

The mini-analog series is a group of ICs that incorporate a general purpose analog circuit in a small package.

The S-89430/89431 Series is a CMOS type operational amplifier that feature Rail-to-Rail^{*1} I/O and an internal phase compensation circuit, and operates at a lower voltage with lower current consumption. These features make this product the ideal solution for small battery-powered portable equipment.

These features enable driving at a lower voltage (from 0.9 V) and with lower current consumption (0.5 μ A).

The S-89430A/89431A Series is a single operational amplifier (one circuit).

The S-89430B/89431B Series is a dual operational amplifier (two circuits).

*1. Rail-to-Rail is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

■ Features

- Lower operating voltage than the conventional general-purpose:
 $V_{DD} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$
- Low current consumption (per circuit):
 $I_{DD} = 0.5 \mu\text{A Typ.}$
- Wide I/O voltage range (Rail-to-Rail):
 $V_{CMR} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{DD}$
- Low input offset voltage:
 $V_{IO} = 10.0 \text{ mV Max. (S-89430 Series)}$
 $V_{IO} = 5.0 \text{ mV Max. (S-89431 Series)}$
- No external capacitors required for internal phase compensation
- Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free^{*1}

*1. Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

■ Application

- Mobile phones
- Notebook PCs
- Digital cameras
- Digital video cameras

■ Package

- SC-88A
- SOT-23-5
- SNT-8A
- TMSOP-8

■ Block Diagram

1. S-89430A/89431A Series single operational amplifier (one circuit)

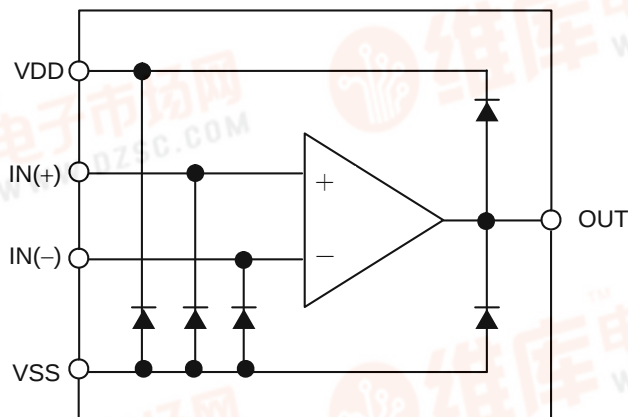


Figure 1

2. S-89430B/89431B Series dual operational amplifier (two circuits)

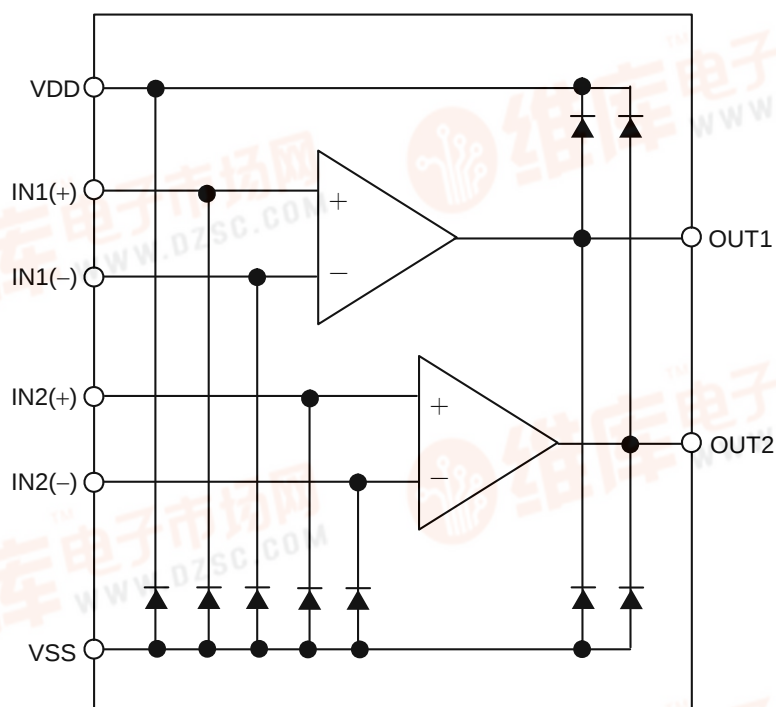


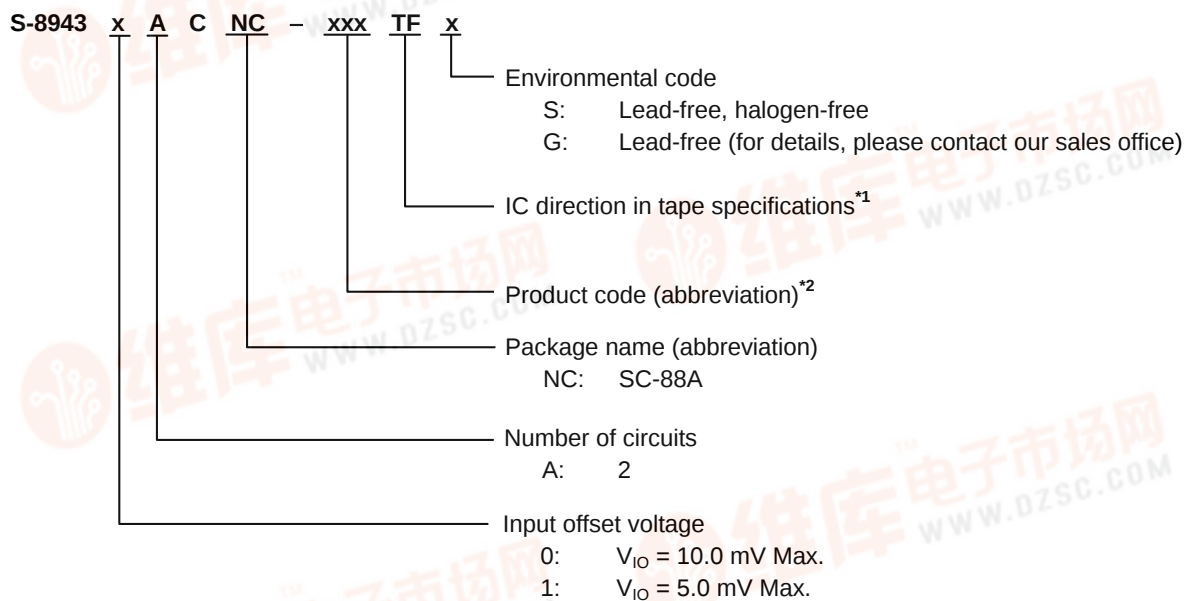
Figure 2

■ Product Name Structure

Users can select the product type for the S-89430/89431 Series. Refer to “**1. Product name**” regarding the contents of product name, “**2. Package**” regarding the package drawings and “**3. Product name list**” regarding the product type.

1. Product name

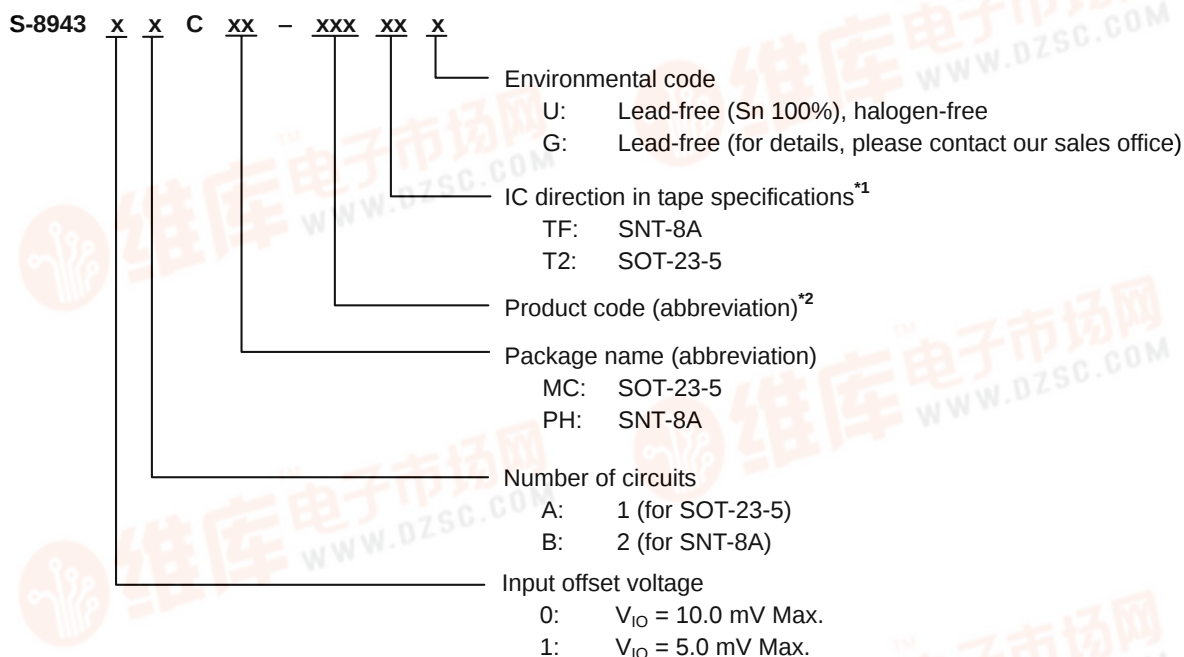
(1) SC-88A



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.

*2. Refer to “**3. Product name list**”

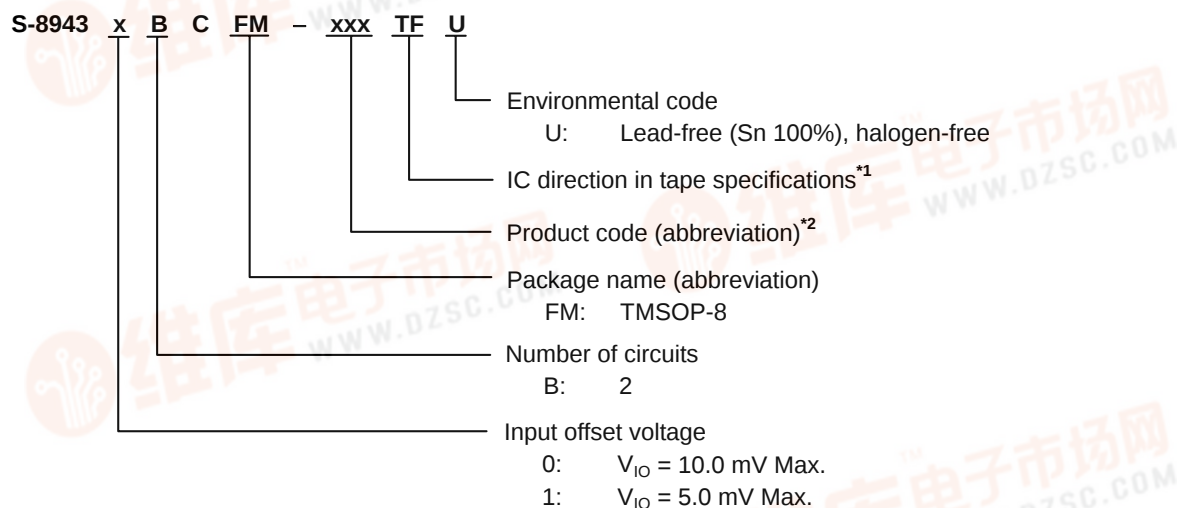
(2) SOT-23-5, SNT-8A



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.

*2. Refer to "3. Product name list"

(3) TMSOP-8



*1. Refer to the tape specifications.

*2. Refer to "3. Product name list"

2. Package

Package Name	Drawing Code			
	Package	Tape	Reel	Land
SC-88A	NP005-B-P-SD	NP005-B-C-SD	NP005-B-R-SD	—
SOT-23-5	MP005-A-P-SD	MP005-A-C-SD	MP005-A-R-SD	—
SNT-8A	PH008-A-P-SD	PH008-A-C-SD	PH008-A-R-SD	PH008-A-L-SD
TMSOP-8	FM008-A-P-SD	FM008-A-C-SD	FM008-A-R-SD	—

3. Product name list

Table 1

Product name	Input offset voltage	Number of circuits	Package
S-89430ACNC-HBUTFz	10 mV Max.	1	SC-88A
S-89430ACMC-HBUT2x	10 mV Max.	1	SOT-23-5
S-89430BCPH-H4CTFx	10 mV Max.	2	SNT-8A
S-89430BCFM-H4CTFU	10 mV Max.	2	TMSOP-8
S-89431ACNC-HBVTFz	5 mV Max.	1	SC-88A
S-89431ACMC-HBVT2x	5 mV Max.	1	SOT-23-5
S-89431BCPH-H4DTFx	5 mV Max.	2	SNT-8A
S-89431BCFM-H4DTFU	5 mV Max.	2	TMSOP-8

Remark1. x: G or U

2. z: G or S

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

Pin Configuration

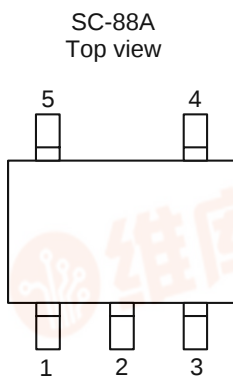


Figure 3

Table 2

(Product with 1 circuit)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	IN(+)	Non-inverted input pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	IN(-)	Inverted input pin
4	OUT	Output pin
5	VDD	Positive power supply pin

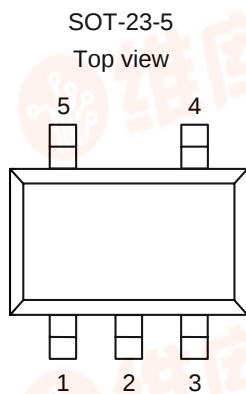


Figure 4

Table 3

(Product with 1 circuit)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	IN(+)	Non-inverted input pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	IN(-)	Inverted input pin
4	OUT	Output pin
5	VDD	Positive power supply pin

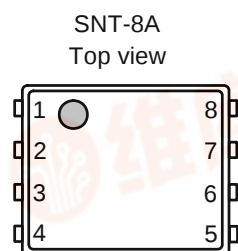


Figure 5

Table 4

(Product with 2 circuits)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	OUT1	Output pin 1
2	IN1(-)	Inverted input pin 1
3	IN1(+)	Non-inverted input pin 1
4	VSS	GND pin
5	IN2(+)	Non-inverted input pin 2
6	IN2(-)	Inverted input pin 2
7	OUT2	Output pin 2
8	VDD	Positive power supply pin

Table 5

(Product with 2 circuits)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	OUT1	Output pin 1
2	IN1(-)	Inverted input pin 1
3	IN1(+)	Non-inverted input pin 1
4	VSS	GND pin
5	IN2(+)	Non-inverted input pin 2
6	IN2(-)	Inverted input pin 2
7	OUT2	Output pin 2
8	VDD	Positive power supply pin

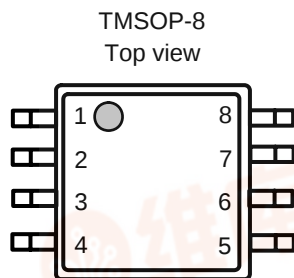


Figure 6

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 6

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage		V _{DD}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{SS} + 7.0	V
Input voltage		V _{IN}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{SS} + 7.0 (7.0 Max.)	V
Output voltage		V _{OUT}	V _{SS} – 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 (7.0 Max.)	V
Differential input voltage		V _{IND}	±5.5	V
Output pin current		I _{SOURCE}	7.0	mA
		I _{SINK}	7.0	mA
Power dissipation	SC-88A	P _D	350 ^{*1}	mW
	SOT-23-5		600 ^{*1}	mW
	SNT-8A		450 ^{*1}	mW
	TMSOP-8		650 ^{*1}	mW
Operating ambient temperature		T _{opr}	–40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	–55 to +125	°C

*1. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size: 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm

(2) Board name: JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

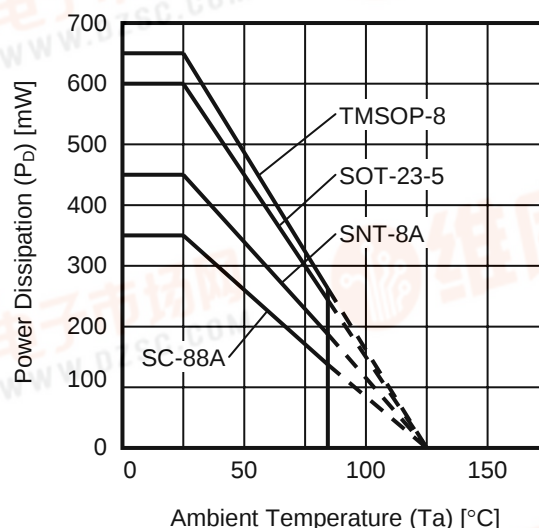


Figure 7 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

■ Electrical Characteristics

Table 7

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Range of operating power supply voltage	V _{DD}	—	0.9	—	5.5	V	—

1. V_{DD} = 3.0 V

Table 8

DC Electrical Characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.0 V)

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Current consumption (per circuit)*1	I _{DD}	V _{CMR} = V _{OUT} = 1.5 V		–	0.50	0.75	μA	6
Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	V _{CMR} = 1.5 V	S-89430 Series	–10	±5	+10	mV	2
			S-89431 Series	–5	±3	+5	mV	2
Input offset current	I _{IO}	–		–	1	–	pA	–
Input bias current	I _{BIAS}	–		–	1	–	pA	–
Common-mode input voltage range	V _{CMR}	–		0	–	3	V	3
Voltage gain (open loop)	A _{VOL}	V _{SS} + 0.1 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{DD} – 0.1 V, V _{CMR} = 1.5 V, R _L = 1.0 MΩ		70	80	–	dB	9
Maximum output swing voltage	V _{OH}	R _L = 100 kΩ		2.95	–	–	V	4
	V _{OL}	R _L = 100 kΩ		–	–	0.05	V	5
Common-mode input signal rejection ratio	CMRR	V _{SS} ≤ V _{CMR} ≤ V _{DD}		45	65	–	dB	3
Power supply voltage rejection ratio	PSRR	V _{DD} = 0.9 V to 5.5 V		70	80	–	dB	1
Source current	I _{SOURCE}	V _{OUT} = V _{DD} – 0.1 V		400	500	–	μA	7
		V _{OUT} = 0 V		4800	6000	–	μA	7
Sink current	I _{SINK}	V _{OUT} = 0.1 V		400	550	–	μA	8
		V _{OUT} = V _{DD}		4800	6000	–	μA	8

- *1. When the output is saturated on the V_{DD} side, a current consumption of up to 3 μ A to 5 μ A may flow.
Refer to “4. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Common-mode input voltage range characteristics (voltage follower configuration)” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”.

Table 9

AC Electrical Characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.0 V)

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Slew rate	SR	R _L = 1.0 M Ω , C _L = 15 pF (Refer to Figure 17)	—	5	—	V/ms
Gain-bandwidth product	GBP	C _L = 0 pF	—	4.8	—	kHz
Maximum load capacitance	C _L	—	—	47	—	pF

2. $V_{DD} = 1.8$ V

Table 10

DC Electrical Characteristics ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ V)

($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Current consumption (per circuit)*1	I_{DD}	$V_{CMR} = V_{OUT} = 0.9$ V	–	0.50	0.75	μA	6
Input offset voltage	V_{IO}	$V_{CMR} = 0.9$ V	S-89430 Series	± 5	+10	mV	2
			S-89431 Series	± 3	+5	mV	2
Input offset current	I_{IO}	–	–	1	–	pA	–
Input bias current	I_{BIAS}	–	–	1	–	pA	–
Common-mode input voltage range	V_{CMR}	–	0	–	1.8	V	3
Voltage gain (open loop)	A_{VOL}	$V_{SS} + 0.1$ V $\leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DD} - 0.1$ V, $V_{CMR} = 0.9$ V, $R_L = 1.0$ M Ω	66	75	–	dB	9
Maximum output swing voltage	V_{OH}	$R_L = 100$ k Ω	1.75	–	–	V	4
	V_{OL}	$R_L = 100$ k Ω	–	–	0.05	V	5
Common-mode input signal rejection ratio	CMRR	$V_{SS} \leq V_{CMR} \leq V_{DD}$	35	55	–	dB	3
		$V_{SS} \leq V_{CMR} \leq V_{DD} - 0.3$ V	45	60	–	dB	3
Power supply voltage rejection ratio	PSRR	$V_{DD} = 0.9$ V to 5.5 V	70	80	–	dB	1
Source current	I_{SOURCE}	$V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 0.1$ V	220	300	–	μA	7
		$V_{OUT} = 0$ V	1200	1800	–	μA	7
Sink current	I_{SINK}	$V_{OUT} = 0.1$ V	220	300	–	μA	8
		$V_{OUT} = V_{DD}$	1200	1800	–	μA	8

- *1. When the output is saturated on the V_{DD} side, a current consumption of up to 3 μA to 5 μA may flow.
Refer to “4. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Common-mode input voltage range characteristics (voltage follower configuration)” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”.

Table 11

AC Electrical Characteristics ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ V)

($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Slew rate	SR	$R_L = 1.0$ M Ω , $C_L = 15$ pF (Refer to Figure 17)	–	4.5	–	V/ms
Gain-bandwidth product	GBP	$C_L = 0$ pF	–	5	–	kHz
Maximum load capacitance	C_L	–	–	47	–	pF

3. $V_{DD} = 0.9$ V

Table 12

DC Electrical Characteristics ($V_{DD} = 0.9$ V)

($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Current consumption (per circuit)* ¹	I _{DD}	V _{CMR} = V _{OUT} = 0.45 V		–	0.50	0.75	μA	6
Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	V _{CMR} = 0.45 V	S-89430 Series	–10	±5	+10	mV	2
			S-89431 Series	–5	±3	+5	mV	2
Input offset current	I _{IO}	–		–	1	–	pA	–
Input bias current	I _{BIAS}	–		–	1	–	pA	–
Common-mode input voltage range	V _{CMR}	–		0	–	0.9	V	3
Voltage gain (open loop)	A _{VOL}	V _{SS} + 0.1 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{DD} – 0.1 V, V _{CMR} = 0.45 V, R _L = 1.0 MΩ		60	75	–	dB	9
Maximum output swing voltage	V _{OH}	R _L = 100 kΩ		0.85	–	–	V	4
	V _{OL}	R _L = 100 kΩ		–	–	0.05	V	5
Common-mode input signal rejection ratio	CMRR	V _{SS} ≤ V _{CMR} ≤ V _{DD}		25	55	–	dB	3
		V _{SS} ≤ V _{CMR} ≤ V _{DD} – 0.35 V		40	60	–	dB	3
Power supply voltage rejection ratio	PSRR	V _{DD} = 0.9 V to 5.5 V		70	80	–	dB	1
Source current	I _{SOURCE}	V _{OUT} = V _{DD} – 0.1 V		25	65	–	μA	7
		V _{OUT} = 0 V		40	140	–	μA	7
Sink current	I _{SINK}	V _{OUT} = 0.1 V		10	65	–	μA	8
		V _{OUT} = V _{DD}		12	120	–	μA	8

*1. When the output is saturated on the V_{DD} side, a current consumption of up to 3 μA to 5 μA may flow.

Refer to “4. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Common-mode input voltage range characteristics (voltage follower configuration)” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”.

Table 13

AC Electrical Characteristics ($V_{DD} = 0.9$ V)

($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Slew rate	SR	$R_L = 1.0$ M Ω , $C_L = 15$ pF (Refer to Figure 17)	–	4	–	V/ms
Gain-bandwidth product	GBP	$C_L = 0$ pF	–	5	–	kHz
Maximum load capacitance	C_L	–	–	47	–	pF

■ Test Circuit (Per Circuit)

1. Power supply voltage rejection ratio

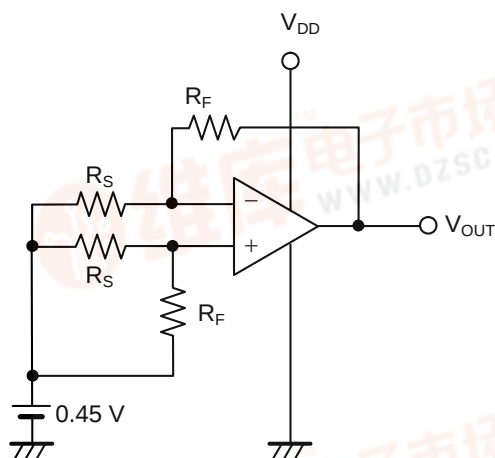


Figure 8

• Power supply voltage rejection ratio (PSRR)

The power supply voltage rejection ratio (PSRR) can be calculated by the following expression, with V_{OUT} measured at each V_{DD} .

Test conditions:

When $V_{DD} = 0.9 \text{ V}$: $V_{DD} = V_{DD1}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT1}$,

When $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$: $V_{DD} = V_{DD2}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT2}$

$$\text{PSRR} = 20 \log \left(\left| \frac{V_{DD1} - V_{DD2}}{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}} \right| \times \frac{R_F + R_S}{R_S} \right)$$

2. Input offset voltage

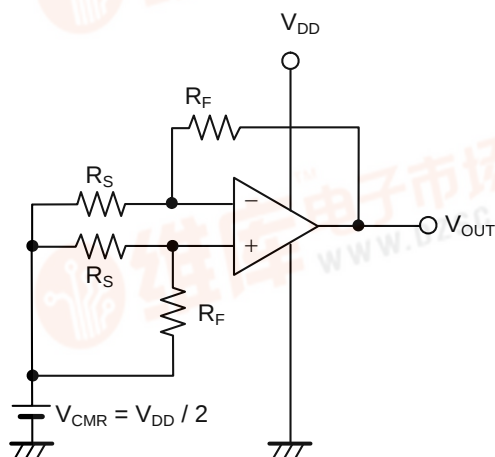


Figure 9

• Input offset voltage (V_{IO})

$$V_{IO} = \left(V_{OUT} - \frac{V_{DD}}{2} \right) \times \frac{R_S}{R_F + R_S}$$

3. Common-mode input signal rejection ratio, common-mode input voltage range

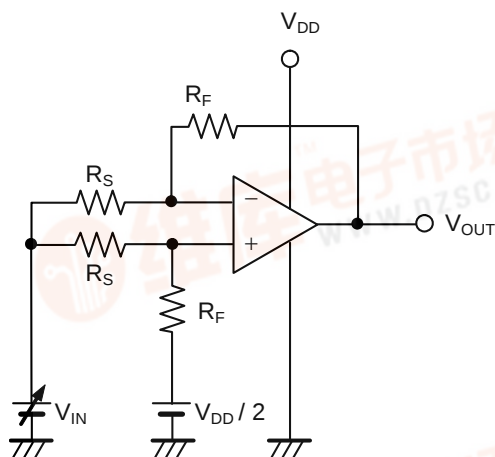


Figure 10

• Common-mode input signal rejection ratio (CMRR)

The common-mode input signal rejection ratio (CMRR) can be calculated by the following expression, with V_{OUT} measured at each V_{IN} .

Test conditions:

When $V_{IN} = V_{CMR\ Max.}$: $V_{IN} = V_{IN1}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT1}$,

When $V_{IN} = V_{CMR\ Min.}$: $V_{IN} = V_{IN2}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT2}$

$$CMRR = 20 \log \left(\left| \frac{V_{IN1} - V_{IN2}}{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}} \right| \times \frac{R_F + R_S}{R_S} \right)$$

• Common-mode input voltage range (V_{CMR})

The common-mode input voltage range is the range of V_{IN} in which V_{OUT} satisfies the common-mode input signal rejection ratio specifications.

4. Maximum output swing voltage (V_{OH})

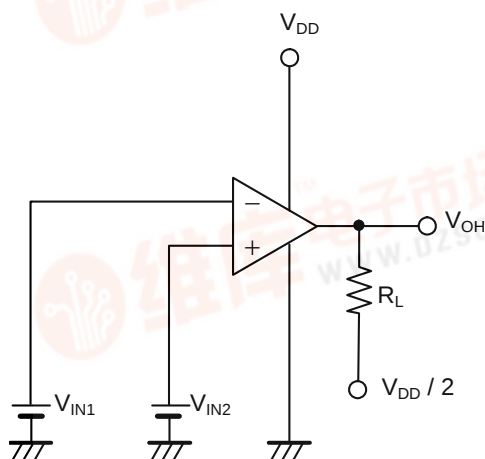


Figure 11

• Maximum output swing voltage (V_{OH})

Test conditions:

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

5. Maximum output swing voltage (V_{OL})

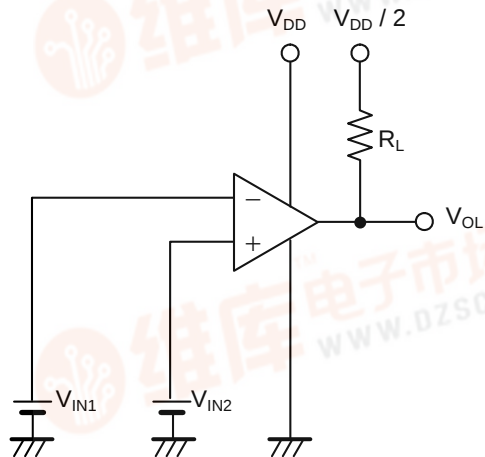


Figure 12

• Maximum output swing voltage (V_{OL})

Test conditions:

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$

6. Current consumption

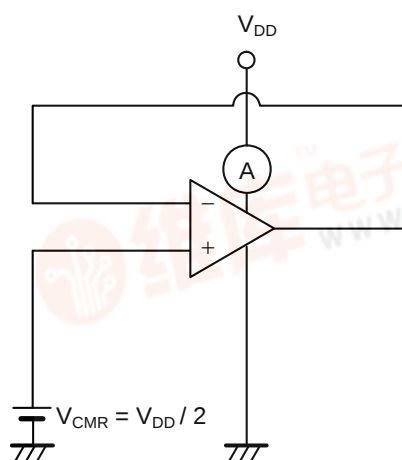


Figure 13

- Current consumption (I_{DD})

7. Source current

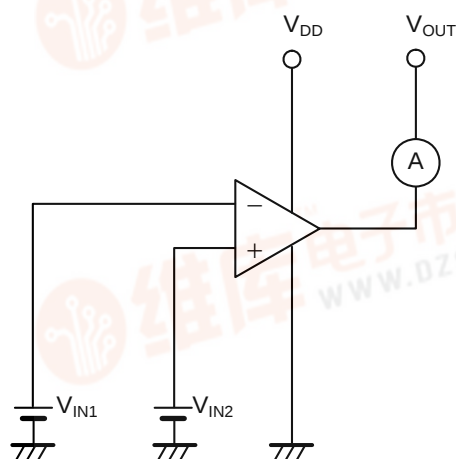


Figure 14

- Source current (I_{SOURCE})

Test conditions:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.1 \text{ V}$$

8. Sink current

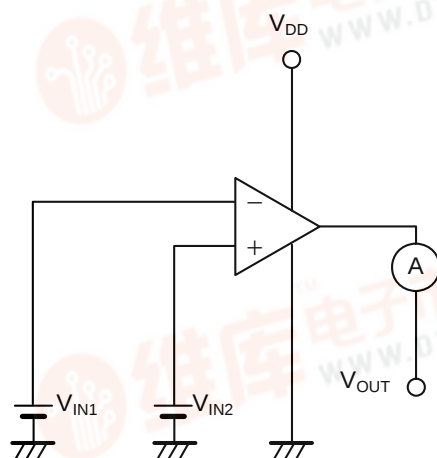


Figure 15

- Sink current (I_{SINK})

Test conditions:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.1 \text{ V or } V_{OUT} = V_{DD}$$

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.1 \text{ V}$$

9. Voltage gain (open loop)

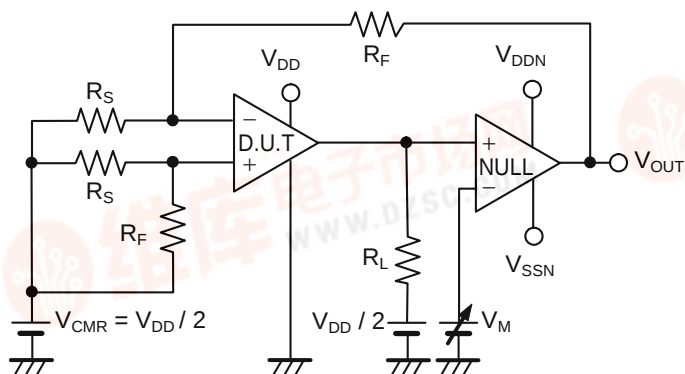


Figure 16

• Voltage gain (open loop) (A_{VOL})

The voltage gain (A_{VOL}) can be calculated by the following expression, with measured V_{OUT} at each V_M .

Test conditions:

When $V_M = V_{DD} - 0.1$ V: $V_M = V_{M1}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT1}$,

When $V_M = V_{SS} - 0.1$ V: $V_M = V_{M2}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT2}$

$R_L = 1$ M Ω

$$A_{VOL} = 20 \log \left(\left| \frac{V_{M1} - V_{M2}}{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}} \right| \times \frac{R_F + R_S}{R_S} \right)$$

10. Slew rate (SR)

Measured by the voltage follower circuit.

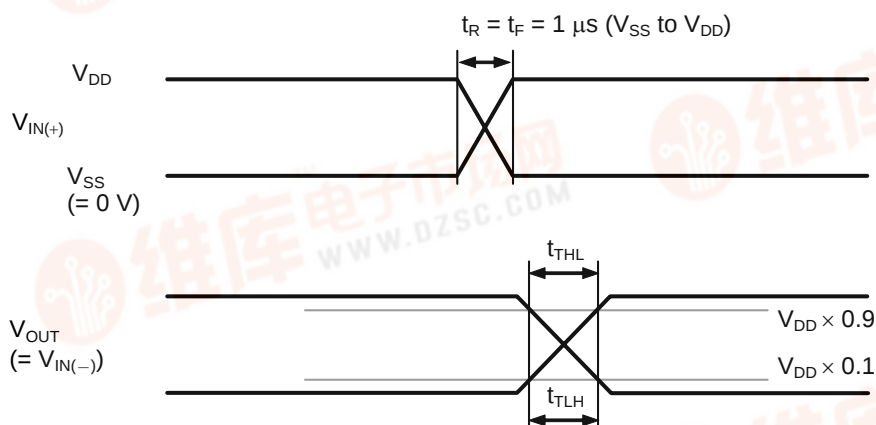


Figure 17

At fall

$$SR = \frac{V_{DD} \times 0.8}{t_{THL}}$$

At rise

$$SR = \frac{V_{DD} \times 0.8}{t_{TLH}}$$

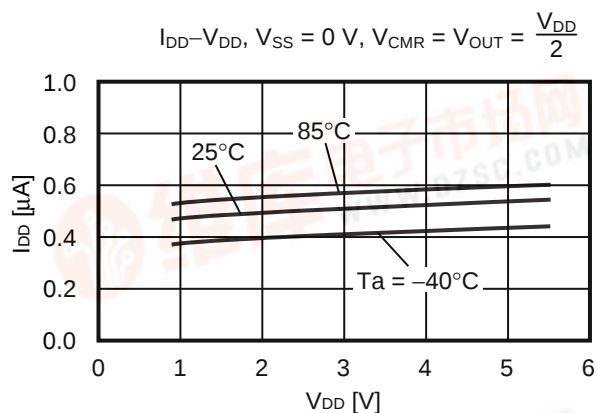
■ Precautions

- When the output is saturated on the V_{DD} side, a current consumption of up to 3 μ A to 5 μ A may flow.
Refer to “4. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Common-mode input voltage range characteristics (voltage follower configuration)” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- Use this IC with the output current 7 mA or less.
- SII claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

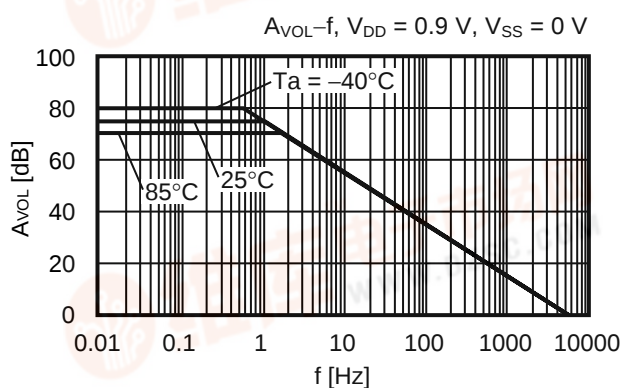
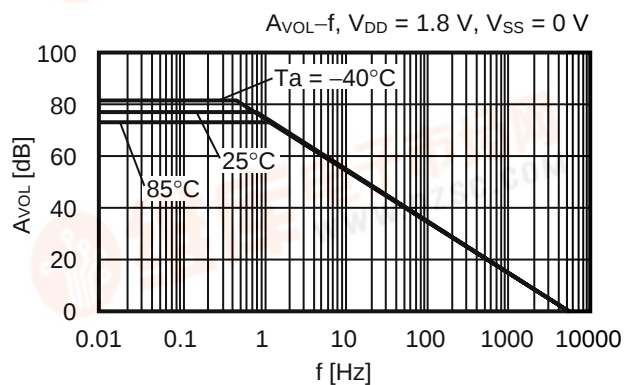
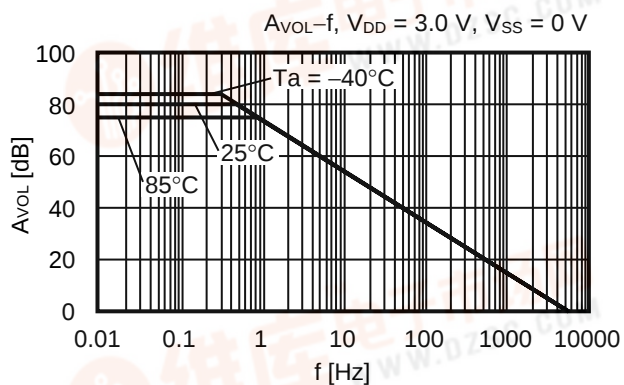


■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

1. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Power supply voltage

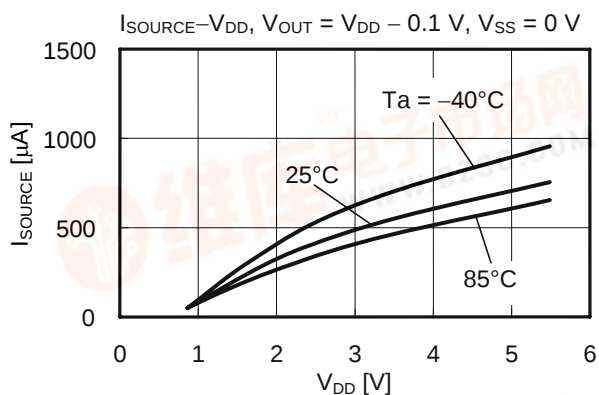


2. Voltage gain vs. Frequency

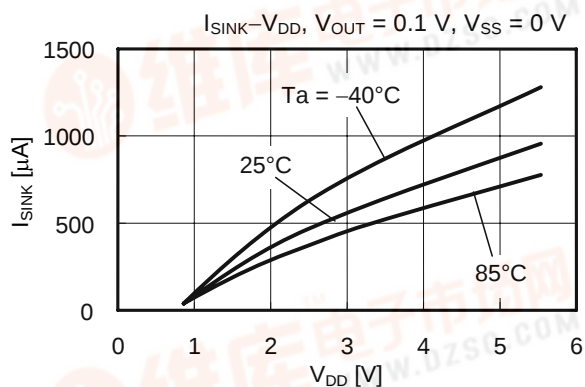


3. Output current

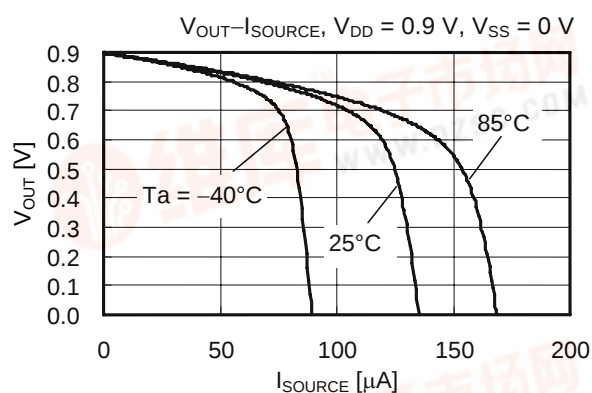
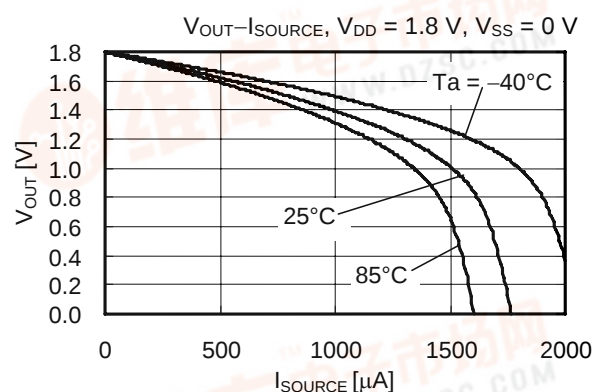
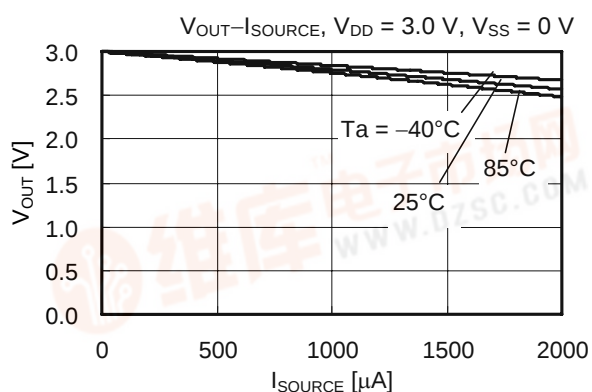
3.1 I_{SOURCE} vs. Power supply voltage



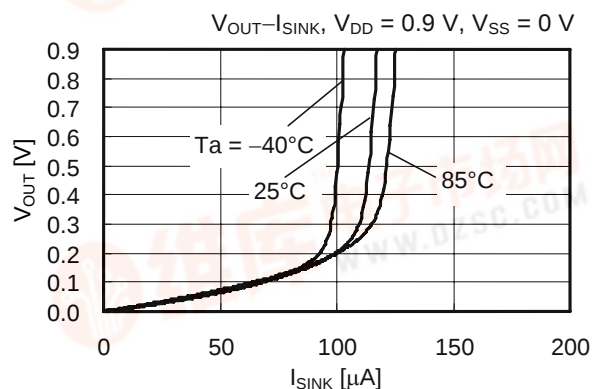
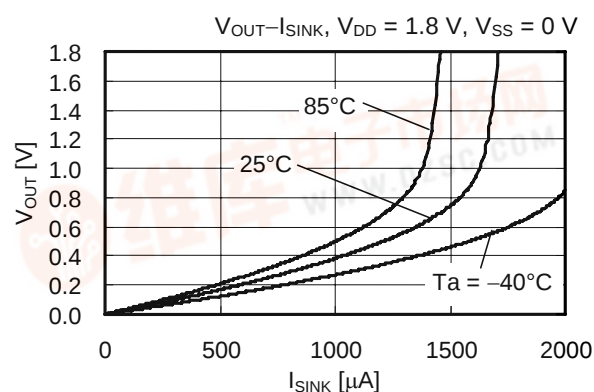
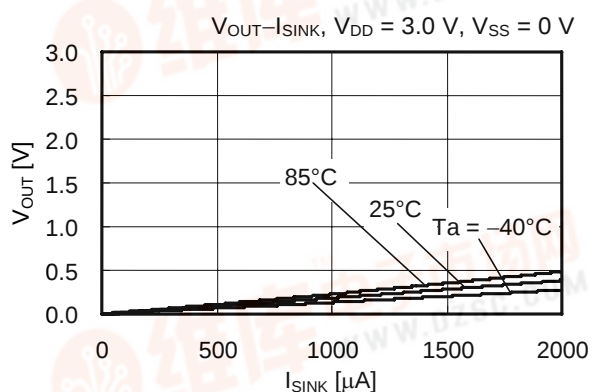
3.2 I_{SINK} vs. Power supply voltage



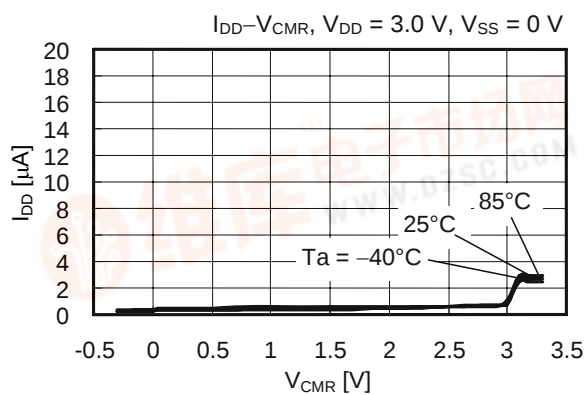
3.3 Output voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. I_{SOURCE}

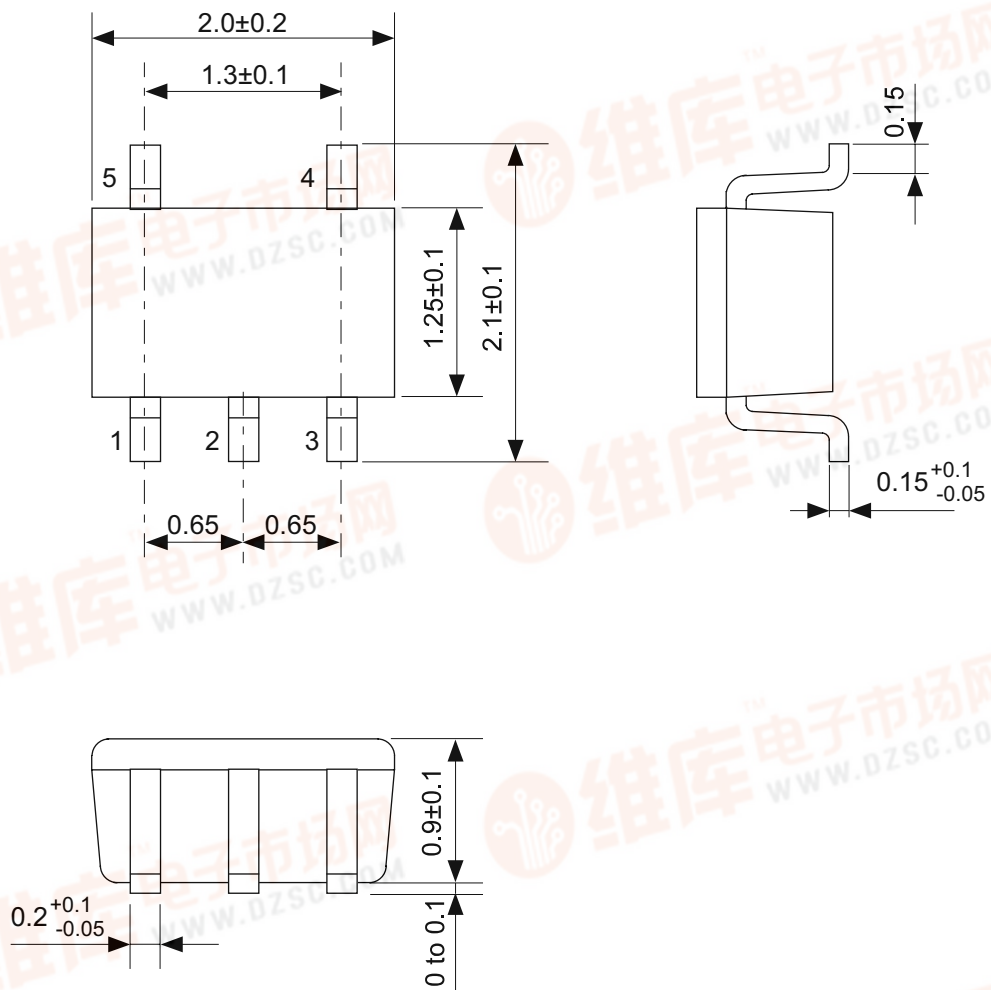


3.4 Output voltage (V_{OUT}) vs. I_{SINK}



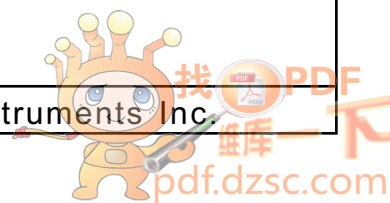
4. Current consumption (per circuit) vs. Common-mode input voltage range (voltage follower configuration)

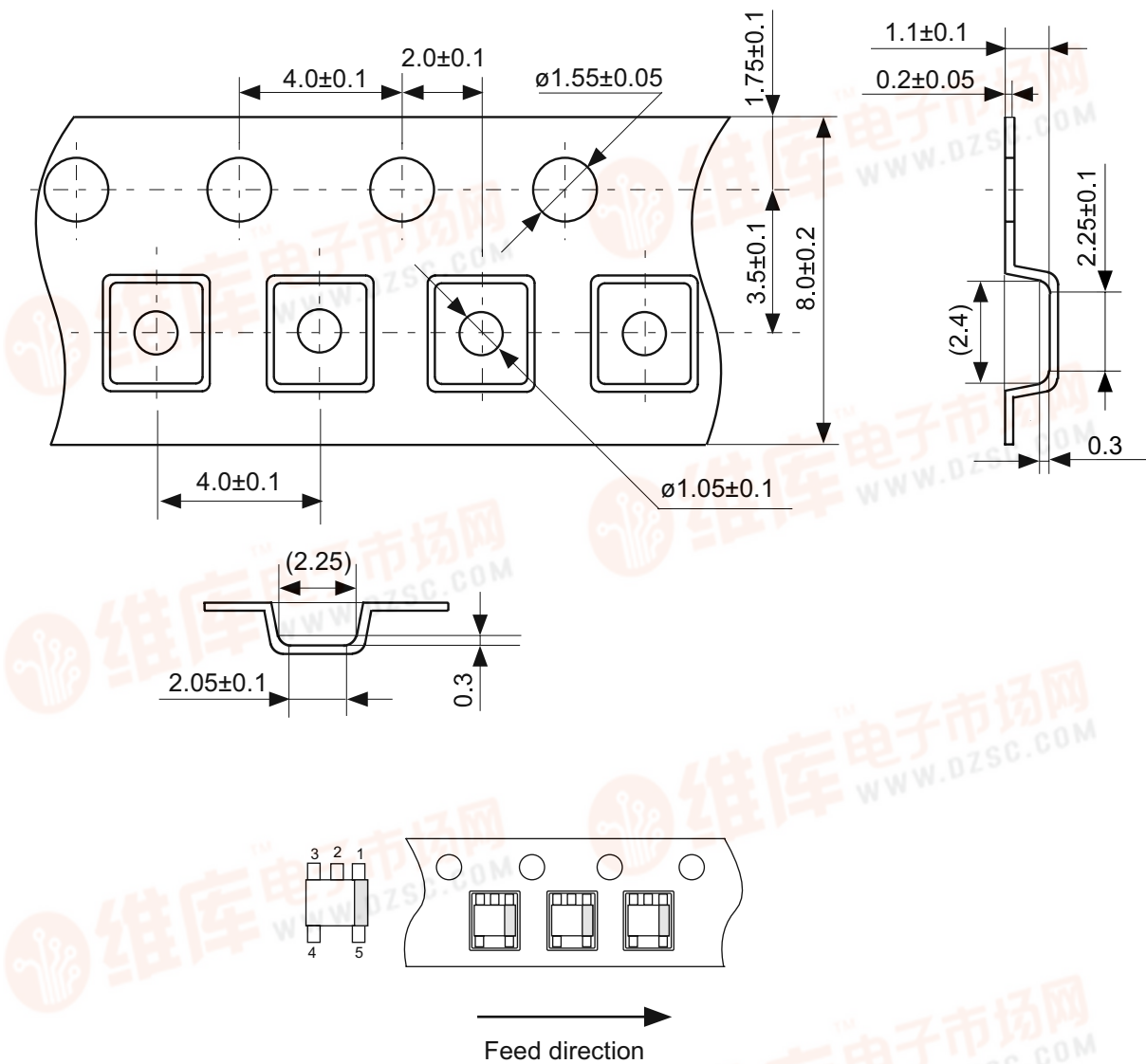




No. NP005-B-P-SD-1.1

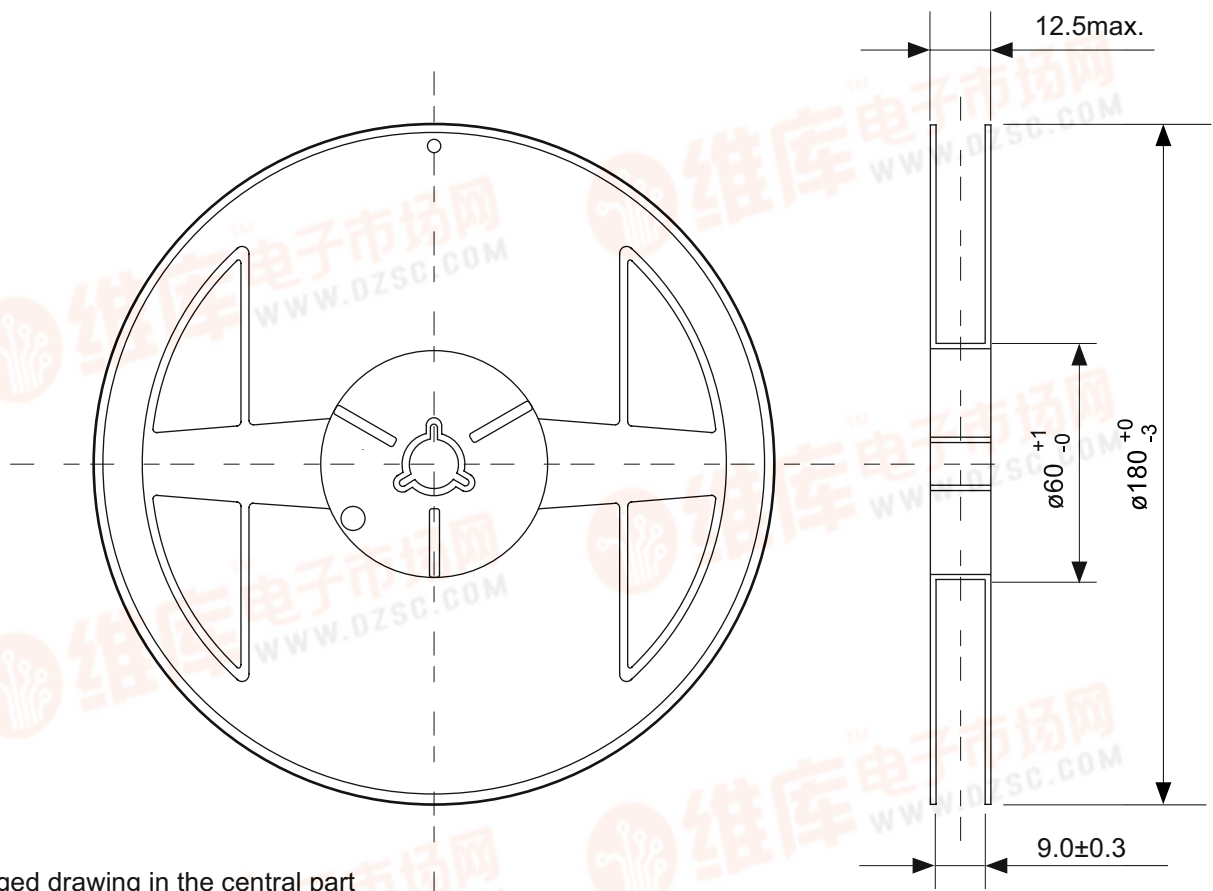
TITLE	SC88A-B-PKG Dimensions
No.	NP005-B-P-SD-1.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



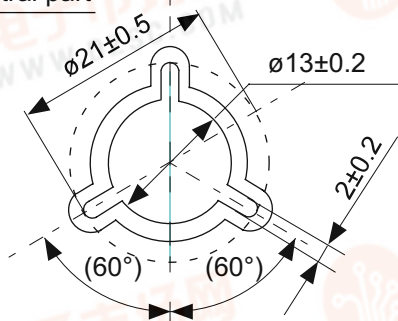


No. NP005-B-C-SD-2.0

TITLE	SC88A-B-Carrier Tape
No.	NP005-B-C-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	

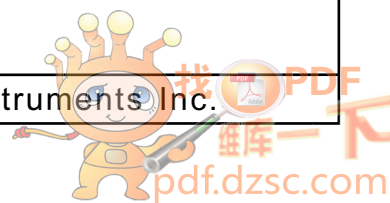


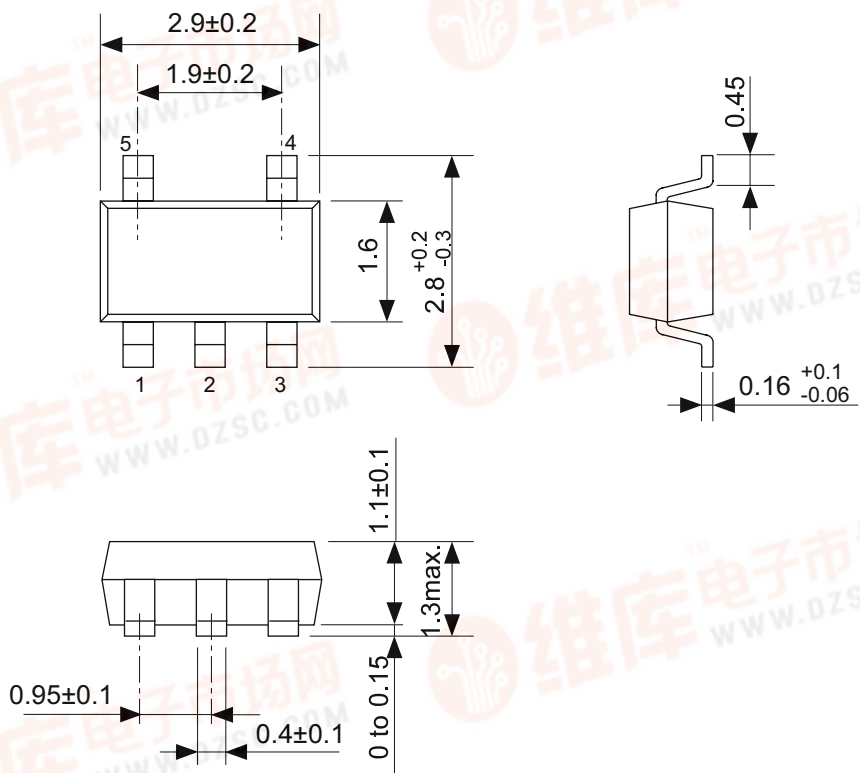
Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. NP005-B-R-SD-2.1

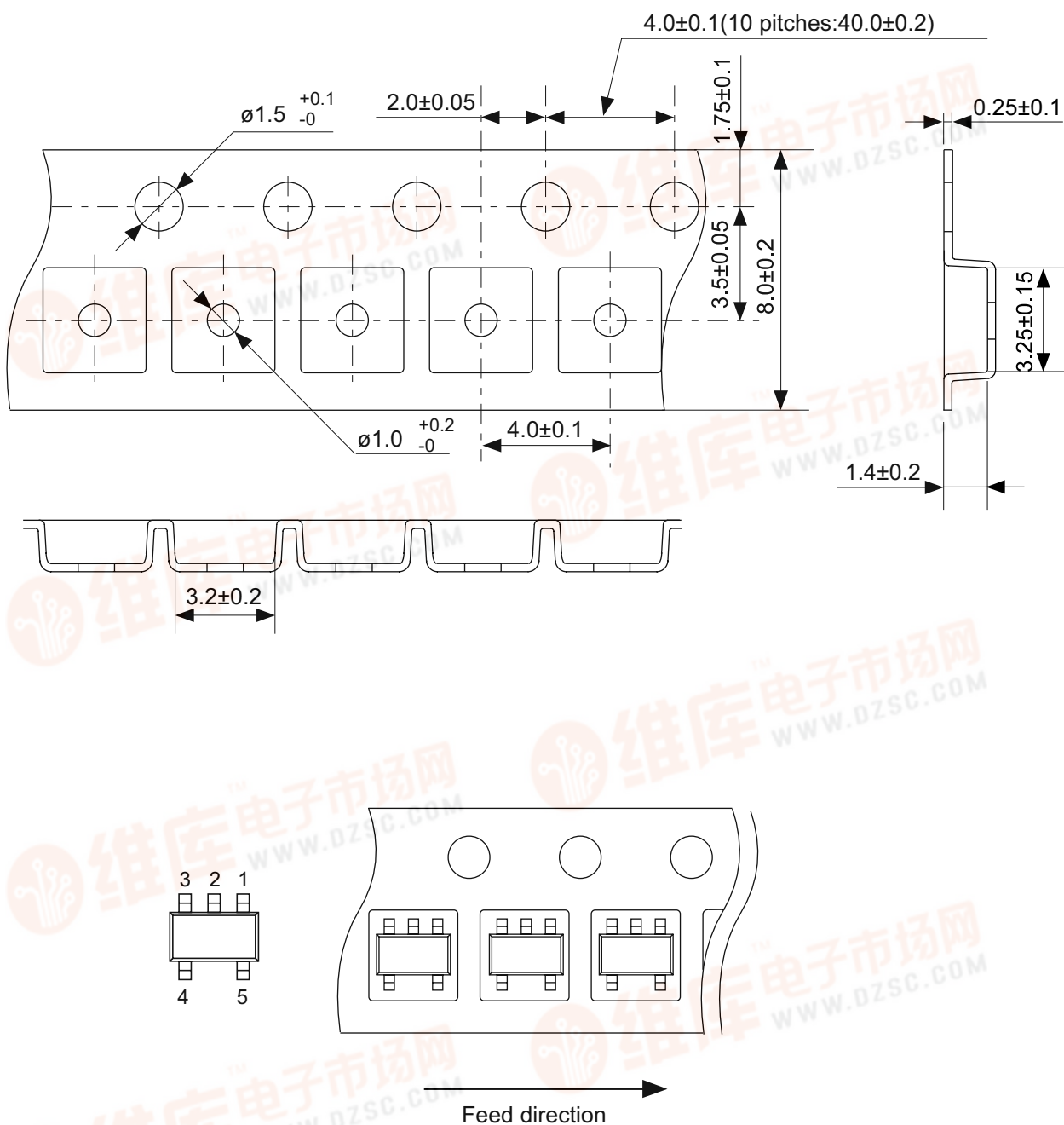
TITLE	SC88A-B-Reel		
No.	NP005-B-R-SD-2.1		
SCALE		QTY.	3000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			





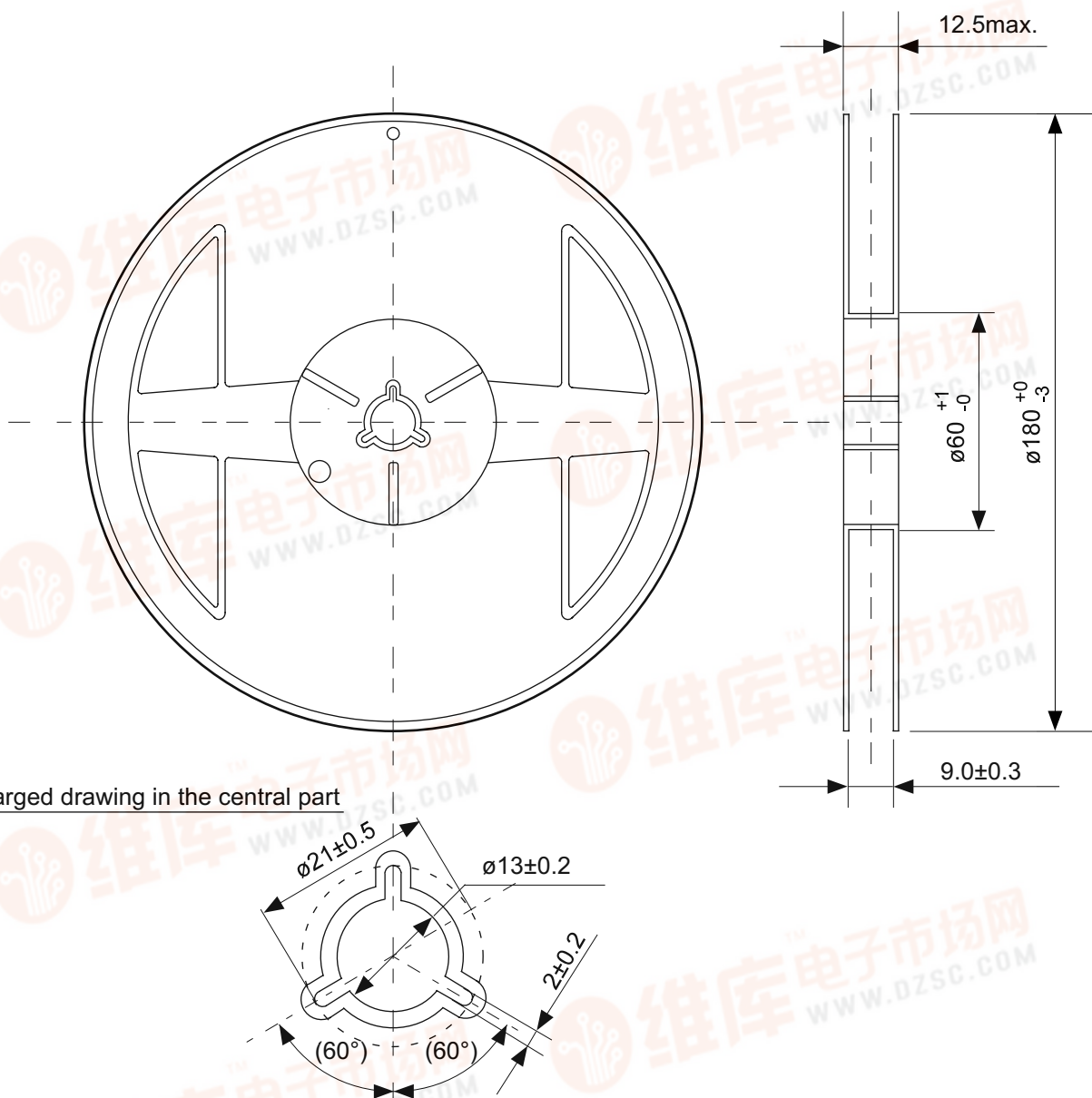
No. MP005-A-P-SD-1.2

TITLE	SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	MP005-A-P-SD-1.2
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



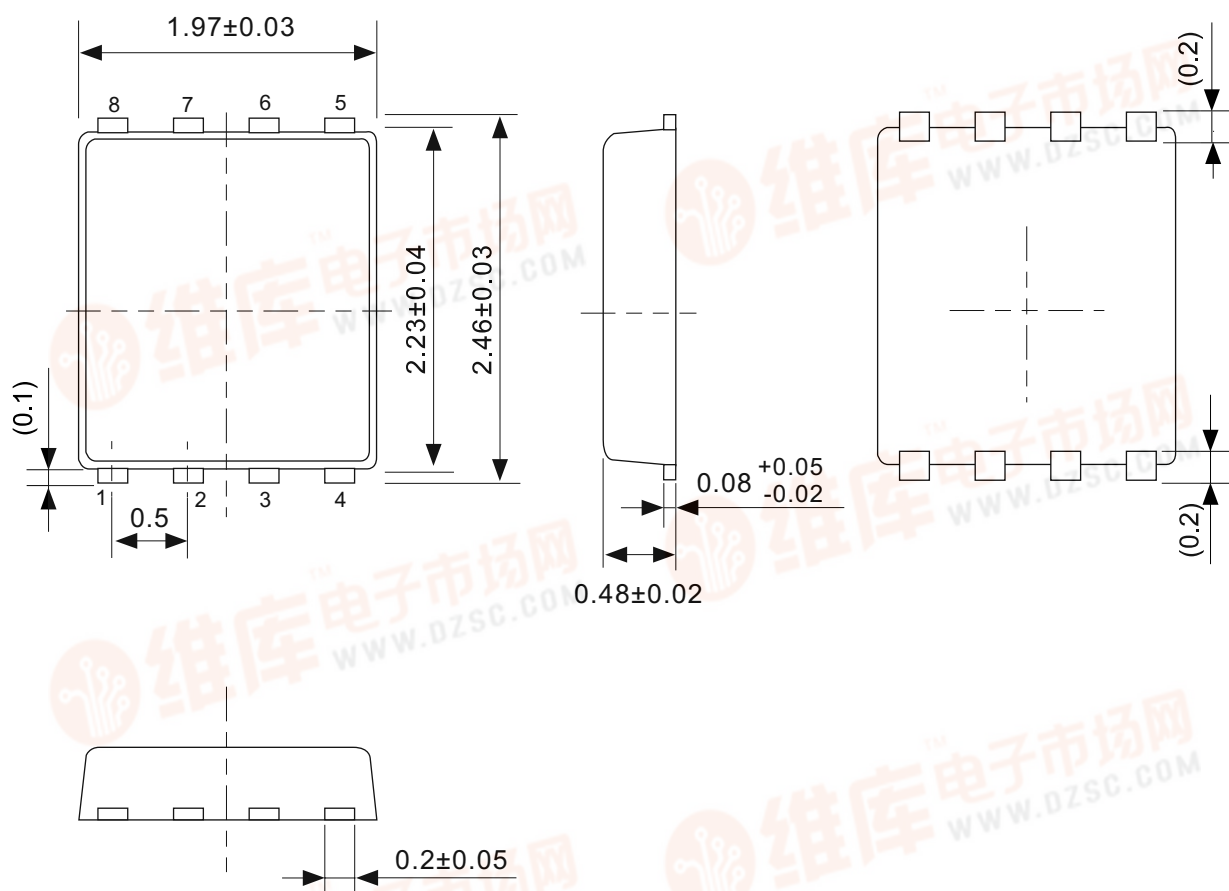
No. MP005-A-C-SD-2.1

TITLE	SOT235-A-Carrier Tape
No.	MP005-A-C-SD-2.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



No. MP005-A-R-SD-1.1

TITLE	SOT235-A-Reel		
No.	MP005-A-R-SD-1.1		
SCALE		QTY.	3,000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			



No. PH008-A-P-SD-2.0

TITLE	SNT-8A-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	PH008-A-P-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	

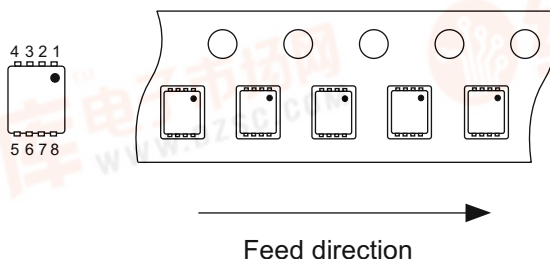
Technical drawing of a mechanical part, likely a bracket or plate, showing dimensions and a detail view.

Main Dimensions:

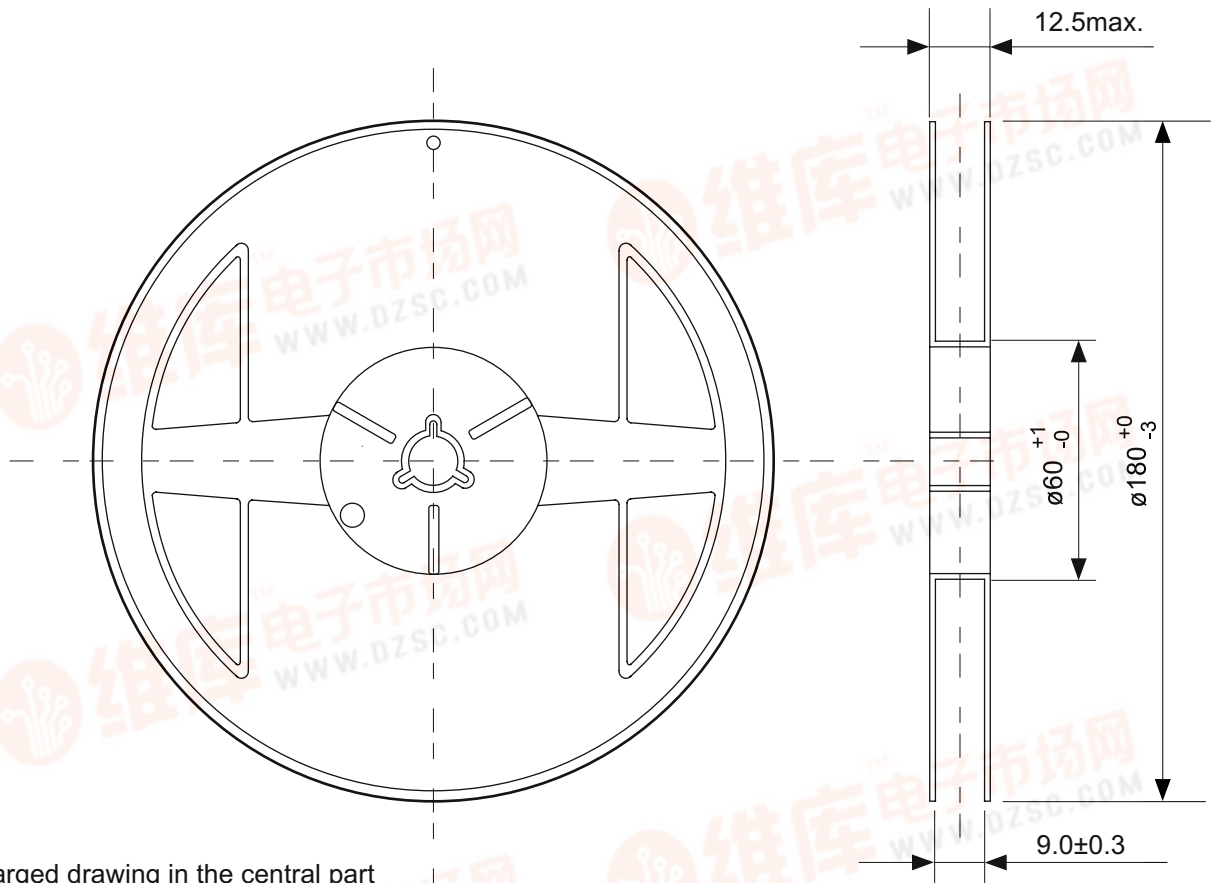
- Top hole diameter: $\phi 1.5^{+0.1}_{-0}$
- Top hole pitch: 2.0 ± 0.05
- Top hole offset: 4.0 ± 0.1
- Top hole depth: 1.75 ± 0.1
- Bottom hole diameter: $\phi 0.5 \pm 0.1$
- Bottom hole pitch: 2.25 ± 0.05
- Bottom hole offset: 4.0 ± 0.1
- Bottom hole depth: 0.65 ± 0.05
- Overall width: 8.0 ± 0.2
- Overall height: 2.7 ± 0.05
- Top hole depth offset: 3.5 ± 0.05
- Top hole offset: 0.25 ± 0.05
- Bottom hole offset: 0.65 ± 0.05

Detail View:

- Detail view shows a cross-section of the bottom hole with a 5° chamfer.



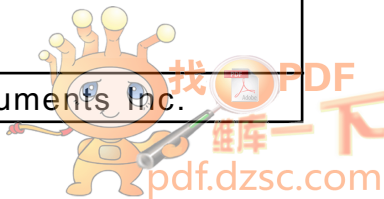
TITLE	SNT-8A-A-Carrier Tape
No.	PH008-A-C-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	

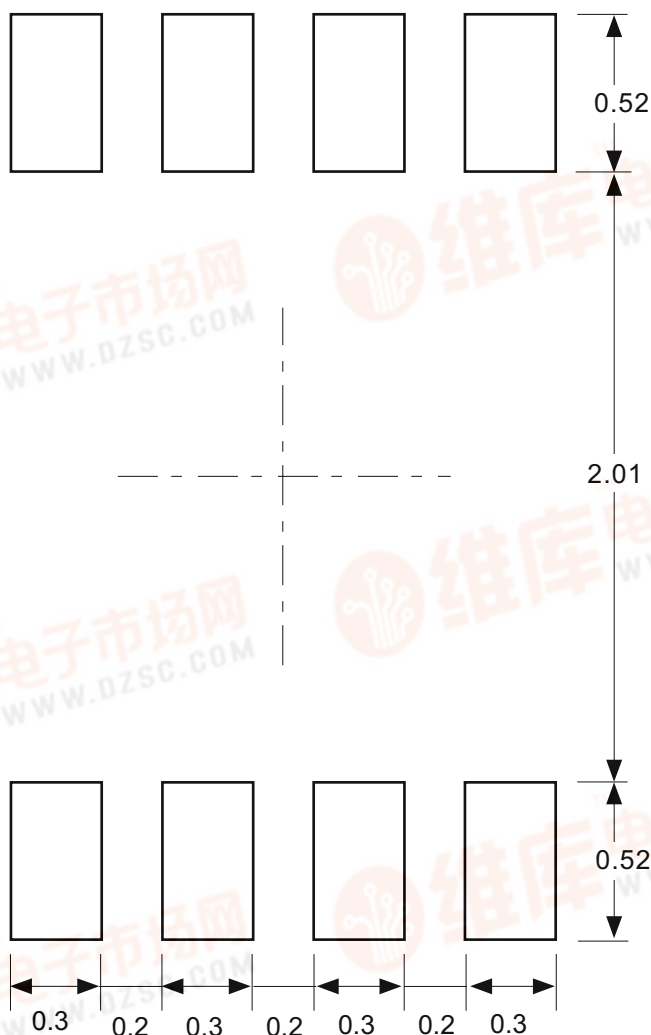


Enlarged drawing in the central part

No. PH008-A-R-SD-1.0

TITLE	SNT-8A-A-Reel		
No.	PH008-A-R-SD-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	5,000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			



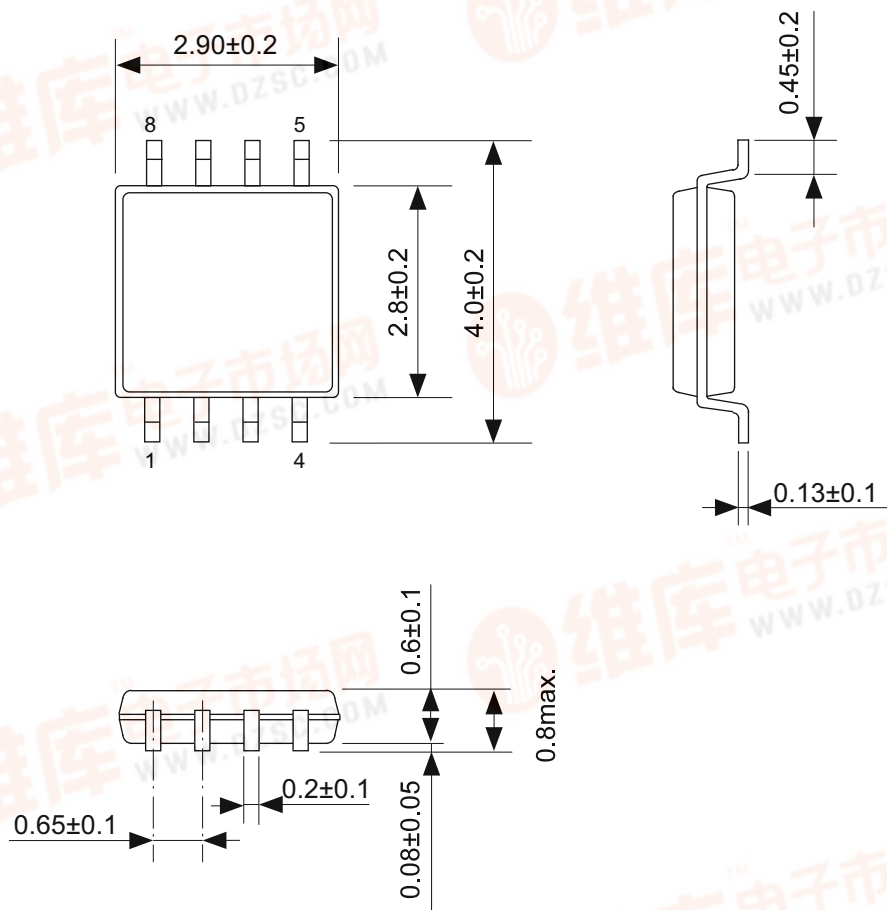


Caution Making the wire pattern under the package is possible. However, note that the package may be upraised due to the thickness made by the silk screen printing and of a solder resist on the pattern because this package does not have the standoff.

注意 パッケージ下への配線パターン形成は可能ですが、本パッケージはスタンドオフが無いので、パターン上のレジスト厚み、シルク印刷の厚みによってパッケージが持ち上がる場合がありますのでご配慮ください。

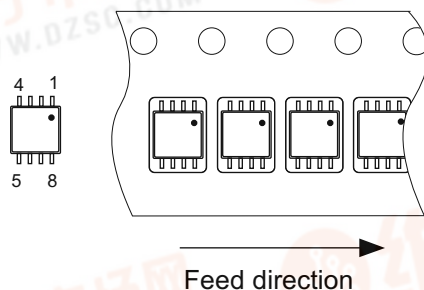
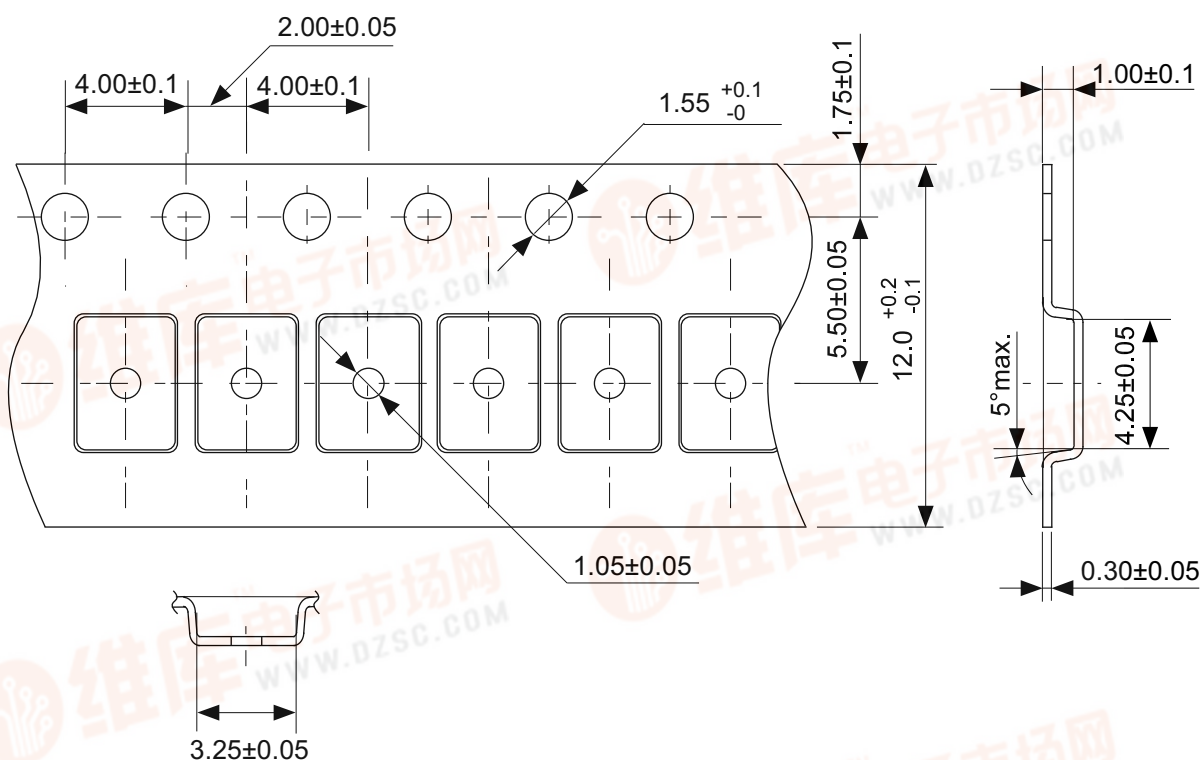
No. PH008-A-L-SD-3.0

TITLE	SNT-8A-A-Land Recommendation
No.	PH008-A-L-SD-3.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments, Inc.	



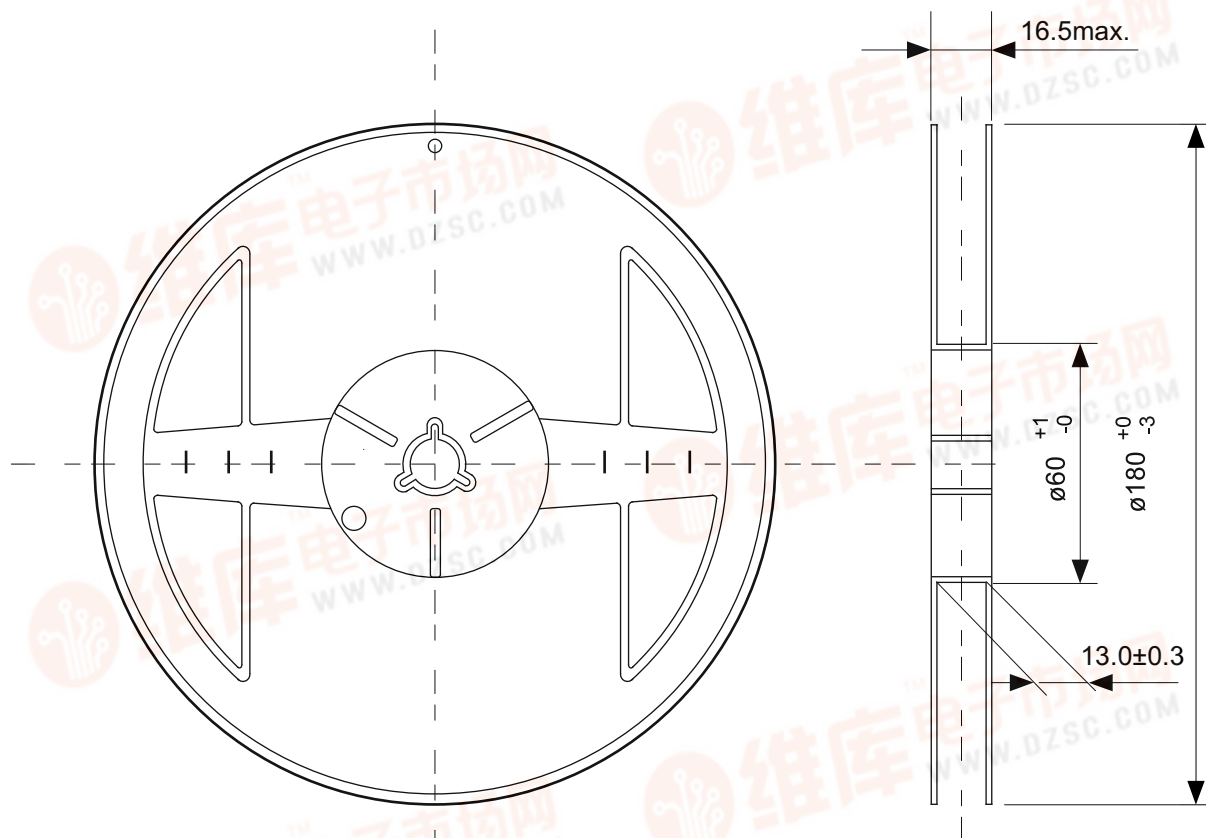
No. FM008-A-P-SD-1.0

TITLE	TMSOP8-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	FM008-A-P-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	

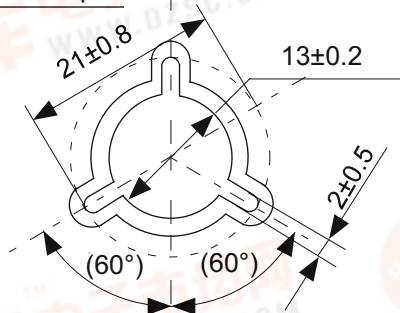


No. FM008-A-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	TMSOP8-A-Carrier Tape
No.	FM008-A-C-SD-1.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. FM008-A-R-SD-1.0

TITLE	TMSOP8-A-Reel		
No.	FM008-A-R-SD-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	4,000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			



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