

Product Features

- · High dynamic range downconverter with integrated LO, IF, & RF amps
- RF: 1900 2200 MHz
- IF: 65 – 300 MHz
- +38 dBm Output IP3
- +21 dBm Output P1dB
- 5.3 dB Noise Figure
- +5V Single supply operation
- Pb-free 6mm 28-pin QFN package
- Low-side LO configuration
- Common footprint with other PCS/ cellular versions

Specifications (1)

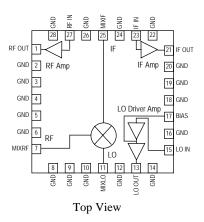
Product Description

The CV111-3A is a high linearity downconverter designed to meet the demanding issues for performance, functionality, and cost goals of current and next generation mobile infrastructure basestations. It provides high dynamic range performance in a low profile surface-mount leadless package that measures 6 x 6 mm square.

Functionality includes RF amplification, frequency conversion and IF amplification, while an integrated LO driver amplifier powers the passive mixer. The MCM is implemented with reliable and mature GaAs MESFET and InGaP HBT technology.

Typical applications include frequency down conversion, modulation and demodulation for receivers used in CDMA, CDMA2000, W-CDMA / IMT2000, GPRS, and EDGE 2.5G mobile infrastructure technologies for UMTS frequency bands.

Functional Diagram



Parameters	Units	Min	Тур	Max	Comments
RF Frequency Range	MHz	1900 - 2200			
LO Frequency Range	MHz		1600 - 2135		
IF Center Frequency Range	MHz		65 - 300		See note 2
% Bandwidth around IF center frequency	%		±7.5		See note 3
IF Test Frequency	MHz		240		
SSB Conversion Gain	dB		20		Temp = 25 °C
Gain Drift over Temp (-40 to 85 °C)	dB		±0.5		Referenced to +25 °C
Output IP3	dBm		+38		See note 4
Output IP2	dBm		+48		See note 4
Output 1dB Compression Point	dBm		+21		
Noise Figure	dB		5.3		See note 5
LO Input Drive Level	dBm	-2.5	0	+2.5	
LO-RF Isolation	dB		40		$P_{LO} = 0 dBm$
LO-IF Isolation	dB		25		$P_{LO} = 0 dBm$
Return Loss: RF Port	dB		14		
Return Loss: LO Port	dB		14		
Return Loss: IF Port	dB		14		
Operating Supply Voltage	V	+4.9	+5	+5.1	
Supply Current	mA	290	360	480	
FIT Rating	failures/1E9 hrs			72.1	@ 70° C ambient, 90% confidence
Junction Temperature	°C			160	See note 6

Specifications when using the application specific circuit (shown on page 3) with a low side LO = 0 dBm in a downconverting application over the operating case temperature range. IF matching components affect the center IF frequency. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies than shown can be provided by emailing to applications.engineering@wj.com. The IF bandwidth of the converter is defined as 15% around any center frequency in soperating IF frequency range. The bandwidth is determined with external components. Specifications are valid around the total 2-7.5% bandwidth, i.e. with a center frequency of 80 MHz, the specifications are valid from 80 ± 6 MHz. Assumes the supply voltage = +5 V. OIP3 is measured with $\Delta f = 1$ MHz with IF_{eut} = 5 dBm / tone. Assumes LO injection noise is filtered at the thermal noise floor. 1-74 dBm/Hz, at the RF, IF, and Image frequencies. The maximum junction temperature ensures a minimum MTTF rating of 1 million hours of usage.

Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Rating	Ordering Information		
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +85° C	Part No. Description		
Storage Temperature	-55 to +125° C	CV111-3AF UMTS-band High Linearity Downconverter		
DC Voltage	+6 V	(lead-free/RoHS-compliant 6x6mm QFN package)		
Junction Temperature	+220 °C	CV111-3APCB75 Fully Assembled Eval. Board, IF = 75MHz		
RF Input (continuous)	+2 dBm	CV111-3APCB240 Fully Assembled Eval. Board, IF = 240MHz		

Operation of this device above any of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

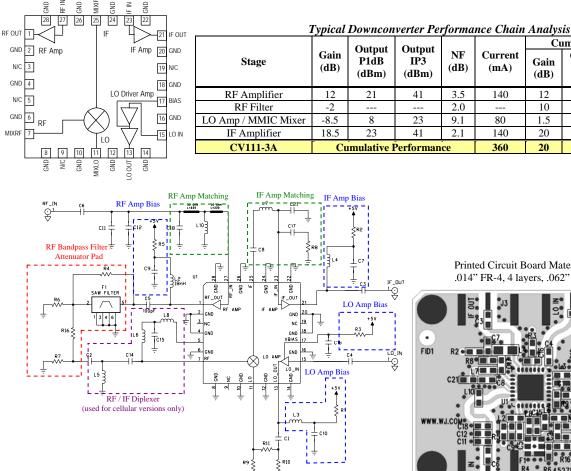
Specifications and information are subject to change without notice

Product Information

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Cumulative Performance

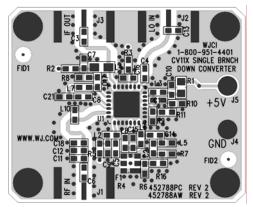
Device Architecture / Application Circuit Information



Output NF Current Output Output P1dB IP3 NF Gain (dB) (mA) P1dB IP3 (dBm) (dBm) (\mathbf{dB}) (dB) (dBm) (dBm) 21 41 3.5 140 12 21.0 41.0 3.5 2.0 19.0 10 39.0 3.6 23 80 22.2 1.5 4.8 9.1 6.1 23 41 2.1 140 20 20.7 37.9 54 **Cumulative Performance** 360 20 20.7 37.9 54

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Printed Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness



CV111-3A: The application circuit can be broken up into four main functions as denoted in the colored dotted areas above: RF/IF diplexing (purple; this is only used with the cellular-band CV products), amplifier matching (green), filtering (red), and dc biasing (blue). There are various placeholders for chip components in the circuit schematic so that a common PCB can be used for all WJ single-branch converters. Additional placeholders for other optional functions such as filtering are also included.

RF / IF Amplifier Matching: The RF amplifier requires a shunt matching element for optimal gain and input return loss performance. The IF amplifier requires matching elements to optimize the performance of the amplifier to the desired IF center frequency. Since IF bandwidths are typically on the order of 5 to 10%, a simple two element matching network, in the form of either a high-pass or low-pass filter structure, is sufficient to match the MMIC IF amplifier over these narrow bandwidths. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies can be provided by emailing to applications.engineering@wj.com.

RF Bandpass Filtering: Bandpass filtering is recommended to achieve the best noise figure performance with the downconverter. The bandpass filter, implemented with a SAW filter on the application circuit, allows for the suppression of noise from the image frequency. It is permissible to not use a filter and use a 2 dB pad with R6, R7, and R16 instead with slightly degraded noise figure performance.

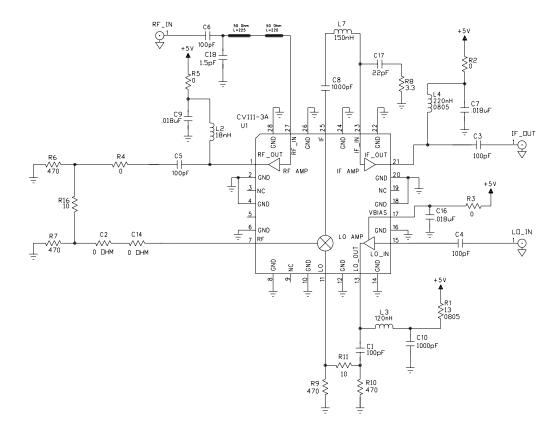
External Diplexer: This is only used with the cellular-band CV products. The mixer performs the diplexing internally for the CV111-3A; therefore the components shown in the diplexer section should be loaded as follows: $C2 = C14 = 0 \Omega$.

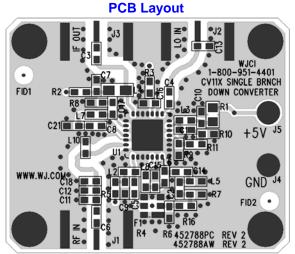
DC biasing: DC bias must be provided for the RF, LO and IF amplifiers in the converter. R1 sets the operating current for the last stage of the LO amplifier and is chosen to optimize the mixer LO drive level. Proper RF chokes and bypass capacitors are chosen for proper amplifier biasing at the intended frequency of operation. The +5 V" dc bias should be supplied directly from a voltage regulator.



Product Information

Downconverting Application Circuit: CV111-3APCB75 RF = 1900 – 2200 MHz, IF = 75 MHz





Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness

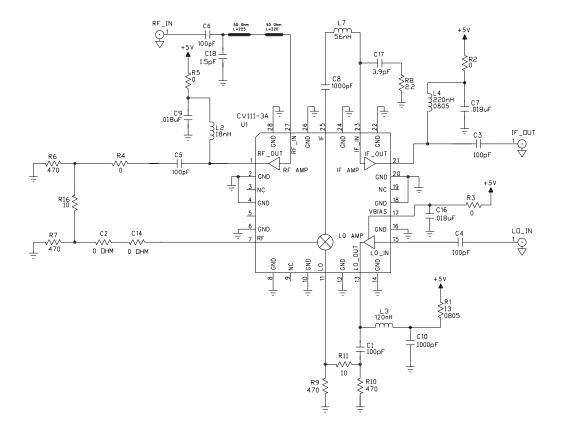
Bill of Materials				
Ref. Desig.	Component			
R1	13 Ω chip resistor, size 0805			
R2, R3, R4, R5, C2, C14	0Ω chip resistor			
R6, R7, R9, R10	470 Ω chip resistor			
R8	3.3Ω chip resistor			
R11, R16	10 Ω chip resistor			
C1, C3, C4, C5, C6	100 pF chip capacitor			
C7, C9, C16	0.018 µF chip capacitor			
C8, C10	1000 pF chip capacitor			
C11, C12, C13, C15, C21, F1, L5, L6, L8, L10	Shown in silkscreen, but not used in actual circuit.			
C17	22 pF chip capacitor			
C18	1.5 pF chip capacitor			
L2	18 nH chip inductor			
L3	120 nH chip inductor			
L4	220 nH chip inductor, size 0805			
L7	22 nH chip inductor			
U1	CV111-3A WJ Converter			

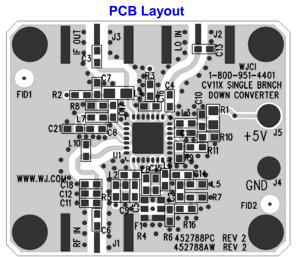
All components are of size 0603 unless otherwise specified.



Product Information

Downconverting Application Circuit: CV111-3APCB240 RF = 1900 – 2200 MHz, IF = 240 MHz





Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness

Bill of Materials				
Ref. Desig.	Component			
R1	13 Ω chip resistor, size 0805			
R2, R3, R4, R5, C2, C14	0Ω chip resistor			
R6, R7, R9, R10	470 Ω chip resistor			
R8	2.2Ω chip resistor			
R11, R16	10Ω chip resistor			
C1, C3, C4, C5, C6	100 pF chip capacitor			
C7, C9, C16	0.018 µF chip capacitor			
C8, C10	1000 pF chip capacitor			
C11, C12, C13, C15, C21, F1, L5, L6, L8, L10	Shown in silkscreen, but not used in actual circuit.			
C17	3.9 pF chip capacitor			
C18	1.5 pF chip capacitor			
L2	18 nH chip inductor			
L3	120 nH chip inductor			
L4	220 nH chip inductor, size 0805			
L7	56 nH chip inductor			
U1	CV111-3A WJ Converter			

All components are of size 0603 unless otherwise specified.

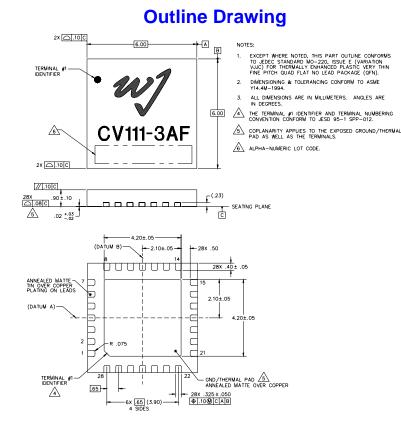


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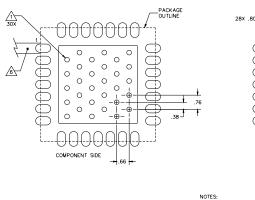
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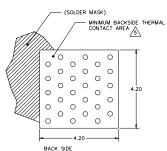
CV111-3AF Mechanical Information

This package is lead-free/RoHS-compliant. The plating material on the pins is annealed matte tin over copper. It is compatible with both lead-free (maximum 260°C reflow temperature) and leaded (maximum 245°C reflow temperature) soldering processes.



Mounting Configuration / Land Pattern





GROUND/THERMAL VIAS ARE CRITICAL FOR THE PROPER PERFORMAN(OF THIS DEVICE. VIAS SHOULD USE A .35mm (#80/.0135") DIAMETER DRILL AND HAVE A FINAL, PLATED THRU DIAMETER OF .25mm (.010") \triangle

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- ADD AS MUCH COPPER AS POSSIBLE TO INNER AND OUTER LAYERS NEAR THE PART TO ENSURE OPTIMAL THERMAL PERFORMANCE. 2.
- TO ENSURE RELIABLE OPERATION, DEVICE GROUND PADDLE-TO-GROUND PAD SOLDER JOINT IS CRITICAL. ADD MOUNTING SCREWS NEAR THE PART TO FASTEN THE BOARD TO A HEATSINK. ENSURE THAT THE GROUND/THERMAL VIA REGION CONTACTS THE HEATSINK
- DO NOT PUT SOLDER MASK ON THE BACK SIDE OF THE PC BOARD IN THE REGION WHERE THE BOARD CONTACTS THE HEATSINK. ∕₅∖
- AND CONSTRUCTION.
- USE 1 OZ. COPPER MINIMUM 7.
- 8 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES

Product Marking

The component will be lasermarked with a "CV111-3AF" product label with an alphanumeric lot code on the top surface of the package.

Tape and reel specifications for this part will be located on the website in the "Application Notes" section.

ESD / MSL Information

Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Value:

Standard:

Test:

65 PITCH, TYP R .22 £^{.42} ESD Rating: Class 1B Passes \geq 500V to <1000V Human Body Model (HBM) JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114

ESD Rating: Class III

LOD Raing.	
Value:	Passes $\geq 500V$ to $<1000V$
Test:	Charged Device Model (CDM)
Standard:	JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101

MSL Rating: Level 2 at +260°C convection reflow JEDEC Standard J-STD-020 Standard:

Functional Pin Layout

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	RF Amp Output	15	LO Amp Input
2	GND	16	GND
3	N/C or GND	17	LO Amp Bias
4	GND	18	GND
5	N/C or GND	19	N/C or GND
6	GND	20	GND
7	Mixer RF Input	21	IF Amp
/			Output/Bias
8	GND	22	GND
9	N/C or GND	23	IF Amp Input
10	GND	24	GND
11	Mixer LO Input	25	Mixer IF Output
12	GND	26	GND
13	LO Amp Output/Bias	27	RF Amp Input
14	GND	28	GND

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