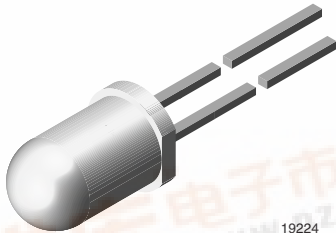


## Ultrabright LED, Ø 5 mm Untinted Non-Diffused



19224

### DESCRIPTION

The TLCY61.. series is a clear, non diffused 5 mm LED for high end applications where supreme luminous intensity required.

These lamps with clear untinted plastic case utilize the highly developed ultrabright AlInGaP (AS).

The lens and the viewing angle is optimized to achieve best performance of light output and visibility.

### PRODUCT GROUP AND PACKAGE DATA

- Product group: LED
- Package: 5 mm
- Product series: power
- Angle of half intensity:  $\pm 9^\circ$

### FEATURES

- Untinted non diffused lens
- Utilizing ultrabright AlInGaP (AS)
- High luminous intensity
- High operating temperature:  
 $T_j$  (chip junction temperature) up to 125 °C for AlInGaP devices
- Luminous intensity and color categorized for each packing unit
- ESD-withstand voltage: up to 2 kV according to JESD22-A114-B
- Compliant to RoHS directive 2002/95/EC and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC



**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT

### APPLICATIONS

- Interior and exterior lighting
- Outdoor LED panels
- Instrumentation and front panel indicators
- Central high mounted stop lights (CHMSL) for motor vehicles
- Replaces incandescent lamps
- Traffic signals
- Light guide design

### PARTS TABLE

| PART          | COLOR, LUMINOUS INTENSITY                      | TECHNOLOGY      |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| TLCY6100      | Yellow, $I_V \geq 3200$ mcd                    | AlInGaP on GaAs |
| TLCY6100-AS21 | Yellow, $I_V \geq 3200$ mcd                    | AlInGaP on GaAs |
| TLCY6101-ASZ  | Yellow, $I_V = (5750 \text{ to } 20\,000)$ mcd | AlInGaP on GaAs |

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>1)</sup> TLCY610.

| PARAMETER                           | TEST CONDITION                        | SYMBOL     | VALUE         | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------|------|
| Reverse voltage <sup>2)</sup>       |                                       | $V_R$      | 5             | V    |
| DC Forward current                  | $T_{amb} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$       | $I_F$      | 50            | mA   |
| Surge forward current               | $t_p \leq 10\ \mu\text{s}$            | $I_{FSM}$  | 1             | A    |
| Power dissipation                   |                                       | $P_V$      | 135           | mW   |
| Junction temperature                |                                       | $T_j$      | 125           | °C   |
| Operating temperature range         |                                       | $T_{amb}$  | - 40 to + 100 | °C   |
| Storage temperature range           |                                       | $T_{stg}$  | - 40 to + 100 | °C   |
| Soldering temperature               | $t \leq 5\ \text{s}$ , 2 mm from body | $T_{sd}$   | 260           | °C   |
| Thermal resistance junction/ambient |                                       | $R_{thJA}$ | 300           | K/W  |

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> Driving the LED in reverse direction is suitable for a short term application



**OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1)</sup> TLCY6100, TLCY6101, YELLOW**

| PARAMETER                                         | TEST CONDITION         | PART     | SYMBOL           | MIN. | TYP.    | MAX.   | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|------|---------|--------|------|
| Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>                  | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  | TLCY6100 | $I_V$            | 3200 | 7500    |        | mcd  |
|                                                   |                        | TLCY6101 | $I_V$            | 5750 |         | 20 000 | mcd  |
| Dominant wavelength                               | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $\lambda_d$      | 585  | 590     | 597    | nm   |
| Peak wavelength                                   | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $\lambda_p$      |      | 593     |        | nm   |
| Spectral bandwidth at 50 % $I_{rel \text{ max.}}$ | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $\Delta\lambda$  |      | 17      |        | nm   |
| Angle of half intensity                           | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $\varphi$        |      | $\pm 9$ |        | deg  |
| Forward voltage                                   | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $V_F$            |      | 2.1     | 2.7    | V    |
| Reverse voltage                                   | $I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$ |          | $V_R$            | 5    |         |        | V    |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_F$                  | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $TC_{VF}$        |      | - 3.5   |        | mV/K |
| Temperature coefficient of $\lambda_d$            | $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$  |          | $TC_{\lambda_d}$ |      | 0.1     |        | nm/K |

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified<sup>2)</sup> In one packing unit  $I_{Vmax.}/I_{Vmin.} \leq 2.0$ **LUMINOUS INTENSITY CLASSIFICATION**

| GROUP    | LUMINOUS INTENSITY (mcd) |         |
|----------|--------------------------|---------|
|          | MIN.                     | MAX.    |
| STANDARD |                          |         |
| BB       | 430                      | 860     |
| CC       | 575                      | 1150    |
| DD       | 750                      | 1500    |
| EE       | 1000                     | 2000    |
| FF       | 1350                     | 2700    |
| GG       | 1800                     | 3600    |
| HH       | 2400                     | 4800    |
| II       | 3200                     | 6400    |
| KK       | 4300                     | 8600    |
| LL       | 5750                     | 11 500  |
| MM       | 7500                     | 15 000  |
| NN       | 10 000                   | 20 000  |
| PP       | 13 500                   | 27 000  |
| QQ       | 18 000                   | 36 000  |
| RR       | 24 000                   | 48 000  |
| SS       | 32 000                   | 64 000  |
| TT       | 43 000                   | 86 000  |
| UU       | 57 500                   | 115 000 |

Note:

Luminous intensity is tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and an accuracy of  $\pm 11 \%$ .

The above type numbers represent the order groups which include only a few brightness groups. Only one group will be shipped on each bag (there will be no mixing of two groups on each bag).

In order to ensure availability, single brightness groups will not be orderable.

In a similar manner for colors where wavelength groups are measured and binned, single wavelength groups will be shipped in any one bag.

In order to ensure availability, single wavelength groups will not be orderable.

## COLOR CLASSIFICATION

| GROUP | DOM. WAVELENGTH (nm) |      |        |      |
|-------|----------------------|------|--------|------|
|       | RED                  |      | YELLOW |      |
|       | MIN.                 | MAX. | MIN.   | MAX. |
| 0     |                      |      | 585    | 588  |
| 1     | 611                  | 618  | 587    | 591  |
| 2     | 614                  | 622  | 589    | 594  |
| 3     |                      |      | 592    | 597  |

Note:

Wavelengths are tested at a current pulse duration of 25 ms and an accuracy of  $\pm 1$  nm.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

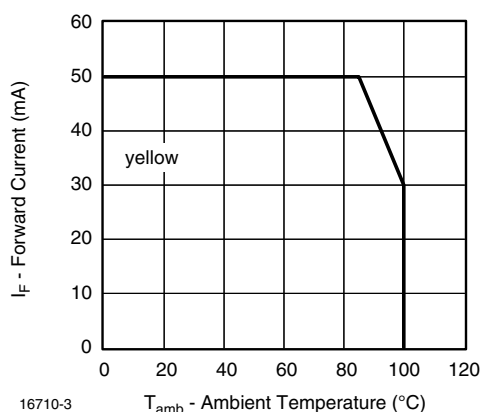


Figure 1. Max. Permissible Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

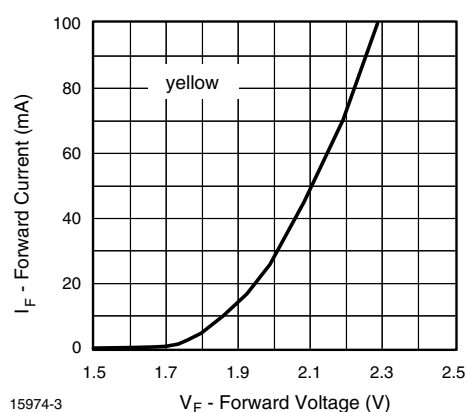


Figure 3. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

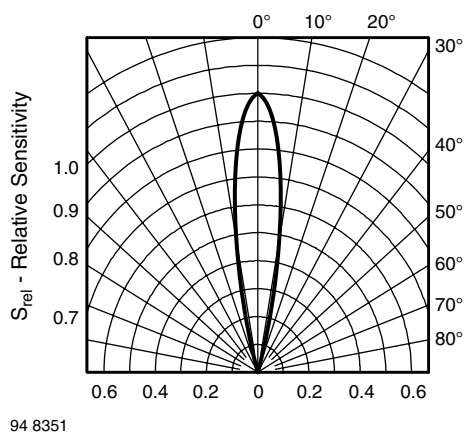


Figure 2. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

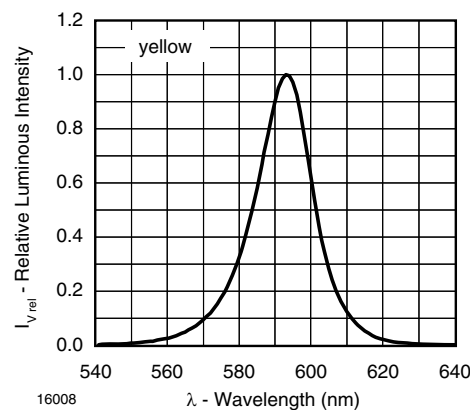


Figure 4. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

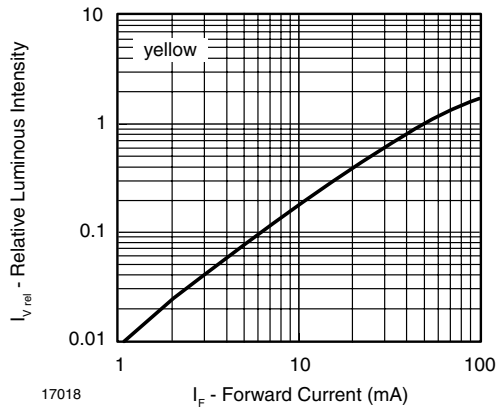


Figure 5. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Forward Current

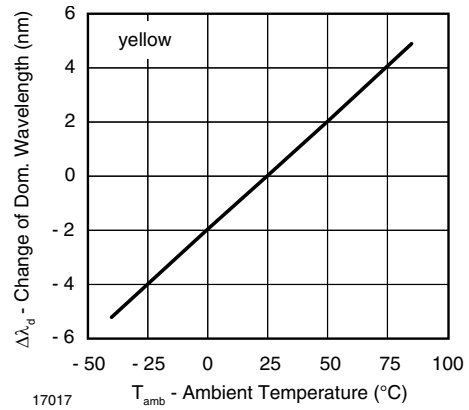


Figure 8. Change of Dominant Wavelength vs. Ambient Temperature

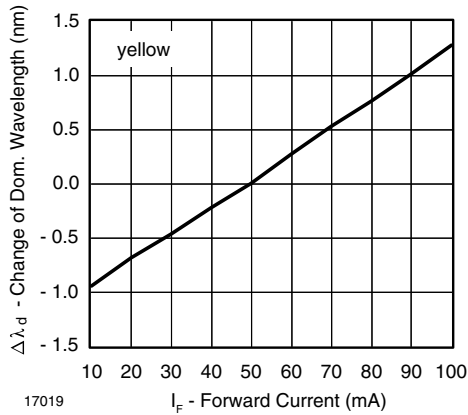


Figure 6. Change of Dominant Wavelength vs. Forward Current

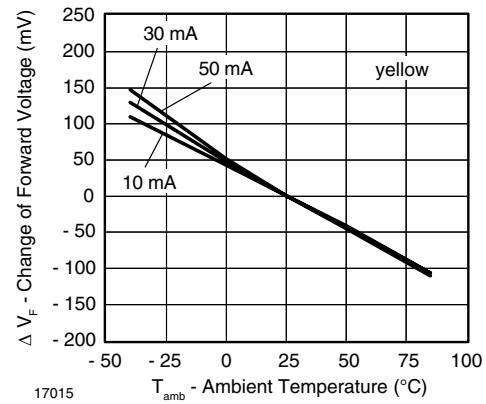


Figure 9. Change of Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

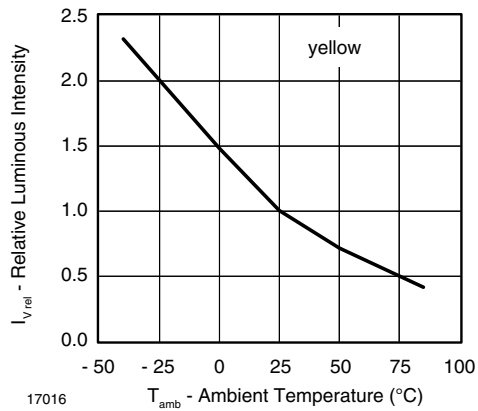
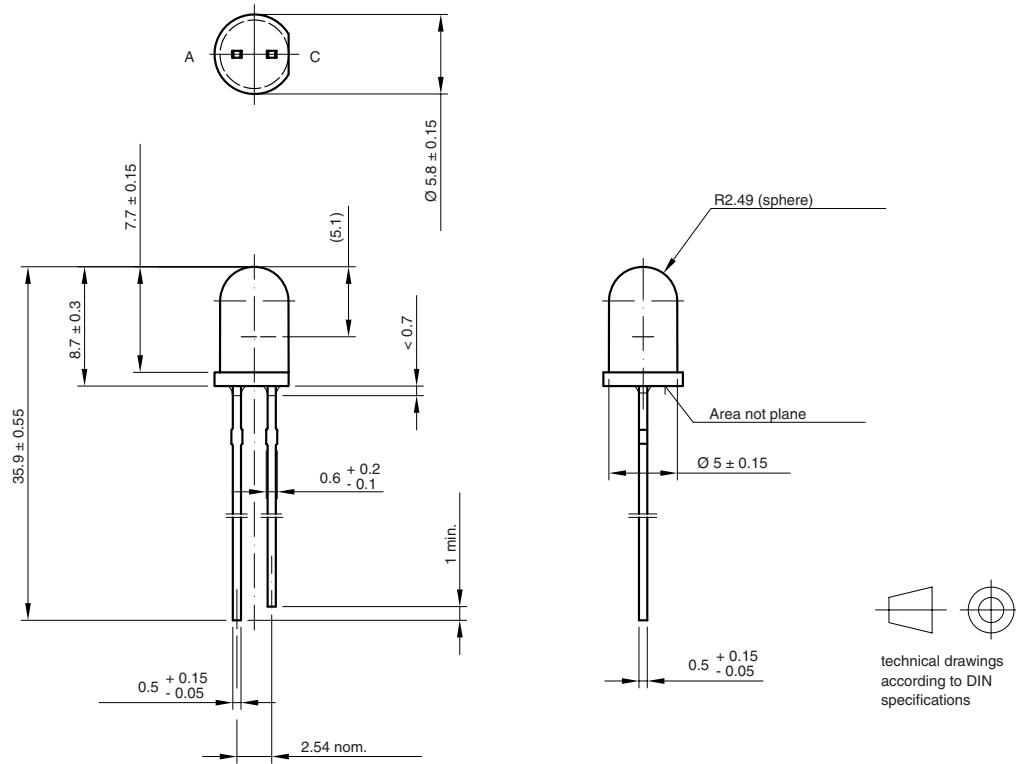


Figure 7. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 6.544-5259.04-4  
 Issue: 8; 19.05.09  
 96 12125

**REEL**

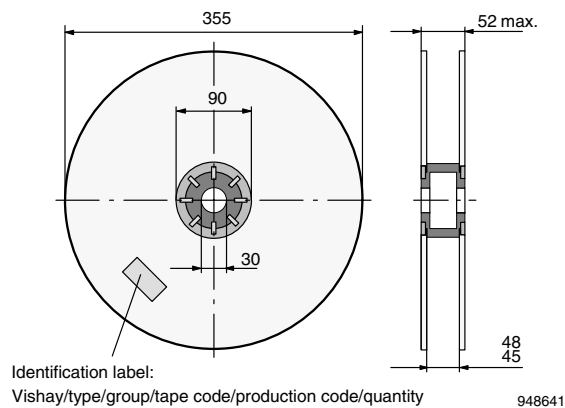


Figure 10. Reel Dimensions

AS12 = cathode leaves tape first

AS21 = anode leaves tape first

**TAPE**

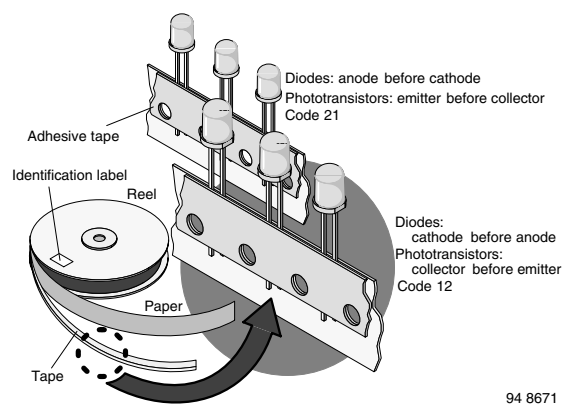


Figure 11. LED in Tape

Diagram illustrating the dimensions and components of the 94 8667-1 tape reader. The device is shown in a perspective view. Dimensions are labeled as follows:

- A**: Length of the device.
- B**: Width of the device.
- C**: Height of the device.

The top of the device features a series of vertical pins or contacts. A label is attached to the front face. An arrow labeled "Tape feed" indicates the direction of tape entry into the top of the unit.

[illegible]

| Option | Dim. "H" $\pm$ 0.5 mm |
|--------|-----------------------|
| AS     | 17.3                  |

## Disclaimer

All product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained herein or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay disclaims any and all liability arising out of the use or application of any product described herein or of any information provided herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. The product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein, which apply to these products.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications unless otherwise expressly indicated. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so entirely at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages arising or resulting from such use or sale. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.