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DATA SHEET

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

74HC/HCT258 Quad 2-input multiplexer; 3-state; inverting

Product specification File under Integrated Circuits, IC06 1999 Sep 02







74HC/HCT258

FEATURES

- Inverting data path
- · 3-state outputs interface directly with system bus
- Output capability: bus driver
- I_{CC} category: MSI.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT258 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with Low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT258 have four identical 2-input multiplexers with 3-state outputs, which select 4 bits of data from two sources and are controlled by a common data select input (S).

The data inputs from source 0 $(1I_0 \text{ to } 4I_0)$ are selected when input S is LOW and the data inputs from source 1 $(1I_1 \text{ to } 4I_1)$ are selected when S is HIGH. Data appears at the outputs $(1\overline{Y} \text{ to } 4\overline{Y})$ in inverted form from the select inputs.

The '258' is the logic implementation of a 4-pole, 2-position switch, where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels applied to S. The outputs are forced to a high impedance OFF-state when $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is HIGH.

The logic equations for the outputs are:

 $1\overline{Y} = \overline{\overline{OE} \times (1I_1 \times S + 1I_0 \times \overline{S})}$ $2\overline{Y} = \overline{\overline{OE} \times (2I_1 \times S + 2I_0 \times \overline{S})}$ $3\overline{Y} = \overline{\overline{OE} \times (3I_1 \times S + 3I_0 \times \overline{S})}$ $4\overline{Y} = \overline{\overline{OE} \times (4I_1 \times S + 4I_0 \times \overline{S})}$

The '258' is identical to the '257' but has inverting outputs.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	ТҮР	UNIT		
STIVIDOL	FARAMETER	CONDITIONS	НС	нст		
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay	C _L = 15 pF; V _{CC} = 5 V				
	nI_0 , nI_1 to $n\overline{Y}$	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	9	13	ns	
	S to nY		14	16	ns	
CI	input capacitance		3.5	3.5	pF	
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance per multiplexer	notes 1 and 2	55	38	pF	

Notes

- 1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W): $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where: f_i = input frequency in MHz; f_o = output frequency in MHz; $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs; C_L = output load capacitance in pF; V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts.
- 2. For HC the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC}; For HCT the condition is V_I = GND to V_{CC} – 1.5 V.

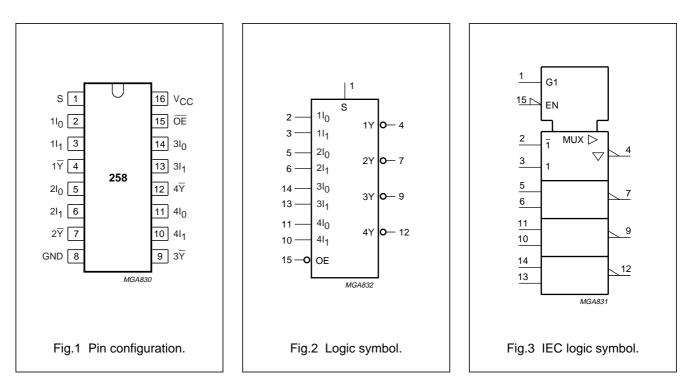
74HC/HCT258

ORDERING INFORMATION

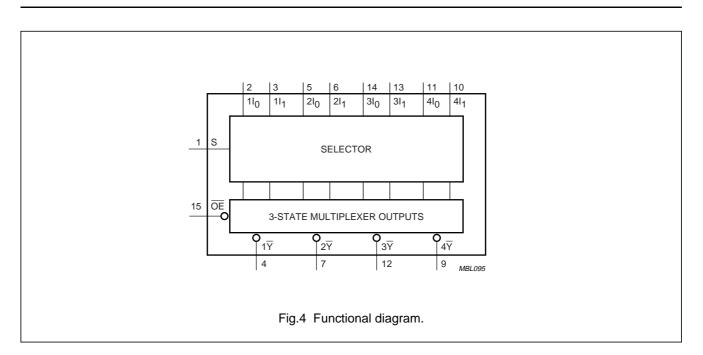
		PACKAGE							
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION						
74HC258N; 74HCT258N	DIP16	plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil); long body	SOT38-1						
74HC258D; 74HCT258D	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1						
74HC258DB	SSOP16	plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm	SOT338-1						

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION		
1	S	common data select input		
2, 5, 11 and 14	1I ₀ to 4I ₀	data inputs from source 0		
3, 6, 10 and 13	1I ₁ to 4I ₁	data inputs from source 1		
4, 7, 9 and 12	$1\overline{Y}$ to $4\overline{Y}$	3-state multiplexer outputs		
8	GND	ground (0 V)		
15	ŌE	3-state output enable input (active LOW)		
16	V _{CC}	positive supply voltage		



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FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1

	OUTPUT			
OE	S	nl ₀	nl ₁	n₹
Н	Х	Х	Х	Z
L	Н	Х	L	Н
L	Н	Х	Н	L
L	L	L	Х	Н
L	L	Н	Х	L

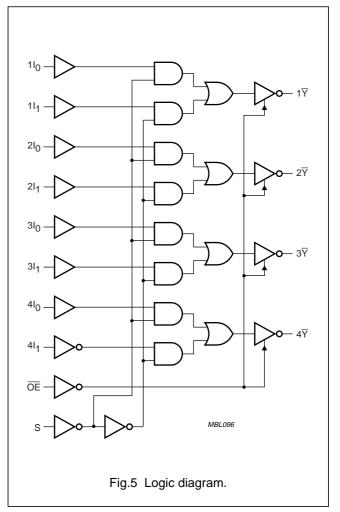
Note

1. H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care;

Z = high impedance OFF-state.



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DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

For the DC characteristics see chapter *"HCMOS family characteristics"*, section "Family specifications". Output capability: bus driver. I_{CC} category: MSI.

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 ns$; $C_L = 50 pF$.

				-	Г _{ать} (°С	;)				TEST CONDITIONS	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125			V _{cc}	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		(V)	WAVEFORMS
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay;	-	30	95	-	120	-	145	ns	2.0	see Fig.6
	nI_0 to $n\overline{Y}$; nI_1 to $n\overline{Y}$	-	11	19	-	24	-	29		4.5	
		-	9	16	-	20	-	25	1	6.0	
	propagation delay;	-	47	140	-	175	-	210	ns	2.0	see Fig.6
	S to n Y	-	17	28	-	35	-	42		4.5	
		-	14	24	-	30	_	36		6.0	
t _{PZH} /t _{PZL}	3-state output	-	39	140	-	175	-	210	ns	2.0	see Fig.7
	enable time	-	14	28	-	35	-	42	4.5		
	\overline{OE} to nY	-	11	24	-	30	-	36	1	6.0	
t _{PHZ} /t _{PLZ}	3-state output	-	55	150	-	190	-	225	ns	2.0	see Fig.7
	disable time	-	20	30	-	38	-	45		4.5	
0	OE to nY	-	16	26	-	33	-	38		6.0	
t _{THL} /t _{TLH}	output transition	-	14	60	-	75	-	90	ns	2.0	see Fig.6
	time	-	5	12	-	15	-	18	4.5	4.5	
		_	4	10	-	13	-	15]	6.0	

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DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

For the DC characteristics see chapter *"HCMOS family characteristics"*, section "Family specifications". Output capability: bus driver. I_{CC} category: MSI.

Note to HCT types

The value of additional quiescent supply current (ΔI_{CC}) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine ΔI_{CC} per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in Table 1.

Table 1

INPUT	UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT
nl ₀	0.50
nl ₁	0.50
ŌĒ	1.50
S	1.50

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

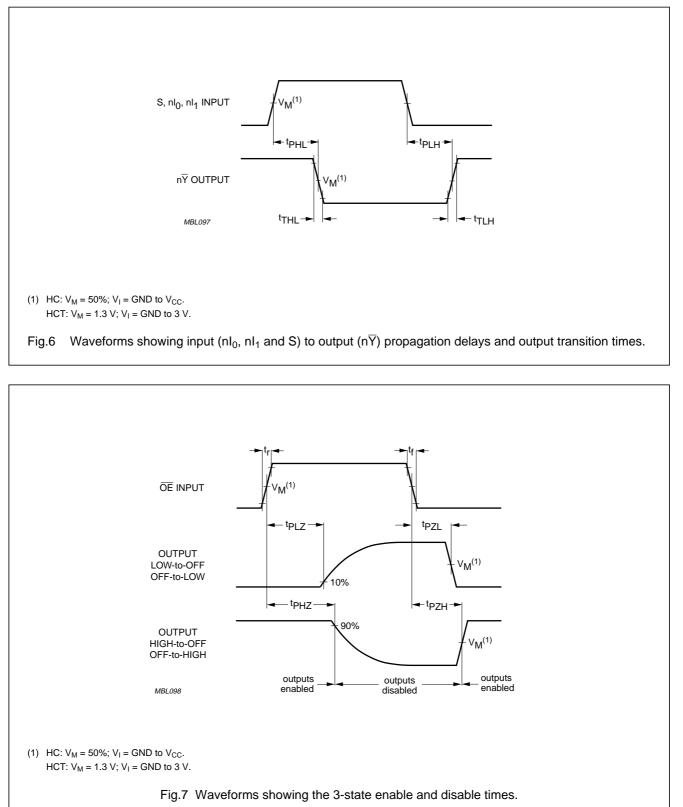
GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 ns$; $C_L = 50 pF$.

				Т	amb (°C	C)				TEST CONDITIONS		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	25		-40 to +85		-40 to +125		+125 UNIT		WAVEFORMS		
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		V _{CC} (V)	WAVEFORMS	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay; nl ₀ to n \overline{Y} ; nl ₁ to n \overline{Y}	-	16	27	_	34	_	41	ns	4.5	see Fig.6	
	propagation delay; S to n \overline{Y}	-	19	34	_	43	_	51	ns	4.5	see Fig.6	
t _{PZH} /t _{PZL}	3-state output enable time; \overline{OE} to n \overline{Y}	-	18	30	_	38	_	45	ns	4.5	see Fig.7	
t _{PHZ} /t _{PLZ}	3-state output disable time; \overline{OE} to n \overline{Y}	-	17	30	_	38	_	45	ns	4.5	see Fig.7	
t _{THL} /t _{TLH}	output transition time	-	5	12	_	15	-	18	ns	4.5	see Fig.6	

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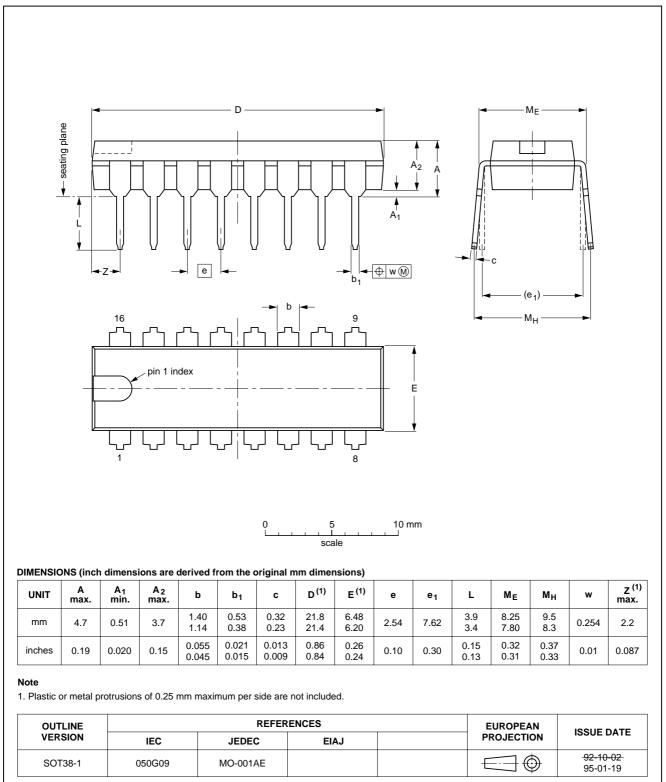
Product specification

AC WAVEFORMS



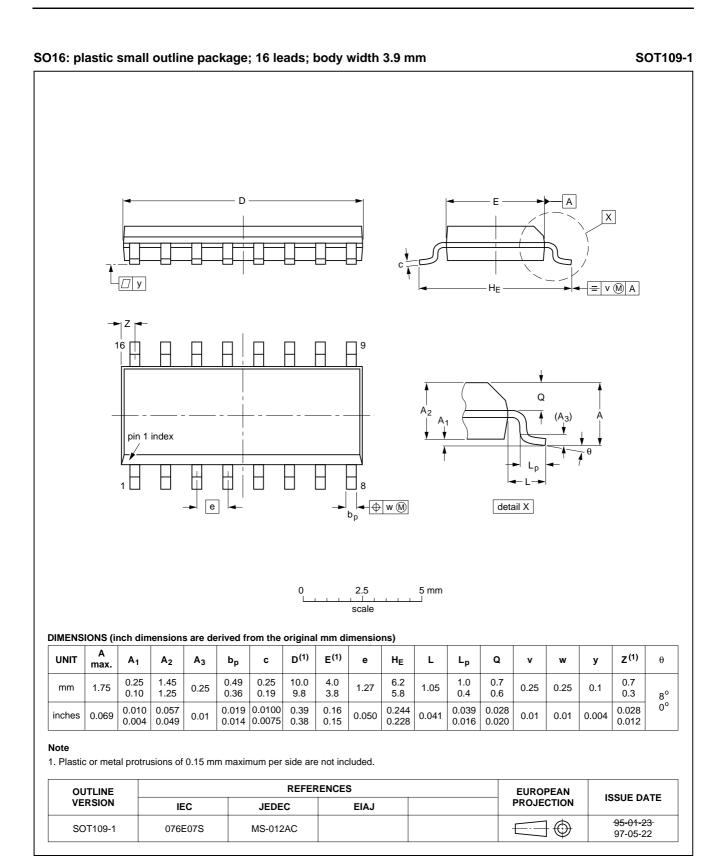
PACKAGE OUTLINES

DIP16: plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil); long body



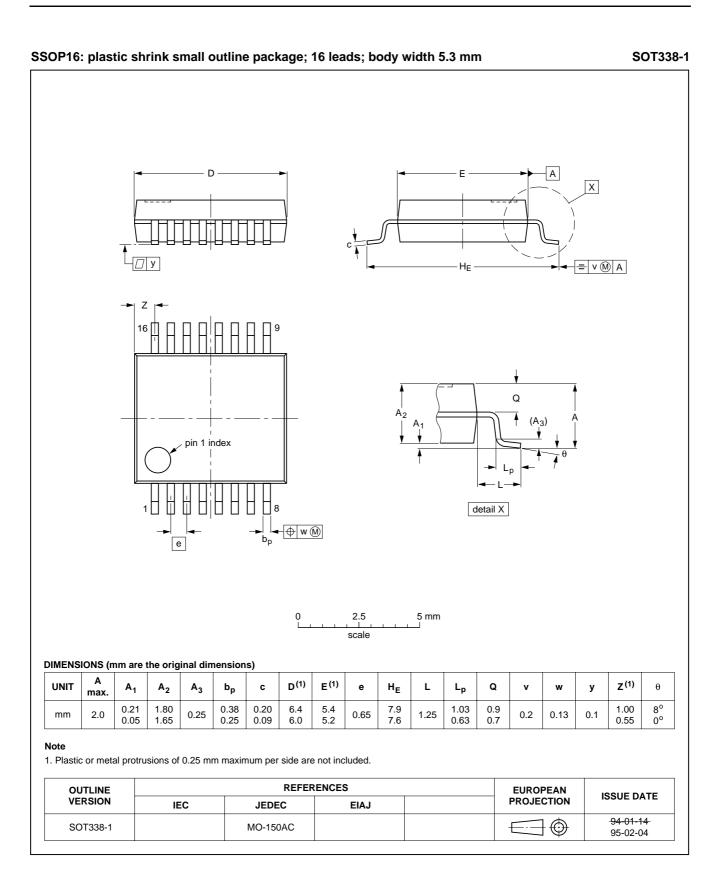
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SOLDERING

Introduction

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mount components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mount ICs, or for printed-circuit boards with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

Through-hole mount packages

SOLDERING BY DIPPING OR BY SOLDER WAVE

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joints for more than 5 seconds. The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ($T_{stg(max)}$). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

MANUAL SOLDERING

Apply the soldering iron (24 V or less) to the lead(s) of the package, either below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

Surface mount packages

REFLOW SOLDERING

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, infrared/convection heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method. Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferable be kept below 230 °C.

WAVE SOLDERING

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is preferred to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

• For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C. A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

MANUAL SOLDERING

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 $^\circ\text{C}.$

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Suitability of IC packages for wave, reflow and dipping soldering methods

MOUNTING	PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD					
MOONTING	MOUNTING PACKAGE		REFLOW ⁽¹⁾	DIPPING			
Through-hole mount	DBS, DIP, HDIP, SDIP, SIL	suitable ⁽²⁾	-	suitable			
Surface mount	BGA, SQFP	not suitable	suitable	_			
	HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, SMS	not suitable ⁽³⁾	suitable	-			
	PLCC ⁽⁴⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable	-			
	LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	suitable	-			
	SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁶⁾	suitable	_			

Notes

- 1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
- 2. For SDIP packages, the longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.
- 3. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
- 4. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- 5. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, QFP and TQFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- 6. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status						
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.					
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.					
Product specification	Pecification This data sheet contains final product specifications.					
Limiting values						
more of the limiting values of the device at these or at	accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.					
Application information						
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.						

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