Introduction

This document contains the latest information about the AVR data book and the AVR data sheets.

All references to the data book refers to the August 1999 version of the "AVR® RISC MICROCONTROLLER DATA BOOK".

All references to the AVR data sheets refer to the latest version of the AVR data sheets on Atmel's web page www.atmel.com.

The data sheets on Atmel's web page are updated more frequently than the printed data book. All known errors in each data sheet are corrected when a new version is released.

This document contains known errors that have not been corrected yet. All designers using AVR microcontrollers should use this document together with the data sheets. It is updated frequently, and should contain a complete list of all known documentation errors at any given time.

Please note that this document only covers errors in the AVR documentation. For errors in the AVR microcontrollers, see the errata sheet for each device.

If you find errors in the documentation that are not listed in this document, please send an email to the AVR support line avr@atmel.com.

Overview of data sheets

Part Number	Data Sheet Revision in the August 1999 AVR Data Book	Data Sheet Revision on Atmel's web site www.atmel.com
AT90S1200	0838E-04/99	0838E-04/99
AT90S2313	0839E-04/99	0839E-04/99
AT90S/LS2323 and AT90S/LS2343	1004B-04/99	1004B-04/99
AT90S/LS2333 and AT90S/LS4443	1042D-04/99	1042D-04/99
AT90S4414/8515	0841E-04/99	0841E-04/99
AT90S/LS4434 and AT90S/LS8535	1041E-04/99	1041E-04/99
AT90C8534	1229A-04/99	1229A-04/99
ATtiny10/11/12	1006A-04/99	1006B-10/99
ATtiny15	1187A-06/99	1187B-11/99
ATtiny22/22L	1273A-04/99	1273A-04/99
ATmega161/161L	1228A-05/99	1228A-08/99
ATmega603/603L and ATmega103/103L	0945D-06/99	0945E-12/99
AVR Instruction Set	0856B-06/99	0856B-06/99
ATtiny28	N/A	1062B-10/99

AT90S1200

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 0838E-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 0838E-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S1200 Data Sheet:

Page: **Change or Add:**
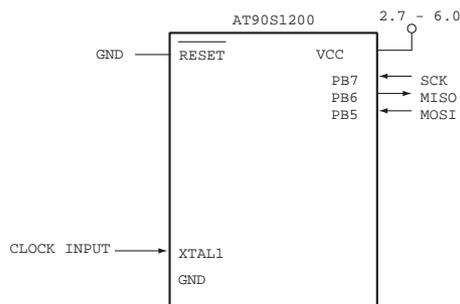
2-3   In feature list under **I/O and packages,** replace "20-pin PDIP and SOIC" by "20-pin PDIP, SOIC and SSOP".

2-20   Table 4: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

2-25   In the note for Table 6, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

In the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **change** "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

2-26   In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

2-27   In the **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register** description, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "N/A".

2-29   in the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

2-33   in the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values of bits 0 to 6 from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

2-44   Replace figure 34 by the one below:

Figure 34 Serial Programming and Verify

2-49:   Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			40	mV

by:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{in} = V_{CC}/2$			40	mV

2-50   In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

2-62   In **Register Summary**, replace "2-2-xx" by "2-xx".

AT90S2313

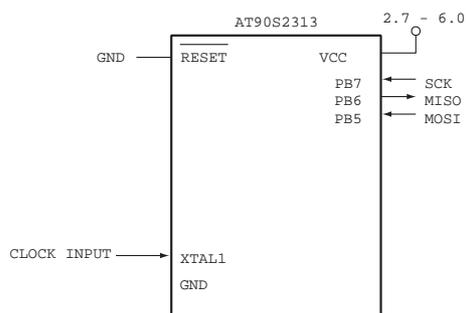The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 0839E-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 0839E-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S2313 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

3-28   Table 5: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC11/ISC10 bits, INT1 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

3-29   Table 6: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

3-38   On the top of the page, add paragraph "Note: If the compare register contains the TOP value and the prescaler is not in use (CS12..CS10 = 001), the PWM output will not produce any pulse at all, because the up-counting and down-counting values are reached simultaneously. When the prescaler is in use (CS12..CS10 ≠ 001 or 000), the PWM output goes active when the counter reaches the TOP value, but the down-counting compare match is not interpreted to be reached before the next time the counter reaches the TOP-value, making a one period PWM pulse."

3-39   In the note for Table 14, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

In the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **change** "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

3-40   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable** description, **change** "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" **to** "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

3-41   In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

3-47   In the **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register** description, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "N/A".

3-49   in the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

3-54   in the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values of bits 0 to 6 from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

3-67   Replace figure 34 by the one below:

Figure 53 Serial Programming and Verify

```
                          AT90S2313        2.7 - 6.0
                     ┌─────────────┐        ○
       GND ──────────┤ RESET   VCC ├──
                     │             │
                     │        PB7  ├──◄── SCK
                     │        PB6  ├──►── MISO
                     │        PB5  ├──◄── MOSI
                     │             │
                     │             │
                     │             │
  CLOCK INPUT ──────►│ XTAL1       │
                     │             │
                     │ GND         │
                     └─────────────┘
```

3-72:   Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			40	mV

by:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{in} = V_{CC}/2$			40	mV

3-73   In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

3-84   In **Register Summary**, replace "3-3-xx" and "3-3-3-xx" by "3-xx".

AT90S/LS2323 and AT90S/LS2343

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1004B-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1004B-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S/LS2323 and AT90S/LS2343 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

4-6 In the **Pin Descriptions AT90S/LS2323** replace the description for **Port B (PB2..PB0)** by

"Port B is a 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low, will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features.

Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active."

4-7 In the **Pin Descriptions AT90S/LS2343** replace the description for **Port B (PB4..PB0)** by

"Port B is a 5-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low, will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features.

Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active."

4-19 In Figure 20, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

4-25 In the first paragraph of **Watchdog Reset**, replace "When the Watchdog times out, it will generate a short reset pulse of 1 XTAL cycle duration." by "When the Watchdog times out, it will generate a short reset pulse of 1 CPU clock cycle duration."

4-29 Table 9: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

4-34 In the note for Table 11, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

In **EEPROM Read/Write Access**, replace the 6th line "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." by "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When it is read, the CPU is halted for 4 clock cycles.".

4-35 In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable** description, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

4-37 in the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values of bits 0-4 from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

4-38   Replace the section name "**MISO - Port B, Bit 1**" by "**MISO/INT0 - Port B, Bit 1**"

4-40   In **High-Voltage Serial Programming**, replace item 1. by

"Power-up sequence: Apply 4.5 - 5.5V between V_{CC} and GND. Set $\overline{RESET}$ and PB0 to "0" and wait at least 100 ns.

Then, if the RCEN Fuse is not programmed; Toggle XTAL1/PB3 at least 4 times with minimum 100ns pulse-width. Set PB3 to "0". Wait at least 100ns.

or if the RCEN Fuse is programmed; Set PB3 to "0". Wait at least 4μs.

In both cases; Then apply 12V to $\overline{RESET}$ and wait at least 100 ns before changing PB0. Wait 8 μs before giving any instructions."

4-40   In **High-Voltage Serial Programming**, replace in item 5 "Set PB5 to "1"." by "Set $\overline{RESET}$ to "0"."

4-42   In table 16, replace the entries

Read Fuse and Lock bits (AT90S/LS2323)	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1100_00 **1_2S**xx_xx**F**x_xx		Reading **1**, **2**, **S**, **F** =' 0' means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.
Read Fuse and Lock bits (AT90S/LS2343)	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1100_00 **1_2S**xx_xx**R**x_xx		Reading **1**, **2**, **S**, **R** =' 0' means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.

by the entries (Note: Bit 7 in the 4'th and 5'th column for PB1 has been inverted compared to the original data book)

Read Fuse and Lock bits (AT90S/LS2323)	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1100_00 **1_2S**xx_xx**F**x_xx		Reading **1**, **2**, **S**, **F** =' 0' means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.
Read Fuse and Lock bits (AT90S/LS2343)	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1100_00 **1_2S**xx_xx**R**x_xx		Reading **1**, **2**, **S**, **R** =' 0' means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.

4-43   In figure 35, remove "CLOCK INPUT", "XTAL1/PB3" and the arrow connecting them.

4-49   In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

4-59   In Register Summary, replace all "4-page" by "page". In addition, for TIMSK; replace "page 4 -15" by "page 4-28", for TIFR; replace "page 4-16" by "page 4-28", for MCUCR; replace "page 4-16" by "page 4-29", for MCUSR; replace "page 4-14" by "page 4-26".

4-60   In Instruction Set Summary under BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS, replace

CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2

by

CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3

SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3

AT90S/LS2333 and AT90S/LS4433

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1042D-04/99.
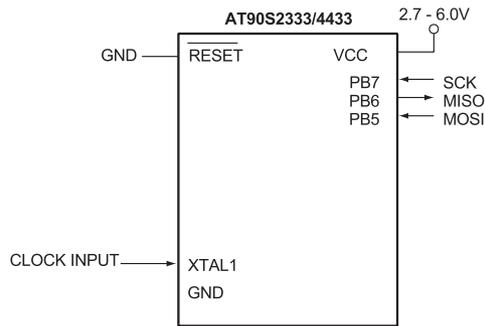
The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1042D-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S/LS2333 and AT90S/LS4433 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

5-6   In "**Pin Descriptions**", **AVCC**, change "This is the supply voltage for the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter." to "This is the supply voltage for Port A and the A/D Converter. If the ADC is not used, this pin must be connected to Vcc. If the ADC is used, this pin should be connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter."

5-15   In **Figure 20**, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

5-28   Table 7: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC11/ISC10 bits, INT1 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

          Table 8: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

5-34   In "**Timer/Counter Control Register 1B - TCCR1B**", bit3 - **CTC1**, change the count sequence when prescaler is set to divide by 8 from "...C-1 | C, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 | ..." to "...C-1 | C, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 | ..."

5-37   Before **table 14**, add paragraph "Note: If the compare register contains the TOP value and the prescaler is not in use (CS12..CS10 = 001), the PWM output will not produce any pulse at all, because the up-counting and down-counting values are reached simultaneously. When the prescaler is in use (CS12..CS10 ≠ 001 or 000), the PWM output goes active when the counter reaches the TOP value, but the down-counting compare match is not interpreted to be reached before the next time the counter reaches the TOP-value, making a one- period PWM pulse."

5-39   In the note for Table 16, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

5-41   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable** description, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

5-47..50 In the **UART** description, replace "USR" by "UCSRA" and "UCR" by "UCSRB" everywhere.

5-50   In last line, replace "UBRRH" by "UBRRHI".

5-52   In "**Analog Comparator Control and Status Register - ACSR**", the initial value of **ACO** is "N/A".

5-59   In "**ADC Noise Canceling Techniques**" item 3, replace "Figure 47" by "Figure 49".

5-60   In **Figure 49**, replace the resistor by a 10 µH inductor. Change capacitor value from 10 nF to 100 nF.

5-61   In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

5-66   In the **Port C Input Pins Address - PINC** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A". Change Initial Values "Q" to "0" (zero).

5-68   In the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

5-80   In "**Serial Downloading**", replace Figure 66 by the figure below.

Figure 66. Serial Programming and Verify

5-86   Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			40	mV

by:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{in} = V_{CC}/2$			40	mV

5-86   In "**DC Characteristics**", footnote 4, replace "IOL" by "IOH" everywhere.

5-88   In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

AT90S4414/8515

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 0841E-04/99.

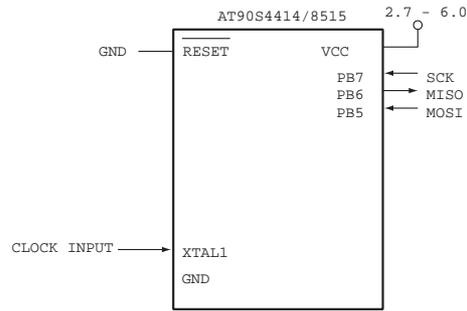The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 0841E-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S4414/8515 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

6-17   In **Figure 19**, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

6-29   Table 6: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC11/ISC10 bits, INT1 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

6-30   Table 7: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

6-39   Before **table 14**, add paragraph "Note: If the compare register contains the TOP value and the prescaler is not in use (CS12..CS10 = 001), the PWM output will not produce any pulse at all, because the up-counting and down-counting values are reached simultaneously. When the prescaler is in use (CS12..CS10 ≠ 001 or 000), the PWM output goes active when the counter reaches the TOP value, but the down-counting compare match is not interpreted to be reached before the next time the counter reaches the TOP-value, making a one- period PWM pulse."

6-41   In the note for Table 15, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

        In the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **change** "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

6-42   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, **change** "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" **to** "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

6-43   In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

6-54   In the **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register** description, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "N/A".

6-57   in the **Port A Input Pins Address - PINA** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

6-59   in the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

6-64   in the **Port C Input Pins Address - PINC** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

6-66   in the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

6-79   Replace **figure 64** by the one below:

Figure 64 Serial Programming and Verify

6-84:   Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V$_{ACIO}$	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V$_{CC}$ = 5V			40	mV

by:

V$_{ACIO}$	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V$_{CC}$ = 5V V$_{in}$ = V$_{CC}$ /2			40	mV

6-88   In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

6-98   In **Register Summary**, replace all "6-6-xx" by "6-xx".

AT90S/LS4434 and AT90S/LS8535

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1041E-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1041E-04/99.

Changes in the AT90S/LS4434 and AT90S/LS8535 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

7-6 In "**Pin Descriptions**", **AVCC**, change "This is the supply voltage for the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter." to "This is the supply voltage for Port A and the A/D Converter. If the ADC is not used, this pin must be connected to Vcc. If the ADC is used, this pin should be connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter."

7-15 In **Figure 19**, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

7-27 In "**Timer/Counter Interrupt Flag Register - TIFR**", change heading "Bit 6 - TOV2: Timer/Counter0 Overflow Flag" to "Bit 6 - TOV2: Timer/Counter2 Overflow Flag".

7-29 Table 9: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC11/ISC10 bits, INT1 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

Table 10: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

7-30 In the **Power Down Mode** section, replace paragraph 2 ("Note that if a level triggered interrupt... ...on page 7-98.") to "Note that when a level triggered interrupt is used for wake-up from power down, the low level must be held for a time longer than the reset delay time-out period t$_{TOUT}$."

7-30 At the end of the **Power Save Mode** section, add the paragraph "If the asynchronous timer is NOT clocked asynchronously, Power Down Mode is recommended instead of Power Save Mode because the contents of the registers in the asynchronous timer should be considered undefined after wake up in Power Save Mode, even if AS2 is 0."

7-36 In "**Timer/Counter Control Register 1B - TCCR1B**", bit3 - **CTC1**, change the count sequence when prescaler is set to divide by 8 from "...C-1 | C, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 | ..." to "...C-1 | C, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 | ..."

7-39 Before **table 16**, add paragraph "Note: If the compare register contains the TOP value and the prescaler is not in use (CS12..CS10 = 001), the PWM output will not produce any pulse at all, because the up-counting and down-counting values are reached simultaneously. When the prescaler is in use (CS12..CS10 ≠ 001 or 000), the PWM output goes active when the counter reaches the TOP value, but the down-counting compare match is not interpreted to be reached before the next time the counter reaches the TOP-value, making a one- period PWM pulse."

7-45 Replace last paragraph on page:

"When asynchronous operation is selected, the 32 kHz oscillator for Timer/Counter2 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. Therefore, the content of all Timer/Counter2 registers must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down, due to the unstable clock signal. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter2 after power-up or wake-up from power down."

by

"When the asynchronous operation is selected, the 32kHZ oscillator for Timer/Counter2 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter2 after power-up or wake-up from power down. The contents of all Timer/Counter2 reg-

isters must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down due to unstable clock signal upon start-up, regardless of whether the oscillator is in use or a clock signal is applied to the TOSC pin."

7-47   In the note for Table 22, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

7-49   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

7-52   Change **Figure 40** to the figure below.

Figure 40. SPI Transfer Format with CPHA = 1 and DORD = 0

* Not defined but normally LSB of previously transmitted character
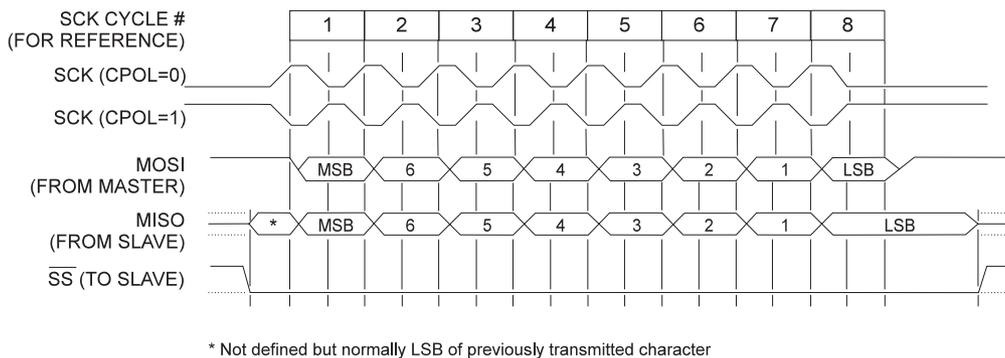
7-60   In "**Analog Comparator Control and Status Register - ACSR**", the initial value of **ACO** is "N/A".

7-67   In **Figure 50**, replace the resistor by a 10 μH inductor. Change capacitor value from 10 nF to 100 nF.

7-69   In the **Port A Input Pins Address - PINA** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

7-71   In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".
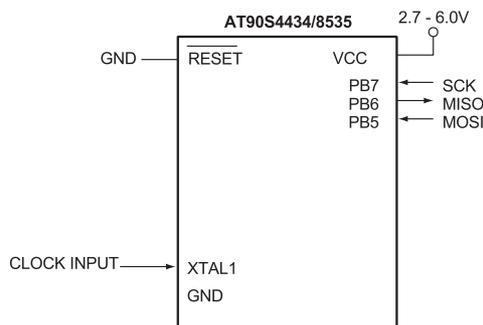
7-76   In the **Port C Input Pins Address - PINC** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

7-79   In the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

7-91   In "**Serial Downloading**", replace Figure 71 by the figure below.

Figure 71. Serial Programming and Verify

7-96 Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V$_{ACIO}$	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V$_{CC}$ = 5V			40	mV

by:

V$_{ACIO}$	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V$_{CC}$ = 5V V$_{in}$ = V$_{CC}$ /2			40	mV

7-98 In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

7-109 In Register Summary, replace all "7-page" by "page". In addition, replace "page 7-337-" by "page 7-33", "page 7-377-" by "page 7-37", "page 7-387-" by "page 7-38", "page 7-467-" by "page 7-46", "page 7-487-" by "page 7-48".

AT90C8534

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1229A-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1229A-04/99.

Changes in the AT90C8534 Data Sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

8-5   In "**Pin Descriptions**", **AVCC**, **change** "This is the supply voltage for the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter." **to** "This is the supply voltage for the A/D Converter. If the ADC is not used, this pin must be connected to Vcc. If the ADC is used, this pin should be connected to Vcc via a low-pass filter."

8-16   In Figure 19, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

8-26   At the end of the **Interrupt Sense Control 1** description add this text: "When changing the ISC1 bit, an interrupt can occur. Therefore, it is recommended to first disable INT1 by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Then, the ISC1 bit can be changed. Finally, the INT1 interrupt flag should be cleared by writing a logical one to its Interrupt Flag bit in the GIFR register before the interrupt is re-enabled."

At the end of the **Interrupt Sense Control 0** description add this text: "When changing the ISC0 bit, an interrupt can occur. Therefore, it is recommended to first disable INT0 by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Then, the ISC0 bit can be changed. Finally, the INT0 interrupt flag should be cleared by writing a logical one to its Interrupt Flag bit in the GIFR register before the interrupt is re-enabled."

8-31   In the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **change** "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

8-32   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

ATtiny10/11/12

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1006B-10/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1006A-04/99.

Changes in the ATtiny10/11/12 Data Sheet on the web:

Page: Change or Add:

27   Table 13: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

In the first paragraph of **Sleep modes for the ATtiny10/11** section, replace the sentence

"On wake-up from Power Down Mode on pin change, the two instructions following SLEEP are executed before the pin change interrupt routine.

by

"On wake-up from Power Down Mode on pin change, 2 instruction cycles are executed before the pin change interrupt flag is updated. During these cycles, the processor executes instructions, but the interrupt condition is not readable, and the interrupt routine has not started yet.

32   In the note for Table 16, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset

33   In the last sentence of the first paragraph, change "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." to "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

In the **EEPROM Control Register** description, change the initial value of EEWE from "0" to "X".

34   In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

Changes in the ATtiny10/11/12 section in the data book

Page: Change or Add:

9-3   In both **Pin Configuration** figures, replace RESET with $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

9-14   In Figure 12, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

9-24   In the first line of the **Watchdog Reset** section, change "1 XTAL cycle" to "1 CK cycle".

In Figure 22, change "1 XTAL Cycle" to "1 CK Cycle".

9-29   Table 13: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

In the first paragraph of **Sleep modes for the ATtiny10/11** section, replace the sentence

"On wake-up from Power Down Mode on pin change, the two instructions following SLEEP are executed before the pin change interrupt routine.

by

"On wake-up from Power Down Mode on pin change, 2 instruction cycles are executed before the pin change interrupt flag is updated. During these cycles, the processor executes instructions, but the interrupt condition is not readable, and the interrupt routine has not started yet.

9-34   In the note for Table 15, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

In the first paragraph of **ATtiny12 Calibrated Internal RC Oscillator** section, add "For details on how to use the pre-programmed calibration value, see the section 'Calibration Byte in ATtiny12' on page 9-42.

In the second paragraph, add "The calibrated oscillator is used to time EEPROM access. If EEPROM is written, do not calibrate to more than 10% above the nominal frequency. Otherwise, the EEPROM write may fail. Table 1 shows the range for OSCCAL. Note that the Oscillator is intended for calibration to 1.0MHz, thus tuning to other values is not guaranteed.

Table 1. Internal RC Oscillator Frequency Range.

OSCCAL value	Min. Frequency	Max Frequency
$00	0.5MHz	1.0MHz
$7F	0.7MHz	1.5MHz
$FF	1.0MHz	2.0MHz

9-35   In the second line, change "The write access time is in the range of 2.5 - 4ms, depending on the V_{CC}." to "The write access time is in the range of 1.9 - 3.4ms, depending on the frequency of the calibrated RC oscillator."

In the last sentence of the first paragraph, change "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." to "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

In the **EEPROM Control Register** description, change the initial value of EEWE from "0" to "X".

9-36   In the 14th line, remove "(typically 2.5ms at V_{CC} = 5V or 4 ms at V_{CC} = 2.7V)"

In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

9-37   In the **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register** description, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "N/A".

9-39   In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Value of bits 0-5 from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

9-40   In the first line of section **Alternate Functions of Port B**, change "The alternate pin functions of Port B are:" to "All Port B pins are connected to a pin change detector that can trigger the pin change interrupt. See 'Pin Change Interrupt' on page 9-28 for details. In addition, Port B has the following alternate functions:".

9-42   In the section **Calibration Byte in ATtiny12**, add "At start-up, the user software must read this flash location and write the value to the OSCCAL register."

In the section **ATtiny10/11**, change "The +12V is used for programming enable only, and no current of significance is drawn by this pin." to "Only minor currents (<1mA) are drawn from the +12V pin during programming.".

9-44   In Table 21, remove the entire first row. In the first cell of the second row, remove "(ATtiny12)".

9-45   In the note on the bottom of the page, change "9, 6 = RSTISBL Fuse" to "9, 6 = RSTDISBL Fuse".

9-46   In Table 22, remove the "t_{WLWH_CE} "row.

In Figure 30, remove "CLOCK INPUT", "PB3 (XTAL1)" and the arrow connecting them.

9-47   In the sixth line, change "Either an external clock is supplied at pin XTAL1 or a crystal needs to be connected across pins XTAL1 and XTAL2" to "The device can be clocked by any clock option during Low-Voltage Serial Programming.".

In the two last lines of the first paragraph, change "2 XTAL clock cycles" to "2 CK clock cycles".

In the first entry of the **Low-Voltage Serial Programming Algorithm**, change "If a crystal is not connected across pins XTAL1 and XTAL2, apply a clock signal to the XTAL1 pin." to "In accordance with the setting of CKSEL fuses, apply a crystal/resonator, external clock or RC network, or let the device run on the internal RC oscillator.".

In the fifth entry, change the first "t_{WD_PROG}" to "t_{WD_FLASH} or t_{WD_EEPROM}". Change the second "t_{WD_PROG}" to "t_{WD_FLASH} and t_{WD_EEPROM}".

9-48   In the **Data Polling** section, change the first "t_{WD_PROG}" to "t_{WD_FLASH} or t_{WD_EEPROM}". Change the second and third "t_{WD_PROG}" to "t_{WD_EEPROM}".

9-50   Replace Table 25 and Table 26 with these tables:

Symbol	Minimum Wait Delay
t_{WD_ERASE}	3.4 ms

Symbol	Minimum Wait Delay
t_{WD_FLASH}	1.7 ms
t_{WD_EEPROM}	3.4 ms

9-52   In the **DC Characteristics** table, replace

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current	Active 4MHz, V_{CC} = 3V			3.0	mA
		Idle 4MHz, V_{CC} = 3V		1.0	1.2	mA
		Power Down[5], V_{CC} = 3V, WDT enabled		9.0	15	μA
		Power Down[5], V_{CC} = 3V. WDT disabled		<1	2	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Vacio	Analog Comp Input Offset V	V_{CC} = 5V			40	mV
Iaclk	Analog Comp Input leakage A	V_{CC} = 5V V_{IN} = V_{CC}/2	-50		50	nA
Tacpd	Analog Comp Propagation Del.	V_{CC} = 2.7V V_{CC} = 4.0V		750 500		ns

with

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current	Active 1MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny12V)			TBD	mA
		Active 2MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny10/11L)			TBD	mA
		Active 4MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny12L)			3.0	mA
		Active 6MHz, V_{CC} = 5V (ATtiny10/11)			TBD	mA
		Active 8MHz, V_{CC} = 5V (ATtiny12)			TBD	mA
		Idle 1MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny12V)			TBD	mA
		Idle 2MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny10/11L)			TBD	mA
		Idle 4MHz, V_{CC} = 3V (ATtiny12L)		1.0	1.2	mA
		Idle 6MHz, V_{CC} = 5V (ATtiny10/11)			TBD	mA
		Idle 8MHz, V_{CC} = 5V (ATtiny12)			TBD	mA
		Power Down[5], V_{CC} = 3V, WDT enabled		9.0	15	µA
		Power Down[5], V_{CC} = 3V. WDT disabled		<1	2	µA
V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	V_{CC} = 5V V_{IN} = V_{CC}/2			40	mV
I_{ACLK}	Analog Comparator Input Leakage Current	V_{CC} = 5V V_{IN} = V_{CC}/2	-50		50	nA
T_{ACPD}	Analog Comparator Propagation Delay	V_{CC} = 2.7V V_{CC} = 4.0V		750 500		ns

AVR® **Data Book Updates and Changes**

9-53   In the first table, change the title from "External Clock Drive" to "External Clock Drive ATtiny12" and add this table:

External Clock Drive ATtiny10/11

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC} = 2.7V to 4.0V		V_{CC} = 4.0V to 5.5V		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
$1/t_{CLCL}$	Oscillator Frequency	0	2	0	6	MHz
t_{CLCL}	Clock Period	500		167		ns
t_{CHCX}	High Time	200		67		ns
t_{CLCX}	Low Time	200		67		ns
t_{CLCH}	Rise Time		1.6		0.5	µs
t_{CHCL}	Fall Time		1.6		0.5	µs

9-54   In the first line, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

9-72   In row 12 (MCUSR) of the table, change "WDTR" to "WDRF" and "BODR" to "BORF".

ATtiny15L

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1187B-11/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1187A-06/99.

Changes in the ATtiny15L Data Sheet on the web:

None.

Changes in the ATtiny15L section in the data book:

The data sheet for ATtiny15 has gone through serious improvements and corrections since the printing of the "AVR RISC MICROCONTROLLER DATA BOOK AUGUST 1999". The user is advised to download the complete new ATtiny15 data sheet from the Web, since correcting the present data book would not give a user friendly result.

ATtiny22/22L

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1273A-04/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1273A-04/99.

Changes in the ATtiny22/22L Data Sheet:

Generally: The external clock option does not exist in ATtiny22/L. Therefore, all references to the RCEN fuse and external clock are wrong, and the part comes as ATtiny22L only, not ATtiny22.

Page: Change or Add:

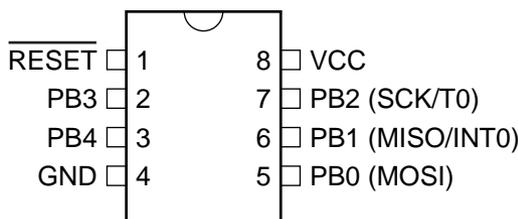All   For all "ATtiny22/L" read "ATtiny22L".

11-3   In the feature list, replace the following lines

- **Special Microcontroller Features**
    - **...**
    - **Selectable On-chip RC Oscillator**
- **Power Consumption at 4 MHz, 3V, 25°C**
    - **Active: 2.4 mA**
    - **Idle Mode: 0.5 mA**
    - **Power Down Mode: <1 μA**
- **Operating Voltages**
    - **2.7 - 6.0V (ATtiny22L)**
    - **4.0 - 6.0V (ATtiny22)**
- **Speed Grades**
    - **0 - 4 MHz (ATtiny22L)**
    - **0 - 8 MHz (ATtiny22)**

        by the following description;

- **Special Microcontroller Features**
    - **...**
    - **On-chip RC Oscillator**
- **Power Consumption at 3V, 25°C**
    - **Active: 1.5 mA**
    - **Idle Mode: 100μA**
    - **Power Down Mode: <1 μA**
- **Operating Voltages**
    - **2.7 - 6.0V**
- **Speed Grade**
    - **Internal Oscillator ~1MHz@5.0V**

11-3   Replace **Pin Configuration** by the figure shown below.

```
  RESET □ 1      8 □ VCC
    PB3 □ 2      7 □ PB2 (SCK/T0)
    PB4 □ 3      6 □ PB1 (MISO/INT0)
    GND □ 4      5 □ PB0 (MOSI)
```

11-5   In the **Pin Descriptions ATtiny22/L** replace the description for **Port B (PB4..PB0)** by

"Port B is a 5-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low, will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features.

Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active."

11-5   Remove the description "CLOCK" under **Pin Descriptions ATtiny22/L.**

11-5   The whole section "**Clock options**" including Figure 2 should be replaced by
        "**Clock Source**
        The ATtiny22L is clocked by an on-chip RC oscillator. This RC oscillator runs at a nominal frequency
        of 1 MHz (VCC = 5V)."

11-16   In Figure 18, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

11-16   Replace second paragraph under **Memory Access and Instruction Execution Timing**, "The AVR CPU is driven by the System Clock Ø, directly generated from the external clock signal applied to the CLOCK pin." by "The AVR CPU is driven by the System Clock Ø, directly generated from the internal RC oscillator."

11-21   In Power-On Reset, replace the first paragraph; "The ATtiny22/L is designed for use in systems where it can operate from the internal RC oscillator or in applications where a clock signal is provided by an external clock source. After V_{CC} has reached V_{POT}, the device will start after the time t_{TOUT} (see Figure 23). If the clock signal is provided by an external clock source, the clock must not be applied until V_{CC} has reached the minimum voltage defined for the applied frequency. " by "The ATtiny22L is designed for use in systems where it can operate from the internal RC oscillator. After V_{CC} has reached V_{POT}, the device will start after the time t_{TOUT} (see Figure 23)."

11-23   In the first paragraph of Watchdog Reset, replace "When the Watchdog times out, it will generate a short reset pulse of 1 CPU cycle duration." by "When the Watchdog times out, it will generate a short reset pulse of 1 clock cycle duration."

11-27   Table 7: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

11-31   In the note for Table 9, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

11-32   In line number 6, replace "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." by "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When it is read, the CPU is halted for 4 clock cycles.".

11-33   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

         In the **Bit 0 - EERE: EEPROM Read Enable** description, **change** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **to** "When EERE has been set, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

11-34   In Table 10, remove the entry for PB3.

11-34   In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values of bits 0-4 from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

11-35   Remove section, **CLOCK - Port B, Bit 3**.

11-35   Replace the section name "**MISO - Port B, Bit 1**" by "**MISO/INT0 - Port B, Bit 1**"

11-36   In section Fuse Bits, replace the first sentence; "The ATtiny22/L has two Fuse bits, SPIEN and RCEN." by "The ATtiny22L has one Fuse bit, SPIEN.", and remove the second bullet item which is a description of the RCEN fuse.

11-37   In Table 13, delete one of the rows saying

ATtiny22/L	2.7 - 6.0V	4.5 - 5.5V

11-37   In **High-Voltage Serial Programming Algorithm**, replace item 1 by "Power-up sequence: Apply 4.5 - 5.5V between V$_{CC}$ and GND. Set RESET and PB0 to "0" and wait at least 100 ns. Set PB3 to "0". Wait at least 4μs. Apply 12V to RESET and wait at least 100 ns before changing PB0. Wait 8 μs before giving any instructions."

11-37   In **High-Voltage Serial Programming Algorithm**, replace in item 5 "Set PB5 to "1"." by "Set $\overline{RESET}$ to "0"."

11-38   In Figure 31, replace "XTAL1/PB3" by "PB3".

11-38   In table 14, replace the entries

Write Fuse bits	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0100_0000_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_11**S**1_111**R**_00 0_0010_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_0100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	Wait t$_{WLWH\_PFB}$ after Instr.3 for the Write Fuse bits cycle to finish. Set **S**,**R** = "0" to program, "1" to unprogram.
Read Fuse and Lock bits	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1100_00 *1_2***S**xx_xx**R**x_xx		Reading *1*, *2*, **S**, **R** = "0" means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.

by the entries (Note: For Read Fuse and Lock bits; Bit 7 in the 4'th and 5'th column for PB1 have been inverted compared to the original data book.

Write Fuse bit	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0100_0000_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_11**S**1_1110_00 0_0010_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_0100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0110_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	Wait t$_{WLWH\_PFB}$ after Instr.3 for the Write Fuse bit cycle to finish. Set **S** = "0" to program, "1" to unprogram.
Read Fuse and Lock bits	PB0 PB1 PB2	0_0000_0100_00 0_0100_1100_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1000_00 x_xxxx_xxxx_xx	0_0000_0000_00 0_0111_1100_00 *1_2***S**xx_xx0x_xx		Reading *1*, *2*, **S** = "0" means the Fuse/Lock bit is programmed.

and delete the note "**R** = RCEN Fuse" to this table.

11-40   In figure 33, remove "CLOCK INPUT", "XTAL1/PB3" and the arrow connecting them.

11-40   In last paragraph, replace "Either an external clock is applied to the XTAL1/PB3 pin or the device must be clocked from the internal RC-oscillator." by "The device is clocked from the internal RC-oscillator."

11-41   In item "1. Power-up sequence", replace "RESET" by "$\overline{RESET}$" (two occurrences) and delete "If the device is programmed for external clocking, apply a 0 to 8 MHz clock to the PB3 pin. If the internal RC oscillator is selected as the clock source, no external clock source needs to be applied."

11-43   In table 17, replace the entries

Read Lock and Fuse Bits	0101 1000	xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx	*12***S**x xxx**R**	Read Lock and Fuse bits. '0' = programmed, '1' = unprogrammed.
Write RCEN Bit	1010 1100	1011 111**R**	xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx	Write RCEN Fuse. Set bit **R** = '0' to program, '1' to unprogram.[1]

by the entry (Remove the entry "Write RCEN Bit"):

Read Lock and Fuse Bit	0101 1000	xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx	*12S*x xxx0	Read Lock and Fuse bit. '0' = programmed, '1' = unprogrammed.

and remove the notes "**R** = RCEN Fuse" and "When the state of the RCEN bit is changed, the device must be power cycled for the changes to have any effect."

11-44 Above Table 18, add "The period of the internal RC oscillator - t_{CLCL} is voltage dependent as shown in "Typical characteristics", and delete the entries for $1/t_{CLCL}(V_{CC} = 2.7 - 4.0V)$, $t_{CLCL}(V_{CC} = 2.7 - 4.0V)$, $1/t_{CLCL}(V_{CC} = 4.0 - 6.0V)$, $t_{CLCL}(V_{CC} = 4.0 - 6.0V)$,.

11-45 In **DC Characteristics**, replace the entries:

I_{CC}	Power Supply Current	Active 4 MHz, V_{CC} = 3V			3.0	mA
		Idle 4 MHz, V_{CC} = 3V			1.1	mA
		Power Down 4 MHz[2], V_{CC} = 3V WDT Enabled			25.0	µA
		Power Down 4 MHz[2], V_{CC} = 3V WDT Disabled			20.0	µA

by the entries

I_{CC}	Power Supply Current	Active, V_{CC} = 3V			1.5	mA
		Idle, V_{CC} = 3V			100	µA
		Power Down, V_{CC} = 3V WDT Enabled			25.0	µA
		Power Down, V_{CC} = 3V WDT Disabled			20.0	µA

11-46 Remove the sections **External Clock Drive Waveforms** and **External Clock Drive**.

11-46 In first line of **Typical Characteristics**, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

11-46 For last sentence in second paragraph of the section Typical Characteristics, replace "The dominating factors are the operating voltage and frequency" by "The dominating factor is the operating voltage, as the frequency of ATtiny22L is also a function of the operating voltage."

11-47 Remove Figure 37 and Figure 38

11-48 Remove Figure 40

11-49 Remove Figure 41

11-56 In Register Summary, replace all "11-page" by "page". In addition, for TIMSK; replace "page 11-15" by "page 11-25", for TIFR; replace "page 11-16" by "page 11-26", for MCUCR; replace "page 11-16" by "page 11-26", for MCUSR; replace "page 11-14" by "page 11-24"

11-56   In Register Summary, replace

$21 ($41)	WDTCR	-	-	-	WDTO	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	Page 11-30

by

$21 ($41)	WDTCR	-	-	-	WDTOE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	Page 11-30

11-57   In Instruction Set Summary under BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS, replace

CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2

by

CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1 / 2 / 3

11-59   Replace the **Ordering Information**

"

Power Supply	**Speed (MHz)**	**Ordering Code**	**Package**	**Operation Range**
2.7 - 6.0V	4	ATtiny22L-4PC ATtiny22L-4SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		ATtiny22L-4PI ATtiny22L-4SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
4.0 - 6.0V	8	ATtiny22-8PC ATtiny22-8SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		ATtiny22-8PI ATtiny22-8SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

Note: The speed grade refers to maximum clock rate when using an external clock drive. The internal RC oscillator has the same nominal clock frequency for all speed grades."

by the following **Ordering Information**

"

Power Supply	**Speed (MHz)**	**Ordering Code**	**Package**	**Operation Range**
2.7 - 6.0V	Internal Osc. ~1MHz@5.0V	ATtiny22L-1PC ATtiny22L-1SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		ATtiny22L-1PI ATtiny22L-1SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

"

ATtiny28L/V

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1062B-10/99.

This data sheet is not in the printed data book.

Changes in the ATtinyL /V Data Sheet on the web:

None.

AVR® **Data Book Updates and Changes**

ATmega161/161L

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 1228A-08/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 1228A-05/99.

Changes in the ATmega161/161L data sheet:

Page: Change or Add:

12-25   Add the following note below **table 2**: "note: if BOOTRST fuse is programmed, the reset vector is located on program address $1e00, see table 38 on page 12-98 for details".

Add this code example below the existing **code example**:
When the BOOTRST fuse is programmed, the most typical and general program setup for the Reset and Interrupt Vector Addresses are:

```
Address             Labels      Code            Comments
.org $002                                       ; Reset is located at $1e000
$002                            jmp    EXT_INT0  ; IRQ0 Handler
$004                            jmp    EXT_INT1  ; IRQ1 Handler
$006                            jmp    EXT_INT2  ; IRQ2 Handler
$008                            jmp    TIM2_COMP ; Timer2 Compare Handler
$00a                            jmp    TIM2_OVF  ; Timer2 Overflow Handler
$00c                            jmp    TIM1_CAPT ; Timer1 Capture Handler
$00e                            jmp    TIM1_COMPA ; Timer1 CompareA Handler
$010                            jmp    TIM1_COMPB ; Timer1 CompareB Handler
$012                            jmp    TIM1_OVF  ; Timer1 Overflow Handler
$014                            jmp    TIM0_COMP ; Timer0 Compare Handler
$016                            jmp    TIM0_OVF  ; Timer0 Overflow Handler
$018                            jmp    SPI_STC;  ; SPI Transfer Complete Handler
$01a                            jmp    UART_RXC0 ; UART0 RX Complete Handler
$01c                            jmp    UART_RXC1 ; UART1 RX Complete Handler
$01e                            jmp    UART_DRE0 ; UDR0 Empty Handler
$020                            jmp    UART_DRE1 ; UDR1 Empty Handler
$022                            jmp    UART_TXC0 ; UART0 TX Complete Handler
$024                            jmp    UART_TXC1 ; UART1 TX Complete Handler
$026                            jmp    EE_RDY    ; EEPROM Ready Handler
$028                            jmp    ANA_COMP  ; Analog Comparator Handler
;
$02a          MAIN:            ldi r16,high(RAMEND); Main program start
$02b                           out SPH,r16
$02c                           ldi r16,low(RAMEND)
$02d                           out SPL,r16
$02e                           <instr>  xxx
;
.org $1e00
$1e00                          jmp    RESET      ; Reset handler
…                …            …       …
```

12-35   Table 7: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC11/ISC10 bits, INT1 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

Table 8: remove this note: "Note: When changing the ISC01/ISC00 bits, INT0 must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

At the end of the **Interrupt Sense Control 2** description add this text: "When changing the ISC2 bit, an interrupt can occur. Therefore, it is recommended to first disable INT2 by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Then, the ISC2 bit can be changed. Finally, the INT2 interrupt flag should be cleared by writing a logical one to its Interrupt Flag bit in the GIFR register before the interrupt is re-enabled."

12-36   At the end of the **Power Save Mode** section, add the paragraph "If the asynchronous timer is NOT clocked asynchronously, Power Down Mode is recommended instead of Power Save Mode because the contents of the registers in the asynchronous timer should be considered undefined after wake up in Power Save Mode even if AS2 is 0."

12-46   **Replace** last paragraph on page,

"When asynchronous operation is selected, the 32 kHz oscillator for Timer/Counter2 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. Therefore, the content of all Timer/Counter2 registers must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down, due to the unstable clock signal. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter2 after power-up or wake-up from power down."

by

"When the asynchronous operation is selected, the 32 kHZ oscillator for Timer/Counter2 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter2 after power-up or wake-up from power down. The contents of all Timer/Counter2 registers must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down due to unstable clock signal upon start-up, regardless of whether the oscillator is in use or a clock signal is applied to the TOSC pin."

12-55   In the note for Table 20, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

12-56   In the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **replace** the second sentence "The write access time is in the range of 2.5 - 4 ms, depending on the Vcc voltages" **by** "The write access time is in the range of 1.9 - 3.4 ms, depending of the frequency of the RC oscillator used to time the EEPROM access time. See table 21 for details."

In the last sentence of the **EEPROM Read/Write Access** description, **replace** "When the EEPROM is read or written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed." **by** "When the EEPROM is written, the CPU is halted for two clock cycles before the next instruction is executed. When the EEPROM is read, the CPU is halted for four clock cycles before the next instruction is executed."

In the **EEPROM Control Register** description, change the initial value of EEWE from "0" to "X".

12-57   In the description of **bit 1 - EEWE**: EEPROM write Enable, replace "When the write access time (typically 2.5 ms at Vcc = 5V or 4 ms at Vcc = 2.7V) has elapsed, " by "When the write access time has elapsed, "

In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

Under "**Prevent EEPROM corruption**", note 3 **replace** the text: "Flash memory can not be updated by the CPU, and will not be subject to corruption." **by** "Flash memory can not be updated by the CPU unless the boot loader software supports writing to the FLASH and the Boot Lock bits are configured so that writing to the FLASH memory from CPU is allowed. See Boot Loader Support on page 12-98 for details."

Add the text and table below to the EEPROM Read/Write section:

"An RC-oscillator is used to time EEPROM write access. In table 21 is the typical programming time listed for EEPROM access from CPU."

Table 21:

Symbol	Number of RC-osc. cycles	Min programming time	Max programming time
EEPROM write (from CPU)	2048	2.0ms	3.4ms

Note: See "Typical characteristics" to find typical RC-osc. frequency.

12-72 In the **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register** description, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "N/A". Also change Read/Write status of AINBG from "R" to "R/W".

12-79 In the **Port A Input Pins Address - PINA** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

12-81 In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

12-87 In the **Port C Input Pins Address - PINC** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

12-89 In the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

12-94 In the **Port E Input Pins Address - PINE** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

12-98 Replace table 36 by:

BLB0 mode	BLB02	BLB01	Protection
1	1	1	No restrictions for SPM, LPM accessing the Application section
2	1	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Application section
3	0	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Application section, and LPM executing from the Boot Loader section is not allowed to read from the Application section
4	0	1	LPM executing from the Boot Loader section is not allowed to read from the Application section

12-98 Replace table 37 by:

BLB1 mode	BLB12	BLB11	Protection
1	1	1	No restrictions for SPM, LPM accessing the Boot Loader section
2	1	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Boot Loader section
3	0	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Boot Loader section, and LPM executing from the Application section is not allowed to read from the Boot Loader section
4	0	1	LPM executing from the Application section is not allowed to read from the Boot Loader section

12-99 In the section describing **"Self-programming the Flash"**, **replace** "The CPU is halted both during page erase and during page write" **by** "The CPU is halted both during page erase and during page write and the SPMEN bit in the SPMCR register will be auto-cleared. For future compatibility, however, it is recommended that the user software verifies that the SPMEN bit is cleared before starting a new page-erase, page-write, or writing the lock-bits com-

mand. See code example below. It is essential that the page address used in both the page erase and page write operation is addressing the same page."

12-99   Add this text to the bottom of the **"Perform a page write"** sub-section: "When a page write operation is completed, the Z pointer will point to the first word in the successive page."

Code example:

```
Wait:  in   r16,SPMCR  ; read SPMCR register
       sbrc r16,SPMEN  ; Wait for SPMEN to be cleared (indicates that previous write operation is completed)
       rjmp Wait       ; if not cleared, keep waiting
       ldi  r16,(1<<PGWRT) + (1<<SPMEN) ; The previous writing is completed, set up for next erase
       out  SPMCR,r16  ; output to register
       spm             ; start the erase operation
```

12-102 Replace table 39 by:

Memory Lock Bits			Protection Type
LB mode	**LB1**	**LB2**	
1	1	1	No memory lock features enabled
2	0	1	Further programming of the Flash and EEPROM is disabled in parallel and serial programming mode. The Fuse bits are locked in both serial and parallel programming mode.[1]
3	0	0	Further programming and verification of the Flash and EEPROM is disabled in parallel and serial programming mode. The Fuse bits are locked in both serial and parallel programming mode.[1]
BLB0 mode	**BLB02**	**BLB01**	
1	1	1	No restrictions for SPM, LPM accessing the Application section
2	1	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Application section
3	0	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Application section, and LPM executing from the Boot Loader section is not allowed to read from the Application section
4	0	1	LPM executing from the Boot Loader section is not allowed to read from the Application section
BLB1 mode	**BLB12**	**BLB11**	
1	1	1	No restrictions for SPM, LPM accessing the Boot Loader section
2	1	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Boot Loader section
3	0	0	SPM is not allowed to write to the Boot Loader section, and LPM executing from the Application section is not allowed to read from the Boot Loader section
4	0	1	LPM executing from the Application section is not allowed to read from the Boot Loader section

12-111 Replace the following parameters in **table 44** by these values:

t_{WLRH}	$\overline{WR}$ Low to RDY/$\overline{BSY}$ High	1		1.7	ms
t_{WLRH_CE}	$\overline{WR}$ Low to RDY/$\overline{BSY}$ High for Chip Erase	16		28	ms
t_{WLRH_FLASH}	$\overline{WR}$ Low to RDY/$\overline{BSY}$ High for Write Flash	8		14	ms

12-113 Replace **table 45** by:

Symbol	Minimum Wait Delay
t_{WD_FLASH}	14 ms
t_{WD_EEPROM}	3.4 ms

and add this table:

Table 46 Minimum wait delay after a chip erase command

Symbol	Minimum Wait Delay
t_{WD_ERASE}	28 ms

12-114 Replace the row "Write Fuse Bits" in table 46 by

Write Fuse Bits	1010 1100	101x xxxx	xxxx xxxx	1**D**1**B** **A987**	Set bits **D** - **A**, **9** - **7** = '0' to program, '1' to unprogram

12-116: Replace the row below in **DC characteristics**:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			40	mV

by:

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comparator Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$ $V_{in} = V_{CC} /2$			40	mV

12-123 Add this text: "The characterization data is not tested during manufacturing.".

12-129 In **Register summary**, replace the rows TIMSK and TIFR by

$39 ($59)	TIMSK	TOIE1	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	TOIE2	TICIE1	OCIE2	TOIE0	OCIE0	page 12-32
$38 ($58)	TIFR	TOV1	OCF1A	OCF1B	TOV2	ICF1	OCFI2	TOV0	OCIF0	page 12-33

12-129 In **Register summary**, replace "12-12-xx" by "12-xx".

ATmega603/603/L and ATmega103/103L

The latest data sheet on the web is rev. 0945E-12/99.

The data sheet in the printed data book is rev. 0945D-06/99.
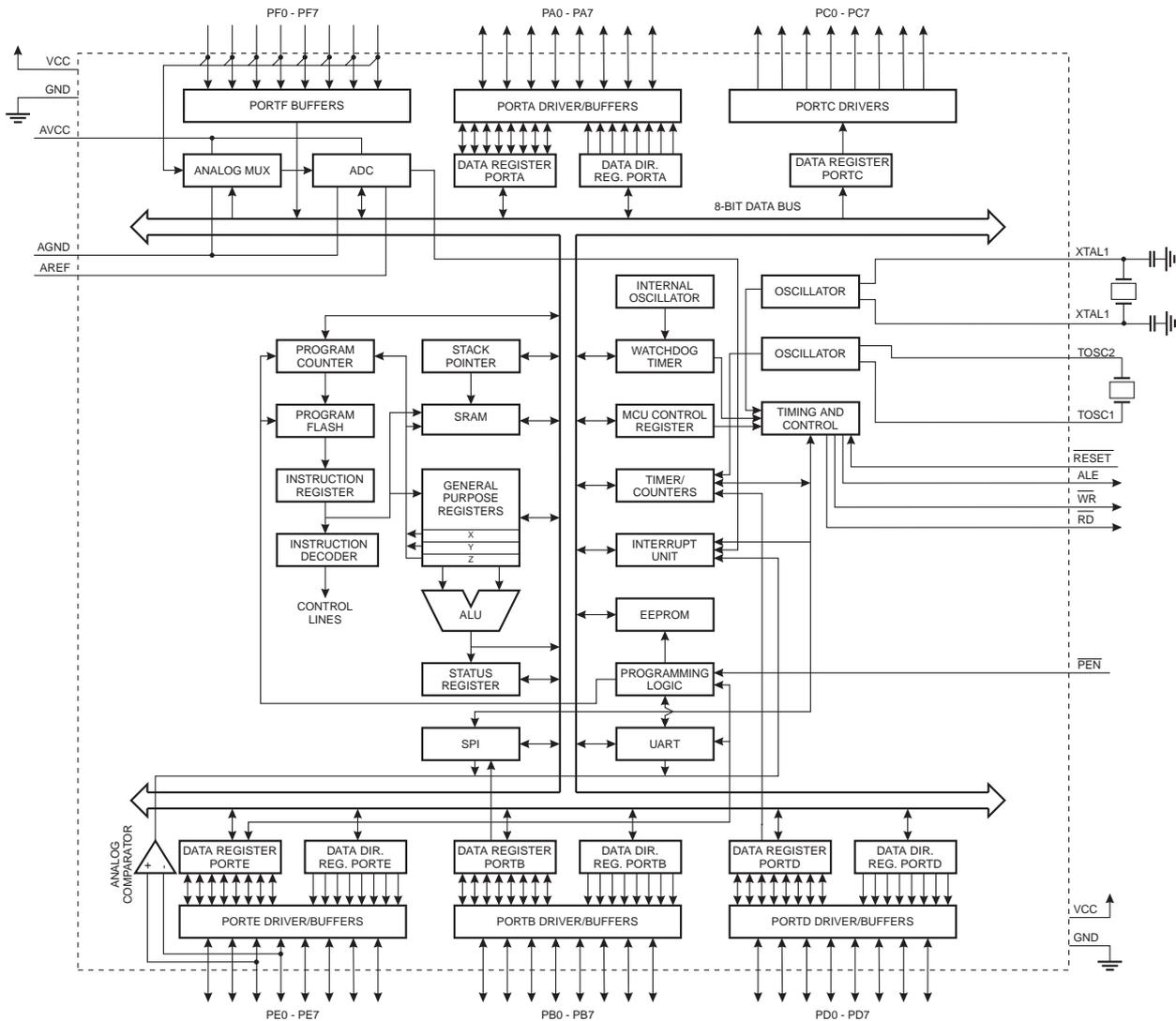
Changes in the ATmega103/103L data sheet on the web

None.

Changes in the ATmega103/103L section in the data book

Page: Change or Add:

13-5   Some text and symbols are outside the visible figure frame. The complete figure is given below.

Figure 1. The ATmega603/103 Block Diagram

13-7   Replace description of AVCC, "This is the supply voltage to the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to V_{CC} via a low-pass filter. See page 13-68 for details on operation of the ADC" by "Supply voltage for PortF, including ADC. The pin must be connected to Vcc when not used for the ADC. See **ADC Noise Canceling Techniques** on page 13-78 for details when using the ADC"

13-7   In description of $\overline{\text{PEN}}$, delete "low-voltage".

13-19   In Figure 19, add a box containing "+1" as an input to the summation operator.

13-33   Table 10: remove this note: "Note: X=7, 6, 5 or 4. When changing the ISCX1/ISCX0 bits, the interrupt must be disabled by clearing its Interrupt Enable bit in the GIMSK register. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bits are changed."

13-36   At the end of the **Power Save Mode** section, add the paragraph "If the asynchronous timer is NOT clocked asynchronously, Power Down Mode is recommended instead of Power Save Mode because the contents of the registers in the asynchronous timer should be considered undefined after wake up in Power Save Mode even if AS0 is 0.".

13-40   In line number 4 from the bottom, delete one ", 0" from "| C, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0|".

13-44   Replace last paragraph on page,

"When asynchronous operation is selected, the 32 kHz oscillator for Timer/Counter0 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. Therefore, the content of all Timer/Counter0 registers must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down, due to the unstable clock signal. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter0 after power-up or wake-up from power down."

by

"When the asynchronous operation is selected, the 32kHz oscillator for Timer/Counter0 is always running, except in power down mode. After a power up reset or wake-up from power down, the user should be aware of the fact that this oscillator might take as long as one second to stabilize. The user is advised to wait for at least one second before using Timer/Counter0 after power-up or wake-up from power down. The contents of all Timer/Counter0 registers must be considered lost after a wake-up from power down due to unstable clock signal upon start-up, regardless of whether the oscillator is in use or a clock signal is applied to the TOSC pin."

13-52   After "This is shown in Table 21", add paragraph "Note: If the compare register contains the TOP value and the prescaler is not in use (CS12..CS10 = 001), the PWM output will not produce any pulse at all, because the up-counting and down-counting values are reached simultaneously. When the prescaler is in use (CS12..CS10 ≠ 001 or 000), the PWM output goes active when the counter reaches the TOP value, but the down-counting compare match is not interpreted to be reached before the next time the counter reaches the TOP-value, making a one-period PWM pulse."

13-54   In the note for Table 22, add "To avoid unintentional MCU resets, the Watchdog Timer should be disabled or reset before changing the Watchdog Timer Prescale Select."

13-55   In the **Bit1 - EEWE: EEPROM Write Enable description**, change "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR" to "4. Write a logical one to the EEMWE bit in EECR (to be able to write a logical one to the EEMWE bit, the EEWE bit must be written to zero in the same cycle)."

13-59   Replace figure 39 and 40 by

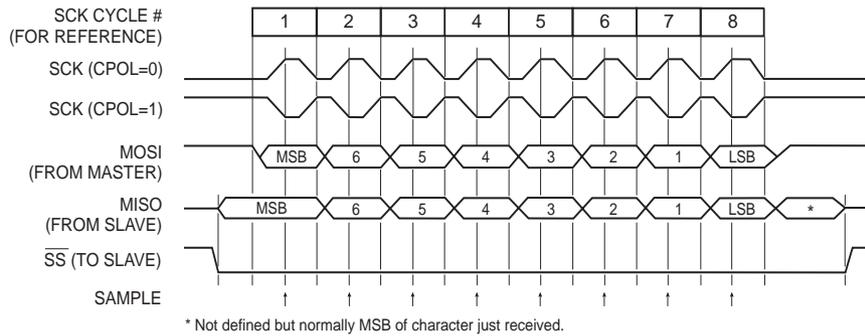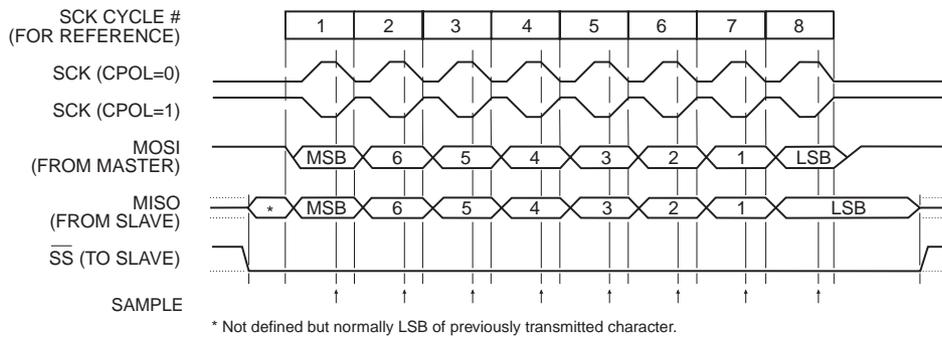**Figure** 39. SPI Transfer Format with CPHA = 0 and DORD = 0

* Not defined but normally MSB of character just received.

Figure 40. SPI Transfer Format with CPHA = 1 and DORD = 0

* Not defined but normally LSB of previously transmitted character.

13-67   In **Analog Comparator Control and Status Register - ACSR**, change the initial value of ACO from "0" to "X".

13-74   At end of page, add the note "Note: If a read is followed by a write, or opposite, there is no extra insertion of wait-states in-between. Since such short time for releasing the bus is difficult to obtain without making bus contention, the user might insert a NOP between consecutive read and write operation to the external RAM.

13-77   In the **Port A Input Pins Address - PINA** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

13-79   In the **Port B Input Pins Address - PINB** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

13-86   In the **Port D Input Pins Address - PIND** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

13-89   In the **Port E Input Pins Address - PINE** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

13-93   In the **Port F Input Pins Address - PINF** description, change the Initial Values from "Hi-Z" to "N/A".

13-95   Replace the table for Supply voltage during programming with the following:

Table

Part	Serial programming	Parallel programming
ATmega103	4.0 - 5.0V	4.0 - 5.0V
ATmega103L	3.2 - 3.6V	3.2 - 5.0V

13-108 In Table for DC Characteristics, replace the entry

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comp Input Offset V	V_{CC} = 5V			40	mV

by

V_{ACIO}	Analog Comp Input Offset V	V_{CC} = 5V V_{IN} = V_{CC}/2			40	mV

13-110 In the table for "Data Memory Characheristics, 2.7-3.6 Volts, No Wait State" replace the entry:

4	t_{AVLLC}	Address Valid C to ALE Low	75.0		$0.5t_{CLCL}$-50.0[1]		ns

by

4	t_{AVLLC}	Address Valid C to ALE Low	60.0		$0.5t_{CLCL}$-65.0[1]		ns

13-112 In the first line, change "These data are characterized, but not tested." to "These figures are not tested during manufacturing.".

13-123 In the Register Summary, replace the entry

$06 ($26)	ADCSR	ADES	ABSY	ADRF	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	page 13-72

by the entry

$06 ($26)	ADCSR	ADEN	ADSC	-	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	page 13-72

Instruction Set

The latest instruction set manual on the web is rev. 0856B-06/99.

The instruction set manual in the printed data book is rev. 0856B-06/99.

Changes in the Instruction Set Manual:

Page: Change or Add:

14-... The MUL, MULS, MULSU, FMUL, FMULS, FMULSU, EIJMP, JMP, EICALL, CALL, MOVW, LDD, STD, LDS, STS, ELPM, SPM, PUSH, and POP instructions are not implemented in all devices. Add the following note to the last column of their respective rows of the instruction set summary, and as the last paragraph before the **Operation** description of each instruction description: "This instruction is not available in all devices. Refer to the device specific instruction set summary."

14-... Some variants of the LD and ST instructions are not implemented in all devices. Add the following note to the last column of their respective rows of the instruction set summary, and as the last paragraph before the **Operation** description of each instruction description: "Not all variants of this instruction is available in all devices. Refer to the device specific instruction set summary."

14-11, 14-83 Some variants of the LPM instruction are not implemented in all devices. Furthermore, the LPM instruction is not implemented at all in the AT90S1200 device. Add the following note to the last column of the LPM row of the instruction set summary, and as the last paragraph before the **Operation** description of the LPM instruction description: "Not all variants of the LPM instruction are available in all devices. Refer to the device specific instruction set summary. The LPM instruction is not implemented at all in the AT90S1200 device."

14-10 In the **Operation** column of the STS row, change "Rd ← (k)" to "(k) ← Rd"

14-11, 14-65, 14-66 The ESPM instruction is not required and not implemented, as the SPM instruction can access the entire program memory (see below). Remove the ESPM description.

14-63 In the ELPM description, add this paragraph after the first paragraph: "Devices with Self-Programming capability can use the ELPM instruction to read the fuse and lock bit values. Refer to the device documentation for a detailed description."

14-67 In the FMUL description, insert the following paragraph after the paragraph starting with "Let (N.Q) denote a fractional number": "The (1.7) format is most commonly used with signed numbers, while FMUL performs an unsigned multiplication. This instruction is therefore most useful for calculating one of the partial products when performing a signed multiplication with 16-bit inputs in the (1.15) format, yielding a result in the (1.31) format. Note: the result of the FMUL operation may suffer from a 2's complement overflow if interpreted as a number in the (1.15) format. The MSB of the multiplication before shifting must be taken into account, and is found in the carry bit. See the following example."

Replace the example with the following example (which illustrates the intended usage):

```
;*******************************************************************************
;* DESCRIPTION
;* Signed fractional multiply of two 16-bit numbers with 32-bit result.
;* USAGE
;*  r19:r18:r17:r16 = ( r23:r22 * r21:r20 ) << 1
;*******************************************************************************
fmuls16x16_32:
    clr       r2
    fmuls     r23, r21                ;((signed)ah * (signed)bh) << 1
    movw      r19:r18, r1:r0
```

```
fmul      r22, r20              ;(al * bl) << 1
adc       r18, r2
movw      r17:r16, r1:r0
fmulsu    r23, r20              ;((signed)ah * bl) << 1
sbc       r19, r2
add       r17, r0
adc       r18, r1
adc       r19, r2
fmulsu    r21, r22              ;((signed)bh * al) << 1
sbc       r19, r2
add       r17, r0
adc       r18, r1
adc       r19, r2
```

14-68   In the FMULS description, insert the following paragraph before the **Operation** description: "Note that when multiplying 0x80 (-1) with 0x80 (-1), the result of the shift operation is 0x8000 (-1). The shift operation thus gives a two's complement overflow. This must be checked and handled by software."

Change "FMUL" in the **Syntax** description to "FMULS".

14-69   In the FMULSU description, insert the following paragraph after the paragraph starting with "Let (N.Q) denote a fractional number": "The (1.7) format is most commonly used with signed numbers, while FMULSU performs a multiplication with one unsigned and one signed input. This instruction is therefore most useful for calculating two of the partial products when performing a signed multiplication with 16-bit inputs in the (1.15) format, yielding a result in the (1.31) format. Note: the result of the FMULSU operation may suffer from a 2's complement overflow if interpreted as a number in the (1.15) format. The MSB of the multiplication before shifting must be taken into account, and is found in the carry bit. See the following example."

Replace the example with the following example (which illustrates the intended usage):

```
;*****************************************************************************
;* DESCRIPTION
;*  Signed fractional multiply of two 16-bit numbers with 32-bit result.
;* USAGE
;*  r19:r18:r17:r16 = ( r23:r22 * r21:r20 ) << 1
;*****************************************************************************
fmuls16x16_32:
    clr       r2
    fmuls     r23, r21              ;((signed)ah * (signed)bh) << 1
    movw      r19:r18, r1:r0
    fmul      r22, r20              ;(al * bl) << 1
    adc       r18, r2
    movw      r17:r16, r1:r0
    fmulsu    r23, r20              ;((signed)ah * bl) << 1
    sbc       r19, r2
    add       r17, r0
    adc       r18, r1
    adc       r19, r2
    fmulsu    r21, r22              ;((signed)bh * al) << 1
    sbc       r19, r2
    add       r17, r0
    adc       r18, r1
    adc       r19, r2
```

14-75 In the LD(X) description, change the last sentence of the third paragraph **from** "The RAMPX register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space." **to** "The RAMPX register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."

14-77 In the LD(Y) description, change the last sentence of the third paragraph **from** "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space." **to** "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."

14-79 In the LD(Z) description, the last three sentences of the third paragraph are incorrect, starting with "The RAMPZ register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space, and that the displacement...". Change these sentences to "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."

14-83 In the LPM description, add this paragraph after the first paragraph: "Devices with Self-Programming capability can use the LPM instruction to read the fuse and lock bit values. Refer to the device documentation for a detailed description."

14-90 In the MULSU description, replace the example with the following example:

```
;*****************************************************************************
;* DESCRIPTION
;* Signed multiply of two 16-bit numbers with 32-bit result.
;* USAGE
;* r19:r18:r17:r16 = r23:r22 * r21:r20
;*****************************************************************************
muls16x16_32:
    clr     r2
    muls    r23, r21                ; (signed)ah * (signed)bh
    movw    r19:r18, r1:r0
    mul     r22, r20                ; al * bl
    movw    r17:r16, r1:r0
    mulsu   r23, r20                ; (signed)ah * bl
    sbc     r19, r2
    add     r17, r0
    adc     r18, r1
    adc     r19, r2
    mulsu   r21, r22                ; (signed)bh * al
    sbc     r19, r2
    add     r17, r0
    adc     r18, r1
    adc     r19, r2
    ret
```

14-124 In the SPM description, at the end of the sentence "When writing the program memory, the Z register is used as page or word address, and the R1:R0 register pair is used as data", add the footnote "R1 determines the instruction high byte, and R0 determines the instruction low byte."

14-124 In the SPM description, SPM is limited to the first 64 kB of program memory. This is not correct, SPM can access the entire program memory, and uses the RAMPZ register together with the Z register. Consequently:
- In the first paragraph, change the last sentence to "This instruction can address the entire program memory."
- In the first paragraph, change "the Z register" to "the RAMPZ and Z registers".
- In the **Operation** description, change "(Z)" to "(RAMPZ:Z)".

For compatibility with future devices, it is recommended to poll the SPMEN bit in the SPMCR I/O register before executing an SPM instruction. Replace the code example with the following (which shows code for parts with page write, and includes a verify-loop):

```
        ;This example shows SPM write of one page for devices with page write
        ;- the routine writes one page of data from RAM to Flash
        ;  the first data location in RAM is pointed to by the Y pointer
        ;  the first data location in Flash is pointed to by the Z pointer
        ;- error handling is not included
        ;- the routine must be placed inside the boot space
        ;  (at least the do_spm sub routine)
        ;- registers used: r0, r1, temp1, temp2, looplo, loophi, spmcrval
        ;  storing and restoring of registers is not included in the routine
        ;  register usage can be optimized at the expense of code size


;.equ    PAGESIZEB = PAGESIZE*2;PAGESIZEB is page size in BYTES, not words
.org SMALLBOOTSTART
write_page:
        ;page erase
        ldi     spmcrval, (1<<PGERS) + (1<<SPMEN)
        call    do_spm

        ;transfer data from RAM to Flash page buffer
        ldi     looplo, low(PAGESIZEB)                ;init loop variable
        ldi     loophi, high(PAGESIZEB)               ;not required for PAGESIZEB<=256
wrloop: ld      r0, Y+
        ld      r1, Y+
        ldi     spmcrval, (1<<SPMEN)
        call    do_spm
        adiw    ZH:ZL, 2
        sbiw    loophi:looplo, 2                     ;use subi for PAGESIZEB<=256
        brne    wrloop

        ;execute page write
        subi    ZL, low(PAGESIZEB);restore pointer
        sbci    ZH, high(PAGESIZEB)                  ;not required for PAGESIZEB<=256
        ldi     spmcrval, (1<<PGWRT) + (1<<SPMEN)
        call    do_spm

        ;read back and check, optional
        ldi     looplo, low(PAGESIZEB)               ;init loop variable
        ldi     loophi, high(PAGESIZEB)              ;not required for PAGESIZEB<=256
        subi    YL, low(PAGESIZEB)                   ;restore pointer
        sbci    YH, high(PAGESIZEB)
rdloop: lpm     r0, Z+
        ld      r1, Y+
        cpse    r0, r1
        jmp     error
        sbiw    loophi:looplo, 2                     ;use subi for PAGESIZEB<=256
        brne    rdloop
```

```
                ;return
                ret


    do_spm:
                ;input: spmcrval determines SPM action
                ;disable interrupts if enabled, store status
                in          temp2, SREG
                cli
                ;check for previous SPM complete
    wait:       in          temp1, SPMCR
                sbrc        temp1, SPMEN
                rjmp        wait
                ;SPM timed sequence
                out         SPMCR, spmcrval
                spm
                ;restore SREG (to enable interrupts if originally enabled)
                out         SREG, temp2
                ret
```

14-125 In the ST(X) description, change the last sentence of the third paragraph **from** "The RAMPX register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space." **to** "The RAMPX register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."

14-127 In the ST(Y) description, change the last sentence of the third paragraph **from** "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space." **to** "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."

14-129 In the ST(Z) description, the last three sentences of the third paragraph are incorrect, starting with "The RAMPZ register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space, and the displacement...". Change these sentences to "The RAMPY register in the I/O area is updated in parts with more than 64K bytes data space or more than 64K bytes program memory, and the displacement is added to the entire 24-bit address on such devices."