



500mA, Low Dropout Linear Regulator with Shutdown

FEATURES

- Active Low Shutdown Control.
- Very Low Quiescent Current.
- Very Low Dropout Voltage of 650mV at 500mA Output Current (3.0V Output Version)
- 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.3V Output Voltage.
- Short Circuit and Thermal Protection.
- ±2% Output Tolerance.
- Miniature Package: SOT-23-5

APPLICATIONS

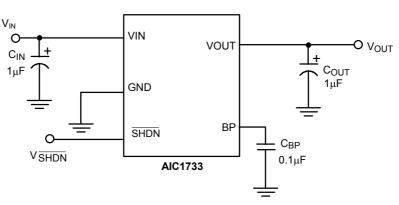
- PDA
- DSC
- Notebook
- Pagers
- Personal Communication Equipment

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

- Cordless Telephones
- Portable Instrumentation
- Portable Consumer Equipment
- Battery Powered Systems

DESCRIPTION

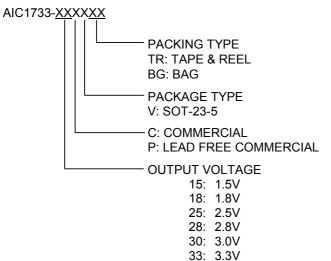
AIC1733 is a 500mA low noise, low dropout linear regulator, and is housed in small SOT-23-5 package. The device is in the "ON" state when the SHDN pin is set to logic high level. An internal P-MOSFET pass transistor is used to achieve 650mV low dropout voltage at 500mA load current. It offers high precision output voltage of ±2%. The quality of low quiescent current and low dropout voltage makes this device ideal for battery power applications. The internal reverse bias protection eliminates the requirement for a reverse voltage protection diode. The high ripple rejection and low noise of AIC1733 provide enhanced performance for critical applications. The noise bypass pin can be connected an external capacitor to reduce the output noise level.

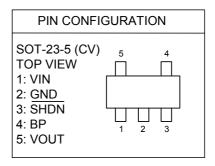


Low Noise Low Dropout Linear Regulator



ORDERING INFORMATION





(Of a unit of 0.1V within the voltage range from 1.5V to 3.3V, additional voltage versions for this product line may be available on demand with prior consultation with AIC.)

Example: AIC1733-18CVTR

- → 1.8V Version, in SOT-23-5 Package & Tape & Reel Packing Type
 AIC1733-18PVTR
 → 1.8V Version, in SOT-23-5 Lead Free Package & Ta
- → 1.8V Version, in SOT-23-5 Lead Free Package & Tape & Reel Packing Type

SOT-23-5 Marking

Part No.	Marking	Part No.	Marking
AIC1733-15CV	EE15	AIC1733-15PV	EE15P
AIC1733-18CV	EE18	AIC1733-18PV	EE18P
AIC1733-25CV	EE25	AIC1733-25PV	EE25P
AIC1733-28CV	EE28	AIC1733-28PV	EE28P
AIC1733-30CV	EE30	AIC1733-30PV	EE30P
AIC1733-33CV	EE33	AIC1733-33PV	EE33P



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	12V
Shutdown Terminal Voltage	12V
Noise Bypass Terminal Voltage	5V
Operating Temperature Range	40°C~85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C~150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	260°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	SOT-23-5130°C /W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	SOT-23-5220°C /W
(Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink)	

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

TEST CIRCUIT

Refer to TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(C_{IN} =1 μ F, C_{OUT} =4.7 μ F, T_{J} =25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Quiescent Current	I _{OUT} = 0mA, V _{IN} = 3.6~7V		Ι _Q		40	55	μA
Standby Current	V _{IN} = 3.6~7\	/, output OFF	I _{STBY}			0.1	μA
GND Pin Current	I _{OUT} = 0.1~5	I _{OUT} = 0.1~500mA			30	50	μA
Continuous Output Current	V _{IN} = 5V		I _{OUT}			500	mA
Output Current Limit	V _{IN} = 5V, V _{OUT} = 0V		IIL	500	600		mA
Output Voltage Tolerance	V _{IN} = 5V, no load		V _{OUT}	-2		2	%
Temperature Coefficient			тс		50	150	ppm/ºC
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 1V \text{ to } 7V$		ΔV_{LIR}		3	10	mV
Load Regulation	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 1.2V (Vout≥ 2.5V) V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 1.8V (Vout≤ 2.4V) I _{OUT} = 0.1~500mA		ΔV_{LOR}		20	40	mV
Dropout Voltage	I _L =500mA	3.0V≤V _{OUT} ≤3.3V 2.5V≤Vouт≤2.9V	V _{DROP}		650 780 1100 1400	1050 1180 1500 1800	mV
Noise Bypass Terminal Voltage			V _{REF}		1.23		V
Output Noise	C _{BP} = 0.1μF, f = 1KHz,V _{IN} = 5V		Δn		0.46		$\frac{\mu V}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
Ripple Rejection	f = 1KHz, Ripple = $0.5V_{P-P}$, C _{BP} = 0.1μ F		RR		55		dB

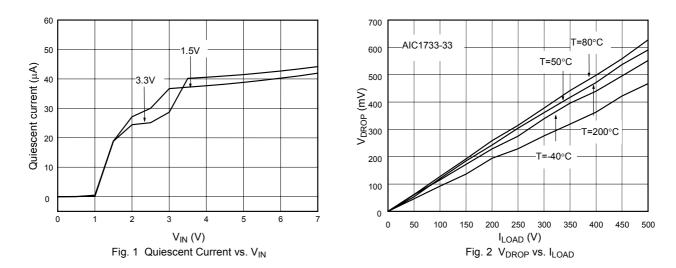


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
SHUTDOWN TERMINAL SPECIFICATIONS						
Shutdown Pin Current		ISHDN			0.1	μA
Shutdown Pin Voltage (ON)	Output ON	V SHDN (ON)	1.6			V
Shutdown Pin Voltage (OFF)	Output OFF	V SHDN (OFF)			0.6	V
Shutdown Exit Delay Time	C _{BP} = 0.1μF, C _{OUT} = 1μF, I _{OUT} =30mA	Δt		300		μS
THERMAL PROTECTION						
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		T _{SD}		155		°C

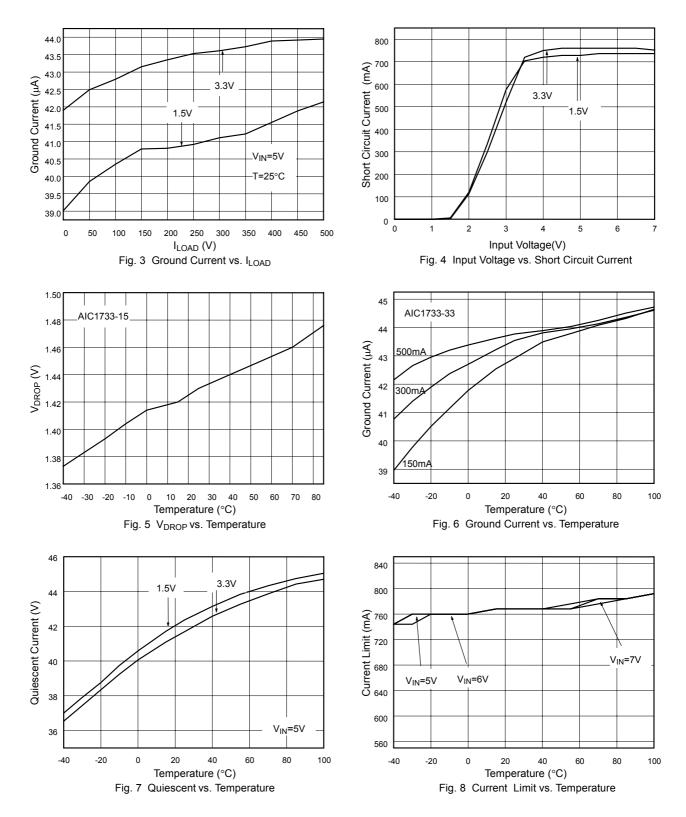
Note 1: Specifications are production tested at TA=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





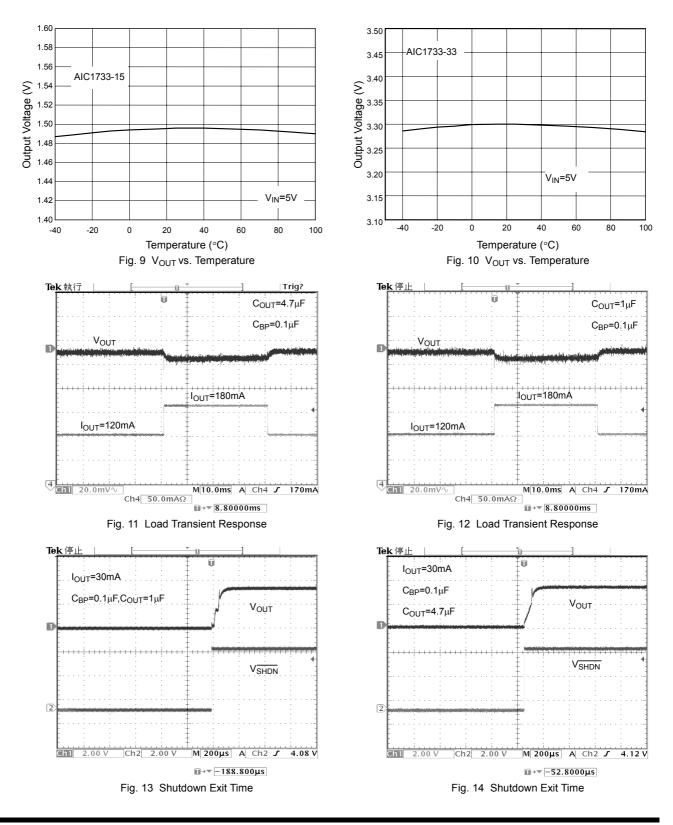




TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)







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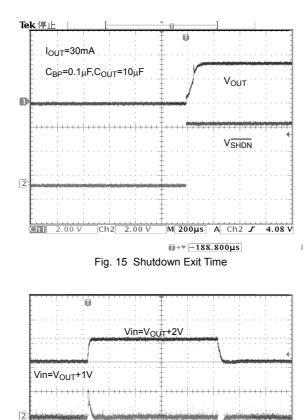




V_{OUT}=3.3V

Ch1 1.00 V

D



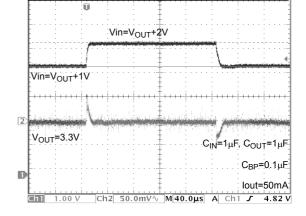
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

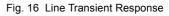
CIN=1µF, COUT=4.7µF

Ch2 50.0mV∿ M40.0µs A Ch1 J 4.82 V

 C_{BP} =0.1 μ F

lout=50mA





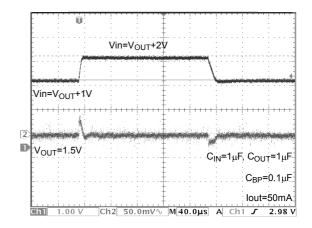


Fig. 18 Line Transient Response

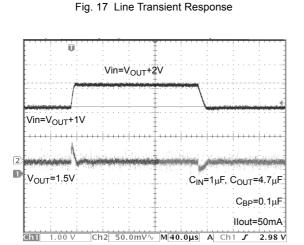
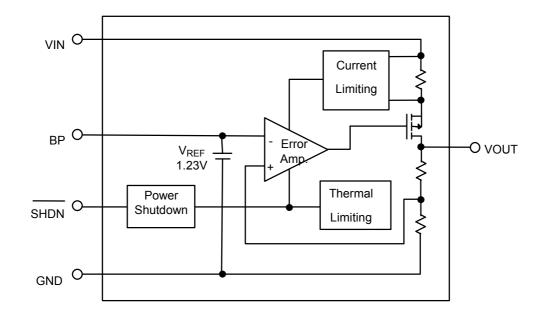


Fig. 19 Line Transient Response



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN 1 : VIN - Power supply input pin. Bypass	PIN 4 : BP - Noise bypass pin. An external
with a $1\mu F$ capacitor to GND	bypass capacitor connected to
PIN 2 : GND - Ground pin.	BP pin reduces noises at the
PIN 3 : SHDN - Active-Low shutdown input pin.	output.
	PIN 5: VOUT - Output pin. Sources up to 500

mA.

DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS

DROPOUT VOLTAGE (VDROP)

The dropout voltage is defined as the difference between the input voltage and output voltage at which the output voltage drops 100mV. Below this value, the output voltage will fall as the input voltage reduces. It depends on the load current and junction temperature.

LINE REGULATION

Line regulation is the ability of the regulator to maintain a constant output voltage as the input voltage changes. The line regulation is specified

as the input voltage changes from $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +$ 1V to V_{IN} = 7V and I_{OUT} = 1mA.

LOAD REGULATION

Load regulation is the ability of the regulator to maintain a constant output voltage as the load current changes. A pulsed measurement with an input voltage set to $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DROP}$ can minimize temperature effects. The load regulation is specified by the output current ranging from 0.1mA to 500mA.



CURRENT LIMIT (IIL)

AIC1733 includes a current limiting, which monitors and controls the maximum output current if the output is shorted to ground. This can protect the device from being damaged.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Thermal sensor protects device when the junction temperature exceeds T_J = +155°C. It

APPLICATION INFORMATION

INPUT-OUTPUT CAPACITORS

Linear regulators require input and output capacitors to maintain stability. Input capacitor at 1μ F with a 4.7uF aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended. To avoid oscillation, ceramic capacitor is rejected.

NOISE BYPASS CAPACITOR

 0.1μ F bypass capacitor at BP pin reduces output voltage noise. And the BP pin has to connect a capacitor to GND.

POWER DISSIPATION

The maximum power dissipation of AIC1733 depends on the thermal resistance of its case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The rate of temperature rise is greatly affected by the mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature. When the IC mounting with good thermal conductivity is used, the junction temperature will be low even when

signals shutdown logic, turning off pass transistor and allowing IC to cool down. After the IC's junction temperature cools by 15°C, the thermal sensor will turn the pass transistor back on. Thermal protection is designed to protect the device in the event of fault conditions. For a continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction-temperature rating of T_J = 150°C, or damage may occur to the device.

large power dissipation applies.

The power dissipation across the device is $P = I_{OUT} (V_{IN}-V_{OUT}).$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{MAX}} = \frac{(\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}})}{(\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{J}\mathsf{B}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{B}\mathsf{A}})}$$

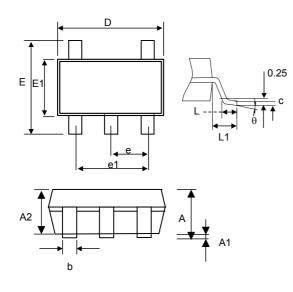
Where T_{J} - T_{A} is the temperature difference between the die junction and the surrounding air, $R\theta_{JB}$ is the thermal resistance of the package, and $R\theta_{BA}$ is the thermal resistance through the PCB, copper traces, and other materials to the surrounding air.

As a general rule, the lower temperature is, the better reliability of the device is. So the PCB mounting pad should provide maximum thermal conductivity to maintain low device temperature. GND pin performs a dual function of providing an electrical connection to ground and channeling heat away. Therefore, connecting the GND pin to ground with a large pad or ground plane would increase the power dissipation and reduce the device temperature



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

• SOT-23-5 (unit: mm)



MIN	MAX	
0.95	1.45	
0.05	0.15	
0.90	1.30	
0.30	0.50	
0.08	0.22	
2.80	3.00	
2.60	3.00	
1.50	1.70	
0.95 BSC		
1.90 BSC		
0.30	0.60	
0.60 REF		
0° 8°		
	0.95 0.05 0.90 0.30 0.08 2.80 2.60 1.50 0.95 1.90 0.30 0.60	

Note:

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