

# 8-Mbit (512K x 16) Static RAM

#### **Features**

· Very high speed: 45 ns

- Industrial: -40°C to +85°C

- Automotive-E: -40°C to +125°C

• Wide voltage range: 4.5V-5.5V

· Ultra low standby power

Typical Standby current: 2 μA

— Maximum Standby current: 8 μA (Industrial)

· Ultra low active power

Typical active current: 1.8 mA @ f = 1 MHz

Ultra low standby power

• Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features

· Automatic power down when deselected

· CMOS for optimum speed and power

 Available in Pb-free 44-pin TSOP II and 48-ball VFBGA package

## Functional Description<sup>[1]</sup>

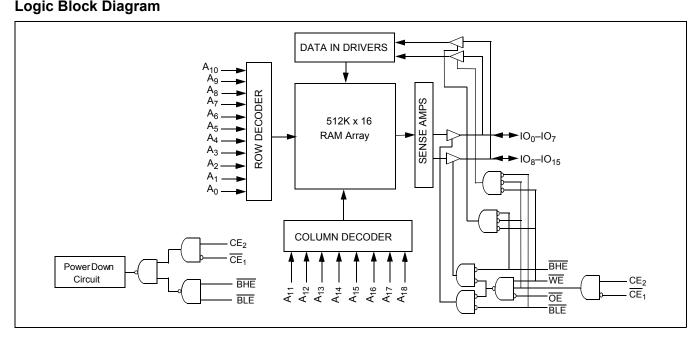
The CY62157E is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 512K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device

also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Place the device into standby mode when deselected (CE $_1$ HIGH or CE $_2$ LOW or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input or output pins (IO $_0$  through IO $_{15}$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when:

- Deselected (<del>CE</del><sub>1</sub>HIGH or CE<sub>2</sub> LOW)
- Outputs are disabled (OE HIGH)
- <u>Both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled</u> (BHE, BLE HIGH)
- Write operation is active (CE<sub>1</sub> LOW, CE<sub>2</sub> HIGH and WE LOW)

To write to the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  LOW and CE<sub>2</sub> <u>HIGH</u>) and Write Enable (WE) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO<sub>0</sub> through IO<sub>7</sub>), is written into the location specified <u>on</u> the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>18</sub>). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO<sub>8</sub> through IO<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>18</sub>).

To read from the device, take Chip Enable  $(\overline{\text{CE}}_1\text{LOW})$  and  $\text{CE}_2\text{HIGH}$  and Output Enable  $(\overline{\text{OE}})$  LOW while forcing the Write Enable  $(\overline{\text{WE}})$  HIGH. If Byte Low Enable  $(\overline{\text{BLE}})$  is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on IO $_0$  to IO $_7$ . If Byte High Enable  $(\overline{\text{BHE}})$  is LOW, then data from memory appears on IO $_8$  to IO $_{15}$ . See the "Truth Table" on page 9 for a complete description of read and write modes.



#### Notes

1. For best practice recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.

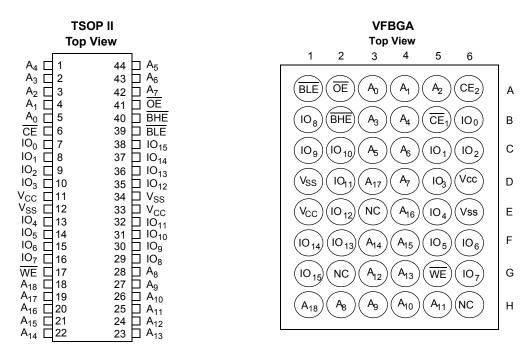


#### **Product Portfolio**

								Power D	issipatio	n		
Product	Pango	Vc	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)		Speed (ns)	O	perating	J I <sub>CC</sub> , (mA	١)	Standb	y, I <sub>SB2</sub>	
Product	Range			` ′	f = 1	f = 1 MHz		f = 1 MHz		max	<b>(</b> µ.	A)
		Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max		<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	
CY62157ELL	Industrial	4.5	5.0	5.5	45	1.8	3	18	25	2	8	
CY62157ELL	Automotive	4.5	5.0	5.5	55	1.8	4	18	35	2	30	

## **Pin Configuration**

The following pictures show the TSOP II and VFBGA pinouts. [3, 4]



#### Notes

- 2. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .
- NC pins are not connected on the die.
   The 44-pin TSOP II package has only one chip enable (CE) pin.



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the battery life of the device. User guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature ......-65°C to + 150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied ......55°C to + 125°C Supply Voltage to Ground Potential ..... –0.5V to 6.0V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State  $^{[5,\ 6]}$ .....-0.5V to 6.0V

DC Input Voltage <sup>[5, 6]</sup>	0.5V to 6.0V
Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001V
Latch up Current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	<b>V</b> cc <sup>[7]</sup>
CY62157ELL	Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	4.5V to 5.5V
	Automotive	-40°C to +125°C	

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

D	D. a suinti au	To ad O and didicate	45	ns (Ind	ustrial)	55 n	11:4		
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	2.4			2.4			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA			0.4			0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V to 5.5V	2.2		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	2.2		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V to 5.5V	-0.5		0.8	-0.5		0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_CC$			+1	-4		+4	μА
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disable			+1	-4		+4	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating	$f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$ $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$	)	18	25		18	35	mA
	Supply Current	f = 1 MHz I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels		1.8	3		1.8	4	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{V or CE}_2 \le 0.2 \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{V, V}_{\text{IN}} \le 0.2 \text{V,}$ f = f <sub>max</sub> (Address and Data Onl f = 0 (OE, BHE, BLE and WE), $\text{V}_{\text{CC}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}(\text{max})}$		2	8		2	30	μА
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{V or CE}_2 \le 0.2 \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{V or V}_{\text{IN}} \le 0.2 \text{V}_{\text{f}} = 0, \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}(\text{max})}$	V,	2	8		2	30	μА

## Capacitance<sup>[9]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance		10	pF

- V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0V for pulse durations less than 20 ns for I < 30 mA.</li>
   V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
   Full device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC</sub>(min) and 200 μs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.
   Only chip enables (CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
   Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

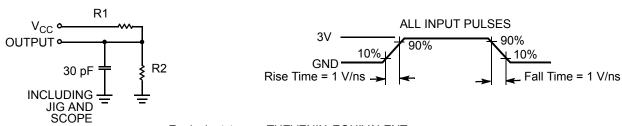


### Thermal Resistance [9]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	TSOP II	VFBGA	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$		Still Air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	77	72	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		13	8.86	°C/W

#### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 1. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Equivalent to: THEVENIN EQUIVALENT OUTPUT ⊶

Parameters	Values	Unit
R1	1800	Ω
R2	990	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	639	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.77	V

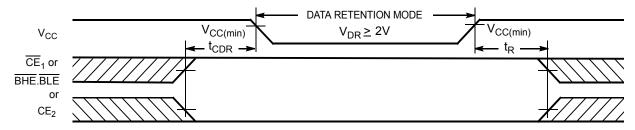
### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions			<b>Typ</b> [2]	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention			2			V
I <sub>CCDR</sub> [8]	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC}=2V, \overline{CE}_{1} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } CE_{2} \le 0.2V, \ V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \le 0.2V$	Industrial			8	μА
		$V_{\text{IN}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2V \text{ or } V_{\text{IN}} \le 0.2V$	Automotive			30	
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time			0			ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time			t <sub>RC</sub>			ns

## **Data Retention Waveform**[11]

Figure 2. Data Retention Waveform



<sup>10.</sup> Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs.

11. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



## **Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range<sup>[12, 13]</sup>

Downwoodow	Decemention	45 ns (In	dustrial)	55 ns (Au	l lmi4	
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle						
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	45		55		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	10		10		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		22		25	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to LOW-Z <sup>[14]</sup>	5		5		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High-Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>		18		20	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Low-Z <sup>[14]</sup>	10		10		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to High-Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>		18		20	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Power Up	0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to Power Down		45		55	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Low-Z <sup>[14]</sup>	10		10		ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to HIGH-Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>		18		20	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[16]</sup>						
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	45		55		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Write End	35		40		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Setup to Write End	35		40		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Setup to Write Start	0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	35		40		ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Write End	35		40		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Setup to Write End	25		25		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High-Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>		18		20	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low-Z <sup>[14]</sup>	10		10		ns

<sup>12.</sup> Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, and output loading of the specified l<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 4.

13. AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals (BHE or BLE) not switching when chip is disabled. See application note AN13842 for further clarification.

14. At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any device.

15. t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the <u>outputs</u> enter a <u>high imp</u>edance state.

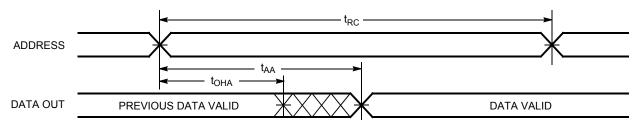
16. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE<sub>1</sub> = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE, BLE, or both = V<sub>IL</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.



## **Switching Waveforms**

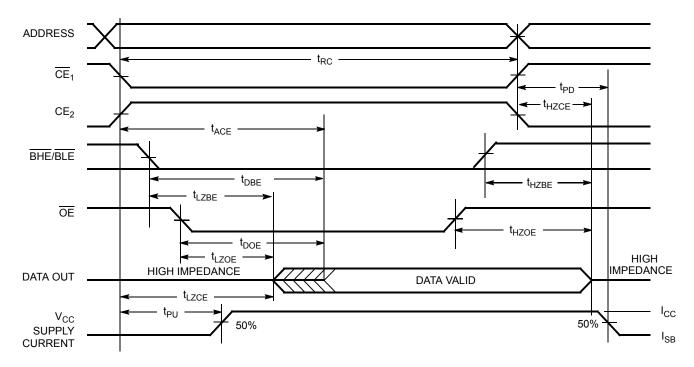
Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled)[17, 18]

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 1



Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled)[18, 19]

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2



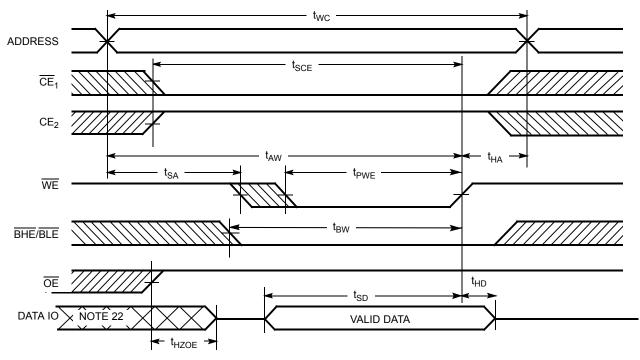
Notes
17. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ .
18. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
19. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  transition LOW and  $CE_2$  transition HIGH.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

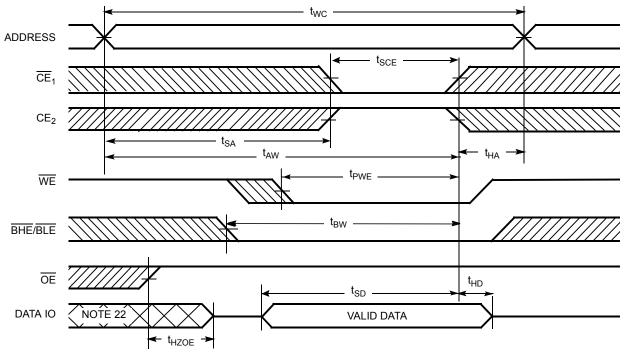
Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled)[16, 20, 21]

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 1



Write Cycle No. 2  $(\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \text{ or } \text{CE}_2 \text{ Controlled})^{[16,\ 20,\ 21]}$ 

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2



#### Notes

20. Data IO is high impedance if  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  = V<sub>IH</sub>.

21. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  goes HIGH and  $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  = V<sub>IH</sub>, the output remains in a high impedance state.

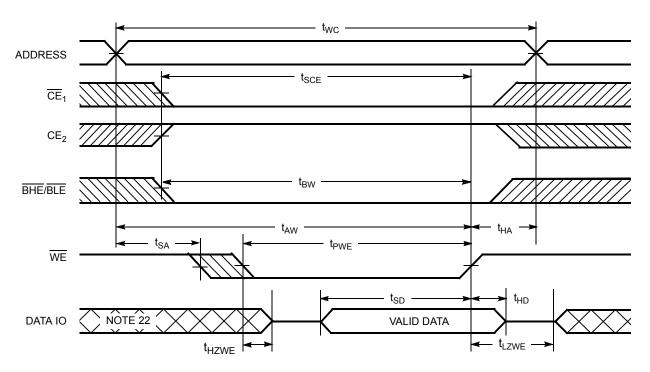
22. During this period, the IOs are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

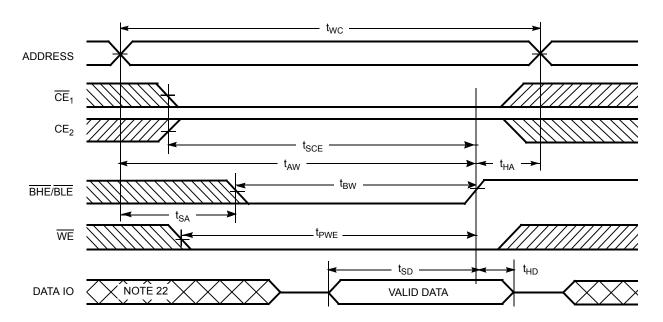
Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[21]

Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3



Write Cycle No. 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW)[21]

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 4





### **Truth Table**

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Inputs/Outputs Mode	
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data Out (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data Out (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>7</sub> ); High-Z (IO <sub>8</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>7</sub> ); Data Out (IO <sub>8</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data In (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data In (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>7</sub> ); High-Z (IO <sub>8</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High-Z (IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>7</sub> ); Data In (IO <sub>8</sub> –IO <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62157ELL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin Thin Small Outline Package Type II (Pb-free)	Industrial
55	CY62157ELL-55ZSXE	51-85087	44-pin Thin Small Outline Package Type II (Pb-free)	Automotive
	CY62157ELL-55BVXE	51-85150	48-ball Very Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (Pb-free)	

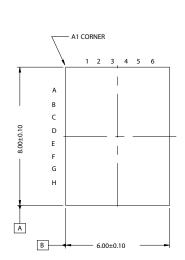
Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

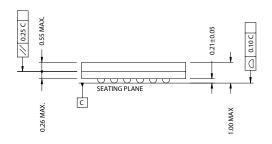


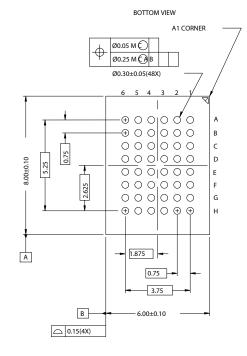
TOP VIEW

# **Package Diagrams**

Figure 9. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm), 51-85150





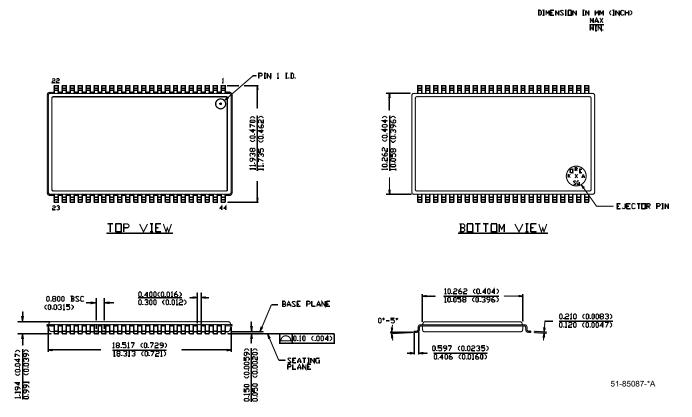


51-85150-\*D



#### Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 10. 44-Pin TSOP II, 51-85087



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# **Document History Page**

	Document Title: CY62157E MoBL <sup>®</sup> Document Number: 38-05695					12K x 16) Static RAM
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	291273	See ECN	PCI	New data sheet		
*A	457689	See ECN	NXR	Added Automotive Product Removed Industrial Product Removed 35 ns and 45 ns speed bins Removed "L" bin Updated AC Test Loads table Corrected t <sub>R</sub> in Data Retention Characteristics from 100 µs to t <sub>RC</sub> ns Updated the Ordering Information and replaced the Package Name column with Package Diagram		
*B	467033	See ECN	NXR	Added Industrial Product (Final Information) Removed 48 ball VFBGA package and its relevant information Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value of Automotive from 2 mA to 1.8 mA for f = 1MHz Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value of Automotive from 5 $\mu$ A to 1.8 $\mu$ A Modified footnote #4 to include current limit Updated the Ordering Information table		
*C	569114	See ECN	VKN	Added 48 ball VFBGA package Updated Logic Block Diagram Added footnote #3 Updated the Ordering Information table		
*D	925501	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote #9 related to I <sub>SB2</sub> and I <sub>CCDR</sub> Added footnote #14 related AC timing parameters		
*E	1045801	See ECN	VKN	Converted Automotive specs from preliminary to final		