

A-8402

Powered by ICminer.com Electronic-Library Service CopyRight 2003

SPECIFICATIONS

(Typical @ +25°C and +12V Supplies, Unless Otherwise Noted)

A-8402		A-8402
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC		$f_{out} = \frac{V_{IN}}{10} F_{full\ scale}$
ACCURACY ¹		5 decades
Resolution		
Linearity, FS		±0.05% max
10kHz bandwidth		±0.1% max
100kHz bandwidth		inherent
Monotonic		±15%
Scale Factor ²		Note 2
Offset		
STABILITY ^{1,8}		
Scale Factor		
vs. Temperature		typ ±50ppm/°C
@ 10kHz		max ±100ppm/°C
vs. Power Supply		±200ppm/%
vs. Time/day		±100ppm
vs. Time/month		±200ppm
Offset		
vs. Temperature		typ ±80ppm/°C
vs. Power Supply		max ±100ppm/°C
vs. Time/day		±100μV/%
vs. Time/month		±15ppm
Bandgap Reference (V _Z =2.5V nom.)		±30ppm
RESPONSE – V/F Mode		
Settling Time, to 0.01%, FS Step		2 cycles max ³
Overload Recovery		10ms
RESPONSE – F/V Mode		Depends on C _{INT} •R _{IN} time constant
INPUT (V/F)/OUTPUT (F/V)		
Voltage Range ^{4,5}		0 to +10V
Current Range		0 to +1mA
Configuration		Single-ended
Impedance (voltage input)		17.8kΩ nominal
Overvoltage Protection (V _{IN})		+V _{CC}
OUTPUT (V/F)/INPUT (F/V)		
Frequency Range ⁴		0 to 500kHz
Overrange		Depends on external RC time constant
Waveform ⁶		Compatible with DTL, TTL & CMOS
Fan Out ⁷ – V _{sat} =0.4V		5 TTL Loads
– V _{sat} =1V		20mA
Short Circuit Protection		Indefinite to GND
TEMPERATURE		
Rated		0 to +70°C
Operating		–25 to +85°C
Storage		–55 to +125°C
POWER SUPPLY – V _{CC}		
Voltage – rated		+12V
– operate		+5 to +18V
Current		+20mA @ +12V

NOTES: 1. Applies to V/F & F/V modes. 2. Adjustable to zero error. 3. Of final frequency. 4. Adjustable to other full scale input/output levels. 5. F/V mode–min. V_{OUT}=0.4V. 6. Output level determined by external pull-up resistor. 7. One TTL load unit is –1.6mA at LO (+0.4V) and +40μA at HI (+2.4V). 8. Warm-up time = 5 min.

OPERATION

V/F Mode

An improved form of the charge-balancing technique is used in the A-8402. The analog input forces a current to flow through R_{IN} into C₁ causing the output of the integrator to move in a negative direction (see Figure 1). At a nominal .7 volt level, the comparator circuit triggers the timing reference network to turn the controlled current source on so that it discharges C₁. As the capacitor discharges, the output of the integrator moves in a positive direction. When the timing reference has finished discharging the capacitor, the output of the integrator is positive and ready to start the process again for the next cycle. For current inputs into the summing junction (Pin 8), it is recommended for good temperature stability that an external R_{REF} be used between Pin 11 and ground. It is also recommended that the internal R_{offset}, R_{REF} and R_{IN} be used together for good TC performance. T_{OS} influences frequency stability; therefore low TC components should be used.

F/V Mode

As a frequency-to-voltage converter, the A-8402 accepts negative-going TTL-Level pulses into the trigger circuit which starts the one-shot cycle (period=T_{OS}=R_{ext} C_{ext}). (See Figure 2).

The current source forces current out of the summing junction for the one-shot period. The amplifier acts as a current-to-voltage integrator providing a voltage output proportional to the average current (also proportional to the input frequency). Output ripple is controlled by the integrating capacitor (C_{INT} – see Figure 2). A low pass filter is recommended on Pin 8. Pin 13 may be used for external referencing (maximum current drain <350μA).

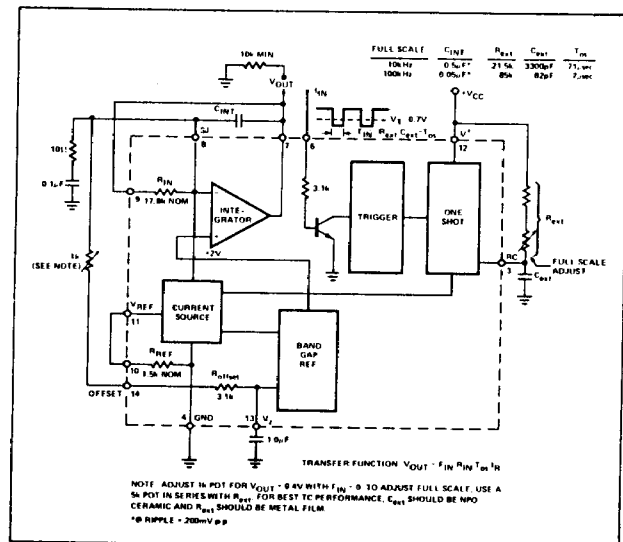


Figure 2. A-8402 Hook-Up – F/V Mode

intech
MICROCIRCUITS DIVISION

CUSTOM SERVICE IS OUR STANDARD

2270 MARTIN AVENUE, SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA 95050-2781
TELEPHONE (408) 988-4930 TWX 920-338-2213

008946

X X X