

April 1994 Revised April 1999

# 74VHC4051 • 74VHC4052 • 74VHC4053 8-Channel Analog Multiplexer • Dual 4-Channel Analog Multiplexer • Triple 2-Channel Analog Multiplexer

# **General Description**

These multiplexers are digitally controlled analog switches implemented in advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology. These switches have low "on" resistance and low "off" leakages. They are bidirectional switches, thus any analog input may be used as an output and vice-versa. Also these switches contain linearization circuitry which lowers the "on" resistance and increases switch linearity. These devices allow control of up to ±6V (peak) analog signals with digital control signals of 0 to 6V. Three supply pins are provided for  $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}},$  ground, and  $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize EE}}.$  This enables the connection of 0-5V logic signals when  $V_{CC} = 5V$  and an analog input range of  $\pm 5\text{V}$  when  $\text{V}_{\text{EE}} = 5\text{V}$ . All three devices also have an inhibit control which when high will disable all switches to their off state. All analog inputs and outputs and digital inputs are protected from electrostatic damage by diodes to V<sub>CC</sub> and ground.

VHC4051: This device connects together the outputs of 8 switches, thus achieving an 8 channel Multiplexer. The binary code placed on the A, B, and C select lines determines which one of the eight switches is "on", and connects one of the eight inputs to the common output.

VHC4052: This device connects together the outputs of 4 switches in two sets, thus achieving a pair of 4-channel

multiplexers. The binary code placed on the A, and B select lines determine which switch in each 4 channel section is "on", connecting one of the four inputs in each section to its common output. This enables the implementation of a 4-channel differential multiplexer.

VHC4053: This device contains 6 switches whose outputs are connected together in pairs, thus implementing a triple 2 channel multiplexer, or the equivalent of 3 single-pole-double throw configurations. Each of the A, B, or C select lines independently controls one pair of switches, selecting one of the two switches to be "on".

### **Features**

- Wide analog input voltage range: ±6V
- Low "on" resistance: 50 typ.  $(V_{CC}-V_{EE}=4.5V)$ 30 typ.  $(V_{CC}-V_{EE}=9V)$
- $\blacksquare$  Logic level translation to enable 5V logic with  $\pm 5\text{V}$  analog signals
- Low quiescent current: 80 µA maximum
- Matched switch characteristic
- Pin and function compatible with the 74HC4051/ 4052/ 4053

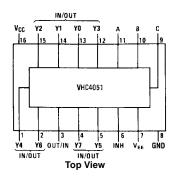
# **Ordering Code:**

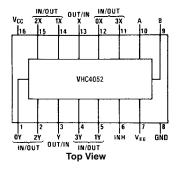
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74VHC4051M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
74VHC4051WM	M16B	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
74VHC4051MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
74VHC4051N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
74VHC4052M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
74VHC4052WM	M16B	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
74VHC4052MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
74VHC4052N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
74VHC4053M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
74VHC4053WM	M16B	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
74VHC4053MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
74VHC4053N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

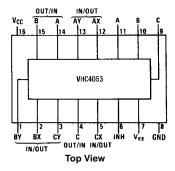
Surface mount packages are also available on Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

# 74VHC4051 • 74VHC4052 • 74VHC4053

# **Connection Diagrams**







# **Truth Tables**

## 4051

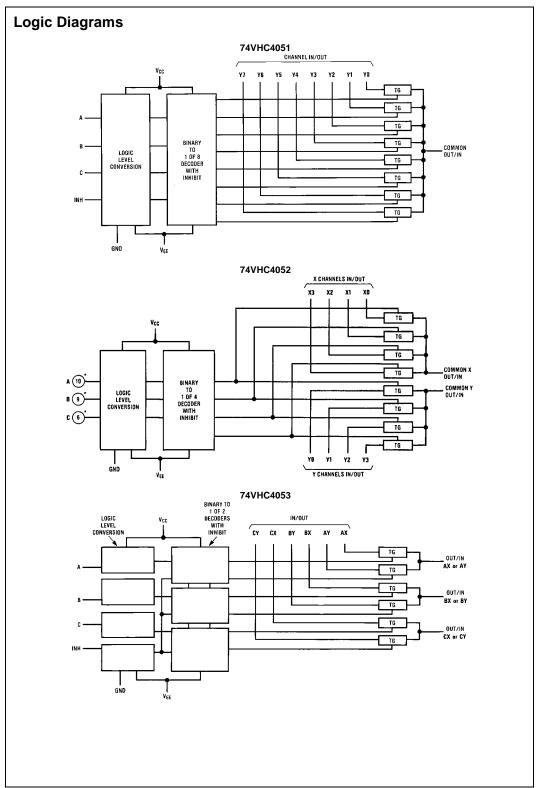
	Inp	ut		"ON"	
INH	С	В	Α	Channel	
Н	Х	Х	Х	None	
L	L	L	L	Y0	
L	L	L	Н	Y1	
L	L	Н	L	Y2	
L	L	Н	Н	Y3	
L	Н	L	L	Y4	
L	Н	L	Н	Y5	
L	Н	Н	L	Y6	
L	Н	Н	Н	Y7	
		INH   C	H X X L L L L L L H L H L H L L H L	NH	INH   C   B   A   Channel   H   X   X   X   None   L   L   Y0   L   L   H   Y1   L   L   H   L   Y2   L   L   H   H   Y3   L   H   L   L   Y4   L   H   L   H   Y5   L   H   H   L   Y6   H   H   H   Y6   H   H   H   H   H   H   H   H   H

## 4052

	Inputs		"ON" Channels			
INH	В	Α	Х	Y		
Н	Х	Х	None	None		
L	L	L	0X	0Y		
L	L	Н	1X	1Y		
L	Н	L	2X	2Y		
L	Н	Н	3X	3Y		

# 4053

	Inp	ut		"ON" Channels			
INH	С	В	Α	С	В	Α	
Н	Х	Х	Χ	None	None	None	
L	L	L	L	CX	BX	AX	
L	L	L	Н	CX	BX	AY	
L	L	Н	L	CX	BY	AX	
L	L	Н	Н	CX	BY	AY	
L	Н	L	L	CY	BX	AX	
L	Н	L	Н	CY	BX	AY	
L	Н	Н	L	CY	BY	AX	
L	Н	Н	Н	CY	BY	AY	



# Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1) (Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	-0.5 to +7.5V
Supply Voltage (V <sub>EE</sub> )	+0.5 to $-7.5$ V
Control Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	$-1.5$ to $V_{CC}$ +1.5 $V$
Switch I/O Voltage (V <sub>IO</sub> )	$V_{\mbox{\footnotesize EE}}$ =0.5 to $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}$ +0.5 $V$
Clamp Diode Current (I <sub>IK</sub> , I <sub>OK</sub> )	±20 mA
Output Current, per pin (I <sub>OUT</sub> )	±25 mA
V <sub>CC</sub> or GND Current, per pin (I <sub>CC</sub> )	±50 mA
Storage Temperature Range	
(T <sub>STG</sub> )	$-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )	
(Note 3)	600 mW
S.O. Package only	500 mW
Lead Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	

(Soldering 10 seconds)

260°C

# Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	2	6	V
Supply Voltage (V <sub>EE</sub> )	0	-6	V
DC Input or Output Voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	V
$(V_{IN}, V_{OUT})$			
Operating Temperature Range			
(T <sub>A</sub> )	-40	+85	°C
Input Rise or Fall Times			
$(t_r, t_f)$			
$V_{CC} = 2.0V$		1000	ns
$V_{CC} = 4.5V$		500	ns
$V_{CC} = 6.0V$		400	ns

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.

Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: –
12 mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C.

Cumbal	Parameter		0	V	.,		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$ Guaranteed Limits		Units
Symbol			Conditions	V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Тур			Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum HIGH Level				2.0V		1.5	1.5	V
	Input Voltage				4.5V		3.15	3.15	V
					6.0V		4.2	4.2	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum LOW Level				2.0V		0.5	0.5	V
	Input Voltage				4.5V		1.35	1.35	V
					6.0V		1.8	1.8	V
R <sub>ON</sub>	Maximum "ON" Resistar	nce	$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$ , $I_S = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	GND	4.5V	40	160	200	Ω
	(Note 5)		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	-4.5V	4.5V	30	120	150	Ω
			(Figure 1)	-6.0V	6.0V	20	100	125	Ω
			$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$ , $I_S = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	GND	2.0V	100	230	280	Ω
			$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	GND	4.5V	40	110	140	Ω
			(Figure 1)	-4.5V	4.5V	20	90	120	Ω
				-6.0V	6.0V	15	80	100	Ω
R <sub>ON</sub>	Maximum "ON" Resistar	nce	$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$	GND	4.5V	10	20	25	Ω
	Matching		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to GND	-4.5V	4.5V	5	10	15	Ω
				-6.0V	6.0V	5	10	12	Ω
I <sub>N</sub>	Maximum Control		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				±.05	±0.5	μΑ
	Input Current		$V_{CC} = 2 - 6V$						
I <sub>CC</sub>	Maximum Quiescent		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	GND	6.0V		4	40	μΑ
	Supply Current		$I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	-6.0V	6.0V		8	80	μΑ
I <sub>IZ</sub>	Maximum Switch "OFF"		$V_{OS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±60	±300	nA
	Leakage Current		$V_{IS} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±100	±500	nA
	(Switch Input)		V <sub>INH</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> (Figure 2)						
I <sub>IZ</sub>	Maximum Switch "ON"		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	μΑ
	Leakage Current	VHC4051	$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.2	±2.0	μΑ
			(Figure 3)						
			$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.050	±0.5	μΑ
		VHC4052	$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	μΑ
			(Figure 3)						
			$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.05	±0.5	μΑ
		VHC4053	$V_{INH} = V_{IL}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.5	±0.5	μΑ
			(Figure 3)						
I <sub>IZ</sub>	Maximum Switch		$V_{OS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	μΑ
	"OFF" Leakage	VHC4051	$V_{IS} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.2	±2.0	μΑ
	Current (Common Pin)		$V_{INH} = V_{IH}$						
			$V_{OS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.05	±0.5	μΑ
		VHC4052	$V_{IS} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	μΑ
			$V_{INH} = V_{IH}$						
			$V_{OS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$	GND	6.0V		±0.05	±0.5	μΑ
		VHC4053	$V_{IS} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$	-6.0V	6.0V		±0.05	±0.5	μΑ
			$V_{INH} = V_{IH}$						

Note 4: For a power supply of 5V  $\pm$ 10% the worst case on resistances (R<sub>ON</sub>) occurs for VHC at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> occur at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V and 4.5V respectively. (The V<sub>IH</sub> value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current occur for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 5.5V values should be used.

Note 5: At supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub>-V<sub>EE</sub>) approaching 2V the analog switch on resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital only when using these supply voltages.

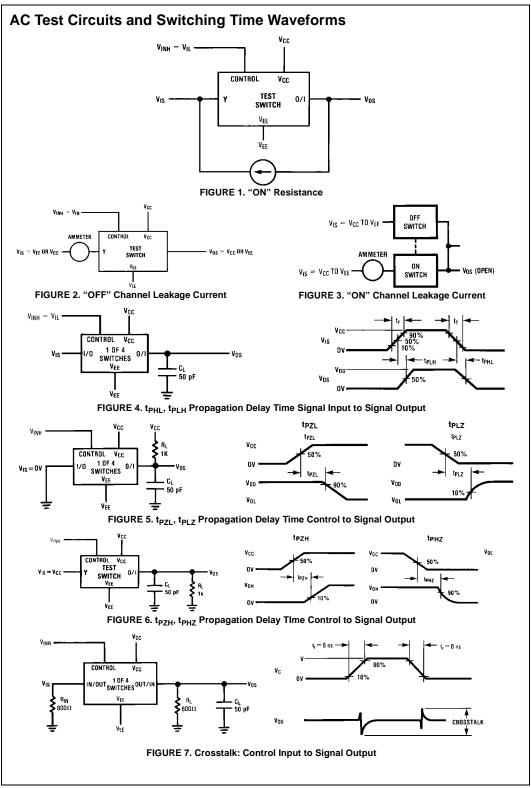
Note 6: Adjust 0 dB for  $f=1\ kHz$  (Null R1/R<sub>ON</sub> Attenuation).

# 74VHC4051 • 74VHC4052 • 74VHC4053

# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

 $\rm V_{CC}$  = 2.0V - 6.0V,  $\rm V_{EE}$  = 0V - 6V,  $\rm C_L$  = 50 pF (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		V <sub>FF</sub>	v <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		T <sub>A</sub> =-40 to 85°C	Units
Symbol	Parameter			VEE		Тур	Guara	anteed Limits	Units
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	Maximum Propagation Delay			GND	3.3V	25	35	40	ns
	Switch In to Out			GND	4.5V	5	12	15	ns
				-4.5V	4.5V	4	8	12	ns
					6.0V	3	7	11	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub>	Maximum Switch Turn "ON"	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$		GND	3.3V	92	200	250	ns
	Delay			GND	4.5V		69	87	ns
						16	46	58	ns
				-6.0V	6.0V	15	41	51	ns
$t_{PHZ},t_{PLZ}$	Maximum Switch Turn "OFF"			GND	3.3V	65	170	210	ns
	Delay			GND	4.5V	28	58	73	ns
				-4.5V	4.5V	18	37	46	ns
				-6.0V	6.0V	16	32	41	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Minimum Switch			GND	4.5V	30			MHz
	Frequency Response			-4.5V	4.5V	35			MHz
	$20 \log (V_1/V_0) = 3 dB$								
	Control to Switch	$R_L = 600\Omega$ ,	$V_{IS} = 4 V_{PP}$	0V	4.5V	1080			mV
	Feedthrough Noise	f = 1  MHz,	$V_{IS} = 8 V_{PP}$	-4.5V	4.5V	250			mV
		$C_L = 50 pF$							
	Crosstalk between	$R_L = 600\Omega$ ,	$V_{IS} = 4 V_{PP}$	0V	4.5	-52			dB
	any Two Switches	f = 1  MHz	$V_{IS} = 8 V_{PP}$	-4.5V	4.5V	-50			dB
	Switch OFF Signal	$R_L = 600\Omega$ ,	$V_{IS} = 4 V_{PP}$	0V	4.5V	-42			dB
	Feedthrough	f = 1  MHz,	$V_{IS} = 8 V_{PP}$	-4.5V	4.5V	-44			dB
	Isolation	$V_{CTL} = V_{IL}$							
THD	Sinewave Harmonic	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$	$V_{IS} = 4 V_{PP}$	0V	4.5V	0.013			%
	Distortion	$C_L = 50 pF$ ,	$V_{IS} = 8 V_{PP}$	-4.5V	4.5V	0.008			%
		f = 1  kHz							
C <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Control		•			5	10	10	pF
	Input Capacitance								
C <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Switch	Input				15			pF
	Input Capacitance 4051 Common				90				
		4052 Common				45			
		4053 Common	1			30			
C <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Feedthrough					5			pF
	Capacitance								



# AC Test Circuits and Switching Time Waveforms (Continued)

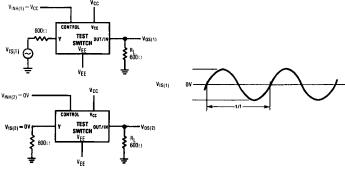
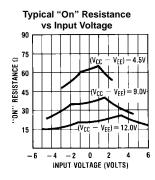


FIGURE 8. Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches

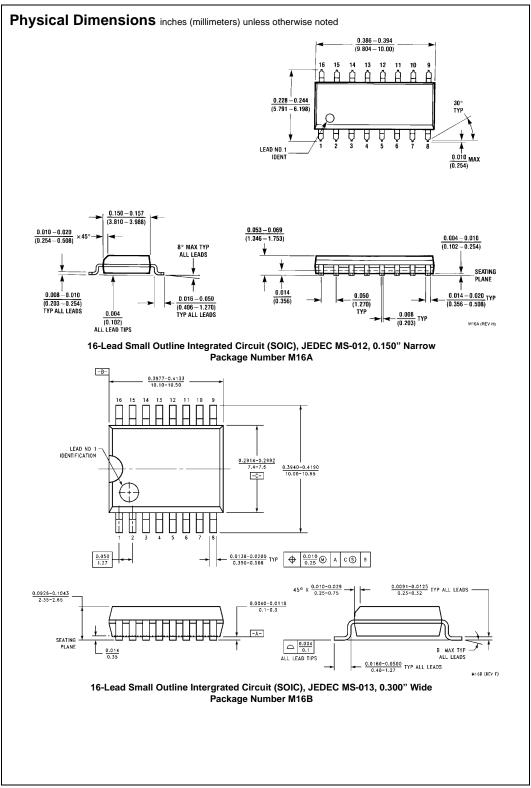
# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

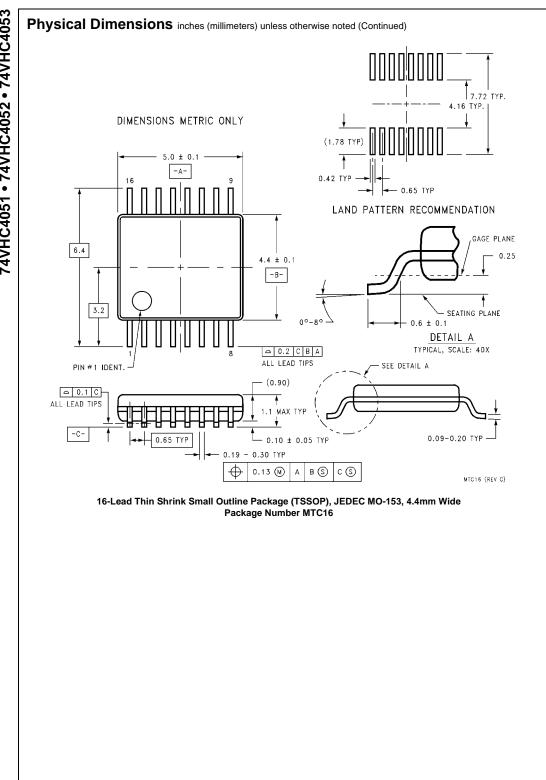


 $V_{CC} = -V_{EE}$ 

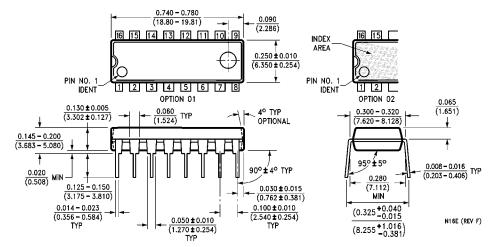
# **Special Considerations**

In certain applications the external load-resistor current may include both  $V_{CC}$  and signal line components. To avoid drawing  $V_{CC}$  current when switch current flows into the analog switch pins, the voltage drop across the switch must not exceed 1.2V (calculated from the ON resistance).





# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide Package Number N16E

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.fairchildsemi.com