

LOW-VOLTAGE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

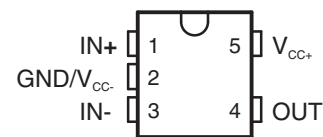
Check for Samples: [LMV821-Q1](#), [LMV822-Q1](#), [LMV824-Q1](#)

FEATURES

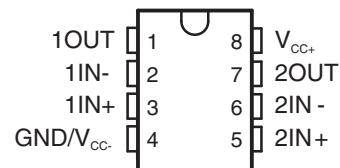
- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- 2.5-V, 2.7-V, and 5-V Performance
- –40°C to 125°C Operation
- No Crossover Distortion
- Low Supply Current at $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$
 - LMV821: 0.3 mA Typ
 - LMV822: 0.5 mA Typ
 - LMV824: 1 mA Typ
- Rail-to-Rail Output Swing
- Gain Bandwidth of 5.5 MHz Typ at 5 V
- Slew Rate of 1.9 V/ μs Typ at 5 V

The LMV82x devices are characterized for operation from –40°C to 125°C.

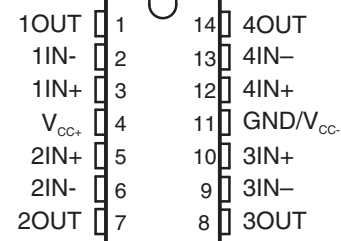
**LMV821...DBV PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



**LMV822...DGK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



**LMV824...D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The LMV821 single, LMV822 dual, and LMV824 quad devices are low-voltage (2.5 V to 5.5 V), low-power commodity operational amplifiers. Electrical characteristics are very similar to the LMV3xx operational amplifiers (low supply current, rail-to-rail outputs, input common-mode range that includes ground). However, the LMV82x devices offer a higher bandwidth (5.5 MHz typical) and faster slew rate (1.9 V/ μs typical).

The LMV82x devices are cost-effective solutions for applications requiring low-voltage/low-power operation and space-saving considerations. The LMV821 saves space on printed circuit boards and enables the design of small portable electronic devices (cordless and cellular phones, laptops, PDAs, PCMCIA). It also allows the designer to place the device closer to the signal source to reduce noise pickup and increase signal integrity.

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

T_A	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾			ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING ⁽³⁾
–40°C to 125°C	Single	SOT-23 – DBV	Reel of 3000	LMV821QDBVRQ1	RB1_
	Dual	MSOP/VSSOP – DGK	Reel of 2500	LMV822QDGKRQ1	R8B
	Quad	SOIC – D	Reel of 2500	LMV824QDRQ1	LMV824Q
		TSSOP – PW	Reel of 2000	LMV824QPWRQ1	MV824Q

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

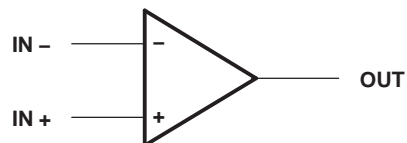
(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

(3) DBV: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the wafer fab/assembly site.

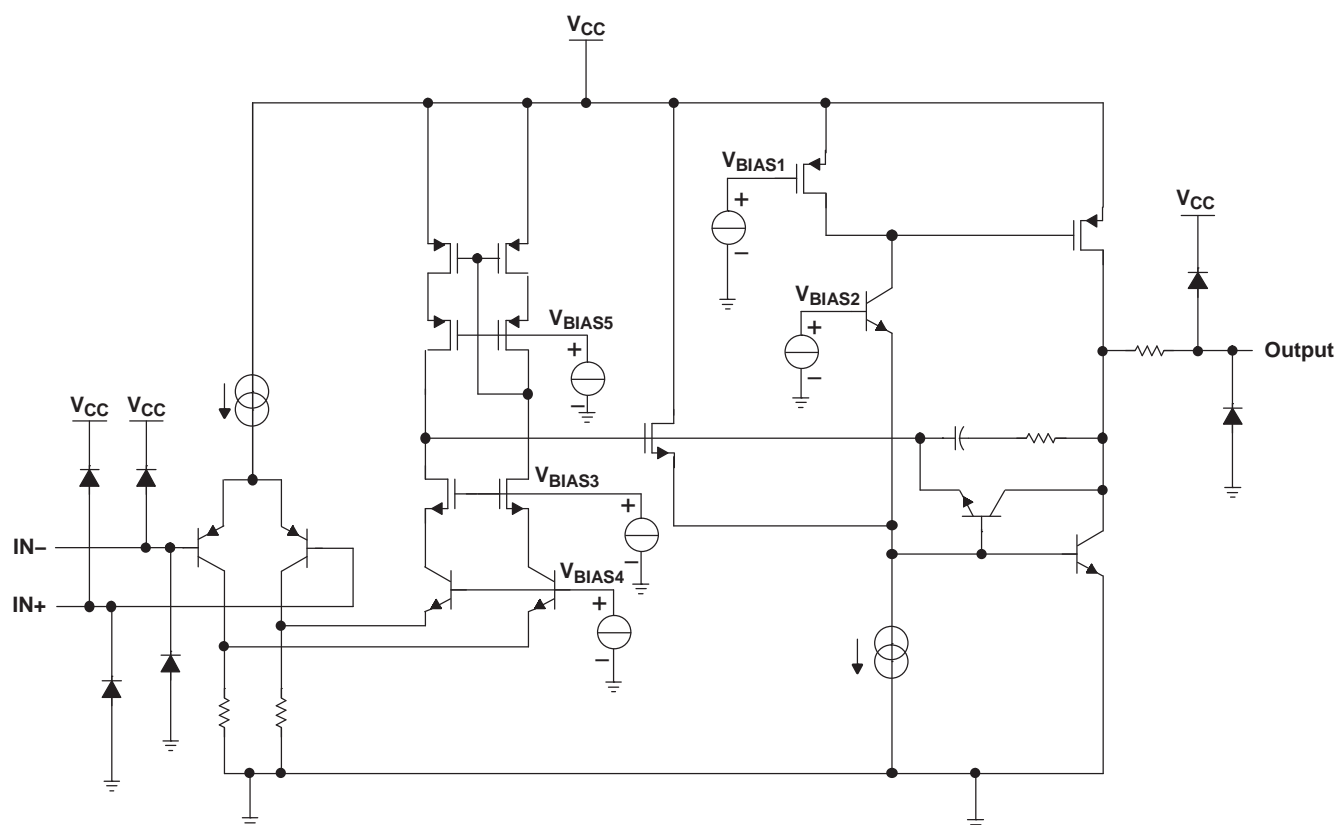


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SYMBOL (EACH AMPLIFIER)



SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

V_{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾	5.5 V
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾	$\pm V_{CC}$
V_I	Input voltage range (either input)	V_{CC-} to V_{CC+}
	Duration of output short circuit (one amplifier) to ground ⁽⁴⁾	At or below $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁵⁾ ⁽⁶⁾	Unlimited
		D package
		97°C/W
		DBV package
		206°C/W
		DGK package
		172°C/W
		PW package
		113°C/W
T_J	Operating virtual-junction temperature	150°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values (except differential voltages and V_{CC} specified for the measurement of I_{OS}) are with respect to the network GND.
- (3) Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$.
- (4) Short circuits from outputs to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
- (5) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(\text{max})$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(\text{max}) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
- (6) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC} Supply voltage (single-supply operation)	2.5	5	V
T_A Operating free-air temperature	–40	125	°C

2.5-V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC+} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.25\text{ V}$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO} Input offset voltage		25°C		1	6	mV
		–40°C to 125°C			6	
V_O Output swing	$V_{CC+} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ to 1.25 V	High level	25°C	2.28	2.37	V
			–40°C to 125°C	2.18		
		Low level	25°C	0.13	0.22	
			–40°C to 125°C		0.32	
	$V_{CC+} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to 1.25 V	High level	25°C	2.38	2.46	
			–40°C to 125°C	2.28		
		Low level	25°C	0.08	0.14	
			–40°C to 125°C		0.22	

2.7-V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V}$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage			25°C		1	6	mV
				–40°C to 125°C			6	
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C		1		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		30	90	nA
				–40°C to 125°C			140	
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	30	nA
				–40°C to 125°C			50	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }1.7\text{ V}$		25°C	70	85		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	68			
+ k_{SVR}	Positive supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 1.7\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{IC} = 0$		25°C	75	85		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	70			
– k_{SVR}	Negative supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 1.7\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -1\text{ V to }-3.3\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{IC} = 0$		25°C	73	85		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	70			
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$		25°C	–0.2 to 1.9	–0.3 to 2		V
A_V	Large-signal voltage amplification	$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V to }2.2\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	90	100		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	85			
		$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V to }0.5\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	85	90		
				–40°C to 125°C	80			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V to }2.2\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	95	100		
				–40°C to 125°C	90			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V to }0.5\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	90	95		
				–40°C to 125°C	85			
V_O	Output swing	$V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$	High level	25°C	2.5	2.58		V
				–40°C to 125°C	2.4			
			Low level	25°C		0.13	0.2	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.3	
		$V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }1.35\text{ V}$	High level	25°C	2.6	2.66		
				–40°C to 125°C	2.5			
			Low level	25°C		0.08	0.12	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.2	
I_O	Output current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	12	16		mA
		$V_O = 2.7\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	12	26		
I_{CC}	Supply current	LMV821		25°C		0.22	0.3	mA
				–40°C to 125°C			0.5	
		LMV822 (both amplifiers)		25°C		0.45	0.6	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.8	
		LMV824 (all four amplifiers)		25°C		0.72	1	
				–40°C to 125°C			1.2	

2.7-V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.35\text{ V}$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SR	Slew rate ⁽¹⁾		25°C		1.7		V/ μ s
GBW	Gain bandwidth product	⁽²⁾	25°C		5		MHz
Φ_m	Phase margin	⁽²⁾	25°C		60		deg
	Gain margin	⁽²⁾	25°C		8.6		dB
	Amplifier-to-amplifier isolation	$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V ⁽³⁾	25°C		135		dB
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IC} = 1\text{ V}$	25°C		45		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		0.18		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = -2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = 4.1\text{ V}_{p-p}$	25°C		0.01		%

(1) Connected as voltage follower with 1-V step input. Value specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rates.

(2) 40-dB closed-loop dc gain, $C_L = 22\text{ pF}$

(3) Each amplifier excited in turn with 1 kHz to produce $V_O = 3\text{ V}_{p-p}$

5-V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
 $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 2\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage			25°C		1	6	mV
				–40°C to 125°C			6	
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C		1		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IB}	Input bias current			25°C		40	100	nA
				–40°C to 125°C			150	
I_{IO}	Input offset current			25°C		0.5	30	nA
				–40°C to 125°C			50	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }4\text{ V}$		25°C	72	90		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	70			
+ k_{SVR}	Positive supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 1.7\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{IC} = 0$		25°C	75	85		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	70			
– k_{SVR}	Negative supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 1.7\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = -1\text{ V to }-3.3\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{IC} = 0$		25°C	73	85		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	70			
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$		25°C	–0.2 to 4.2	–0.3 to 4.3		V
A_V	Large-signal voltage amplification	$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V to }4.5\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	95	105		dB
				–40°C to 125°C	90			
		$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V to }0.5\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	95	105		
				–40°C to 125°C	90			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V to }4.5\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	95	105		
				–40°C to 125°C	90			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V to }0.5\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	95	105		
				–40°C to 125°C	90			
V_O	Output swing	$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$	High level	25°C	4.75	4.84		V
				–40°C to 125°C	4.6			
			Low level	25°C		0.17	0.25	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.3	
		$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }2.5\text{ V}$	High level	25°C	4.85	4.9		
				–40°C to 125°C	4.8			
			Low level	25°C		0.1	0.15	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.2	
I_O	Output current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}$	Sourcing	25°C	20	45		mA
				–40°C to 125°C	15			
		$V_O = 5\text{ V}$	Sinking	25°C	20	40		
				–40°C to 125°C	15			
I_{CC}	Supply current	LMV821		25°C		0.3	0.4	mA
				–40°C to 125°C			0.6	
		LMV822 (both amplifiers)		25°C		0.5	0.7	
				–40°C to 125°C			0.9	
		LMV824 (all four amplifiers)		25°C		1	1.3	
				–40°C to 125°C			1.5	

5-V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 2\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SR	Slew rate	$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}^{(1)}$	25°C	1.4	1.9		V/ μ s
GBW	Gain bandwidth product	⁽²⁾	25°C		5.5		MHz
Φ_m	Phase margin	⁽²⁾	25°C		64.2		deg
	Gain margin	⁽²⁾	25°C		8.7		dB
	Amplifier-to-amplifier isolation	$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ to $2.5\text{ V}^{(3)}$	25°C		135		dB
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IC} = 1\text{ V}$	25°C		42		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		0.2		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = -2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = 4.1\text{ V}_{p-p}$	25°C		0.01		%

(1) Connected as voltage follower with 3-V step input. Value specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rates.

(2) 40-dB closed-loop dc gain, $C_L = 22\text{ pF}$

(3) Each amplifier excited in turn with 1 kHz to produce $V_O = 3\text{ V}_{p-p}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)

**SUPPLY CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

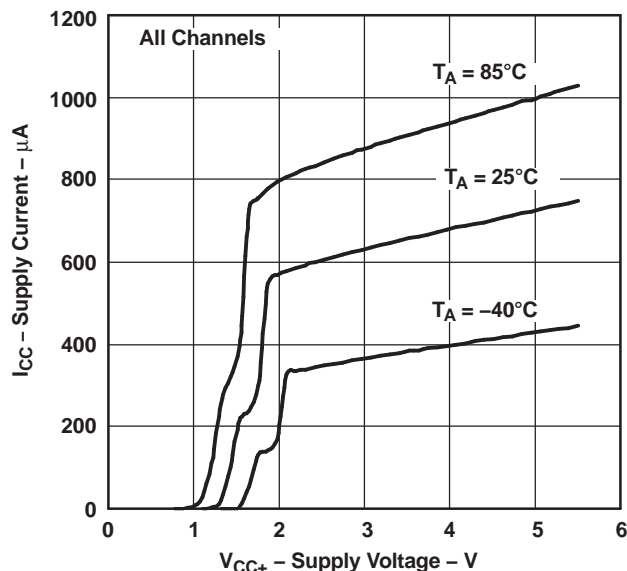


Figure 1.

**INPUT CURRENT
vs
TEMPERATURE**

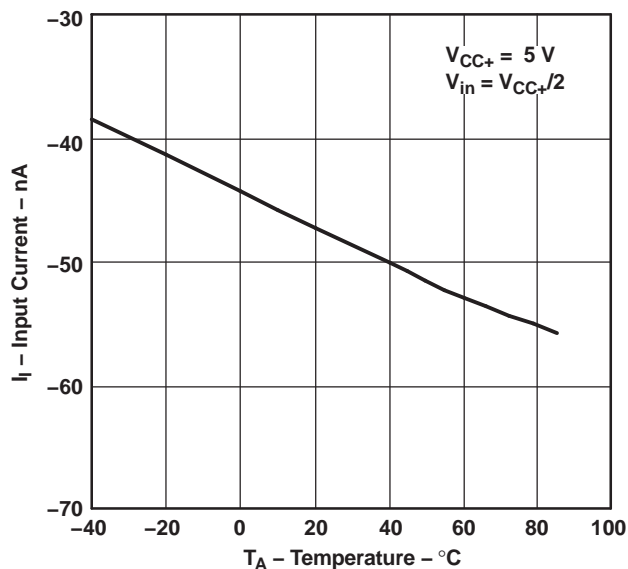


Figure 2.

**SOURCING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

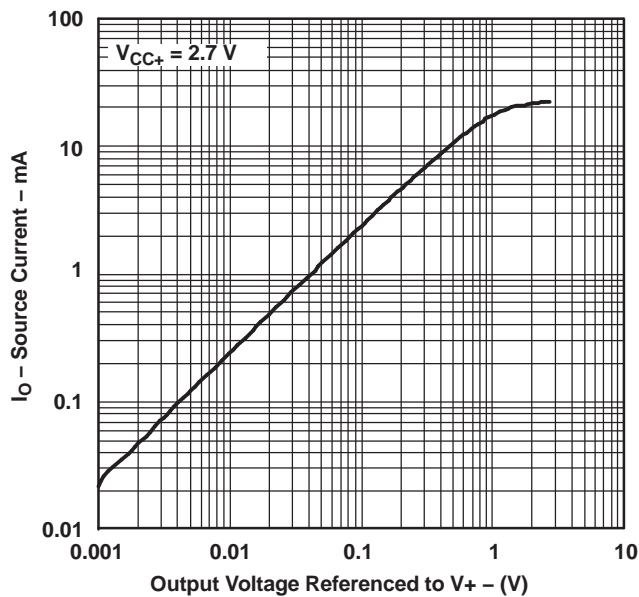


Figure 3.

**SOURCING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

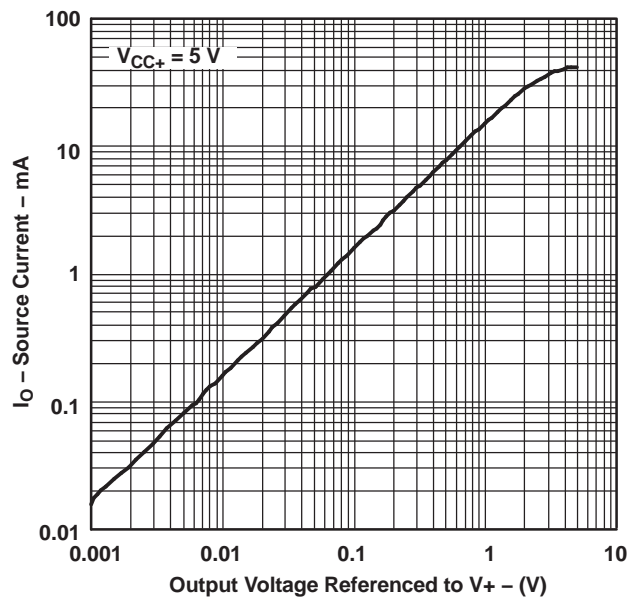


Figure 4.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)

SINKING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE

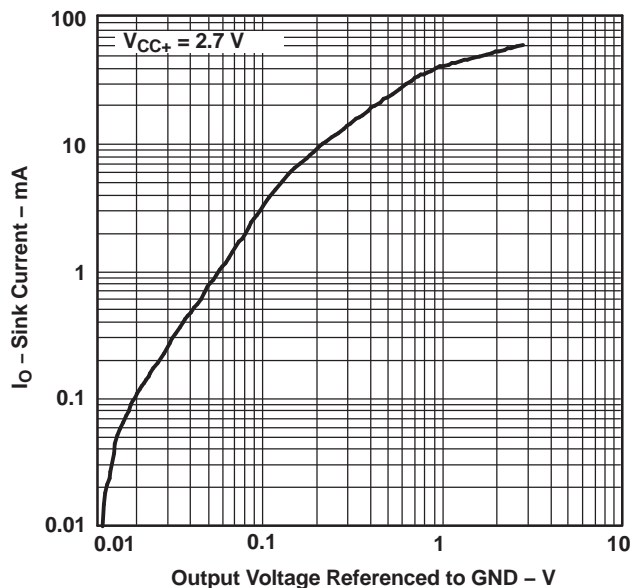


Figure 5.

SINKING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE

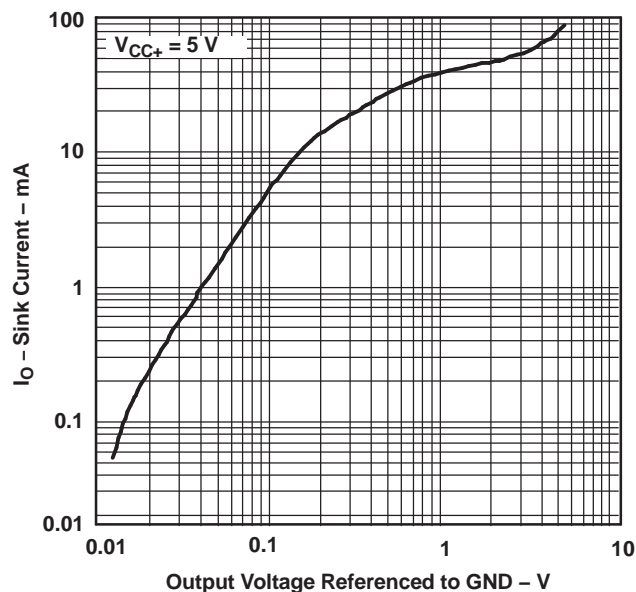


Figure 6.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

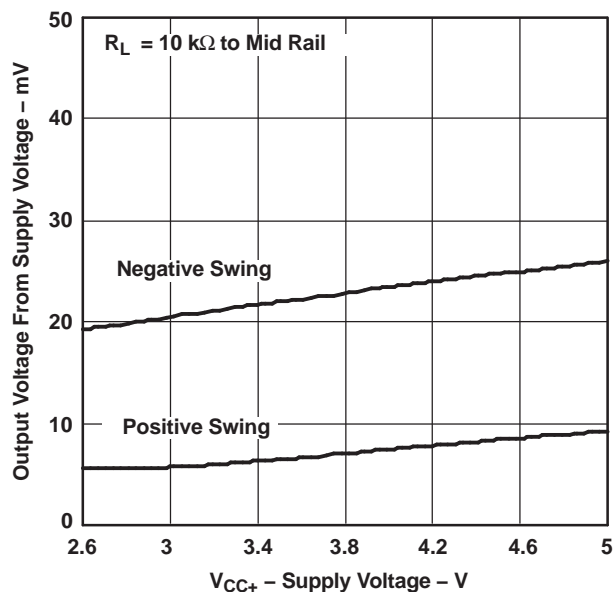


Figure 7.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

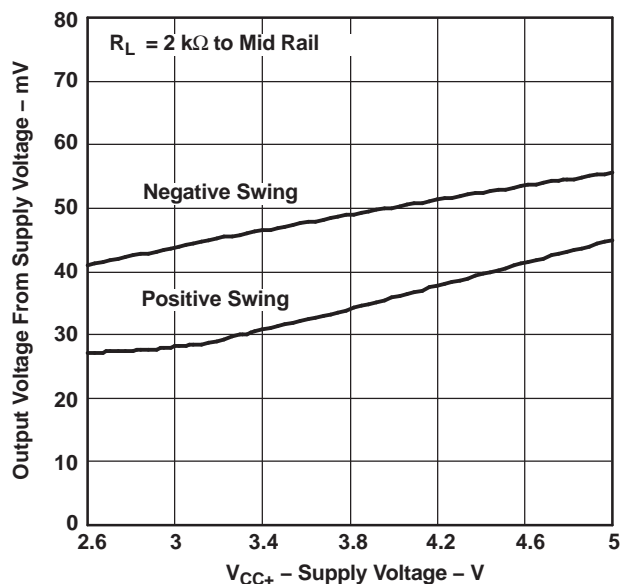


Figure 8.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING

vs

SUPPLY VOLTAGE

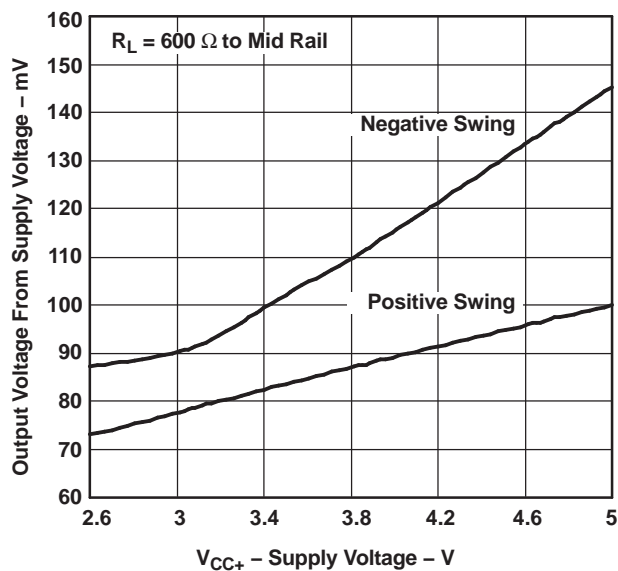


Figure 9.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING

vs

LOAD RESISTANCE

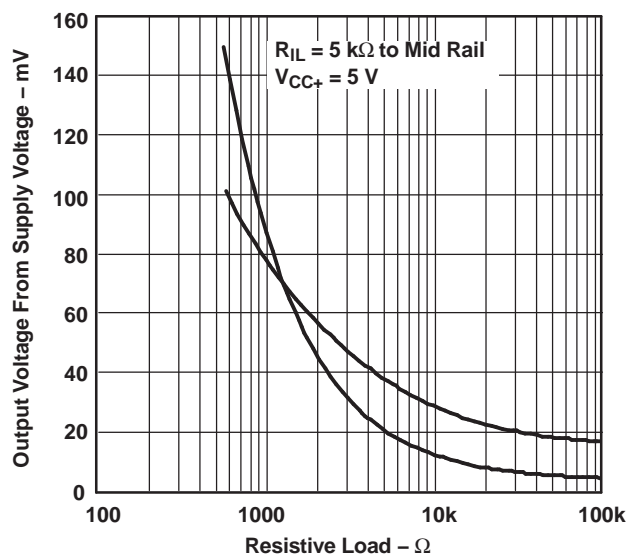


Figure 10.

CROSSTALK REJECTION

vs

FREQUENCY

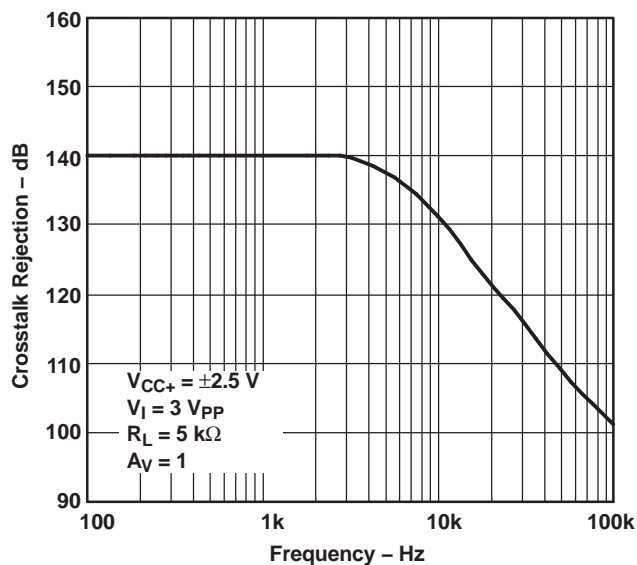


Figure 11.

+PSRR

vs

FREQUENCY

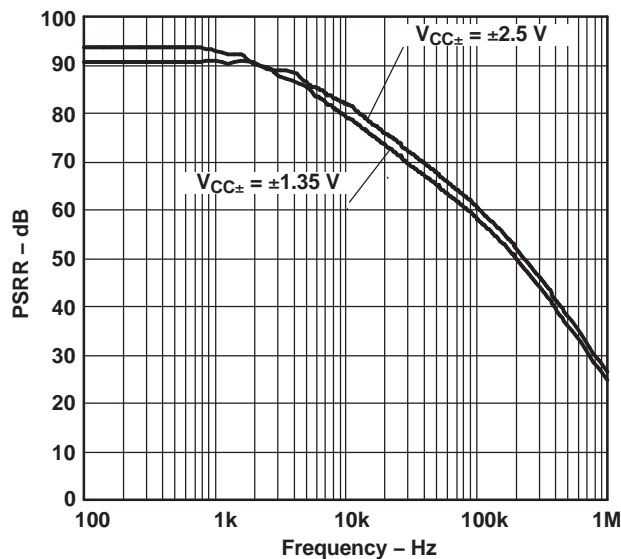
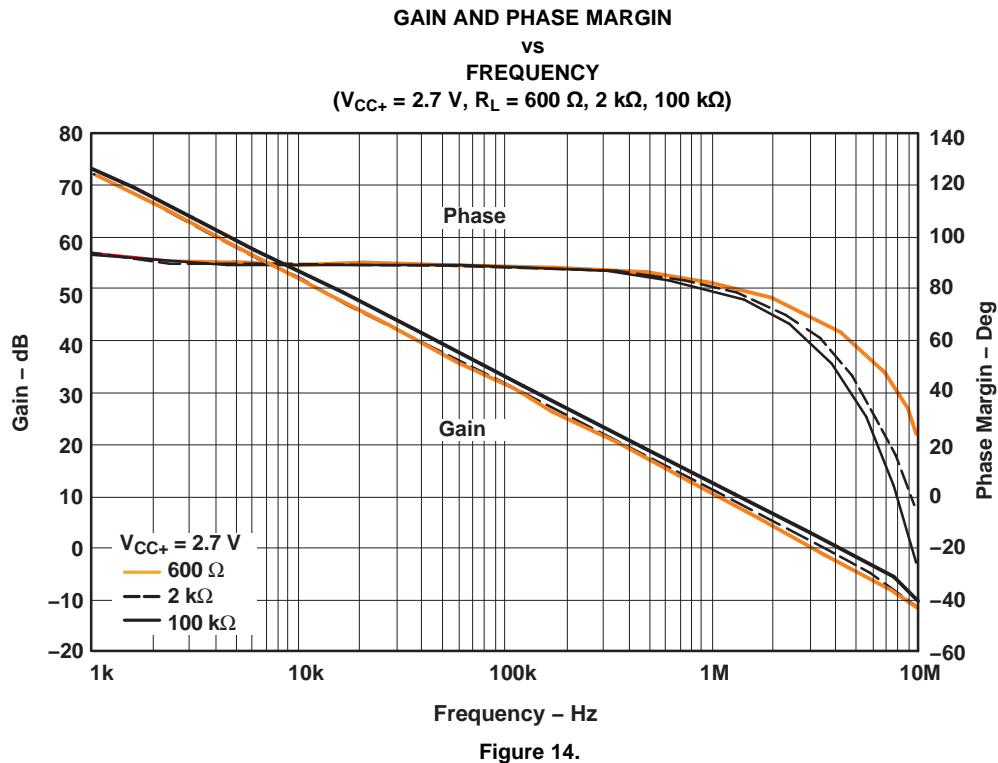
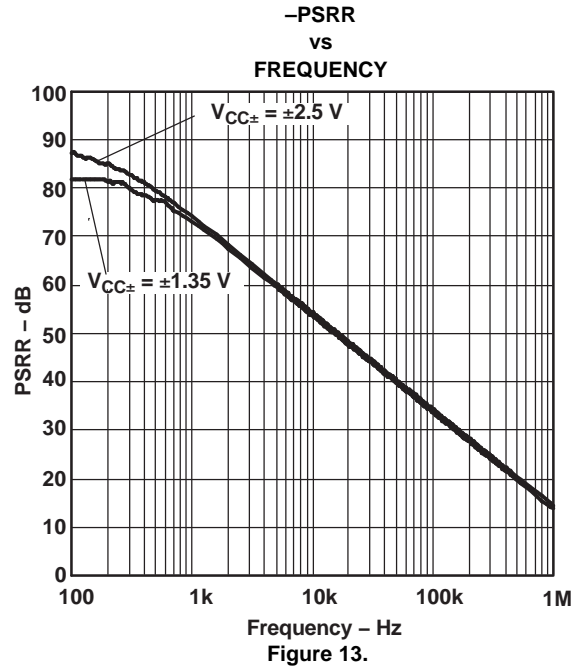


Figure 12.

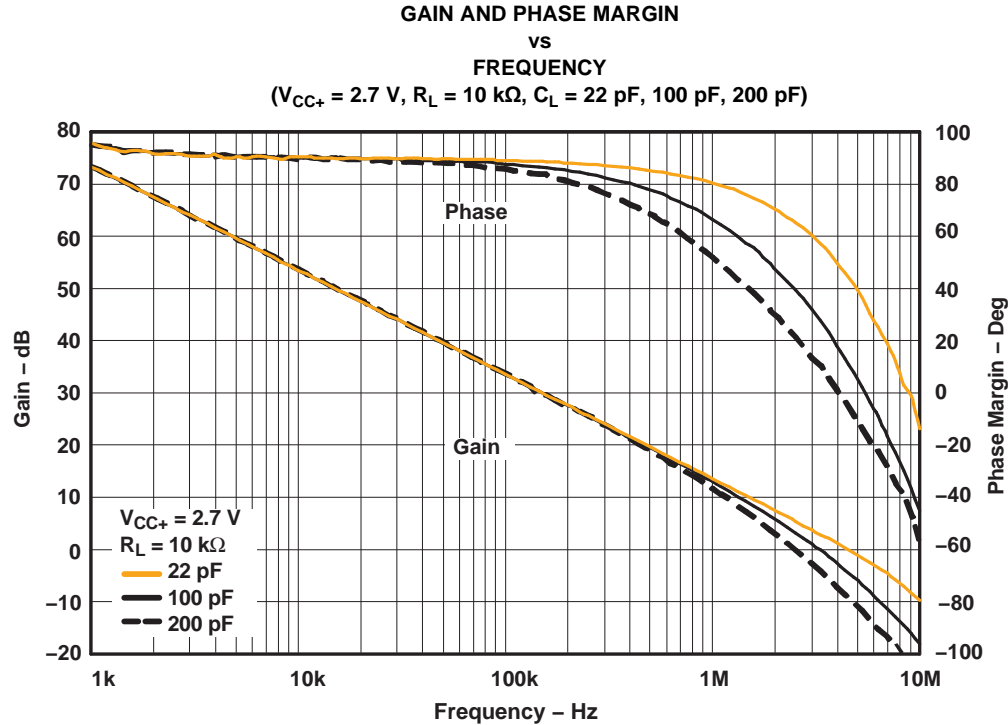
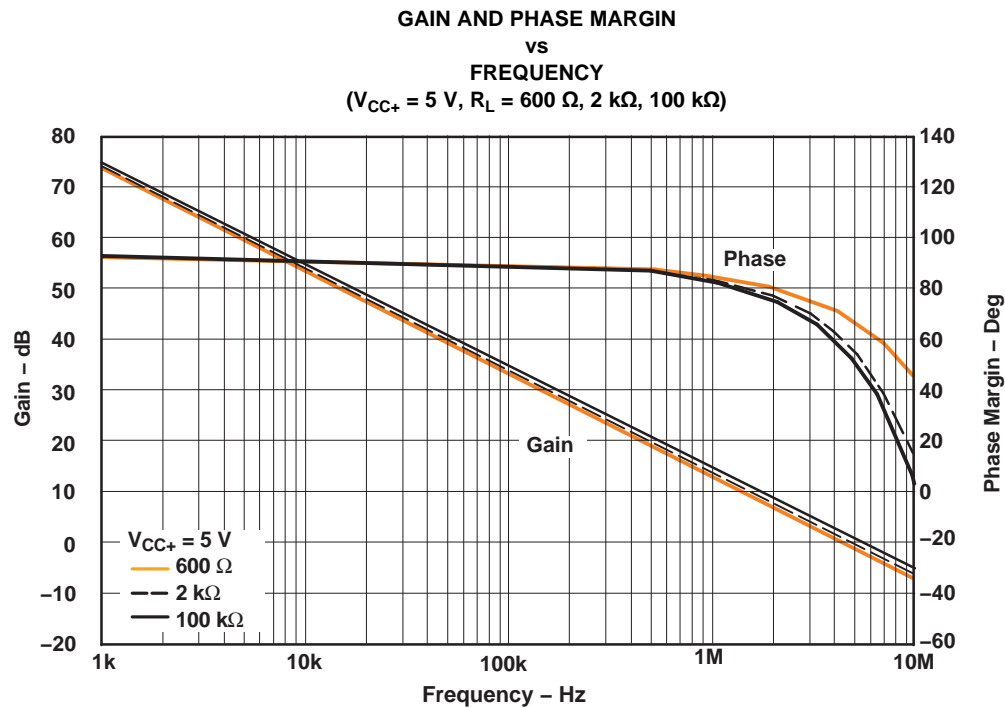
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)

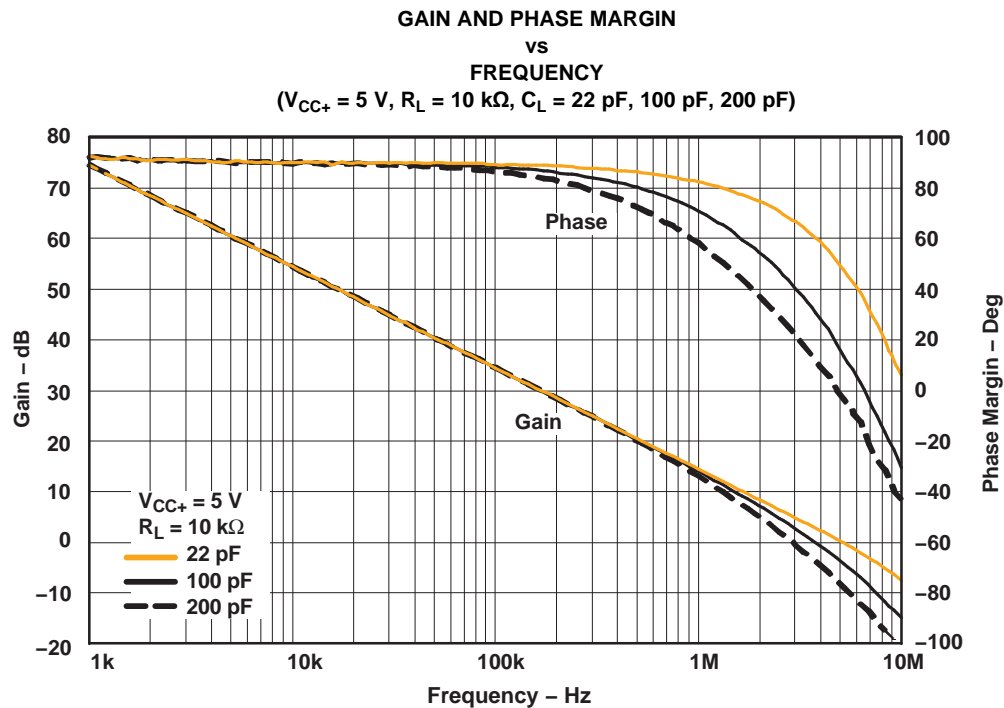


Figure 17.

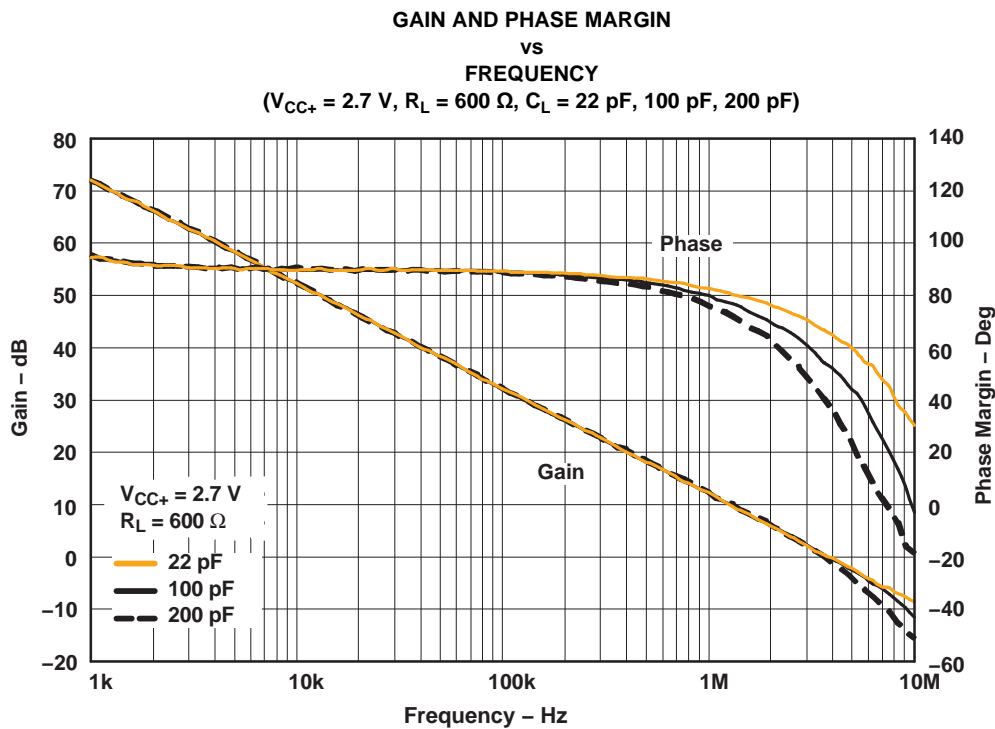


Figure 18.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

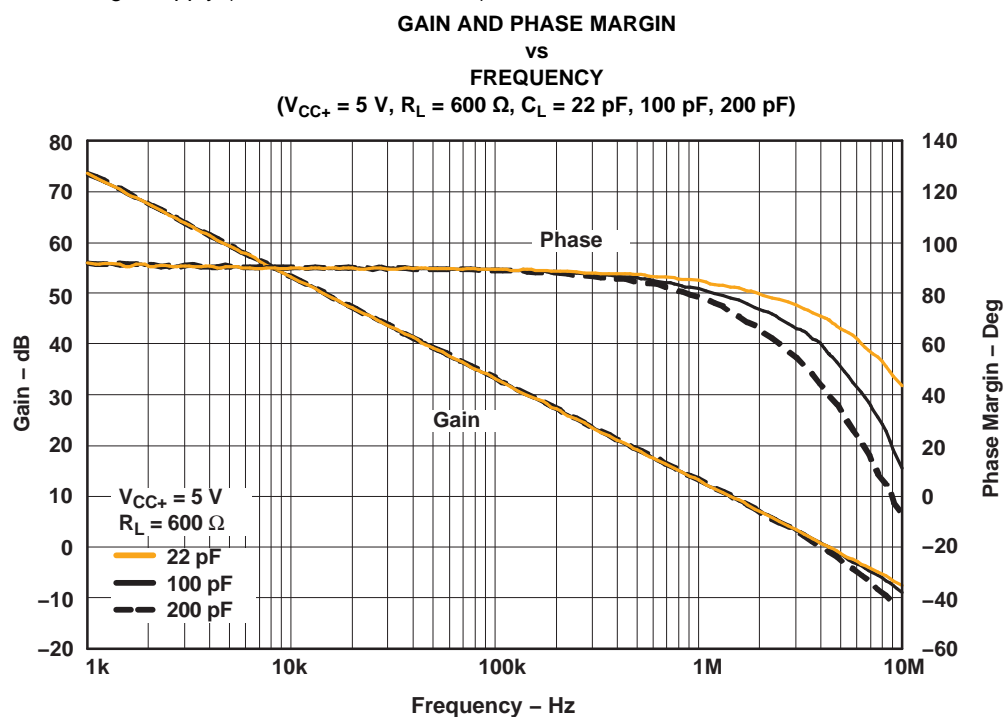
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC+} = 5\text{-V}$ single supply (unless otherwise noted)

Figure 19.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
LMV821QDBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C
LMV822QDQKRQ1	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C
LMV824QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C
LMV824QPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/rohs/> for more information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all RoHS materials, which require that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in high temperature applications.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based eutectic solder used within the package body or leads. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (which may not be applicable for all packages).

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF LMV821-Q1, LMV822-Q1, LMV824-Q1 :

[查询"LMV824-Q1"供应商](#)



www.ti.com

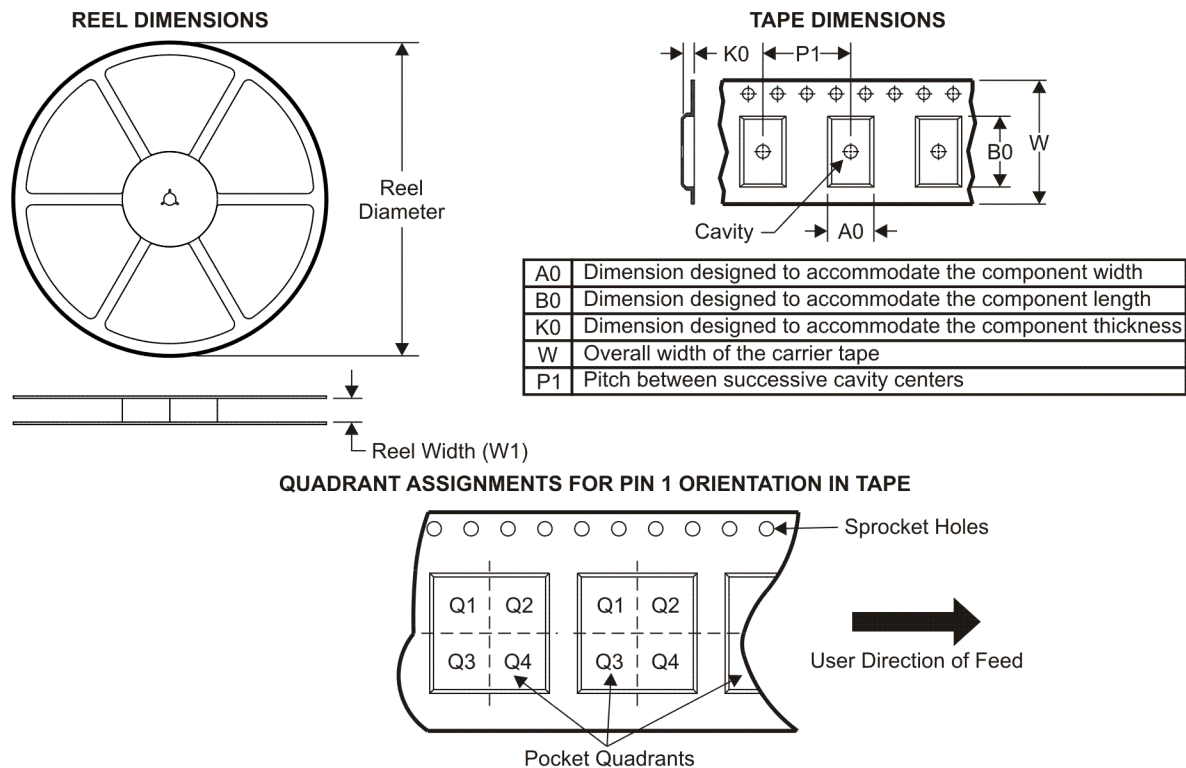
PACKAG

-
- Catalog: [LMV821](#), [LMV822](#), [LMV824](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMV824QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

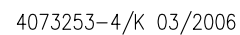
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMV824QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	346.0	346.0	29.0

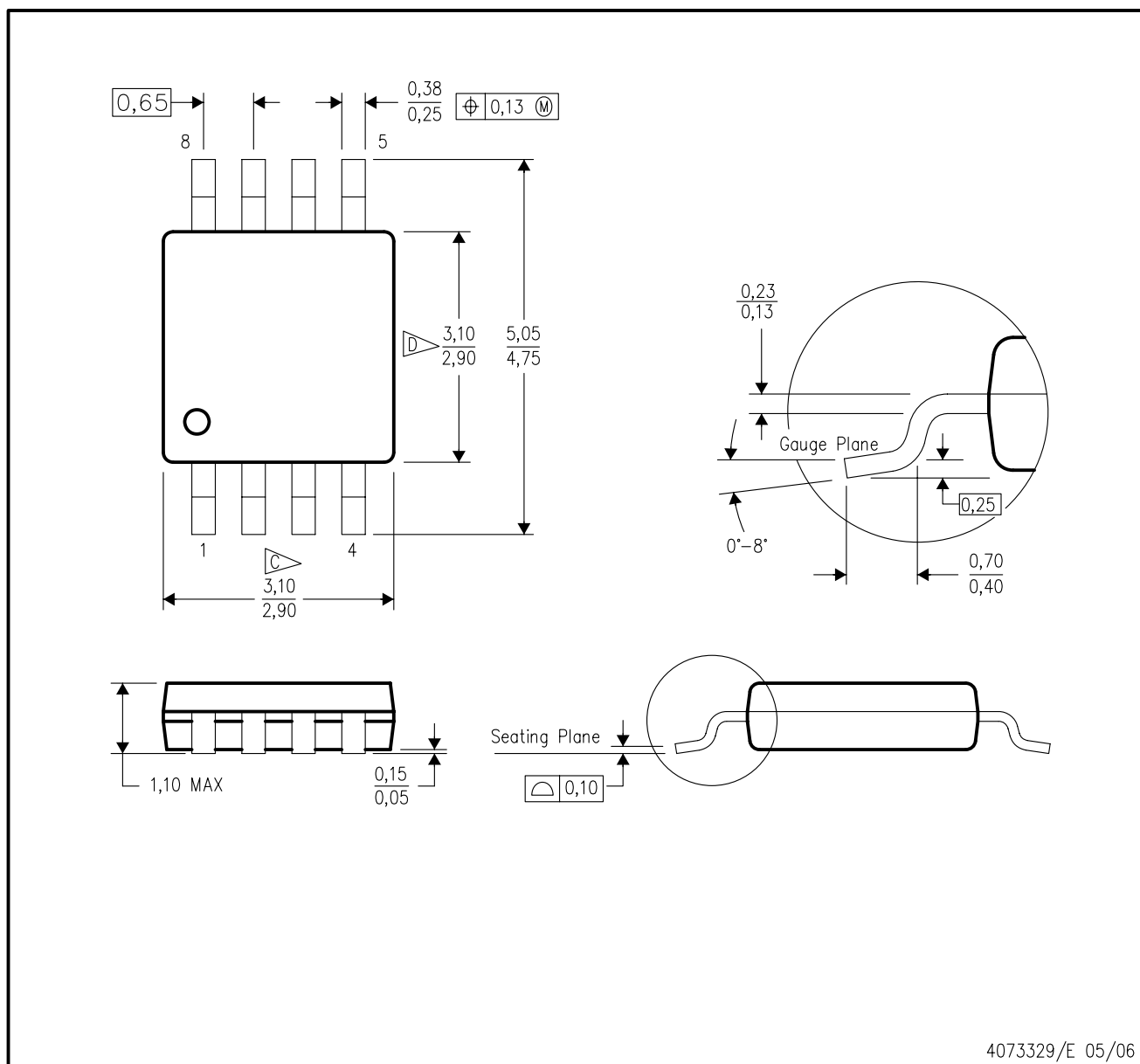
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

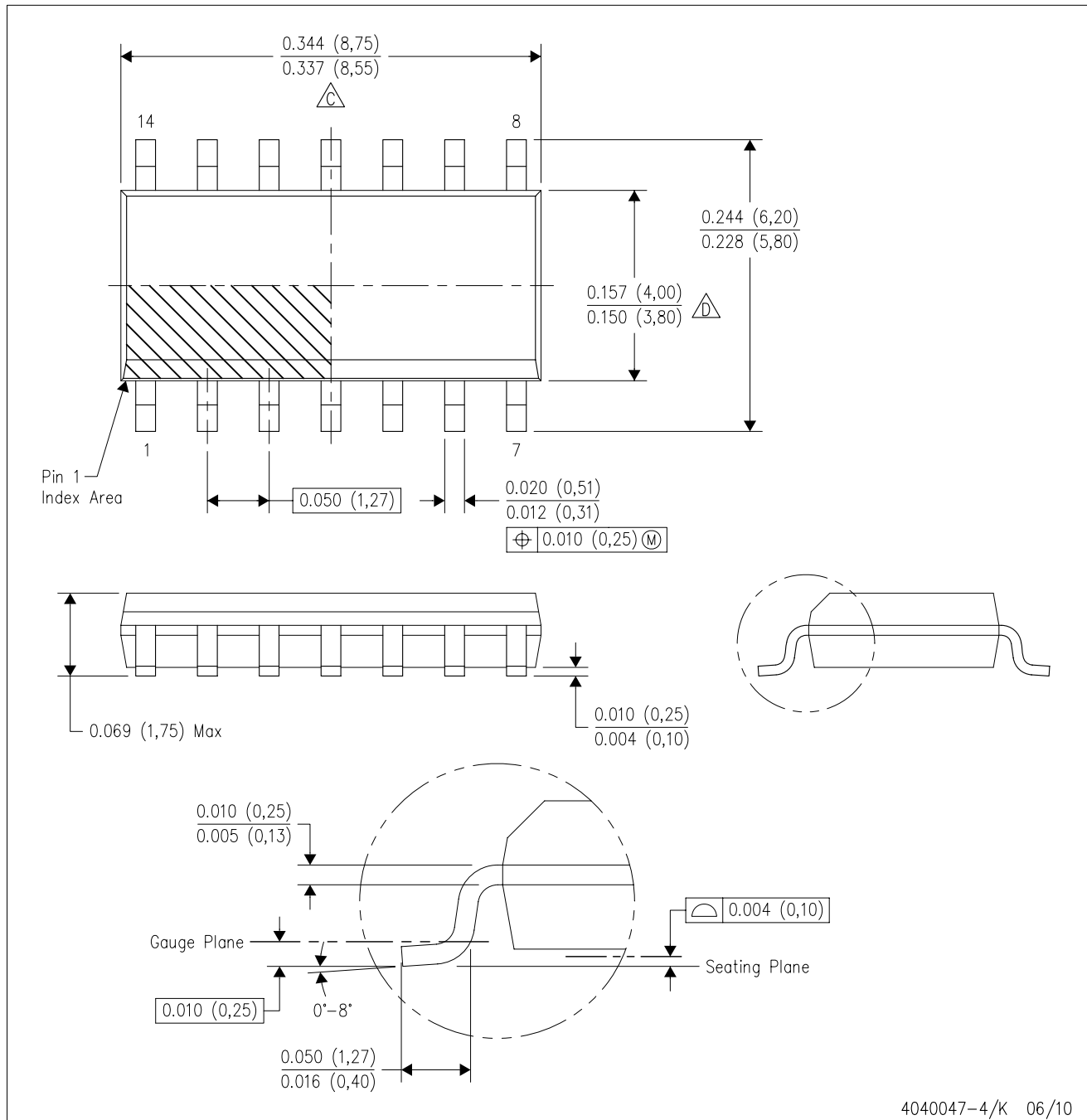
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

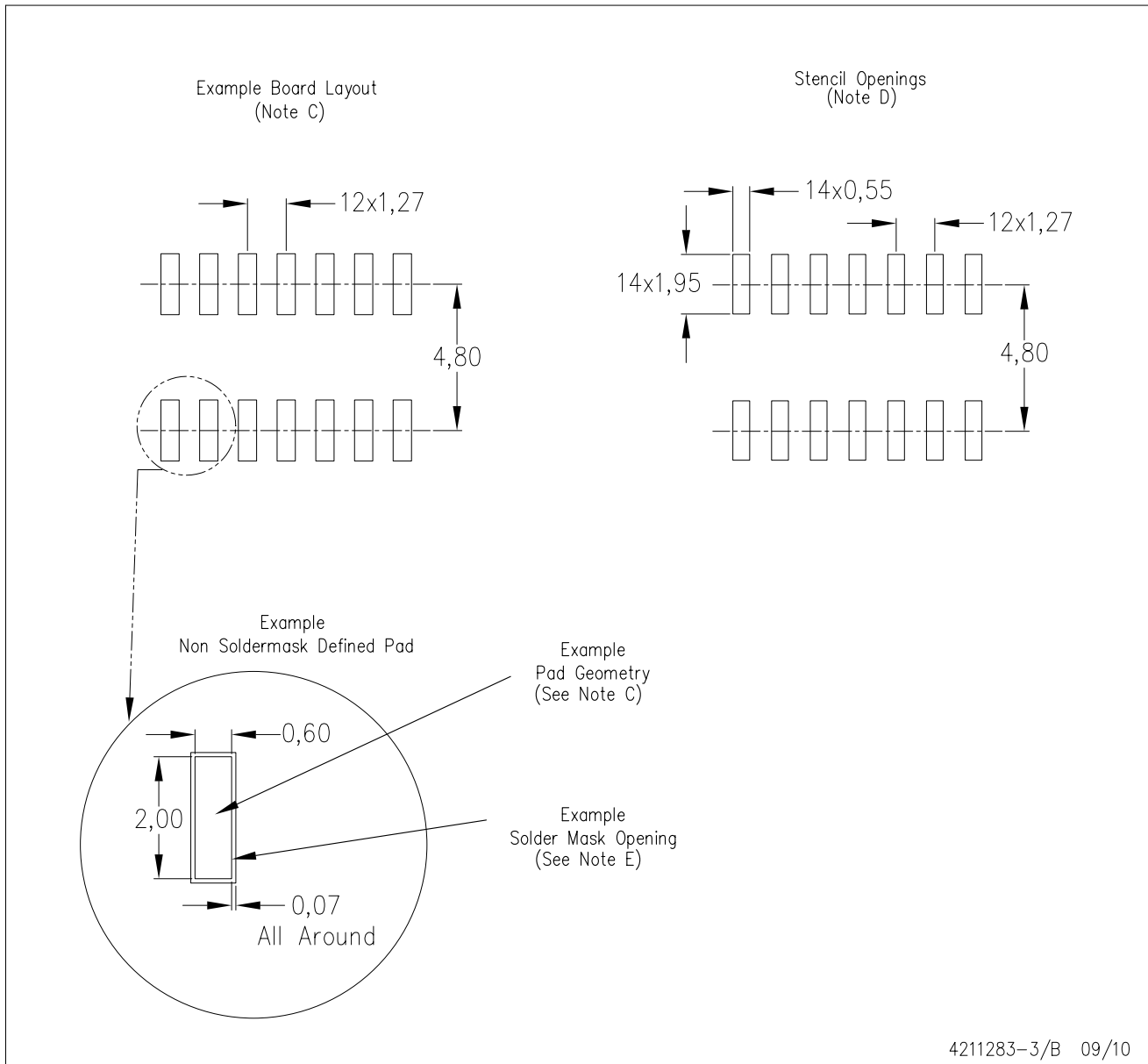
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
 D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
 E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

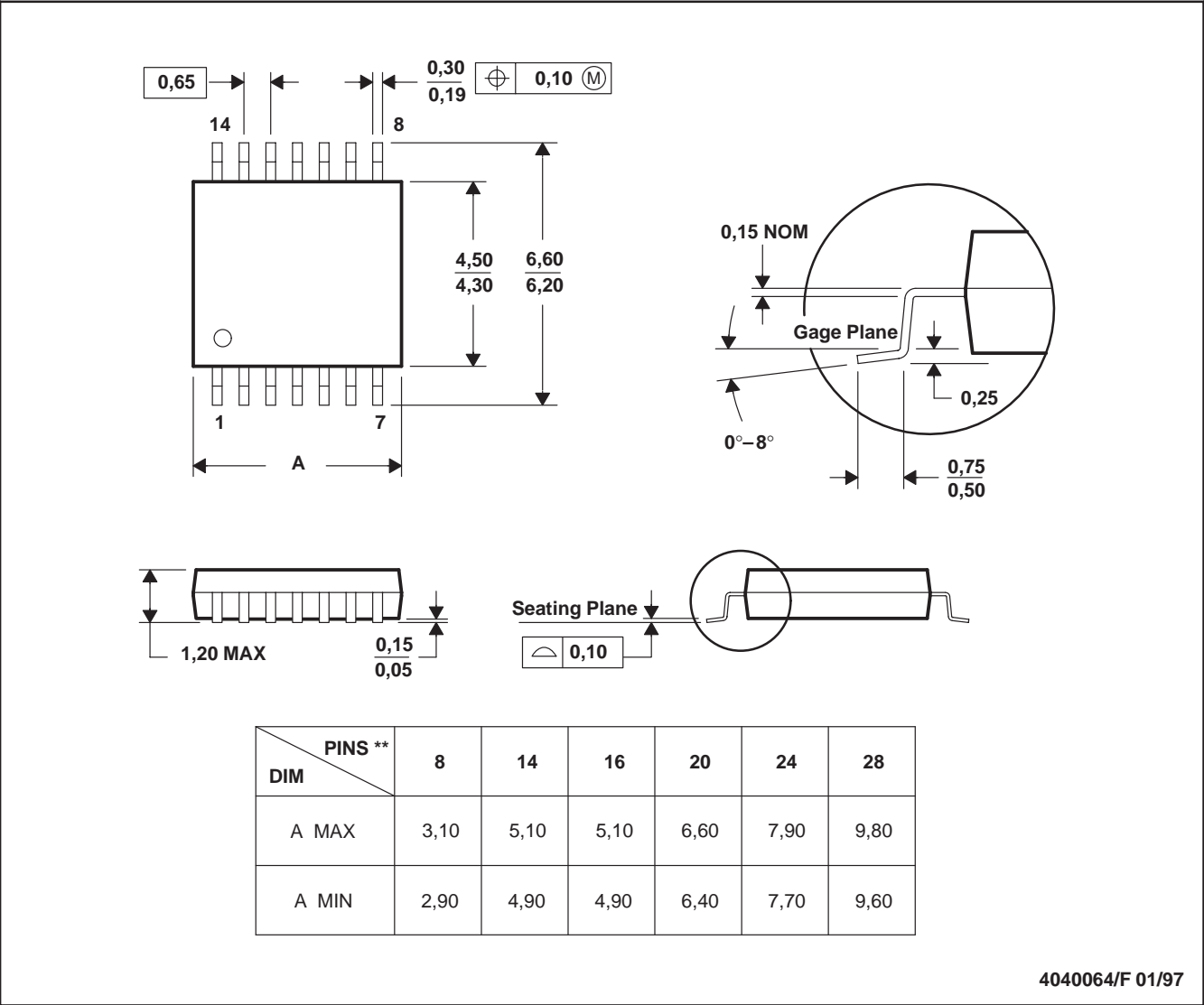
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PW (R-PDSO-G**)
14 PINS SHOWN

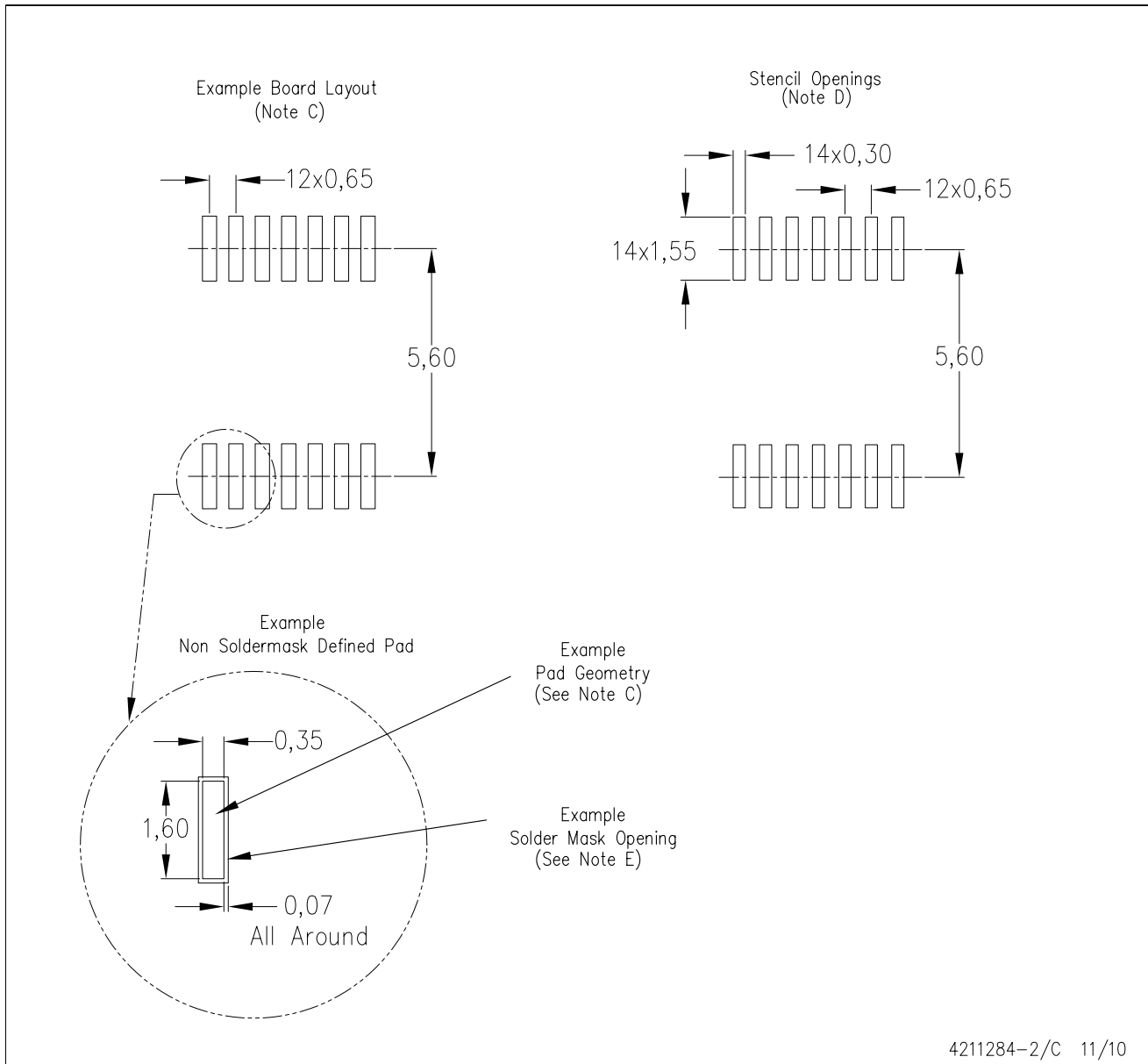
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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