—	—	—	—	12	V_{IND^+}	Non-inverting Input (op amp D)
—	—	—	—	13	V_{IND^-}	Inverting Input (op amp D)
—	—	—	—	14	V_{OUTD}	Output (op amp D)
—	1, 5, 8	—	—	—	NC	No Internal Connection

3.1 Analog Outputs

The analog output pins (V_{OUT}) are low-impedance voltage sources.

3.2 Analog Inputs

The non-inverting and inverting inputs ($V_{IN^+}, V_{IN^-}, \dots$) are high-impedance CMOS inputs with low bias currents.

3.3 Power Supply Pins

The positive power supply (V_{DD}) is 2.4V to 6.0V higher than the negative power supply (V_{SS}). For normal operation, the other pins are between V_{SS} and V_{DD} .

Typically, these parts are used in a single (positive) supply configuration. In this case, V_{SS} is connected to ground and V_{DD} is connected to the supply. V_{DD} will need bypass capacitors.

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

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4.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MCP6L91/1R/2/4 family of op amps is manufactured using Microchip's state of the art CMOS process. It is designed for low cost, low power and general purpose applications. The low supply voltage, low quiescent current and wide bandwidth makes the MCP6L91/1R/2/4 ideal for battery-powered applications.

4.1 Rail-to-Rail Inputs

4.1.1 PHASE REVERSAL

The MCP6L91/1R/2/4 op amps are designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltages. Figure 2-10 shows an input voltage exceeding both supplies without any phase reversal.

4.1.2 INPUT VOLTAGE AND CURRENT LIMITS

In order to prevent damage and/or improper operation of these amplifiers, the circuit they are in must limit the currents (and voltages) at the input pins (see Section 1.1 "Absolute Maximum Ratings †"). Figure 4-1 shows the recommended approach to protecting these inputs. The internal ESD diodes prevent the input pins (V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}) from going too far below ground, and the resistors R_1 and R_2 limit the possible current drawn out of the input pins. Diodes D_1 and D_2 prevent the input pins (V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}) from going too far above V_{DD} , and dump any currents onto V_{DD} .

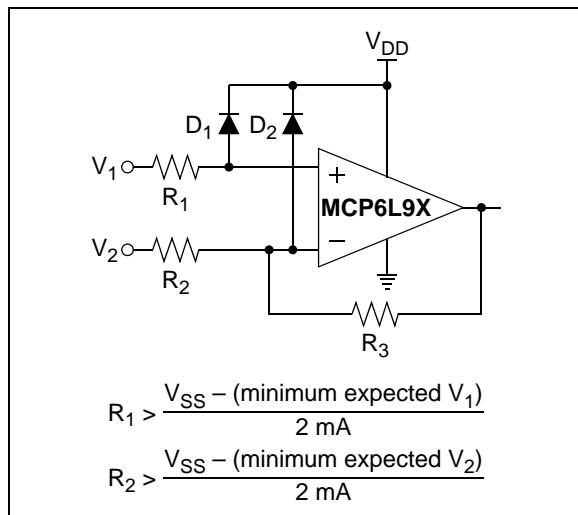


FIGURE 4-1: Protecting the Analog Inputs.

A significant amount of current can flow out of the inputs (through the ESD diodes) when the common mode voltage (V_{CM}) is below ground (V_{SS}); see Figure 2-7. Applications that are high impedance may need to limit the usable voltage range.

4.1.3 NORMAL OPERATION

The input stage of the MCP6L91/1R/2/4 op amps use two differential CMOS input stages in parallel. One operates at low common mode input voltage (V_{CM}), while the other operates at high V_{CM} . With this topology, and at room temperature, the device operates with V_{CM} up to 0.3V above V_{DD} and 0.3V below V_{SS} (typical at 25°C).

The transition between the two input stages occurs when $V_{CM} = V_{DD} - 1.1\text{V}$. For the best distortion and gain linearity, with non-inverting gains, avoid this region of operation.

4.2 Rail-to-Rail Output

The output voltage range of the MCP6L91/1R/2/4 op amps is $V_{DD} - 20 \text{ mV}$ (minimum) and $V_{SS} + 20 \text{ mV}$ (maximum) when $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is connected to $V_{DD}/2$ and $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$. Refer to Figure 2-13 for more information.

4.3 Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases and the closed-loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., $> 100 \text{ pF}$ when $G = +1$), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 4-2) improves the feedback loop's stability by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies; the bandwidth will usually be decreased.

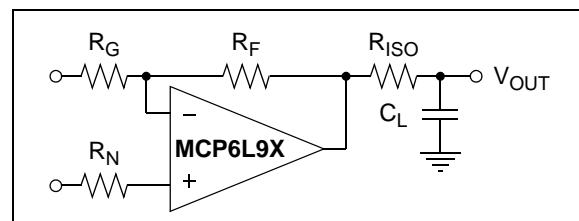


FIGURE 4-2: Output Resistor, R_{ISO} stabilizes large capacitive loads.

Bench measurements are helpful in choosing R_{ISO} . Adjust R_{ISO} so that a small signal step response (see Figure 2-14) has reasonable overshoot (e.g., 4%).

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4.4 Supply Bypass

With this family of operational amplifiers, the power supply pin (V_{DD} for single supply) should have a local bypass capacitor (i.e., 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F) within 2 mm for good high frequency performance. It also needs a bulk capacitor (i.e., 1 μ F or larger) within 100 mm to provide large, slow currents. This bulk capacitor can be shared with other nearby analog parts.

4.5 Unused Op Amps

An unused op amp in a quad package (e.g., MCP6L94) should be configured as shown in [Figure 4-3](#). These circuits prevent the output from toggling and causing crosstalk. Circuit A sets the op amp at its minimum noise gain. The resistor divider produces any desired reference voltage within the output voltage range of the op amp; the op amp buffers that reference voltage. Circuit B uses the minimum number of components and operates as a comparator, but it may draw more current.

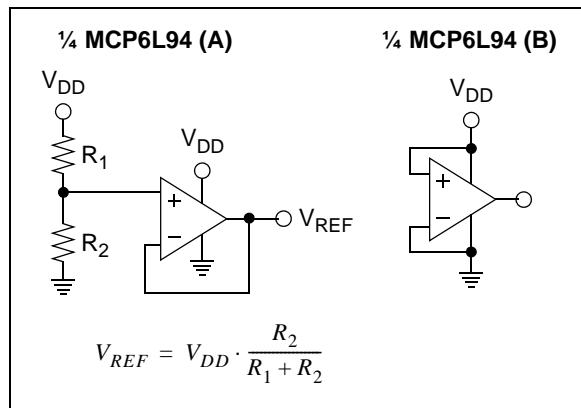


FIGURE 4-3: Unused Op Amps.

4.6 PCB Surface Leakage

In applications where low input bias current is critical, PCB (printed circuit board) surface leakage effects need to be considered. Surface leakage is caused by humidity, dust or other contamination on the board. Under low humidity conditions, a typical resistance between nearby traces is $10^{12}\Omega$. A 5V difference would cause 5 pA of current to flow; this is greater than this family's bias current at 25°C (1 pA, typical).

The easiest way to reduce surface leakage is to use a guard ring around sensitive pins (or traces). The guard ring is biased at the same voltage as the sensitive pin. [Figure 4-4](#) is an example of this type of layout.

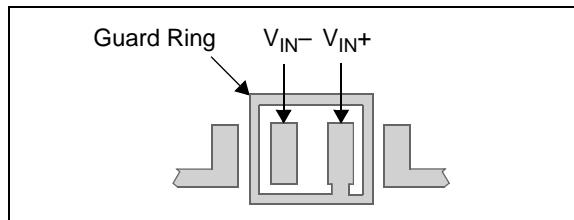


FIGURE 4-4: Example guard ring layout.

1. Inverting Amplifiers ([Figure 4-4](#)) and Transimpedance Gain Amplifiers (convert current to voltage, such as photo detectors).
 - a) Connect the guard ring to the non-inverting input pin (V_{IN+}); this biases the guard ring to the same reference voltage as the op amp's input (e.g., $V_{DD}/2$ or ground).
 - b) Connect the inverting pin (V_{IN-}) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.
2. Non-inverting Gain and Unity-Gain Buffer.
 - a) Connect the guard ring to the inverting input pin (V_{IN-}); this biases the guard ring to the common mode input voltage.
 - b) Connect the non-inverting pin (V_{IN+}) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.

4.7 Application Circuit

4.7.1 ACTIVE LOW-PASS FILTER

The MCP6L91/1R/2/4 op amp's low input noise and good output current drive make it possible to design low noise filters. Reducing the resistors' values also reduces the noise and increases the frequency at which parasitic capacitances affect the response. These trade-offs need to be considered when selecting circuit elements.

[Figure 4-5](#) shows a third-order Chebyshev filter with a 1 kHz bandwidth, 0.2 dB ripple and a gain of +1 V/V. The component values were selected using Microchip's FilterLab® software. Resistor R_3 was reduced in value by increasing C_3 in FilterLab.

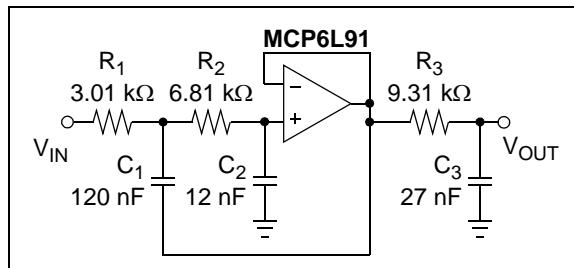


FIGURE 4-5: Chebyshev Filter.

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5.0 DESIGN AIDS

Microchip provides the basic design aids needed for the MCP6L91/1R/2/4 family of op amps.

5.1 FilterLab® Software

Microchip's FilterLab® software is an innovative software tool that simplifies analog active filter (using op amps) design. Available at no cost from the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/filterlab, the FilterLab design tool provides full schematic diagrams of the filter circuit with component values. It also outputs the filter circuit in SPICE format, which can be used with the macro model to simulate actual filter performance.

5.2 Microchip Advanced Part Selector (MAPS)

MAPS is a software tool that helps efficiently identify Microchip devices that fit a particular design requirement. Available at no cost from the Microchip website at www.microchip.com/maps, the MAPS is an overall selection tool for Microchip's product portfolio that includes Analog, Memory, MCUs and DSCs. Using this tool, a customer can define a filter to sort features for a parametric search of devices and export side-by-side technical comparison reports. Helpful links are also provided for Data sheets, Purchase and Sampling of Microchip parts.

5.3 Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards

Microchip offers a broad spectrum of Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards that are designed to help customers achieve faster time to market. For a complete listing of these boards and their corresponding user's guides and technical information, visit the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/analog tools.

Some boards that are especially useful are:

- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 1
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 2
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 3
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 4
- Active Filter Demo Board Kit
- 5/6-Pin SOT-23 Evaluation Board, P/N VSUPEV2
- 8-Pin SOIC/MSOP/TSSOP/DIP Evaluation Board, P/N SOIC8EV
- 14-Pin SOIC/TSSOP/DIP Evaluation Board, P/N SOIC14EV

5.4 Application Notes

The following Microchip Application Notes are available on the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/appnotes and are recommended as supplemental reference resources.

- **ADN003:** "Select the Right Operational Amplifier for your Filtering Circuits", DS21821
- **AN722:** "Operational Amplifier Topologies and DC Specifications", DS00722
- **AN723:** "Operational Amplifier AC Specifications and Applications", DS00723
- **AN884:** "Driving Capacitive Loads With Op Amps", DS00884
- **AN990:** "Analog Sensor Conditioning Circuits – An Overview", DS00990

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

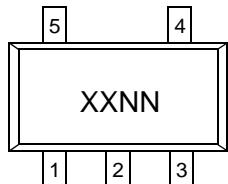
NOTES:

查询MCP6L92供应商

6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

6.1 Package Marking Information

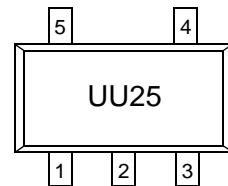
5-Lead SOT-23 (MCP6L91/1R)



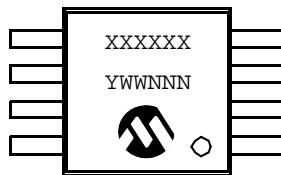
Device	Code
MCP6L91	UUNN
MCP6L91R	UVNN

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SOT-23.

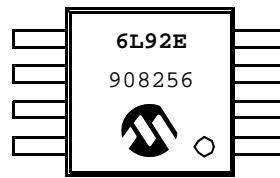
Example:



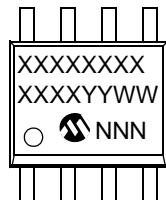
8-Lead MSOP (MCP6L92)



Example:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil) (MCP6L92)



Example:



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
*		This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

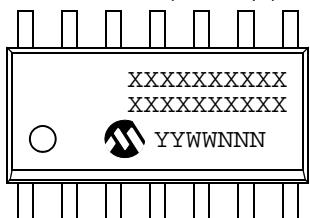
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

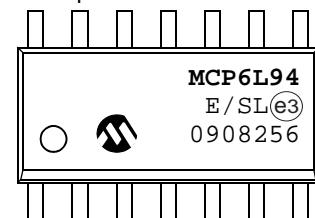
[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

Package Marking Information (Continued)

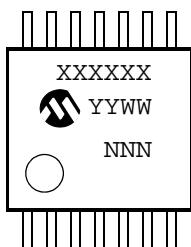
14-Lead SOIC (150 mil) (**MCP6L94**)



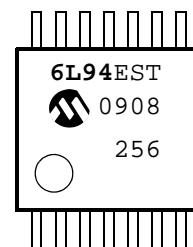
Example:



14-Lead TSSOP (**MCP6L94**)



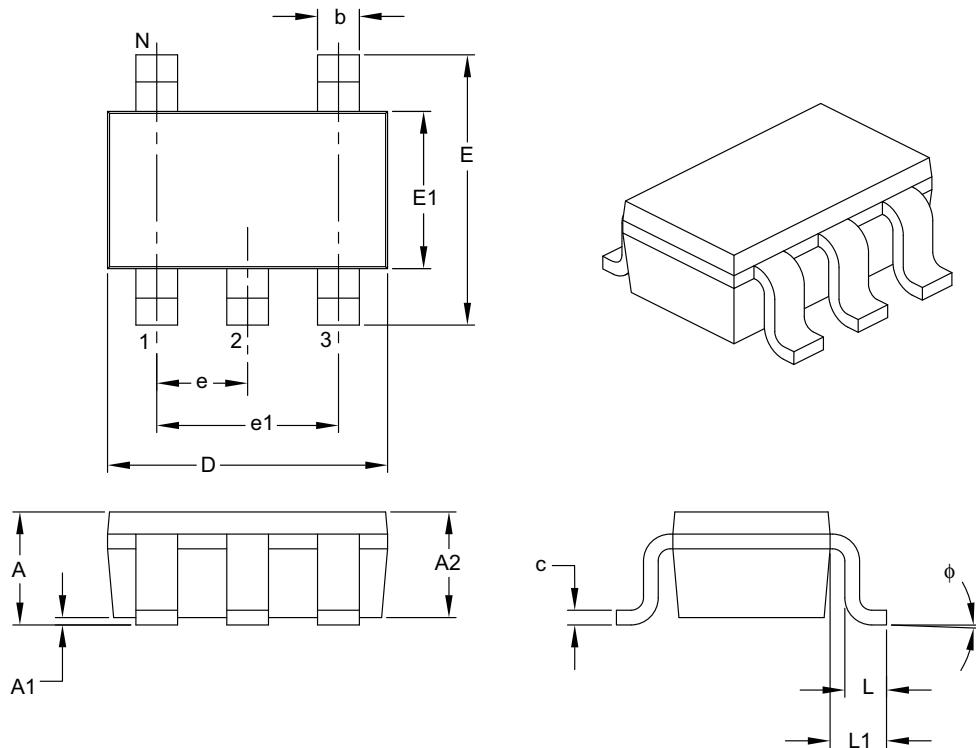
Example:



[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		5	
Lead Pitch	e		0.95 BSC	
Outside Lead Pitch	e1		1.90 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.90	—	1.45
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.89	—	1.30
Standoff	A1	0.00	—	0.15
Overall Width	E	2.20	—	3.20
Molded Package Width	E1	1.30	—	1.80
Overall Length	D	2.70	—	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.10	—	0.60
Footprint	L1	0.35	—	0.80
Foot Angle	φ	0°	—	30°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	—	0.26
Lead Width	b	0.20	—	0.51

Notes:

1. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

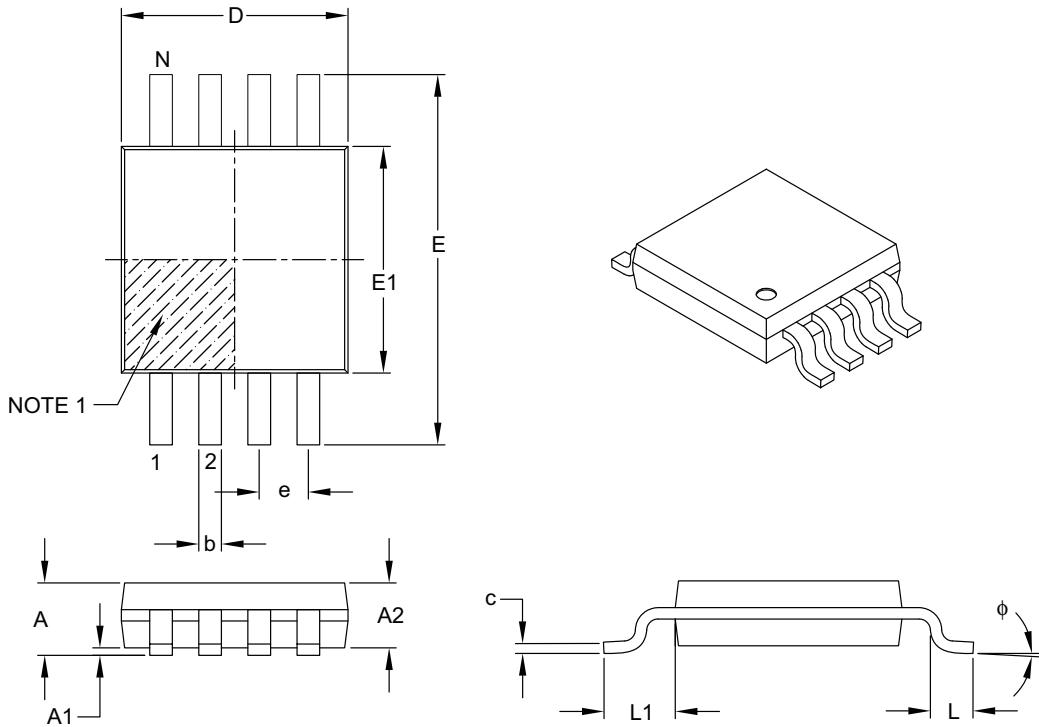
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-091B

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65	BSC	
Overall Height	A	—	—	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	—	0.15
Overall Width	E	4.90	BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	3.00	BSC	
Overall Length	D	3.00	BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1	0.95	REF	
Foot Angle	phi	0°	—	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	—	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	—	0.40

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

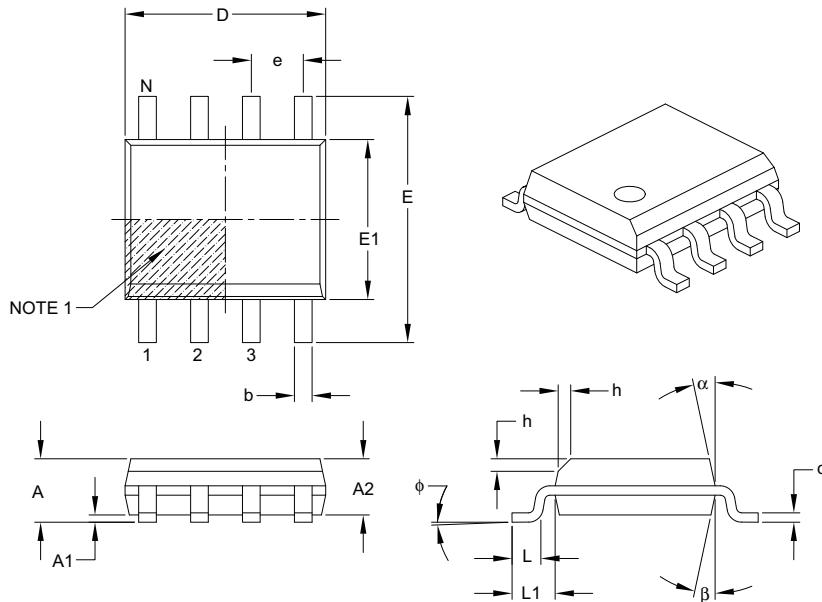
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	phi	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	alpha	5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	beta	5°	–	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

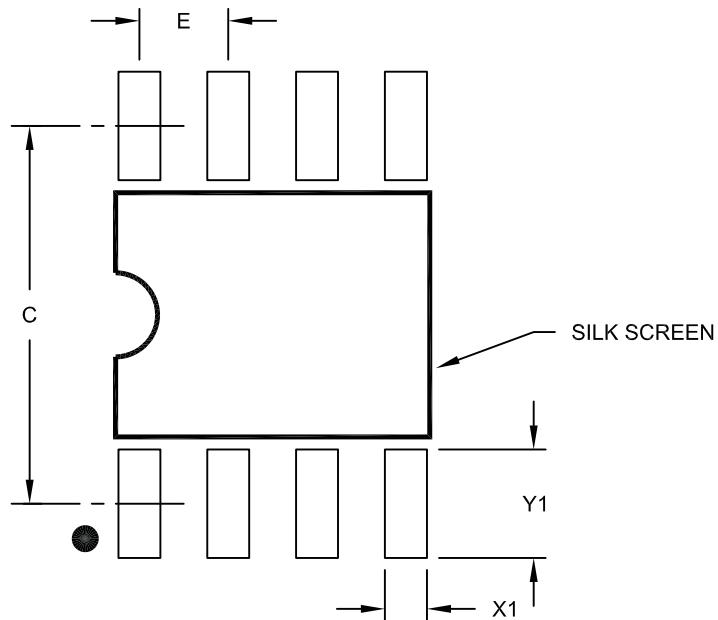
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

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8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Dimension Limits		MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

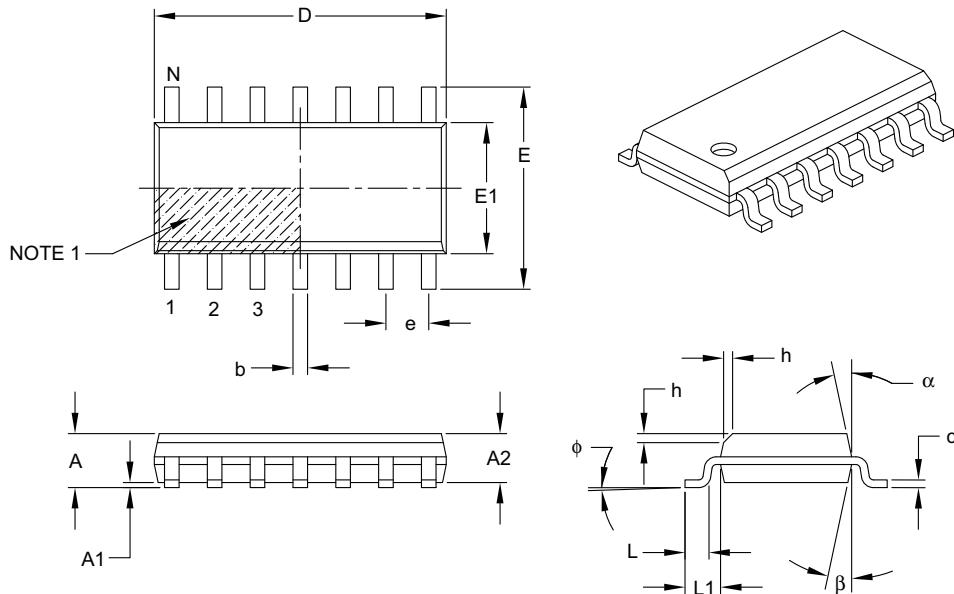
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		14	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	—	—	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	—	—
Standoff §	A1	0.10	—	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		8.65 BSC	
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	—	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	—	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	phi	0°	—	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	—	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	—	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	alpha	5°	—	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	beta	5°	—	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

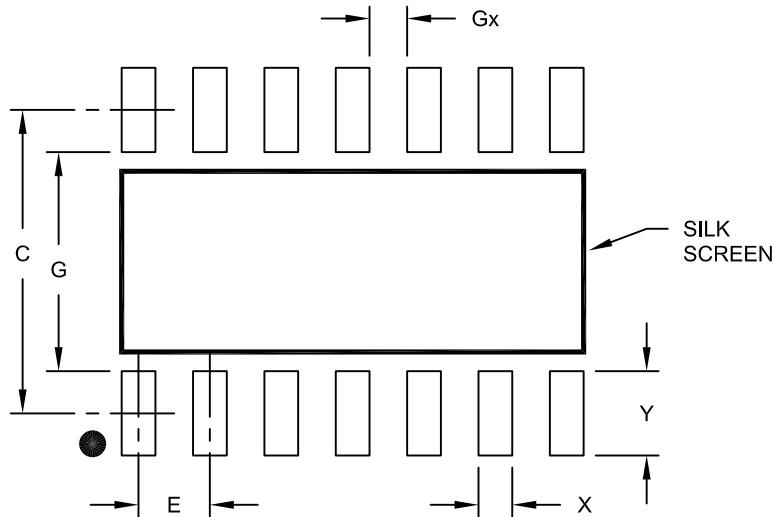
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-065B

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length	Y			1.50
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	3.90		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

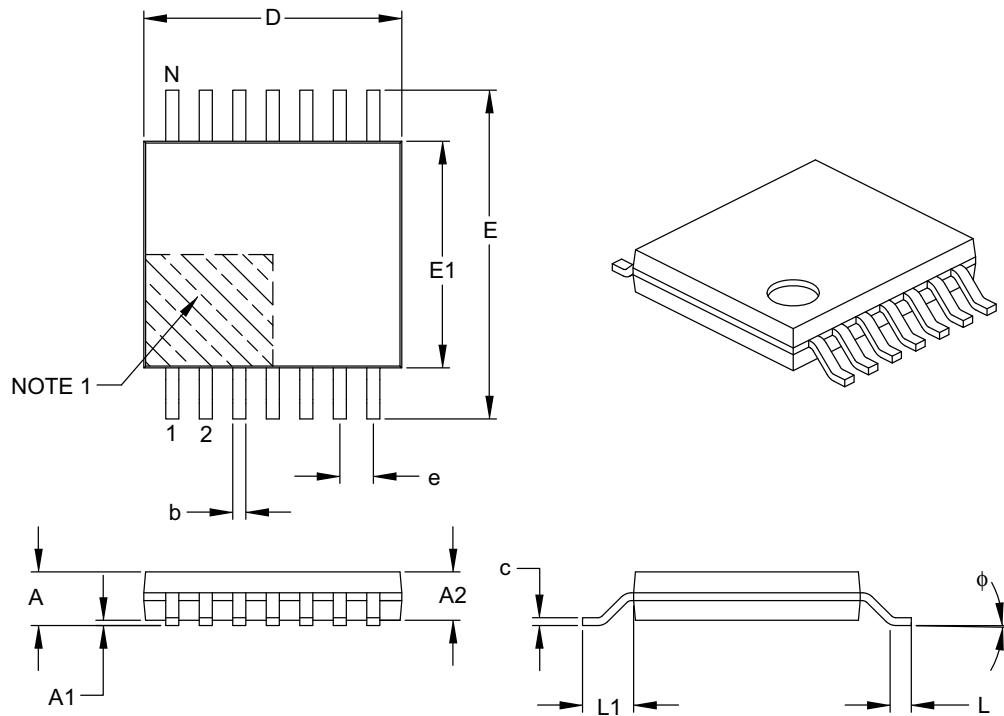
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2065A

[查询MCP6L92供应商](#)

14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		14	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	6.40 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	4.90	5.00	5.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	phi	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

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NOTES:

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APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (March 2009)

- Original Release of this Document.

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

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NOTES:

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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	X	XX	
Device	Temperature Range	Package	
Device:	MCP6L91T:	Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOT-23, SOIC, MSOP)	
	MCP6L91RT:	Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOT-23)	
	MCP6L92T:	Dual Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOIC, MSOP)	
	MCP6L94T:	Quad Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOIC, TSSOP)	
Temperature Range:	E	= -40°C to +125°C	
Package:	OT	= Plastic Small Outline Transistor (SOT-23), 5-lead	
	MS	= Plastic MSOP, 8-lead	
	SN	= Plastic SOIC, (3.99 mm body), 8-lead	
	SL	= Plastic SOIC (3.99 mm body), 14-lead	
	ST	= Plastic TSSOP (4.4mm body), 14-lead	

MCP6L91/1R/2/4

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- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
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