

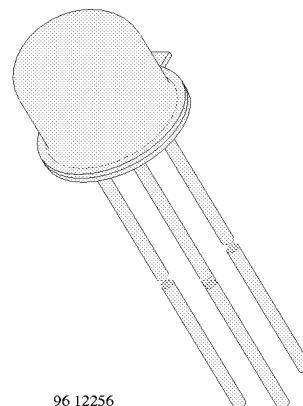
## Optocoupler with Phototransistor Output

### Description

The 3C91C/ 3C92C consist of a phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode in a 4-lead hermetically sealed metal can.

### Applications

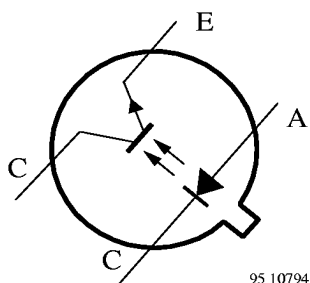
Galvanically separated circuits for general purposes



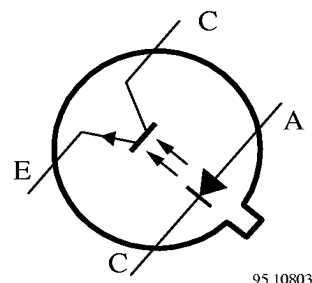
### Features

- Hermetically-sealed case
- High isolation resistance
- DC isolation test voltage 1000 V
- Coupling capacitance of typical 1.5 pF
- Low temperature coefficient of CTR
- High operation temperature range
- Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) of typical 100%

### Pin Connection



3 C 9 1 C



3 C 9 2 C

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Input (Emitter)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	7	V
Forward current		$I_F$	60	mA
Forward surge current	$t_p \leq 10 \mu s$	$I_{FSM}$	3	A
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	$P_V$	100	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	125	$^\circ C$

### Output (Detector)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector emitter voltage		$V_{CEO}$	50	V
Emitter collector voltage		$V_{ECO}$	7	V
Collector current		$I_C$	100	mA
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	$P_V$	200	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	125	$^\circ C$

### Coupler

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC isolation test voltage		$V_{IO}^{1)}$	1000	V
Total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	$P_{tot}$	300	mW
Ambient temperature range		$T_{amb}$	-55 to +100	$^\circ C$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ C$
Soldering temperature	2 mm from case, $t \leq 10 s$	$t_{sd}$	260	$^\circ C$

1) Related to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$

### Input (Emitter)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 50 mA$	$V_F$		1.25	1.5	V
Breakdown voltage	$I_R = 100 \mu A$	$V_{(BR)}$	7			V
Reverse current	$V_R = 3 V$	$I_R$		0.35	1	$\mu A$
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 MHz$	$C_j$		25		pF

### Output (Detector)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Collector emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	50			V
Emitter collector breakdown voltage	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	7			V
Collector dark current	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{CEO}$ $I_{CBO}$		0.1	10 20	nA nA

### Coupler

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DC isolation test voltage	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	$V_{IO}^{1)}$	1000			V
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 1 \text{ kV}$ , 40% relative humidity	$R_{IO}^{1)}$	$10^9$	$10^{10}$		$\Omega$
Collector current	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_C$ $I_C$	4 3	10 8	20	mA mA
$I_C/I_F$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CTR	0.4	1		
Collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 2.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CEsat}$ $V_{CEsat}$		0.1	0.3	V V
Cut-off frequency	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $I_f = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$	$f_g$		110		kHz
Coupling capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_k$			2.5	pF

1) Related to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014

### Switching Characteristics

$V_S = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ ,  $R_L = 100 \Omega$  (see figure 1)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Turn-on time	3C91C	$t_{on}$		10		$\mu\text{s}$
	3C92C	$t_{on}$		6		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	3C91C	$t_{off}$		8		$\mu\text{s}$
	3C92C	$t_{off}$		5		$\mu\text{s}$

$V_S = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,  $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$  (see figure 2)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Turn-on time	3C91C	$t_{on}$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
	3C92C	$t_{on}$		9		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	3C91C	$t_{off}$		22.5		$\mu\text{s}$
	3C92C	$t_{off}$		18		$\mu\text{s}$

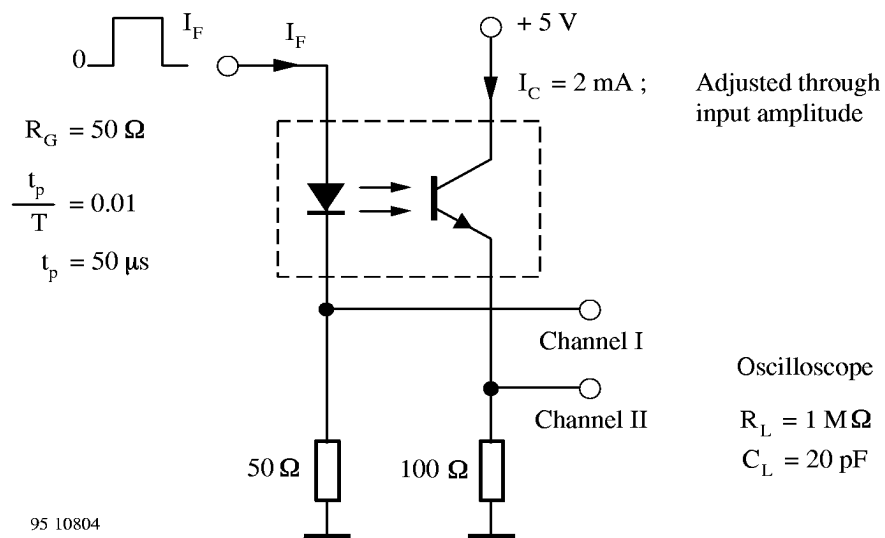


Figure 1. Test circuit, non-saturated operation

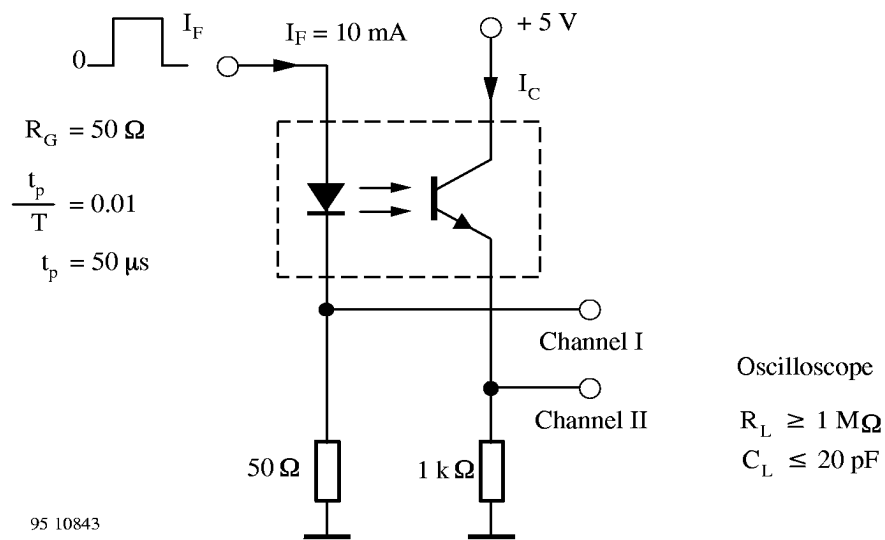


Figure 2. Test circuit, saturated operation

**Typical Characteristics** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

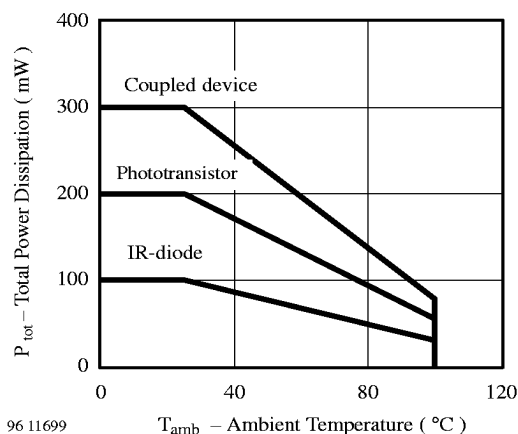


Figure 3. Total Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

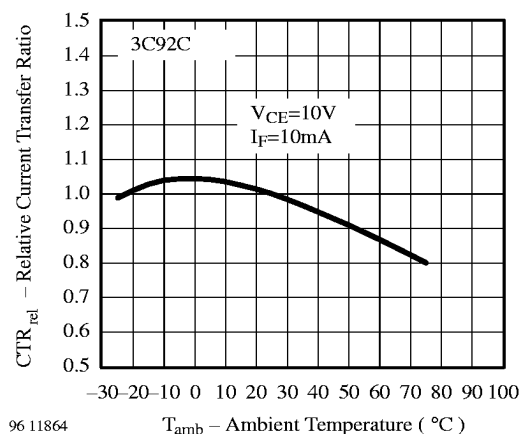


Figure 6. Rel. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

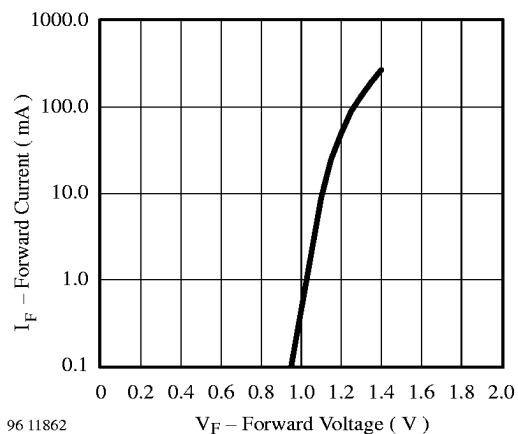


Figure 4. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

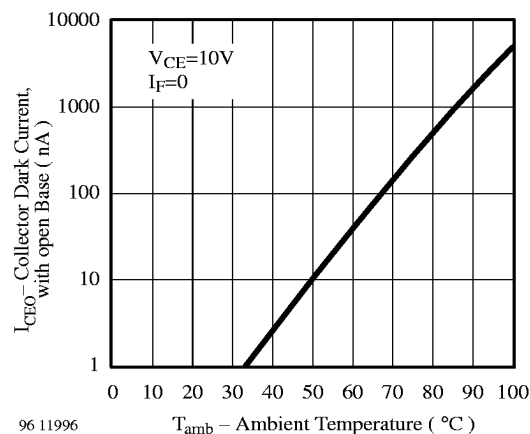


Figure 7. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

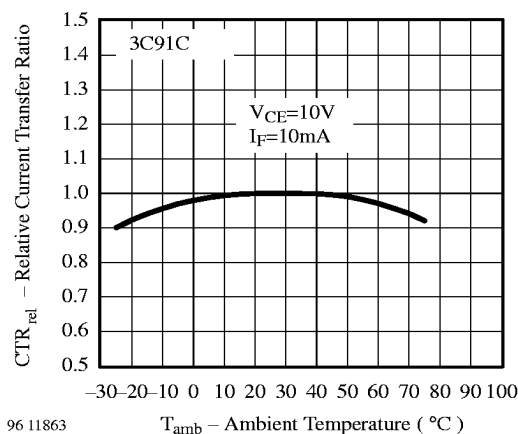


Figure 5. Rel. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

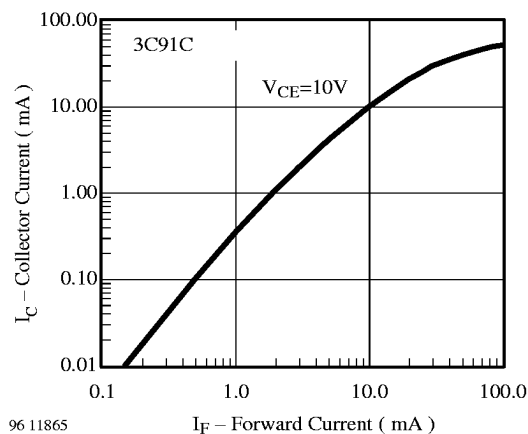


Figure 8. Collector Current vs. Forward Current

## Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

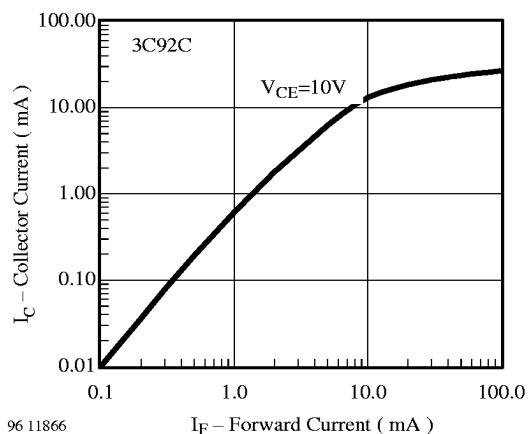


Figure 9. Collector Current vs. Forward Current

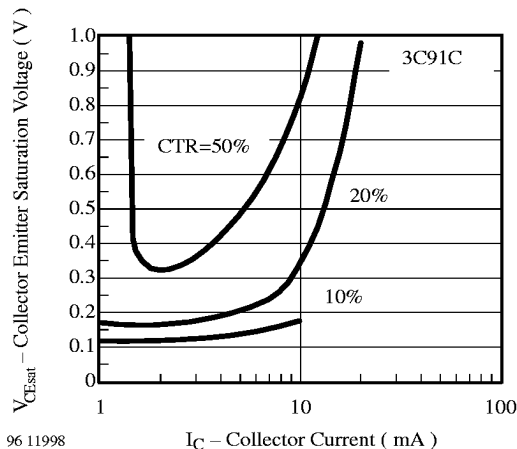


Figure 12. Collector Emitter Sat. Voltage vs. Collector Current

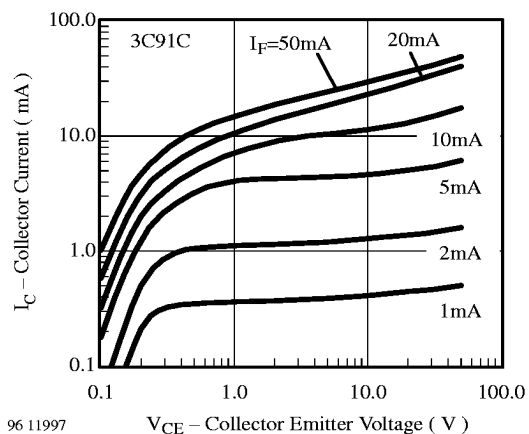


Figure 10. Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

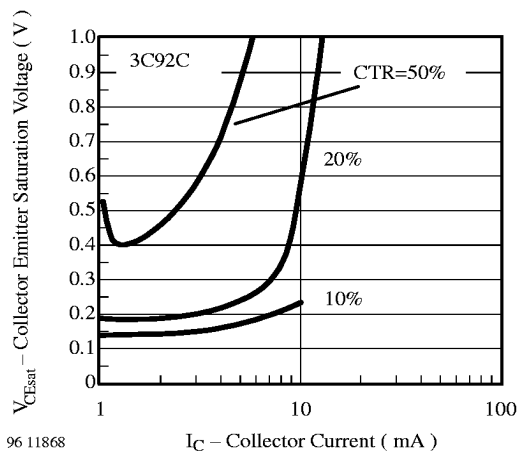


Figure 13. Collector Emitter Sat. Voltage vs. Collector Current

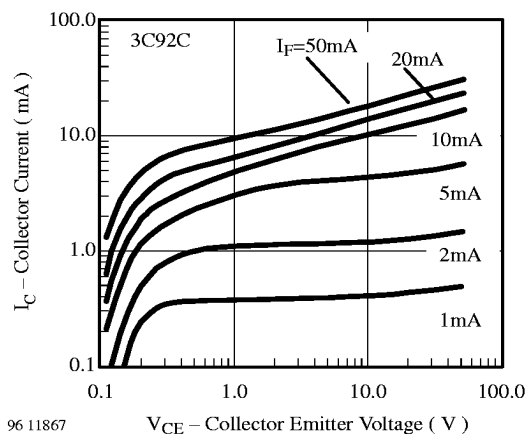


Figure 11. Collector Current vs. Collector emitter Voltage

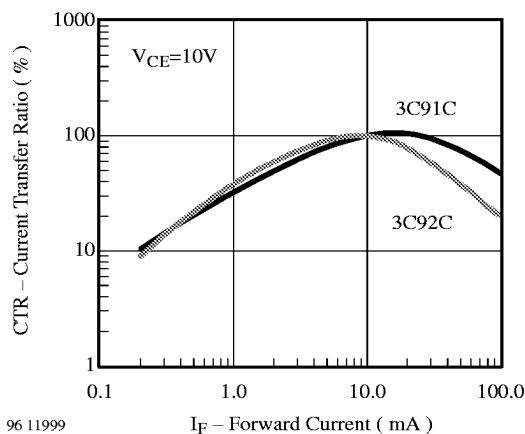


Figure 14. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

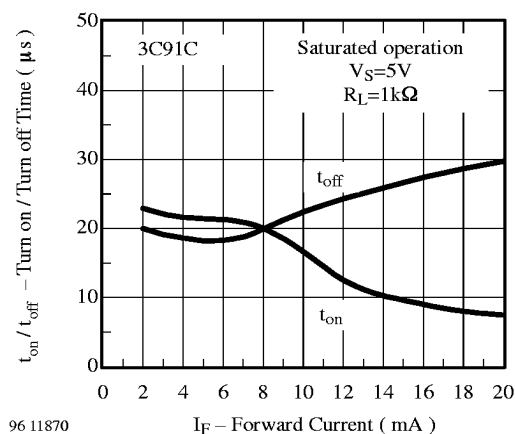


Figure 15. Turn on / off Time vs. Forward Current

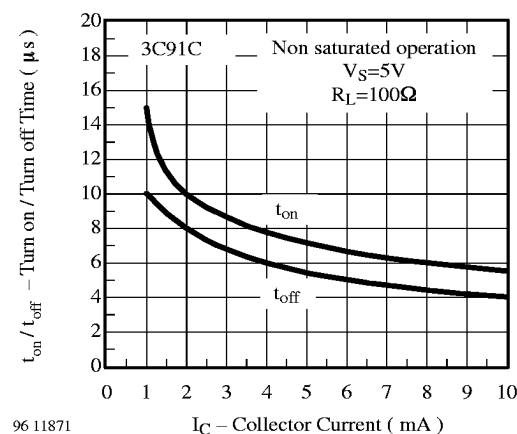


Figure 17. Turn on / off Time vs. Collector Current

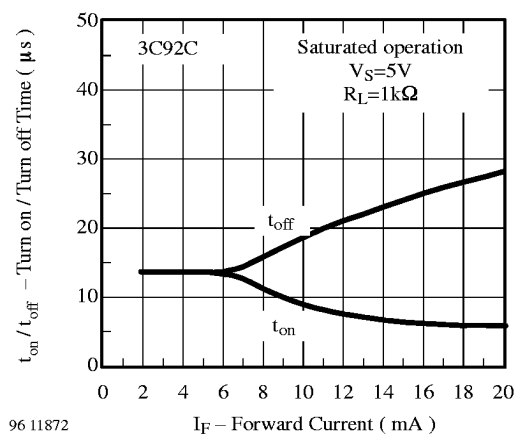


Figure 16. Turn on / off Time vs. Forward Current

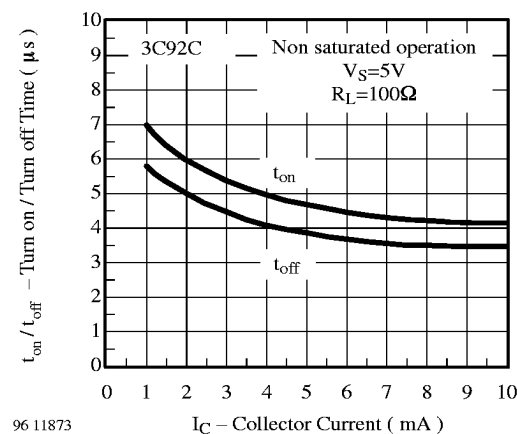
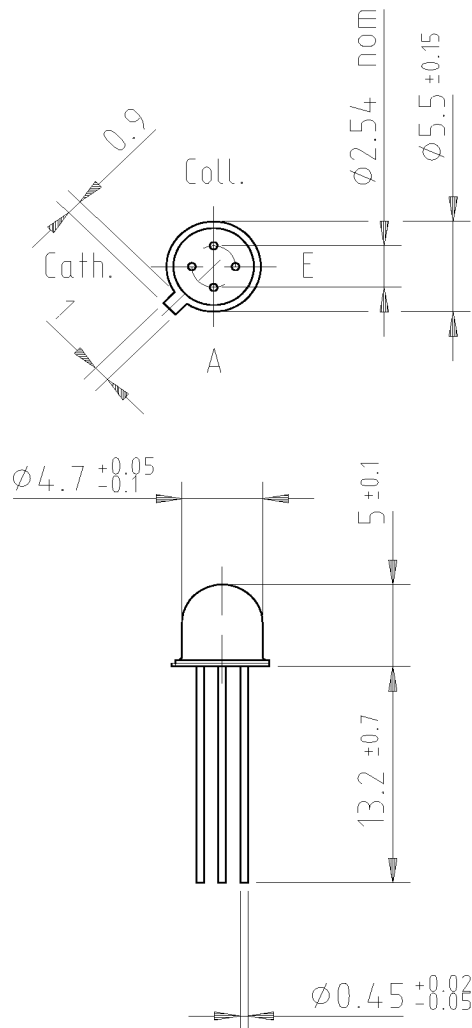
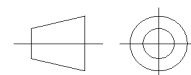


Figure 18. Turn on / off Time vs. Collector Current

## Dimensions of 3C91C in mm



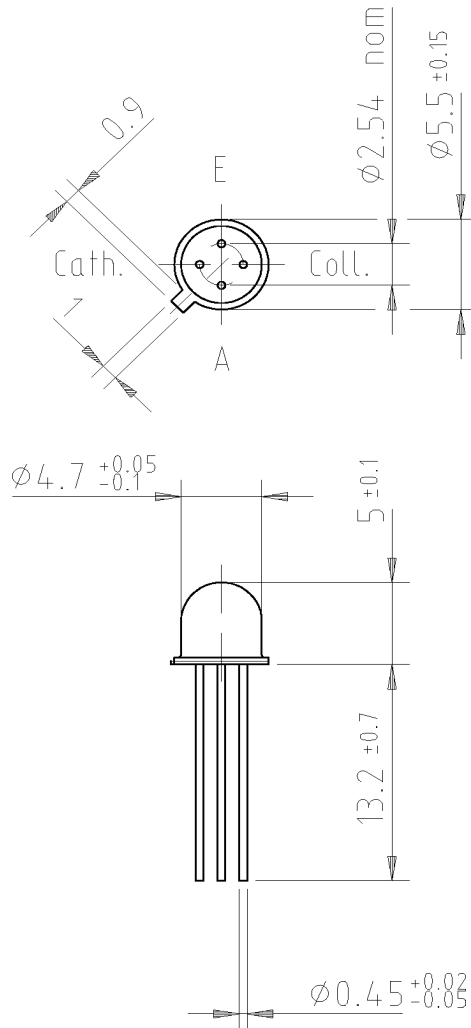
96 12080



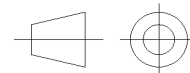
technical drawings  
according to DIN  
specifications



### Dimensions of 3C92C in mm



96 12081



technical drawings  
 according to DIN  
 specifications