INCH-POUND
MIL-M-38510/101J
07 February 2003
SUPERSEDING
MIL-M-38510/101H
30 October 2001

MILITARY SPECIFICATION

MICROCIRCUITS, LINEAR, OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER, MONOLITHIC SILICON

This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

Inactive for new design after 13 July 1995.

1. SCOPE

- 1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This specification covers the detail requirements for monolithic silicon, operational amplifiers. Two product assurance classes and a choice of case outlines and lead finish are provided for each type and are reflected in the complete part number. For this product, the requirements of MIL-M-38510 have been superseded by MIL-PRF-38535, (see 6.3).
 - 1.2 Part number. The complete part number shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535, and as specified herein..
 - 1.2.1 Device types. The device types shall be as shown in the following:

Device type	<u>Circuit</u>
01	Single operational amplifier - internally compensated
02	Dual operational amplifier - internally compensated
03	Single operational amplifier - externally compensated
04	Single operational amplifier - externally compensated
05	Dual operational amplifier - externally compensated 1/
06	Dual operational amplifier - externally compensated 1/
07	Single operational amplifier, high speed
08	Dual operational amplifier - internally compensated

1.2.2 Device class. The device class shall be the product assurance level as defined in MIL-PRF-38535.

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be use in improving this document should be addressed to: Commander, Defense Supply Center Columbus, ATTN: DSCC-VAS, 3990 East Broad St., Columbus, OH 43216-5000, by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

AMSC N/A FSC 5962

^{1/} Device types 05 and 06 may be monolithic, or they may consist of two separate, independent die.

1.2.3 <u>Case outlines</u>. The case outlines shall be designated in MIL-STD-1835 and as follows:

Outline letter	Descriptive designator	<u>Terminals</u>	Package style
A <u>2</u> /	GDFP5-F14 or CDFP6-F14	14	Flat pack
B <u>2</u> /	GDFP4-14	14	Flat pack
С	GDIP1-T14 or CDIP2-T14	14	Dual-in-line
D	GDFP1-F14 or CDFP2-F14	14	Flat pack
E	GDIP1-T16 or CDIP2-T16	16	Dual-in-line
F	GDFP2-F16 or CDFP3-F16	16	Flat pack
G	MACY1-X8	8	Can
Н	GDFP1-F10 or CDFP2-F10	10	Flat pack
I	MACY1-X10	10	Can
Р	GDIP1-T8 or CDIP2-T8	8	Dual-in-line
Z	GDFP1-G10	10	Flat pack with gullwing leads
2	CQCC1-N20	20	Square leadless chip carrier

1.3 Absolute maximum ratings.

Supply voltage range (V _{CC})	±22 V dc <u>3</u> /
Input voltage range	±20 V dc <u>4</u> /
Differential input voltage range	±30 V dc <u>5</u> /
Input current range	0.1 mA to +10 mA
Storage temperature range	65°C to +150°C
Output short-circuit duration	Unlimited 6/
Lead temperature (soldering, 60 seconds)	+300°C
Junction temperature (T _J)	+175°C <u>7</u> /

1.4 Recommended operating conditions.

Supply voltage (V _{CC})	±5 V dc to ±20 V dc
Ambient temperature range (T _A)	55°C to +125°C

^{2/} Inactive package case outline.

^{3/} Voltages in excess of these may be applied for short-term tests if voltage difference does not exceed 44 volts.

^{4/} For supply voltages less than ±20 V dc, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

⁵/ For device types 04, 06, and 07 only, this rating is ± 1.0 V unless resistances of 2 k Ω or greater are inserted in series with the inputs to limit current in the input shunt diodes to the maximum allowable value.

^{6/} Short circuit may be to ground or either supply. Rating applies to +125°C case temperature or +75°C ambient temperature.

⁷/ For short term test (in the specific burn-in and life test configuration when required and up to 168 hours maximum) $T_J = +275^{\circ}C$.

1.5 Power and thermal characteristics.

Case outlines	Maximum allowable power	Maximum	Maximum
	dissipation	θ JC	$\theta_{\sf JA}$
A,B,D	350 mW at T _A = +125°C	60°C/W	140°C/W
C,E,P	400 mW at T _A = +125°C	35°C/W	120°C/W
G	330 mW at T _A = +125°C	40°C/W	150°C/W
1	350 mW at T _A = +125°C	40°C/W	140°C/W
Н	330 mW at T _A = +125°C	60°C/W	150°C/W
F	400 mW at T _A = +125°C	35°C/W	120°C/W
Z	330 mW at T _A = +125°C	21°C/W	225°C/W still air
			142°C/W 500 LFPM
2	<u>8</u> / at T _A = +125°C	60°C/W	120°C/W

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 Government documents.

2.1.1 <u>Specifications, standards, and handbooks</u>. The following specifications and standards form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation or contract.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-38535 - Integrated Circuits (Microcircuits) Manufacturing, General Specification for.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARDS

MIL-STD-883 - Test Method Standard for Microelectronics.

MIL-STD-1835 - Interface Standard Electronic Component Outlines.

(Copies of these documents are available from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094 or http://astimage.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/ or www.dodssp.daps.mil.)

2.2 <u>Order of precedence</u>. In the event of a conflict between the text of this specification and the references cited herein the text of this document shall takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

 $^{8/}P_D = 102 \text{ mW}$ for device type 01. $P_D = 75 \text{ mW}$ for device type 03. $P_D = 149 \text{ mW}$ for device type 04.

3. REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Qualification. Microcircuits furnished under this specification shall be products that are manufactured by a manufacturer authorized by the qualifying activity for listing on the applicable qualified manufacturers list before contract award (see 4.3 and 6.4).
- 3.2 <u>Item requirements</u>. The individual item requirements shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and as specified herein or as modified in the device manufacturer's Quality Management (QM) plan. The modification in the QM plan shall not affect the form, fit, or function as described herein.
- 3.3 <u>Design, construction, and physical dimensions</u>. The design, construction, and physical dimensions shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-38535 and herein.
 - 3.3.1 Terminal connections. The terminal connections shall be as specified on figure 1.
- 3.3.2 <u>Schematic circuits</u>. The schematic circuits shall be maintained by the manufacturer and made available to the qualifying activity and the preparing activity (DSCC-VAS) upon request.
 - 3.3.3 Case outlines. The case outlines shall be as specified in 1.2.3.
 - 3.4 Lead material and finish. Lead material and finish shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 (see 6.6).
- 3.5 <u>Electrical performance characteristics</u>. The following electrical performance characteristics apply over the full operating ambient temperature range of -55°C to +125°C and for supply voltages ± 5 V dc to ± 20 V dc, unless otherwise specified (see table I).
- 3.5.1 Offset null circuits. Each amplifier having nulling inputs (device types 01, 02, 03, 05, and 07) shall be capable of being nulled 1 mV beyond the specified offset voltage limits for -55°C \leq T_A \leq +125°C using the circuits of figure 2.
- 3.5.2 Frequency compensation. Device types 01, 02, 07, and 08 shall be free of oscillation when operated in a unity gain non-inverting mode with no external compensation and a source resistance of \leq 10 k Ω , and when operated in any test condition specified herein. Device types 03, 04, 05, and 06 shall be free from oscillation when compensated with a 30 pF capacitor for all gain configurations or a 3 pF capacitor when used with a gain of 10.
 - 3.6 Rebonding. Rebonding shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535.
- 3.7 <u>Electrical test requirements</u>. Electrical test requirements for each device class shall be the subgroups specified in table II. The electrical tests for each subgroup are described in table III.
 - 3.8 Marking. Marking shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535.
- 3.9 <u>Microcircuit group assignment</u>. The devices covered by this specification shall be in microcircuit group number 49 (see MIL-PRF-38535, appendix A).

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. Electrical performance characteristics. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Conditions $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$ see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lir	mits	Unit
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	
Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	$R_S = 50 \Omega \frac{2}{}$	1	01,02, 08	-3	+3	mV
				03,05	-2	+2	
				04,06	-0.5	+0.5	
				07	-4	+4	
			2,3	01,02, 08	-4	+4	
				03,05	-3	+3	-
				04,06	-1	+1	
				07	-6	+6	
Input offset voltage temperature sensitivity	ΔV _{IO} / ΔΤ		2	01,02, 08	-15	+15	μV/°C
				03,05	-18	+18	
				04,06	-5	+5	
				07	-50	+50	
			3	01,02, 03,05	-15	+15	1
				04,06	-5	+5	
				07	-50	+50	
				08	-20	20	

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol			Device type	Lir	nits	Unit	
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max		
Input offset current	IIO	2/	1	01,02, 08	-30	+30	nA	
				03,05	-10	+10		
				04,06	-0.2	+0.2		
				07	-40	+40		
			2,3	01,02, 08	-70	+70		
			03,05	-20	+20			
				04,06	-0.4	+0.4		
				07	-80	+80		
Input offset current temperature sensitivity	ΔI _{IO} / ΔΤ		2	01,02, 08	-500	+500	pA/°C	
				03,05	-200	+200		
				04,06	-2.5	+2.5		
				07	-1000	+1000		
			3	01,02, 08	-200	+200		
				03,05	-100	+100		
				04,06	-2.5	+2.5		
					07	-1000	+1000	

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Conditions $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	Group A	Device	Lir	nits	Unit
rest	Symbol	see figure 3	subgroups	type]
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	
Input bias current	+l _{IB}	2/	1,2	01,02, 08	-0.1	+110	nA
				03,05	-0.1	+75	
				07	-0.1	+250	
			1	04,06	-0.1	+2.0	
			2		-1.0	+2.0	
			3	01,02, 08	-0.1	+265	
				03,05	-0.1	+100	
				04,06	04,06 -0.1	+3.0	
				07	-0.1	+400	
	-I _{IB}		1,2	01,02, 08	-0.1	+110	
				03,05	-0.1	+75	
				07	-0.1	+250	
			1	04,06	-0.1	+2.0	
			2		-1.0	+2.0	
			3	01,02, 08	-0.1	+265	
			03,05	-0.1	+100		
			04,06	-0.1	+3.0		
				07	-0.1	+400	

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Symbol Conditions $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$ see figure 3 subs		Device type	Limits		Unit
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	
Power supply rejection ratio	+PSRR	$+V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{S} = 50 \Omega,$	1	01,02, 03,05, 08	-50	+50	μV/V
		-V _{CC} = -20 V		04,06	-16	+16	
				07	-100	+100	-
			2,3	01,02, 03,05, 08	-100	+100	-
				04,06	-16	+16	
				07	-150	+150	
	-PSRR	$+V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{S} = 50 \Omega,$	1	01,02, 03,05, 08	-50	+50	-
		-V _{CC} = -10 V		04,06	-16	+16	
				07	-100	+100	
			2,3	01,02, 03,05, 08	-100	+100	
				04,06	-16	+16	
				07	-150	+150	
Input voltage common mode rejection	CMR	\pm V _{CC} = 20 V, V _{IN} = ±15 V, R _S = 50 Ω	1,2,3	01,02, 03,05, 07,08	80		dB
				04,06	96		

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Conditions -55°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lim	its	Unit	
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max		
Adjustment for input <u>3</u> / offset voltage	V _{IO} ADJ(+)	±V _{CC} = 20 V	1,2,3	01,02, 08	+5		mV	
				03,05	+4			
				04,06	No external ADJ			
				07	+7			
Adjustment for input 3/ VIO ADJ(-	V _{IO} ADJ(-)	±V _{CC} = 20 V	1,2,3	01,02, 08		-5	mV	
				03,05		-4		
			04,06		No extern al ADJ			
				07		-7		
Output short-circuit current (for positive	IOS(+) ±V($\pm V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, t \le 25 \text{ ms} 4/$	1,2,3	01,02, 03,05, 08	-60		mA	
output)				04,06	-15			
				07	-65			
Output short-circuit current (for negative	I _{OS} (-)	$\pm V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, t \le 25 \text{ ms } \underline{4}/$	1,2,3	01,02, 03,05, 08		+60	mA	
output)				04,06		+15		
				1,2	07		+65	
			3			+80	-	

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Conditions $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$ see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lir	nits	Unit
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	
Supply current	Icc	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V} \underline{5}/$	1	01,02, 08		+3.8	mA
				03,05		+3	
				04,06		+0.6	
				07		+8	
			2	01,02, 08		+3.4	-
				03,05		+2.5	
			04,06		+0.6		
				07		+7	_
			3	01,02, 08		+4.2	
				03,05		+3.5	
				04,06		+0.8	
				07		+9	
Output voltage swing (maximum)	VOP	$\pm V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	4,5,6	01-06, 08	±16		V
,				07	±17		
		$\pm V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$		01,02, 03,05, 08	±15		
				04,06	Not speci- fied		
				07	±16		

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test	Symbol	Conditions $ -55^{\circ}C \leq T_{A} \leq +125^{\circ}C $ see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lir	nits	Unit
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	1
Open loop voltage gain 6/ (single ended)	A _{VS} (±)	\pm V _{CC} = 20 V, $\underline{7}$ / R _L = 2 kΩ, 10 kΩ	4	01,02, 03,05, 07,08	50		V/mV
		V _{OUT} = ±15 V		04,06	80		
			5,6	01,02, 03,05, 08	25		
				04,06	40		
				07	32		
Open loop voltage gain 6/ (single ended)	Avs	\pm V _{CC} = 5 V, $\underline{7}$ / R _L = 2 kΩ, 10 kΩ	4,5,6	01,02, 03,05, 07,08	10		V/mV
		$V_{OUT} = \pm 2 \text{ V}$		04,06	20		
Transient response rise time	TR _(tr)	See figure 4 8/	7,8A,8B	01,02, 03,05, 08		+800	ns
				04,06		+1000	
				07		+40	- -
Transient response overshoot	TR _(OS)	See figure 4 8/	7,8A,8B	01,02, 03,05, 08		+25	%
				04,06, 07		+50	
Slew rate 9/	SR(+)	$V_{IN} = \pm 5 \text{ V}, A_V = 1,$	7,8B	01,02, 08	+0.3		V/μs
		see figure 4		03,05	<u>10</u> /		1
				04,06	+0.05		
				07	+40		

MIL-M-38510/101J

TABLE I. $\underline{\text{Electrical performance characteristics}}$ – Continued. $\underline{1}/$

Test Symbol		Conditions -55°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lir	Unit	
Slew rate 9/	SR(+)	unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = \pm 5 \text{ V}, A_V = 1,$	8A	01,02, 03,05, 08	Min +0.3	Max	V/μs
		see figure 4		04,06	+0.05		
				07	+30		
Slew rate 9/	SR(-)	$V_{IN} = \pm 5 \text{ V}, A_V = 1,$	7,8B	01,02, 08	+0.3		V/µs
		see figure 4		03,05	<u>10</u> /		
				04,06	+0.05		
				07	+40		-
			8A	01,02, 03,05, 08	+0.3		_
				04,06	+0.05		
				07	+30		=
Settling time 11/	t _S (+)	See figure 4	12	07		800	ns
			13A,13B			1200	
	t _S (-)		12	-		800	-
			13A,13B	-		1200	_
Channel separation	CS	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 20 \text{ V},$ see figure 5, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	7	02,05, 06,08	80		dB

TABLE I. Electrical performance characteristics - Continued. 1/

Test	Symbol	Conditions $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ see figure 3	Group A subgroups	Device type	Lir	Limits	
		unless otherwise specified			Min	Max	
Noise (referred to input) broadband	NI(BB)	\pm V _{CC} = 20 V, T _A = +25°C, bandwidth = 5 kHz	7	01-06, 08		15	μVrms
				07		25	
Noise (referred to input) popcorn	NI(PC)	\pm V _{CC} = 20 V, T _A = +25°C, bandwidth = 5 kHz	7	01,02, 04,06, 08		40	μVpk
				03,05, 07		80	

- 1/ For devices marked with the "Q" certification mark, the parameters listed herein maybe guaranteed if not tested to the limits specified herein in accordance with the manufacturer's QM plan.
- $\underline{2}$ / Tests at common mode $V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = -15 \text{ V}$, and $V_{CM} = +15 \text{ V}$.
- 3/ VIO(ADJ) is not performed on device type 02, case I only, or on device type 08 for either case G or P.
- $\underline{4}$ / Continuous short circuit limits will be considerably less than the indicated test limits. Continuous I_{OS} at T_A ≤ +75°C will cause T_J to exceed the maximum of +175°C. For dual devices, I_{OS} is measured one channel at a time.
- 5/ Value shown is for single devices (01, 03, 04) only. For dual devices (02, 05, 06, and 08) this limit is for single devices.
- 6/ Note that gain is not specified at V_{IO(ADJ)} extremes. Some gain reduction is usually seen at V_{IO(ADJ)} extremes. For closed loop applications (closed loop gain less than 1,000), the open loop tests (AVS) prescribed herein should guarantee a positive, reasonably linear, transfer characteristic. They do not, however, guarantee that the open loop gain is linear, or even positive, over the operating range. If either of these requirements exist (positive open loop gain or open loop gain linearity), they should be specified in the individual procurement document as additional requirements.
- $\underline{7}$ / R_L = 10 k Ω only for device types 04 and 06.
- 8/ For transient response tests, $C_F = 10$ pF for device types 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, and 08. Device type 07, $C_F = 47$ pF. C_F includes the effects of stray capacitance.
- <u>9</u>/ Minimum limit for device 08 is 0.4 $V/\mu s$ at all temperatures.
- $\underline{10}$ / Minimum limits for device types 03 and 05 are 0.2 V/ μ s at -55°C and 0.3 V/ μ s at both +25°C and +125°C.
- 11/ Settling time is waived for method 5004, MIL-STD-883 except for device type 07.

TABLE II. Electrical test requirements.

MIL-PRF-38535 test requirements	Subgroups (see table III)			
	Class S devices	Class B devices		
Interim electrical parameters	1	1		
Final electrical test parameters 1/	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4		
Group A test requirements	1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,8A,8B,12, 13A,13B	1,2,3,4,5,6,7		
Group C end point electrical parameters	1,2,3, and table IV delta limits	1 and table IV delta limits		
Additional electrical subgroups For group C periodic inspections	Not applicable	8A,8B,12, 13A,13B		
Group D end point electrical parameters	1,2,3	1		

1/ PDA applies to subgroup 1.

4. VERIFICATION.

- 4.1 <u>Sampling and inspection</u>. Sampling and inspection procedures shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 or as modified in the device manufacturer's Quality Management (QM) plan. The modification in the QM plan shall not affect the form, fit, or function as function as described herein.
- 4.2 <u>Screening</u>. Screening shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535, and shall be conducted on all devices prior to qualification and quality conformance inspection. The following additional criteria shall apply:
 - a. The burn-in test duration, test condition, and test temperature, or approved alternatives shall be as specified in the device manufacturer's QM plan in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. The burn-in test circuit shall be maintained under document control by the device manufacturer's Technology Review Board (TRB) in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and shall be made available to the acquiring or preparing activity upon request. The test circuit shall specify the inputs, outputs, biases, and power dissipation, as applicable, in accordance with the intent specified in test method 1015 of MIL-STD-883.
 - b. Interim and final electrical test parameters shall be as specified in table II, except interim electrical parameters test prior to burn-in is optional at the discretion of the manufacturer.
 - c. Additional screening for space level product shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-38535.

Device type		0	11	
Case outlines	A,B,C,D	G and P	Н	2
Terminal number			l symbol	
1	NC	OFFSET NULL	NC	NC
2	NC	-INPUT	OFFSET NULL	OFFSET NULL (-)
3	OFFSET NULL	+INPUT	-INPUT	NULL (-) NC
4	-INPUT	-Vcc	+INPUT	NC
5	+INPUT	OFFSET NULL	-Vcc	-INPUT
6	-Vcc	OUTPUT	OFFSET NULL	NC
7	NC	+Vcc	OUTPUT	+INPUT
8	NC	NC	+Vcc	NC
9	OFFSET NULL		NC	NC
10	OUTPUT		NC	-V _{CC}
11	+V _{CC}			NC
12	NC			OFFSET NULL (+)
13	NC			NC
14	NC			NC
15				OUTPUT
16				NC
17				+V _{CC}
18				NC
19				NC
20				NC

FIGURE 1. <u>Terminal connections</u>.

Device type	02		03				
Case outlines	A,B,C,D	I	С	G and P	Н		
Terminal number			Terminal symbol				
1	-INPUT A	OUTPUT A	NC	OFFSET NULL / COMP	NC		
2	+INPUT A	+V _{CC} (A) SEE NOTE 2	NC	-INPUT	OFFSET NULL / COMP		
3	OFFSET NULL A	-INPUT A	OFFSET NULL / COMP	+INPUT	-INPUT		
4	-V _{CC}	+INPUT A	-INPUT	-V _{CC}	+INPUT		
5	OFFSET NULL B	-V _{CC}	+INPUT	OFFSET NULL	-V _{CC}		
6	+INPUT B	+INPUT B	-V _{CC}	OUTPUT	OFFSET NULL		
7	-INPUT B	-INPUT B	NC	+V _{CC}	OUTPUT		
8	OFFSET NULL B	+V _{CC} (B) SEE NOTE 2	NC	COMP	+V _{CC}		
9	+V _{CC} (B) SEE NOTE 2	OUTPUT B	OFFSET NULL		COMP		
10	OUTPUT B	NC	OUTPUT		NC		
11	NC		+VCC				
12	OUTPUT A		COMP				
13	+V _{CC} (A) SEE NOTE 2		NC				
14	OFFSET NULL A		NC				
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							

FIGURE 1. <u>Terminal connections</u> – Continued.

Device type	03		0	4	
Case outlines	2	С	G and P	Н	2
Terminal number			Terminal symbol		
1	NC	NC	INPUT COMP	NC	NC
2	OFFSET NULL (-)	INPUT COMP	-INPUT	GUARD	INPUT COMP
3	NC	GUARD	+INPUT	-INPUT	NC
4	NC	-INPUT	-V _{CC}	+INPUT	NC
5	-INPUT	+INPUT	NC	GUARD	-INPUT
6	NC	GUARD	OUTPUT	-Vcc	NC
7	+INPUT	-V _{CC}	+V _{CC}	OUTPUT	+INPUT
8	NC	NC	OUTPUT COMP	+VCC	NC
9	NC	NC		OUTPUT COMP	NC
10	-Vcc	OUTPUT		INPUT COMP	-Vcc
11	NC	+VCC			NC
12	OFFSET NULL (+)	OUTPUT COMP			NC
13	NC	NC			NC
14	NC	NC			NC
15	OUTPUT				OUTPUT
16	NC				NC
17	+V _{CC}				+V _{CC}
18	NC				NC
19	NC				NC
20	FREQ COMP				OUTPUT COMP

FIGURE 1. <u>Terminal connections</u> – Continued.

Device type	05	06	07	7
Case outlines	E and F	E and F	С	G and P
Terminal number		Terminal sy	rmbol	
1	+V _{CC} (A) SEE NOTE 5	+V _{CC} (A) SEE NOTE 5	NC	COMP A / OFFSET NULL
2	COMP A	OUTPUT COMP A	NC	-INPUT
3	OFFSET NULL / COMP	INPUT COMP A	COMP A / OFFSET NULL	+INPUT
4	-INPUT A	-INPUT A	-INPUT	-V _{CC}
5	+INPUT A	+INPUT A	+INPUT	COMP B / OFFSET NULL
6	-Vcc	-V _{CC}	-Vcc	OUTPUT
7	OFFSET NULL B	NC	NC	+V _{CC}
8	OUTPUT B	OUTPUT B	NC	COMP C
9	+V _{CC} (B) SEE NOTE 5	+V _{CC} (B) SEE NOTE 5	COMP B / OFFSET NULL	
10	COMP B	OUTPUT COMP B	OUTPUT	
11	OFFSET NULL / COMP B	INPUT COMP B	+VCC	
12	-INPUT B	-INPUT B	COMP C	
13	+INPUT B	+INPUT B	NC	
14	OFFSET NULL A	NC	NC	
15	NC	NC		
16	OUTPUT A	OUTPUT A		

FIGURE 1. <u>Terminal connections</u> – Continued.

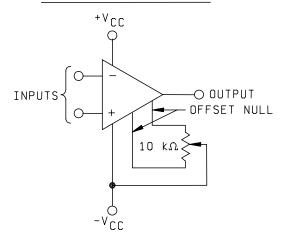
Device types	07	08
Case outlines	Н	G and P
Terminal number	Termina	l symbol
1	NC	OUTPUT A
2	COMP A / OFFSET NULL	-INPUT A
3	-INPUT	+INPUT A
4	+INPUT	-V _{CC}
5	-V _{CC}	+INPUT B
6	COMP B / OFFSET NULL	-INPUT B
7	OUTPUT	OUTPUT B
8	+VCC	+VCC
9	COMP C	
10	NC	

NC = No connection

- 1. -V_{CC} shall be connected to case of metal packages.
- 2. For device type 02 only, $+V_{CC}$ (A) and $+V_{CC}$ (B) shall be internally connected.
- 3. +Input is non-inverting input.4. -Input is inverting input.
- 5. For device types 05 and 06 only, $+V_{CC}$ (A) and $+V_{CC}$ (B) shall not be internally connected. (External connection to the same supply voltage recommended).

FIGURE 1. <u>Terminal connections</u> – Continued.

DEVICE TYPES 01 AND 02



DEVICE TYPES 03 AND 05

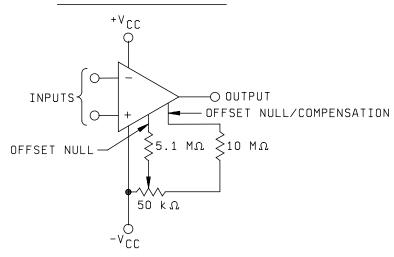


FIGURE 2. Offset null circuits.

Device type 07

DEVICE TYPE 07

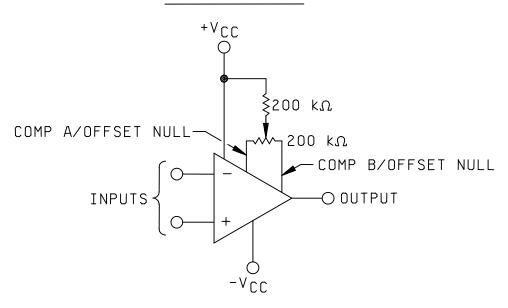


FIGURE 2. Offset null circuits - Continued.

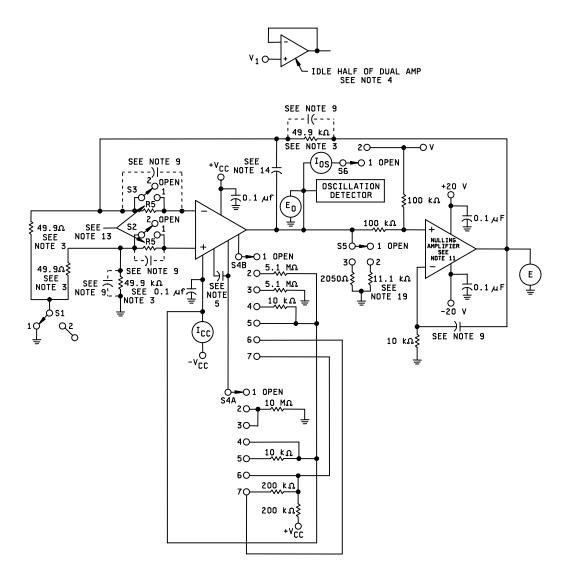


FIGURE 3. Test circuit for static and dynamic tests.

Units) m	nA	υĄ	Αu	ν//νμ	ν//νμ	ВВ) E	Λ M	/m) E) E	\ E
Measured parameter <u>20</u> /	Equation	VIO = E1, E2, E3, E4	I ₁ O = ((E1 - E5) × 10 ⁶)/RS, ((E2 - E6) × 10 ⁶)/RS, $\overline{13}$ ((E3 - E7) × 10 ⁶)/RS, ((E4 - E8) × 10 ⁶)/RS	+IIB = ((E1 - E9) \times 10 6 / RS, ((E2 - E10) \times 10 6 / RS, 13 / ((E3 - E11) \times 10 6 / RS, ((E4 - E12) \times 10 6 / RS	-IIB = $((E13 - E1) \times 10^6)$ / RS, $((E14 - E2) \times 10^6)$ / RS, 13 / $((E15 - E31) \times 10^6)$ / RS, $((E16 - E4) \times 10^6)$ / RS	+PSRR = (E3 - E18) X 10 ²	-PSRR = (E3 - E19) X 10 ²	CMR = $20 \text{ LOG } (30 \times 10^3) / (\text{E1 - E2}) $	V _I O ADJ (+) = (E3 · E20)	V _I O ADJ (-) = (E3 - E21)	VIO ADJ (+) = (E3 - E22)	V _I O ADJ (-) = (E3 - E23)	V _{IO} ADJ (+) = (E3 - E34)	VIO ADJ (-) = (E3 - E35)
E.	Units	>	>	>	>	>	>	>>	>	>	>	>	>	>
Measure	Value	E1 E2 E3 E4	E5 E6 E7 E8	E9 E10 E11 E12	E13 E14 E15 E16	E18 <u>1</u> /	E19 1/	E1 1/ E2 1/	E20	E21	E22	E23	E34	E35
	9S					-	-		-	-	1	-	-	-
	S5					1	-		~	-	٢	~	-	-
osition	84					1	-		2	3	4	2	9	7
Switch position	S3		2222		0000	1	-		-	-	1	-	-	-
	S2		2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2		1	-		-	1	1	-	-	-
	S1					-	-		1	-	1	1	-	-
s)	>	-15 15 0	-15 15 0 0	-15 15 0 0	-15 15 0	2	ç	-15	0	0	0	0	0	0
Apply (in volts)	-VCC	-5 -35 -20 -5	-5 -35 -20 -5	-5 -35 -20 -5	-5 -35 -20 -5	-20	-10	-5	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20
Ap	+VCC	35 5 20 5	35 5 20 5	35 5 20 5	35 5 20 5	10	20	35	20	20	20	20	20	20
Parameter		ΟΙΛ	OII	+IB	ЧIВ	+PSRR	-PSRR	CMR	VIO <u>Z</u> / ADJ(+)	VIO <u>Z/</u> ADJ(-)	VIO <u>6</u> / ADJ(+)	VIO <u>6</u> / ADJ(-)	VIO <u>15/</u> ADJ(+)	VIO <u>15/</u> ADJ(-)

FIGURE 3. <u>Test circuit for static and dynamic tests</u>- Continued.

Units		mA	шА	A A	>	>	>	>	V/m/V	V/m/V	V/m/V	V/m/V	V/m/V	V/m/V	
Measured parameter 20/	Equation	+los = los1	-los = los2	1cc = lcc	+V _{OP} = (E0)1	-V _{OP} = (E0)2	+V _{OP} = (E0)3	-V _{OP} = (E0)4	+A _{VS} = 15 / (E3 - E24)	-A _{VS} = 15 / (E25 - E3)	Avs = 4 / (E27 - E26)	+A _{VS} = 15 / (E3 - E30)	-A _{VS} = 15 / (E31 - E3)	Avs = 4 / (E33 - E32)	CMR = 20 log (30 × 10 ³) / (E28 - E29)
ure	Units	mA	mA	Αm	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
Measure	Value	los1	losz	8	(E0)1	(E0)2	(E0)3	(E0)4	E24	E25	E26 E27	E30	E31	E32 E33	E28 <u>1</u> / E29 <u>1</u> /
	9S	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-		1	-		
	SS	1	1	-	2	2	3	3	е	е	33	2	2	0.0	
osition	84	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	-		
Switch position	S3	~	~	~	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-		
o	82	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-		
	S1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	-		2
ilts)	>	-15	+15	0	-20	+20	-20	+20	-15	+15	-2 +2	-15	+15	-2	+15
Apply (in volts)	-vcc	-15	-15	-15	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-5	-20	-20	-ç-	-20
Ą	+VCC	15	15	15	20	20	20	20	20	20	5 5	20	20	2 2	20
Parameter		+los (output)	-lOS (output)	20	+VoP R _L = 10 kΩ	-Vop R _L = 10 kΩ	+Vop R _L = 2 kΩ	-V _{OP} R _L = 2 kΩ	+Avs <u>16/</u> R _L = 2 kΩ	-Avs <u>16/</u> R _L = 2 kΩ	Avs <u>16</u> / R _L = 2 kΩ	+Avs $\frac{16}{10}$ R _L = 10 k Ω	-Avs <u>16</u> / R _L = 10 kΩ	Ανς <u>16</u> / R _L = 10 kΩ	CMR 3/

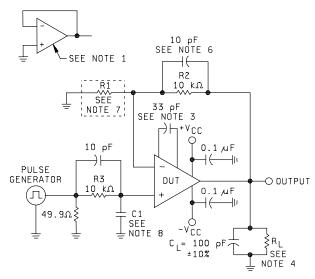
FIGURE 3. <u>Test circuit for static and dynamic tests</u>- Continued.

NOTES:

- 1/ These voltages in mV shall be measured to four place accuracy to provide required resolution in PSRR and CMR.
- 2/ Precautions shall be taken to prevent damage to the device under test during insertion into socket and change of switch positions (example, disable voltage supplies, current limit ±V_{CC}, etc.).
- 3/ If this alternate CMR test is used, these resistors shall be of .01 percent tolerances matched to .001 percent.
- <u>4</u>/ Device types 02, 05, and 06 only, test both halves for all tests. The idle half of the dual amplifiers shall be maintained in this configuration where V1 is midway between +V_{CC} and -V_{CC}, or the manufacturer has the option to connect the idle half in a V_{IO} configuration such that the inputs are maintained at the same common mode voltage as the device under test.
- <u>5</u>/ Compensation: for device types 03, 04, 05, and 06 only, equals 30 pF; for device type 07 only, equals 330 pF (optional).
- 6/ Device types 01, all case types, and device type 02, case outlines A, B, C, and D only.
- 7/ Device types 03 and 05 only.
- 8/ See figure 6. Noise test circuit.
- 9/ As required, if needed to prevent oscillation. Also, proper wiring procedures shall be followed to prevent oscillation. Loop response and settling time shall be consistent with the test rate such that any value has settled for at least five loop time constants before the value is measured.
- 10/ Adequate settling time shall be allowed such that each parameter has settled to within five percent of its final value.
- 11/ The nulling amplifier is an M38510/10101XXX. Saturation of the nulling amplifier is not allowed on test where the "E" value is measured.
- 12/ All resistors 0.1 percent tolerance except as noted (note 3).
- $\underline{13}$ / For device types 01, 02, 07, and 08: R_S = 20 kΩ. For device types 03 and 05: R_S = 100 kΩ. For device types 04 and 06: R_S = 5.0 MΩ.
- 14/ Device type 07 only, this capacitor = 1,000 pF maximum to prevent oscillations.
- 15/ Device type 07 only.
- 16/ To minimize thermal drift, the reference voltages for gain measurements (E3 and E4) shall be taken immediately prior to or after the reading corresponding to device gain (E24, E25, E26, E27, E30, E31, E32, and E33). The gain at $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is essentially the gain at $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ is influenced by thermal gradients on the die resulting from power dissipation in the output stage. Hence, it is not linear and may not even be a true approximation of the gain between other than the specified operation points.
- 17/ Any oscillation greater that 300 mV in amplitude (pk pk) shall be cause for device failure.
- 18/ Although switches are depicted as toggle switches, any switching mechanism may be used provided the switching action is achieved without adversely affecting the measurement.
- 19/ The load resistors (2,050 Ω and 11.1 k Ω) yield effective load resistances of 2 k Ω and 10 k Ω , respectively.
- 20/ The equations take into account both the loop gain of 1,000 and the scale factor multiplier, so that the calculated value is in table III units. Therefore, use measured value / units in the equations, example E1 (volts).

FIGURE 3. Test circuit for static and dynamic tests- Continued.

DEVICE TYPES 01,02,03,04,05,06, AND 08



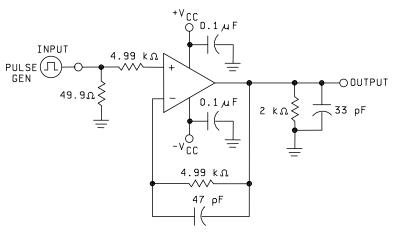
PULSE GENERATOR: 1. RISE TIME ≤ 100 ns 2. REPETITION RATE, 1 kHz (MAX)

See notes on page 29

Parameter	Pulse generator	Measure	Equation	Units
Rise time (tr) A _V = 1	+50 mV amplitude	t (μs), see waveform 1	$t_{\Gamma} = t$	μs
Overshoot (OS) A _V = 1	+50 mV amplitude	ΔV (mV), see waveform 1	OS = (ΔV / 50) x 100	%
Bandwidth (BW) A _V = 1	+50 mV amplitude	Calculate	BW = 0.35 / tr (μs)	MHz
Slew rate (+SR) A _V = 1	-5 V to +5 V step	ΔV_O (volts), Δt (μ s) see waveform 2	+SR = $ \Delta V_O(+) / \Delta t(+) $	V/μs
Slew rate (-SR) A _V = 1	+5 V to -5 V step	ΔV_O (volts), Δt (μ s) see waveform 3	$-SR = \Delta V_O(-) / \Delta t(-) $	V/μs

FIGURE 4. Transient response test circuit.

DEVICE TYPE 07



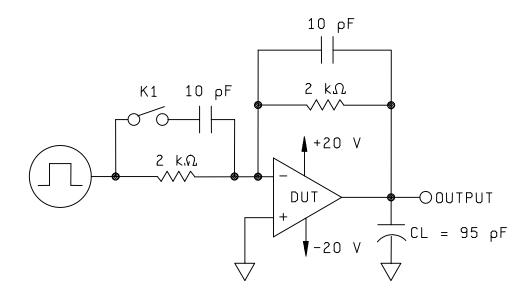
PULSE GENERATOR: 1. RISE TIME ≤ 10 ns 2. REPETITION RATE, 1 kHz(MAX)

See notes on page 30

Parameter	Pulse generator	Measure	Equation	Units
Rise time (tr)	+50 mV amplitude	t (ns), see waveform 1	$t_r = t$	ns
Overshoot (OS)	+50 mV amplitude	ΔV (mV), see waveform 1	OS = (ΔV / 50) x 100	%
Bandwidth (BW)	+50 mV amplitude	Calculate	BW = $(0.35 \times 10^3) / \text{tr (ns)}$	MHz
Slew rate (+SR)	-5 V to +5 V step	ΔV_O (+) (volts), Δt (+) (ns) see waveform 2	+SR = $ \Delta V_O(+) / \Delta t(+) \times 10^{-3} $	V/μs
Slew rate (-SR)	+5 V to -5 V step	ΔV_O (-) (volts), Δt (-) (ns) see waveform 3	-SR = $ \Delta V_O(-) / \Delta t(-) \times 10^{-3} $	V/µs
Settling time t _S (+) <u>5</u> /	-5 V to +5 V step	ts(+), see waveform 2	$t_{S}(+) = t_{S}(+)$	ns
Settling time t _S (-) <u>5</u> /	+5 V to -5 V step	t _S (-), see waveform 3	ts(-) = ts(-)	ns

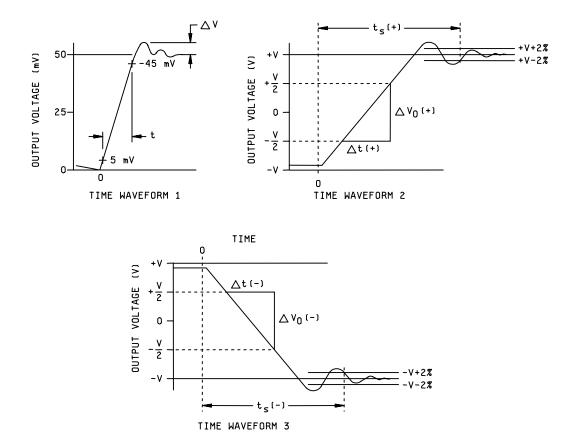
FIGURE 4. <u>Transient response test circuit</u> - Continued.

(Alternate) device type 07



- 1. K1 is closed for small tests (Tr and P.O.) and is open for large signal tests (\pm slew rate, \pm Ts).
- 2. Input signal is a -50 mV to 0 mV pulse train for small signal tests and -5 V to +5 V pulse train for large signal tests.
- 3. Tr of the input signal is < 10 ns for the small signal tests.

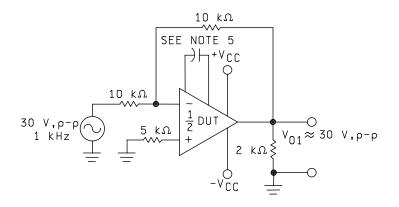
FIGURE 4. Transient response test circuit - Continued.

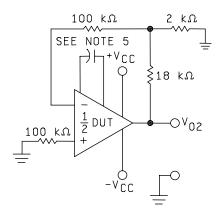


- 1. Idle half of dual amplifier shall be connected during test of other half.
- 2. All resistor tolerances are 1 percent, capacitor tolerances are 10 percent and $\pm V_{CC} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$.
- 3. This compensation capacitor is used for device types 03, 04, 05, and 06.
- 4. For device types 01, 02, 03, 05, and 08, $R_L = 2 k\Omega$; for device types 04 and 06, $R_L = 10 k\Omega$.
- 5. Settling time is the interval from the beginning of the output response to the point where the output remains within the error band, in this case ± 2 percent.
- 6. $CF = 10 pF \pm 10 percent includes stray capacitance.$
- 7. R1 may be added to the circuit. When R1 is added, its value shall be 10 k Ω . When using R1, the unity gain will increase to 2. To accommodate this change in gain, the pulse generator input shall be halved.
- 8. C1 may be added to the circuit. When added, it shall be within the range of 0 pF to 2 pF.
- 9. C_L capacitance specified includes stray, jig, and probe capacitance.

FIGURE 4. <u>Transient response test circuit</u> - Continued.

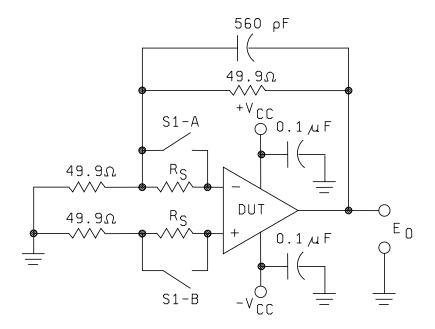
Device types 02, 05, 06, and 08 only.





- 1. $\pm V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}.$
- 2. Measure: V_{02} (volts, p-p) at 1 kHz to accuracy of 0.1 mV or better.
- 3. Channel separation (dB) referred to input of second channel = $20 \log [V_{01} / (0.1 \times V_{02})]$.
- 4. All resistor tolerances ≤ 1 percent.
- 5. A 30 pF compensation capacitor is required for device types 05 and 06.

FIGURE 5. Test circuit for channel separation.



Noise	Symbol	S1	Mea	sure	Measured equation	Parameter units
(Referred to input)			Value	Units		
Broadband	N ₁ (BB)	Closed	E ₀	mV rms	E ₀ / 1000	μV rms
Popcorn	N ₁ (PC)	Open	E ₀	mV pk	E ₀ / 1000	μV pk

- 1. R_S = 20 $k\Omega$ for device types 01, 02, 07, and 08; R_S = 100 $k\Omega$ for device types 03, 04, 05, and 06.
- 2. E₀ is measured using an RMS voltmeter with a bandwidth of 10 Hz to 5 kHz and a peak detector simultaneously. Monitor the peak test for a minimum of 15 seconds. The loop bandwidth shall be at least 5 kHz.

FIGURE 6. Noise test circuit.

TABLE III. Group A inspection.

Symbol	MIL-STD	Test	Conditions	01, 02, 08	08 1/	03, 05	5 1/	04, 06	6 1/	20	1/	Unit
	-883		\pm VCC = \pm 20 V dc, figure 3	Lin	Limits	Limits	iits	υI	Limits	Lin	Limits	
_	method		unless otherwise specified	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
OI _N	4001	1	VCM = -15 V ≥/	-3.0	+3.0	-2.0	+2.0	-0.5	+0.5	-4.0	+4.0	\m\ \
		2	VCM = +15 V 2/	н				н		н		-
	I	3	\(\chi_0 = 0 \chi_0\)	=					-			
	I	4	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$	=					-			
OI.		5	VCM = -15 V 2/	-30	08+	-10	+10	-0.2	+0.2	-40	+40	ν
		9	VCM = +15 V 2/					н		н		
		7	VCM = 0 V		и			н	и	н		-
		8	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$	=								-
HB		6	VCM = -15 V <u>2</u> /	-0.1	110	-0.1	75	-0.1	+2.0	-0.1	250	ν
		10	VCM = +15 V 2/		и			н	и	н		-
		11	VCM = 0 V								=	-
		12	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$								=	-
B F		13	VCM = -15 V 2/	-0.1	110	-0.1	75	-0.1	+2.0	-0.1	250	Α̈́
		14	VCM = +15 V 2/								=	-
		15	VCM = 0 V						=		=	=
		16	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$								=	-
+PSRR	4003	17	+VCC = 10 V, -VCC = -20 V	-50	+50	-50	+50	-16	+16	-100	+100	μ///
-PSRR		18	+VCC = 20 V, -VCC = -10 V	-50	+50	-50	+50	-16	+16	-100	+100	μ///
CMR		19	VCM = +15 V	80		80		96		80		ВВ
VIO ADJ (+)		20	3/	+5		4				+7		/m
VIO ADJ (-)		21	ેંગ		-5		4-				2-	Jm/

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL-STD	Test	Conditions	01, 02, 08	08 1/	03, 05	5 1/	04,0	04, 06 1/	07	1/	Unit
		-883	i	\pm VCC = \pm 20 V dc, figure 3	Lin	Limits	Lim	Limits	Lin	Limits	Limits	its	
		method		unless otherwise specified	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
	los (+) <u>4</u> /	3011	22	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V, } t \le 25 \text{ ms}$	09-		-60		-15		-65		mA
TA =	los (-) 4/		23	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V, t} \le 25 \text{ ms}$		09+		09+		+15		+65	mA
+25°C	ICC	4005	24	\sqrt{S} \sqrt{S} $12 = 30$		3.8		3.0		9.0		8	mA
2	ΟlΛ	4001	25	/2 ∨ 21- = VCW	-4.0	+4.0	-3.0	+3.0	-1.0	+1.0	-6.0	+6.0	/m
TA =			26	√2 VCM = +15 V <u>2</u> /									
+125°C			27	VCM = 0 V	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	-
			28	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$									
	ΔV _{IO} / <u>6</u> / ΔΣ		29	$\Delta V_{IO} / \Delta T = [V_{IO} \text{ (test 27)} - V_{IO} \text{ (test 3)}] \times 10$	-15	+15	-15	+15	-5.0	+5.0	-50	+50	μV/°C
	Oll		30	VCM = -15 V 2/	-30	+30	-10	+10	-0.4	+0.4	-80	+80	пА
			31	√2 VCM = +15 V <u>2</u> /									
			32	VCM = 0 V	-							-	
			33	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$									
	ΔΙΙΟ / ΔΤ		34	$\Delta I_{0} / \Delta T = [I_{0} (test 32) - I_{0} (test 7)] \times 10$	-200	+200	-100	+100	-2.5	+2.5	-1,000	+1,000	pA/°C
	#IIB		35	/2 ∨ 21- = VCW	-0.1	110	-0.1	75	-1.0	+2.0	-0.1	250	nA
			36	VCM = +15 V 2/		"						=	
			37	VCM = 0 V		"						=	
			38	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$									n
	-IIB		39	$VCM = -15 V \underline{2}/$	-0.1	110	-0.1	75	-1.0	+2.0	-0.1	250	hA
			40	VCM=+15 V <u>2</u> /	-	=	=	=	=	-	-	=	-
			41	VCM = 0 V	-	=	=	=	=	-	-	-	-
			42	$\pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$	=	-	=	=	=	-		-	z z

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Unit			mA	mA	mA	W /v		фВ	λm V		λm V				J°/ /₀C	νγ				pA/°C
08 1/	Limits	Мах		09+	3.4	+100"				9-	+4.0	н	н	n	+20	02+			n	005+
08	Lin	Min	-60			-100	"	80	+5		-4.0	"	"	"	-20	-70		"	"	-500
1/	its	Мах		+65	7	+150				-7	+6.0				+20	+80	=			+1,000
07	Limits	Min	-65			-150		80	+7		-6.0				-50	-80				-1,000
1/	its	Max		+15	9.0	+16					+1.0	"	"	"	+5.0	+0.4			"	+2.5
04, 06	Limits	Min	-15			-16		96			-1.0				-5.0	-0.4			"	-2.5
1/	ts	Мах		09+	2.5	+100				-4	+3.0				+18	+20	-			+200
03, 05	Limits	Min	09-			-100		80	+4		-3.0				-18	-20	-			-200
1/	s	Мах		09+	3.4	+100				-5	+4.0				+15	+70				+200
01, 02 1/	Limits	Min	09-			-100		80	+2		-4.0				-15	-70				-200
Conditions	±VCC = ±20 V dc, figure 3	unless otherwise specified	\pm VCC = \pm 15 V, t \leq 25 ms	$\pm VCC = \pm 15 \text{ V, t} \le 25 \text{ ms}$	TΛCC = ±15 V	+VCC = 10 V, -VCC = -20 V	+VCC = 20 V, -VCC = -10 V	VCM = ±15 V	<u>/E</u>	<u>/E</u>	VCM = -15 V 2	VCM = +15 V 2/	Λ O = W Λ	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V}, VCM = 0 \text{ V}$	$\Delta V_{IO} / \Delta T = [V_{IO} \text{ (test 3)} - V_{IO} \text{ (test 53)}] \times 12.5$	VCM = -15 V 2/	VCM = +15 V 2/	$\Lambda 0 = MD\Lambda$	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$	Δ IIO / Δ T = [IIO (test 7) - IIO (test 58)] x 12.5
Test no.			43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	25	58	59	09
MIL-STD	-883	method	3011		4005	4003		4003			4001									
Symbol MIL-STD			IOS (+) 4/	los (-) 4/	Icc	+PSRR	-PSRR	CMR	VIO ADJ(+)	VIO ADJ(-)	VIO				ΔVΙΟ / <u>6</u> / ΔΤ	Oll				∆lo/ <u>6</u> / ∆T
Subgroup			2	TA =	+125°C				-		3	TA =	-55°C							

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL-STD	Test	Conditions	01, 02, 08	08 1/	03, 05	5 1/	04, 06	6 1/	07	1/	Unit
		-883		$\pm VCC = \pm 20 V dc$, figure 3	ij	Limits	Limits	its	ŗ	Limits	Limits	its	
		method		unless otherwise specified	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
	4lB	4001	61	$VCM = -15 V \underline{2}/$	-0.1	265	-0.1	100	-0.1	3.0	-0.1	400	υĄ
TA =			62	VCM=+15 V <u>2</u> /		и							
-55°C			63	VCM = 0 V									
			64	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$									
	₽		65	$VCM = -15 V \ \underline{2}/$	-0.1	265	-0.1	100	-0.1	3.0	-0.1	400	υĄ
			99	VCM = +15 V 2/							=		-
			29	$\Lambda O = M \Omega \Lambda$						-			
			68	$\pm VCC = \pm 5 \text{ V, VCM} = 0 \text{ V}$					"				
	lOS (+) 4/	3011	69	$\pm VCC = \pm 15 \text{ V, } t \le 25 \text{ ms}$	09-		09-		-15		-65		mA
	los (-) 4/		70	$\pm VCC = \pm 15 \text{ V, } t \le 25 \text{ ms}$		09+		09+		+15		80	mA
	CC	4005	71	$\pm VCC = \pm 15 \text{ V} \underline{5}$		4.2		3.5		0.8		6	mA
	+PSRR	4003	72	+VCC = 10 V, -VCC = -20 V	-100	+100	-100	+100	-16	+16	-150	+150	μV/V
	-PSRR		73	+VCC = 20 V, -VCC = -10 V	-100	+100	-100	+100	-16	+16	-150	+150	μV/V
	CMR		74	$VCM = \pm 15 V$	80		80		96		80		dB
	VIO ADJ(+)		75	/8	9+		+4				L +7		νm
	VIO ADJ(-)		92	/8		9-		4				2-	Λm
	4VOP	4004	77	RL = 10 kΩ	+16		+16		+16		+17		>
TA =	-VOP		78	RL = 10 kΩ		-16		-16		-16		-17	
+25°C	+VOP		79	RL = 2 kΩ	+15		+15				+16		-
	-VOP		80	RL = 2 kΩ		-15		-15				-16	

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Onit			V/m/V	-	-	-	_	=	= =	= = >	> .	>	>	> NE/N	> 	>	· · > · · · \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	= = > = = = \	>	= = > = = =	>	· · > · · · \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
07 1/	Limits	Max									-17	-17	71-	1-16	71-	1-16	71- 16	71- 91-	1- 1- 1-	1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1	71- 16- 71-	71- 16- 71-
0	٦	Min	20	20	20	20	10		10	10 +17	10 +17	10 10 +17 +16	10 10 +16 +16	10 10 +16 +16 32	10 10 +17 +16 +16 32 32	10 +17 +16 +16 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	10 +17 +16 +16 +16 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	10 10 +16 +16 10 10 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
04, 06 1/	Limits	Max									-16	-16	-16	1.	-16	6	2,	1-16	6.	6	1. 9	91.
04,	Γ	Min			80	80			20	20 +16	20 +16	116 20	719	702	116 +16	116 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16	20 +16 +0 40 40 40	20 +16 +0 40 40	20 + 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20 + 10 + 4 0 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	20 +16 +16 +16 +16	20 11 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
03, 05 1/	Limits	Мах									-16	-16	-16	5- 6-	-16	15	-16	1. 25.	-16	-16	15 -16 -16	91. 15.
03, 0	Lir	Min	90	20	20	90	10		10	10 +16	10 +16	10 + 16 + 15	10 + 16 + 15 + 15	10 +16 +15 +25 25	10 +16 +15 25 25	10 +16 +15 5 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	10 +16 +15 25 25 25 25 25 25	10 +16 +16 +17	10 + 16 + 15 + 15	10 +16 +16 +176 +176 +176 +176 +176 +176 +	10 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16 +16	10
08 <u>1</u> /	Limits	Мах									-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-15	-15	-15	-16	-15
01, 02, 08	Lim	Min	50	50	50	50	10	10		+16	+16	+16	+ 15 + 15	+16	+16 +15 25 25	+16 +15 25 25 25 25	+16 +15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	+16 +15 +15 25 25 25 25 25 10	+16 +15 25 25 25 25 10 10	+16 +15 25 25 25 25 25 10 10 10 11 16	+16 +16 +16 +16	+16 +16 +16 +16 +15
Conditions	$\pm VCC = \pm 20 \text{ V dc, figure } 3$	unless otherwise specified	RL = 2 kΩ, VOUT = +15 V	RL = 2 kΩ, VOUT = -15 V	RL = 10 kΩ, VOUT = +15 V	RL = 10 kΩ, VOUT = -15 V	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$, $\pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 V$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 2 V$	$R_1 = 10 \text{ kg.} \pm \text{VCC} = \pm 5 \text{ V. VOl IT} = \pm 2 \text{ V}$	1	R _L = 10 kΩ	R _L = 10 kΩ R _L = 10 kΩ	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $VOUT = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $VOUT = -15 \text{ V}$	RL = 10 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ, VOUT = +15 V RL = 2 KΩ, VOUT = +15 V	RL = 10 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ, VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = -15 V	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $VOUT = -15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $VOUT = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $VOUT = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +15 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = +2 \text{ V}$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ VOUT} = \pm2 \text{ V}$	RL = 10 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ, VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = -15 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = -15 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ, VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ, ±VCC = ±5 V, VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ, ±VCC = ±6 V, VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ, ±VCC = ±6 V, VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ, ±VCC = ±6 V, VOUT = ±2 V	RL = 10 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ RL = 2 KΩ. VOUT = +15 V RL = 2 KΩ. VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ. VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ. VOUT = +15 V RL = 10 KΩ. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V RL = 10 KΩ. ±VCC = ±5 V. VOUT = ±2 V
Test no.	I		81	82	83	84	85	98		87	88	88 89	88 89 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	88 89 89 16	88 89 89 90 91	88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	88 88 88 89 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8
MIL-STD	-883	method	4004																			
Symbol			+Avs	-Avs	+Avs	-Avs	AVS	AVS		4VOP	40V+	dO _{N+}	dOV+ qOV+	4004 4004 4007- 4007-	-VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP -AVS	-VOP	-VOP -	-VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP -VOP	-VOPVOPVOPVOP	-VOP	-VOP	-VOP - VOP -
Subgroup			4	= AT	+25°C	•	1			5	5 TA =	5 TA = +125°C	5 TA = +125°C	5 TA = +125°C	TA = +125°C	5 TA = +125°C	TA = +125°C	TA = +125°C	TA = +125°C	17 A = +125°C	TA = +125°C + +125°C T	F TA = +125°C + 125°C

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Symbol	MIL-STD	Test	Conditions	01, 02, 08	08 1/	03, 05	5 1/	04, 06	6 1/	20	1/	Unit
	-883		\pm VCC = \pm 20 V dc, figure 3	Lin	Limits	Limits	nits	Limits	its	Limits	its	
	method		unless otherwise specified	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
		101	RL = 2 kΩ, VOUT = +15 V	25		25				32		\/m\/
		102	R _L = 2 kΩ, VOUT = -15 V	25		52				32		
+Avs		103	RL = 10 kΩ, VOUT = +15 V	25		25		40		32		
		104	RL = 10 kΩ, VOUT = -15 V	25		25		40		32		
		105	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm V_{CC} = \pm 5 \text{ V}, \text{ Vout} = \pm 2 \text{ V}$	10		10				10		
		106	$RL = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \pm \text{VCC} = \pm 5 \text{ V}, \text{ VOUT} = \pm 2 \text{ V}$	10		10		20		10		
TR(t _r)		107	Figure 4		008		800		1,000		40	su
TR(OS)		108	Figure 4		25		25		90		50	%
SR(+)	4002	109	Figure 4, $AV = 1$, $VIN = -5 V$ to $+5 V$	0.3		0.3		0.05		40		V/µs
SR(-)		110	Figure 4, $AV = 1$, $VIN = +5 V to -5 V$	0.3		0.3		0.05		40		sπ//
/7		111	Figure 5	80		80		80				dВ
NI(BB)		112	BW = 5 kHz, figure 6		15		15		15		25	μV rms
NI(PC)		113	BW = 5 kHz, figure 6		40		80		40		80	μV pk
TR(t _r)		114	TA = +125°C, figure 4		800		800		1,000		40	ns
TR(OS)		115	TA = +125°C, figure 4		25		25		50		50	%
SR(+)	4002	116	TA = +125°C, figure 4, AV = 1, VIN = -5 V to +5 V	0.3		0.3		0.05		30		ν/με
SR(-)		117	$T_A = +125^{\circ}C$, figure 4, $A_V = 1$, $V_{IN} = +5 \text{ V to } -5 \text{ V}$	0.3		0.3		0.05		30		ν/με
TR(t _r)		118	TA = -55°C, figure 4		800		800		1,000		40	ns
TR(OS)		119	TA = -55°C, figure 4		25		25		50		50	%
SR(+)	4002	120	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$, figure 4, $A_V = 1$, $V_{IN} = -5 V$ to $+5 V$	0.3		0.2		0.05		40		ν/μς
		121	TA = -55°C, figure 4, AV = 1, VIN = +5 \vee to -5 \vee	0.3		0.2		0.05		40		ν/μς

TABLE III. Group A inspection - Continued.

Unit			su	su	su	su	su	su
07 1/	Limits	Мах	800	800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
07	Lin	Min						
04, 06 1/	Limits	Max						
0,40	Lin	Min						
03, 05 1/	Limits	Мах						
03, (Ľ	Min						
01, 02, 08 1/	Limits	Мах						
01, 02,	Lin	Min						
Conditions	\pm VCC = \pm 20 V dc, figure 3	unless otherwise specified	TA = +25°C, figure 4	TA = +25°C, figure 4	TA = +125°C, figure 4	TA = +125°C, figure 4	TA = -55°C, figure 4	TA = -55°C, figure 4
Test no.			122	123	124	125	126	127
MIL-STD	-883	method	4002					
Symbol			tS(+)	tS(-)	tS(+)	tS(-)	tS(+)	tS(-)
Subgroup Symbol MIL-STD			12	TA =+25°C tS(-)	13A	TA =+125°C tS(-)	13B	TA =-55°C

For devices marked with the "Q" certification mark, the parameters listed herein may be guaranteed if not tested to the limits specified herein in accordance with the manufacturer's QM plan. Limits apply to both halves of dual devices (02, 05, 06, and 08) independently, and slew rate limit for device 08 is 0.4 V/µs at all temperatures (tests 109, 110, 116, 117, 120, 121). ا-

2/ VCM is achieved by algebraically subtracting the common mode voltage from each supply and algebraically adding the common mode voltage to V (example, for VCM = -15 V, +VCC = +35 V, -VCC = -5 V, V = -15 V).

3/ VIO (ADJ) is not performed on device type 02, case I only, or on device types 04, 06, and 08 all case types.

Due to the significant power dissipation and associated device heating, these tests shall always be the last tests performed in any given sequence, followed by operational verification (example, such tests as VOPP, Avs, TR, SR). 4١

½ Limit shown applied to single devices (01, 03, and 04) only. The maximum quiescent ICC for dual devices (02, 05, 06, and 08) is twice that shown for single devices.

Tests 29, 34, 55, and 60 which require a read and record measurement plus a calculation, may be omitted except when subgroups 2 and 3 are being accomplished for group A sampling inspection and group C and D endpoint measurements. /9

Applies to device types 02, 05, and 06 only. /

TABLE IV. Group C end point electrical parameters.

$$(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = \pm 20 \text{ V}, V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V})$$

Table III test no.	Test		01, 0	2, 08			03,	05		Unit
		Lir	mit	De	elta	Lir	nit	De	elta	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
3	V _{IO}	-3.0	+3.0	-0.5	+0.5	-2.0	+2.0	-0.5	+0.5	mV
11	+l _{IB}	+1.0	+110	-12	+12	+1.0	+75	-7.5	+7.5	nA
15	-I _{IB}	+1.0	+110	-12	+12	+1.0	+75	-7.5	+7.5	nA

Table III test no.	Test		04,	06			0	7		Unit
		Lir	mit	De	elta	Lir	nit	De	elta	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
3	V _{IO}	-0.5	+0.5	-0.25	+0.25	-4.0	+4.0	-1.0	+1.0	mV
11	+l _{IB}	-0.1	+2.0	-0.5	+0.5	+1.0	250	-25	+25	nA
15	-I _{IB}	-0.1	+2.0	-0.5	+0.5	+1.0	250	-25	+25	nA

- 4.3 Qualification inspection. Qualification inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535.
- 4.4 <u>Technology Conformance inspection (TCI)</u>. Technology conformance inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and herein for groups A, B, C, and inspections (see 4.4.1 through 4.4.4).
 - 4.4.1 Group A inspection. Group A inspection shall be in accordance with table III of MIL-PRF-38535 and as follows:
 - a. Subgroups 9, 10, and 11 shall be omitted.
 - b. Tests shall be as specified in table II herein.
 - c. Subgroups 12 and 13 (for device type 07 only) shall be added to table III of MIL-PRF-38535 for class S only. The class S sample size series for subgroup 12 shall be 5 and for subgroup 13 the class S sample size series shall be 7.
 - 4.4.2 Group B inspection. Group B inspection shall be in accordance with table II of MIL-PRF-38535.
 - 4.4.3 Group C inspection. Group C inspection shall be in accordance with table IV of MIL-PRF-38535 and as follows:
 - a. End point electrical parameters shall be as specified in table II herein.
 - b. Subgroups shall be added to group C inspection and shall consist of subgroups 8, 12, and 13 respectively as specified in table III herein. The sample size series for subgroup 12 shall be 5, and subgroup 13 shall be 7 for class B devices (see MIL-PRF-38535, Appendix D).
 - c. The steady-state life test duration, test condition, and test temperature, or approved alternatives shall be as specified in the device manufacturer's QM plan in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. The burn-in test circuit shall be maintained under document control by the device manufacturer's Technology Review Board (TRB) in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and shall be made available to the acquiring or preparing activity upon request. The test circuit shall specify the inputs, outputs, biases, and power dissipation, as applicable, in accordance with the intent specified in test method 1005 of MIL-STD-883.
- 4.4.4 <u>Group D inspection</u>. Group D inspection shall be in accordance with table V of MIL-PRF-38535. End point electrical parameters shall be as specified in table II herein.
 - 4.5 Methods of inspection. Methods of inspection shall be specified and as follows.
- 4.5.1 <u>Voltage and current</u>. All voltage values given, except the input offset voltage (or differential voltage) are referenced to the external zero reference level of the supply voltage. Currents given are conventional current and positive when flowing into the referenced terminal.
- 4.5.2 <u>Burn-in and life test cooldown procedure</u>. When devices are measured at +25°C following application of the steady state life or burn-in condition, they shall be cooled to within 10°C of their power stable condition at room temperature prior to removal of the bias.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 <u>Packaging requirements.</u> For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirements shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When actual packaging of materiel is to be performed by DoD personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain requisite packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activity within the Military Department of Defense Agency, or within the Military Department's System Command. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contacting the responsible packaging activity.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature which may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

- 6.1 <u>Intended use.</u> Microcircuits conforming to this specification are intended for original equipment design applications and logistic support of existing equipment.
 - 6.2 <u>Acquisition requirements</u>. Acquisition documents should specify the following:
 - a. Title, number, and date of the specification.
 - b. Complete part number (see 1.2).
 - c. Requirements for delivery of one copy of the quality conformance inspection data pertinent to the device inspection lot to be supplied with each shipment by the device manufacturer, if applicable.
 - d. Requirements for certificate of compliance, if applicable.
 - e. Requirements for notification of change of product or process to acquiring activity in addition to notification of the qualifying activity, if applicable.
 - f. Requirements for failure analysis (including required test condition of MIL-STD-883, method 5003), corrective action and reporting of results, if applicable.
 - g. Requirements for product assurance options.
 - h. Requirements for special carriers, lead lengths, or lead forming, if applicable. These requirements shall not affect the part number. Unless otherwise specified, these requirements will not apply to direct purchase by or direct shipment to the Government.
 - Requirements for "JAN" marking.
- 6.3 <u>Superseding information</u>. The requirements of MIL-M-38510 have been superseded to take advantage of the available Qualified Manufacturer Listing (QML) system provided by MIL-PRF-38535. Previous references to MIL-M-38510 in this document have been replaced by appropriate references to MIL-PRF-38535. All technical requirements now consist of this specification and MIL-PRF-38535. The MIL-M-38510 specification sheet number and PIN have been retained to avoid adversely impacting existing government logistics systems and contractor's parts lists.

- 6.4 Qualification. With respect to products requiring qualification, awards will be made only for products which are, at the time of award of contract, qualified for inclusion in Qualified Manufacturers List QML-38535 whether or not such products have actually been so listed by that date. The attention of the contractors is called to these requirements, and manufacturers are urged to arrange to have the products that they propose to offer to the Federal Government tested for qualification in order that they may be eligible to be awarded contracts or purchase orders for the products covered by this specification. Information pertaining to qualification of products may be obtained from DSCC-VQ, 3990 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43123-1199.
- 6.5 Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions. The abbreviations, symbols, and definitions used herein are defined in MIL-PRF-38535 and MIL-HDBK-1331.
- 6.6 Logistic support. Lead materials and finishes (see 3.4) are interchangeable. Unless otherwise specified, microcircuits acquired to Government logistic support will be acquired to device class B (see 1.2.2), and lead material and finish A (see 3.4). Longer length leads and lead forming shall not affect the part number.
- 6.7 Substitutability. The cross-reference information below is presented for the convenience of users. Microcircuits covered by this specification will functionally replace the listed generic-industry type. Generic-industry microcircuit types may not have equivalent operational performance characteristics across military temperature ranges or reliability factors equivalent to MIL-M-38510 device types and may have slight physical variations in relation to case size. The presence of this information shall not be deemed as permitting substitution of generic-industry types for MIL-M-38510 types or as a waiver of any of the provisions of MIL-PRF-38535.

Military device type	Generic-industry type
01	741A
02	747A (with common +V _{CC})
03	LM101A
04	LM108A
05	LH2101A
06	LH2108A
07	LM118
08	1558

6.7 Changes from previous issue. Asterisks are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue, due to the extensiveness of the changes.

Custodians: Army - CR Navy - EC Air Force - 11

NASA - NA

DLA - CC

Review activities:

Army – HD, MI, SM

Navy - AS, CG, MC, SH, TD

Air Force - 03, 19, 99

Preparing activity: DLA - CC

Project 5962-1950

STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENT IMPROVEMENT PROPOSAL

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The preparing activity must complete blocks 1, 2, 3, and 8. In block 1, both the document number and revision letter should be given.
- 2. The submitter of this form must complete blocks 4, 5, 6, and 7, and send to preparing activity.

	est copies of documents, nor to request waiv	vers, or clarification of requirements on current contracts. cortion of the referenced document(s) or to amend
I RECOMMEND A CHANGE:	1. DOCUMENT NUMBER MIL-M-38510/101J	2. DOCUMENT DATE (YYYYMMDD) 2003/02/07
3. DOCUMENT TITLE MICROCIRCUITS, LINEAR, OPERATIONAL	AMPLIFIERS, MONOLITHIC SILICON, PAR	T NUMBER M38510/10101 THROUGH M38510/10108
4. NATURE OF CHANGE (Identify paragrap	n namber and include proposed rewrite, if po	issible. Allaur extra sheets as freeded.)
5. REASON FOR RECOMMENDATION		
6. SUBMITTER		
a. NAME (Last, First Middle Initial)	b. ORGANIZATION	I
c. ADDRESS (Include Zip Code)	d. TELEPHONE (In (1) Commercial (2) DSN (If applicable)	7. DATE SUBMITTED (YYYYMMDD)
8. PREPARING ACTIVITY		<u>,</u>
a. NAME Rick Officer	b. TELEPHONE (In (1) Commercial 614-692-0518	oclude Area Code (2) DSN 850-0518
c. ADDRESS (Include Zip Code) DSCC-VAS 3990 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43216-5000	IF YOU DO NOT RE Defense Standard 8725 John J. King Fort Belvoir, Virgi	ECEIVE A REPLY WITHIN 45 DAYS, CONTACT: dization Program Office (DLSC-LM) gman Road, Suite 2533
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