

The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

MIC2551

USB Transceiver

Final Information

General Description

The MIC2551 is a single chip transceiver that complies with the physical layer specifications of the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0. It supports both full speed (12Mbps) and low speed (1.5Mbps) operation. It is also designed to operate down to 1.6V in order to be compatible with lower system voltages of most mobile systems.

Features

- Compliant to USB Specification Revision 2.0 for full speed (12Mbs) and low speed (1.5Mbps) operation
- Compliant to IEC-61000-4.2 (Level 3)
- Separate I/O supply with operation down to 1.6V
- Integrated speed select termination supply
- Very-low power consumption to meet USB suspendcurrent requirements
- Small TSSOP and MLF™ packages
- · No power supply sequencing requirements
- Software controlled re-enumeration

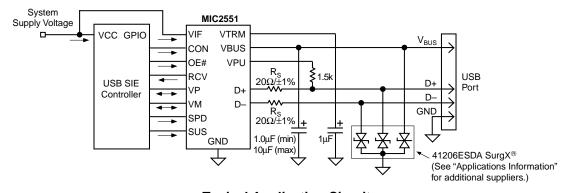
Applications

- PDAs
- Palmtops
- · Cell phones

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package
MIC2551BTS	14-Pin TSSOP
MIC2551BML	16-Pin MLF™

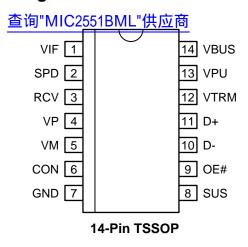
Typical Application

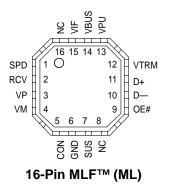


Typical Application Circuit

MicroLeadFrame and MLF are trademarks of Amkor Technology. SurgX is a registered trademark of Cooper Electronics Technologies.

Pin Configuration





Pin Description

Pin Number MIC2551BTS	Pin Number MIC2551BML	Pin Name	I/O	Pin Function
1	15	VIF	I	System Interface Supply Voltage: Used to provide reference supply voltage for system I/O interface signaling.
2	1	SPD	I	Edge Rate Control: A logic HIGH operates at edge rates for "full speed" operation. A logic LOW operates edge rates for "low speed" operation.
3	2	RCV*	0	Receive Data: Output for USB differential data.
4	3	VP*	I/O	If OE# = 1, VP = Receiver output (+) If OE# = 0, VP = Driver input (+)
5	4	VM*	I/O	If OE# = 1 VM, = Receiver output (-) If OE# = 0, VM = Driver input (-)
6	5	CON	I	CONNECT (Input): Controls state of VPU. Refer to VPU pin description for detail.
7	6	GND	Ground Reference.	
8	7	SUS	I Suspend: Active-High. Turns off internal circuits to reduc current.	
9	9	OE#*	I	Output Enable: Active-Low. Enables the transceiver to transmit data onto the bus. When not active, the transceiver is in the receive mode.
10/11	10/11	D-, D+*	I/O	Differential data lines conforming to the USB standard.
12	12	VTRM	0	3.3V Reference Supply Output: Requires a minimum 0.1µF decoupling capacitor for stability, 1µF recommended.4
13	13	VPU	0	Pull-up Supply Voltage Output: Used to connect $1.5k\Omega$ pull-up speed detect resistor. If CON = 1, VPU is high impedance. If CON = 0, VPU = 3.3V.
14	14	VBUS	I	USB Bus Supply Voltage: Used to power USB transceiver and internal circuitry.
	8,16	NC		No connect.

^{*} See Table 1 for description of logic states.

SUS	OE#	D+, D-	RCV	VP/VM	Function
查询"MIC2		Driving	Active	Active	Normal transmit mode
0	1	Receiving	Active	Active	Normal receive mode
1	0	Hi-Z	0	Not active	Low power state
1	1	Hi-Z	0	Active	Receiving during suspend (low power state) (Note 1)

Note 1. During suspend VP and VM are active in order to detect out of band signaling conditions.

Table 1. Function Selection

OE# = 0:					
Inp	out		Output		
VP	VM	D+	D-	RCV	Result
0	0	0	0	Х	SE0
0	1	0	1	0	Logic 0
1	0	1	0	1	Logic 1
1	1	1	1	Х	Undefined
OE# = 1:					
Int	out	Output			Desuit
D+	D-	VP	VM	RCV	Result
0	0	0	0	Х	SE0
0	1	0	1	0	Logic 0
1	0	1	0	1	Logic 1
1	1	1	1	Х	Undefined

X - Undefined

Table 2. Truth Table During Normal Mode

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Yeltage (YBOS) 18MI "供应商.	6.5V
Supply 宣問外 We2s 51BML"供应商· All Other Inputs	0.5V to 5.5V
Ambient Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Output Current (D+, D-)	± 50mA
Output Current (all others)	±15mA
Input Current	±50mA
ESD, Note 3	
V _{BUS} , D+, D	±11KV
All other pins	±2KV

Operating Ratings (Note 2)

Ambient Operating Temperature40°C to +	-85°(
Package Thermal Resistance	
TSSOP (θ_{JA})100	
MLF (θ_{JA})	°C/V

DC Electrical Characteristics (System and USB Interface) (Note 7)

 $V_{IF} = 3.6V$, $V_{BUS} = 5V$ unless otherwise noted; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. **Bold** indicates specifications over temperature, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{BUS}	USB Supply Voltage		4.0		5.25	V
V _{IF}	System I/F Supply Voltage		1.6		3.6	V
V_{IL}	LOW-Level Input Voltage, Note 4		V _{IF} -0.3		0.15V _{IF}	V
$\overline{V_{IH}}$	HIGH-Level Input Voltage, Note 4		0.85V _{IF}		V _{IF} +0.3	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-Level Output Voltage, Note 4	I _{OH} = 20μA	0.9V _{IF}			V
V_{OL}	LOW-Level Output Voltage, Note 4	I _{OL} = 20μA			0.1	V
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current, Note 4		-5		5	μΑ
I _{IF}	VIF Supply Current	D+, D- are idle, OE# = SUS = 0			5	μΑ
		D+, D- are idle, OE# = 0, SUS = 1			5	μΑ
		D+, D- active, C _{LOAD} = 50pF, SPD = 1, f = 6MHz, Note 5		450	650	μΑ
		D+, D- active, C _{LOAD} = 600pF SPD = 0, f = 750kHz, Note 5		50	75	μА
I _{BUS}	VBUS Supply Current	V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– are idle Suspend Mode (SUS = 1)		65	100	μΑ
		V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– are idle, SPD = 1 SUS = OE# = 0		3.3	5	mA
		V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– are idle SUS = OE# = SPD = 0		500	700	μΑ
		V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– are idle, OE# = 1 SUS = SPD = 0		250	350	μΑ
		V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– active, C _{LOAD} = 50pF, SPD = 1 SUS = OE# = 0, f = 6MHz, Note 5		7.3	10	mA
		V _{BUS} = 5.25V, D+, D– active, C _{LOAD} = 600pF SPD = SUS = OE# = 0, f = 750kHz, Note 5		3.6	5	mA
I _{VPULEAK}	VPU Leakage Current	CON = 1, V _{PU} = 0V	-5		5	μΑ
I _{VIFLEAK}	VIF Leakage Current	V _{IF} = 3.6V, V _{BUS} = 0V	-5		5	μΑ
$\overline{V_{PU}}$	Pull-Up Output Voltage	I _{TERM} = 200μA, V _{BUS} = 4.0 to 5.25V	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
R _{SW}	Internal Pull-Up Termination	I _{TERM} = 10mA, V _{BUS} = 4.0 to 5.25V		10		Ω
ESD Protecti	on		•		•	
IEC-1000-4-2	Air Discharge	10 pulses		±8		kV
(D+, D–, V _{BUS} only)	Contact Discharge	10 pulses		±9		kV

DC	Electrical	Characteristics	(Transceiver)	(Note 7)
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$		Onal actoristics	(I I al ISCCIVCI)	, (1401 6 7)

Symboh "M	C25518191C"供应商	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Leakage Cu	rrent		•	•	•	
I _{LO}	Hi-Z State Data Line Leakage (Suspend Mode)	0V < V _{IN} < 3.3V, SUS = 1	-10		10	μА
Input Levels						
$\overline{V_{DI}}$	Differential Input Sensitivity	(D+) - (D-)	0.2			V
V_{CM}	Differential Common Mode Range	Includes V _{DI} range	0.8		2.5	V
V _{SE}	Single Ended Receiver Threshold		0.8		2.0	V
	Receiver Hysteresis			200		mV
Output Leve	els		•			
$\overline{V_{OL}}$	Static Output Low	$R_{L} = 1.5 k\Omega$ to 3.6V			0.3	V
V _{OH}	Static Output High	$R_L = 15k\Omega$ to GND	2.8		3.6	V
Capacitance	•		<u>'</u>		1	
C _{IN}	Transceiver Capacitance	Pin to GND		10		pF
Z _{DRV}	Driver Output Resistance	Steady state drive	8	16	24	Ω
	trical Characteristics (Notes	s 6. 7)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	
	acteristics (Low Speed)	,				
T _R	Transition Rise Time	C _L = 50pF, Figure 2 C ₁ = 600pF	75		300	ns
T _F	Transition Fall Time	C _L = 50pF, Figure 2 C ₁ = 600pF	75		300	ns
T_R, T_F	Rise/Fall Time Matching	(T _R , T _F)	80		125	%
V _{CRS}	Output Signal Crossover Voltage	X I	1.3		2.0	V
	acteristics (Full Speed)		<u> </u>		ı	
T_R	Transition Rise Time	C _I = 50pF, Figure 2	4		20	ns
T _F	Transition Fall Time	C _L = 50pF, Figure 2	4		20	ns
T_R, T_F	Rise/Fall Time Matching	(T _R , T _F)	90		111.11	%
V _{CRS}	Output Signal Crossover Voltage	X I	1.3		2.0	V
Transceiver			I		1	<u> </u>
t _{PVZ}	OE# to RCVR Tri-State Delay	Figure 1			15	ns
t _{PZD}	Receiver Tri-State to Transmit Delay	Figure 1	15			ns
t _{PDZ}	OE# to DRVR Tri-State Delay	Figure 1			15	ns
t _{PZV}	Driver Tri-State to Receive Delay	Figure 1	15			ns
t _{PLH}	VP, VM to D+, D– Propagation Delay	Figure 4			15	ns
t _{PLH}	D+, D- to RCV Propagation Delay	Figure 3			15	ns
t _{PLH}	D+, D– to V _P , V _M Propagation Delay	Figure 3			8	ns

- Note 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- **Note 2.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5k in series with 100pF.
- Note 4. Specification applies to the following pins: SUS, SPD, RCV, CON, RCV, VP, VM, OE#.
- Note 5. Characterized specification(s), but not production tested.
- Note 6. All AC parameters guaranteed by design but not production tested.
- Note 7. Specification for packaged product only.

Timing Diagrams

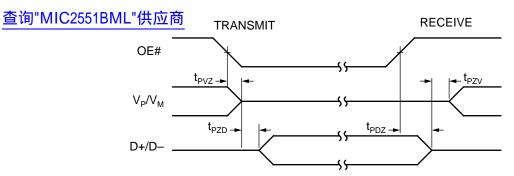


Figure 1. Enable and Disable Times

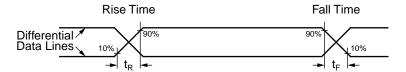


Figure 2. Rise and Fall Times

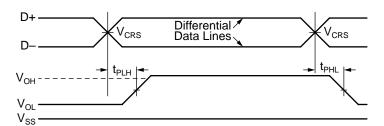


Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delay

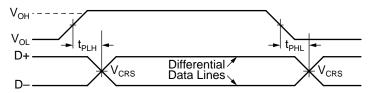


Figure 4. Driver Propagation Delay

Test Circuits

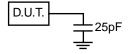


Figure 5. Load for V_P , V_M , RCV

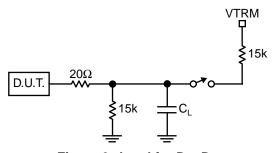
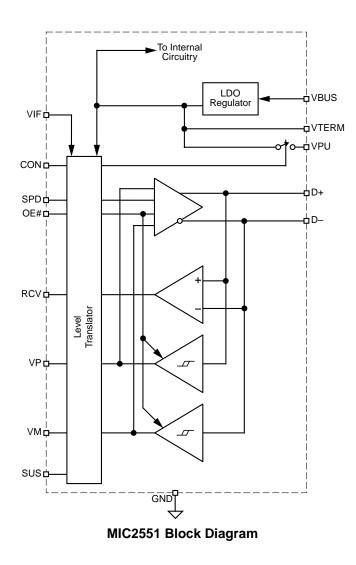


Figure 6. Load for D+, D-

Functional Diagram

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Functional Description

The MIC2551 is designed to provide USB connectivity in mobile systems where available system supply voltages are not able to satisfy USB requirements. The MIC2551 can operate down to supply voltages of 1.6V and still meet USB physical layer specifications. As shown in the circuit above, the MIC2551 takes advantage of the USB supply voltage, $V_{BUS},$ to operate the transceiver. The system voltage, $V_{IF},$ is used to set the reference voltage used by the digital I/O lines interfacing to the system controller. Internal circuitry provides translation between the USB and system voltage domains. V_{IF} will typically be the main supply voltage rail for the controller.

In addition, a 3.3V, 10% termination supply voltage, V_{PU} , is provided to support speed selection. V_{PU} can be disabled or enabled under software control via the CON input. This allows for software-controlled connect or disconnect states. A 1.5k resistor is required to be connected between this pin and the D+ or D– lines to respectively specify high speed or low speed operation.

The use of ESD transient protection devices is not required for operation, but is recommended. The MIC2551 is ESD rated for 11kV at the VBUS and D+, D– pins and 2kV for all other pins.

Application Information

Power Supply Gention 供应商

The MIC2551 can be set up for different power supply configurations which modify the behavior of the device. Both V_{BUS} and V_{IF} have special thresholds that detect when they are either removed or grounded. Table 3 depicts the behavior under the different power supply configuration scenarios that are explained below.

Normal Mode

 V_{BUS} is connected to the 5.0V USB bus voltage and V_{IF} is connected to a supply voltage in the range of 1.6V to 3.6V. In this case V_{TRM} supplies a 3.3V voltage for powering the speed select resistor via V_{PU} depending on the state of the CON pin.

Disconnect Mode

 $\rm V_{IF}$ is connected to a supply in a range of 1.6V to 3.6V and $\rm V_{BUS}$ is open or grounded. If $\rm V_{BUS}$ is opened while transmitting, the data lines (D+, D–) have sharing capability and may be driven with external devices up to approximately 3.6V if, and only if, SUSPEND is enabled (SUS = 1). With $\rm V_{BUS}$ ground, D+, D– sharing mode is not permitted.

Disable Mode

 V_{BUS} is connected to the 5.0V USB bus voltage and V_{IF} is open. All logic controlled inputs become high impedances, thus minimal current will be supplied by V_{IF} if the input pins are pulled up to an external source.

Alternate Power Supply Configuration Options

I/O Interface Using 3.3V

In systems where the I/O interface utilizes a 3.3V USB controller, an alternate solution is shown in Figure 7. No extra components are required; however, the load on V_{TRM} must not exceed 10mA.

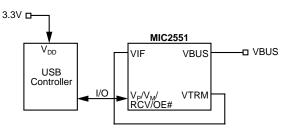


Figure 7. I/O Interface Uses 3.3V

Bypass Input

 V_{BUS} and V_{TRM} are tied together to a supply voltage in the range of 3.0V to 3.6V. The internal regulator is bypassed and the internal circuitry is run from the V_{TRM} input. See Figure 8.

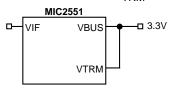


Figure 8. Powering Chip from Internal 3.3V Source

Signal Amplitude Respective to VIF

When operating the MIC2551, it is necessary to provide input signals which do not exceed $V_{\rm IF}$ + 0.3V.

External ESD Protection

The use of ESD transient protection devices is not required for operation, but is recommended. We recommend the following devices or the equivalent:

Cooper Electronic Technologies (www.cooperet.com)

41206ESDA SurgX[®] 0805ESDA SurgX[®]

Littelfuse (www.littelfuse.com)

V0402MHS05 SP0503BAHT

Non-Multiplexed Bus

In order to save pin count for the USB logic controller interface, the MIC2551 was designed with $V_{\rm P}$ and $V_{\rm M}$ as bidirectional pins. To interface the MIC2551 with a non-multiplexed data bus, resistors can be used for low cost isolation as shown in Figure 9.

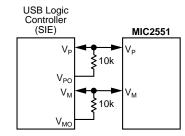


Figure 9. MIC2551 Interface to Non-Multiplexed Data Bus

Configuration Mode	VBUS/VTRM	VIF	Notes
Normal	Connected	Connected	Normal supply configuration and operation.
Disconnect (D+/D- sharing)	Open	Connected	VP/VM are HIGH outputs, RCV is LOW. With OE# = 0 and SUS = 1, data lines may be driven with external devices up to 3.6V. With D+, D– floating, I _{IF} draws less than 1μA.
Disconnect	Ground	Connected	VP/VM are HIGH outputs, RCV is LOW. With D+, D– floating, I _{IF} draws less than 1μA.
Disable Mode	Connected	Open	Logic controlled inputs pins are Hi-Z.
Prohibited	Connected	Ground	Prohibited condition.

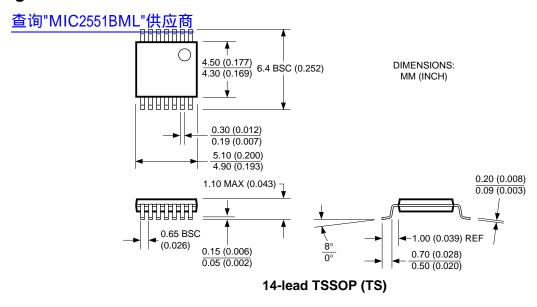
Table 3. Power Supply Configuration

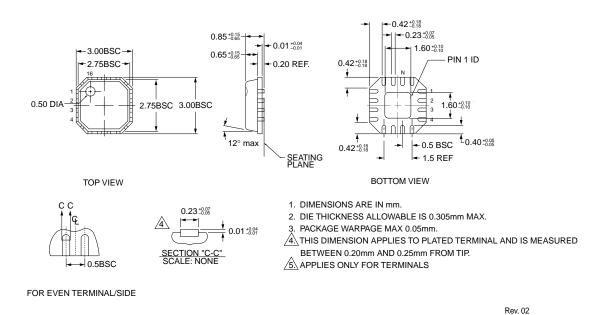
PCB Layout Recommendations

Although the USB standard and applications are not based in an impedance controlled environment, a properly designed PCB layout is recommended for optimal transceiver performance. The suggested PCB layout hints are as follows:

- Match signal line traces (VP/VM, D+, D-) to 40ps, approximately ¹/₃ inch if possible. FR-4 PCB material propagation is about 150ps/inch, so to minimize skew try to keep VP/VM, D+/Dtraces as short as possible.
- For every signal line trace width (w), separate the signal lines by 1.5–2 widths. Place all other traces at >2 widths from all signal line traces.
- Maintain the same number of vias on each differential trace, keeping traces approximately at same separation distance along the line.
- Control signal line impedances to ±10%.
- Keep R_S as close to the IC as possible, with equal distance between R_S and the IC for both D+ and D-.

Package Information





16-Pin MLF™ (ML)

MICREL, INC. 1849 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 944-0970 WEB http://www.micrel.com

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